RESOLUTION #28

FARMLAND PRESERVATION

1	WHEREAS, the purpose of the Farmland Preservation Program is to preserve
2	the state's agricultural land base, helping to ensure the continued viability of New
3	Jersey's agricultural industry; and
4	WHEREAS, as of December 1, 2015, 2,374 farms covering 218,671 acres had
5	been permanently preserved statewide, including 109 farms covering 14,793 acres in
6	the Pinelands and 495 farms covering 40,321 acres in the Highlands, which contribute
7	not only to a secure land base for agricultural operations, but also to a host of other
8	quality-of-life benefits, such as an increase in the total number of acres of open space in
9	New Jersey, at both the local and statewide level; and
10	WHEREAS, preserved farmland remains privately managed and continues to
11	contribute tax revenue to municipal budgets while demanding very little in public
12	services; and
13	WHEREAS, the voters of New Jersey in the November 4, 2014 election
14	approved a change to the state constitution to direct funding on an annual basis to the
15	preservation of farmland and open space, providing a stable funding source through the
16	Corporate Business Tax (CBT) that does not rely upon repeatedly asking voters to
17	approve bond referenda; and
18	WHEREAS, that overwhelmingly positive vote to change the state constitution
19	indicates the importance New Jersey residents place upon the preservation of farmland
20	and open space; and
21	WHEREAS, it is preferable that the funds raised through this creation of a
22	permanent funding source be apportioned, at a minimum, at the 40/60 split between

Farmland Preservation and Green Acres open space that previously existed when funds were raised through ballot referenda; and

WHEREAS, while nearly \$100 million was appropriated in August for open space acquisition and development projects under the Green Acres Program, the state Farmland Preservation Program has no new funding available to preserve farmland, and all of its previously appropriated funding has been allocated to existing projects; and

WHEREAS, several counties already have spent down all of the state farmland preservation funding available to them, and others soon will follow, leaving an urgent need to access the new CBT funding to ensure New Jersey can continue to preserve farmland, which is the land most vulnerable to development; and

WHEREAS, it is essential that the availability of preserved farmland for agricultural purposes remain the central impetus behind preserving such land, yet the SADC must also be open to flexibility when farmers on preserved land present new ideas in New Jersey's ever-changing agricultural make-up, and thus be willing to update its views as to what encompasses allowable uses of preserved farmland; and

WHEREAS, P.L. 2014, Ch. 16, signed into law in July 2014, allows wineries to conduct special occasion events on preserved farmland under certain conditions under a 44-month pilot program that expires on March 1, 2018; and

WHEREAS, the SADC's pilot program is largely focused on identifying and collecting the information it needs throughout the pilot program in order to be in a position to make recommendations to the Legislature at the program's conclusion.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that we, the delegates to the 101st State Agricultural Convention, assembled in Atlantic City, New Jersey, on February 10-11, 2016, support the permanent protection of New Jersey's farmland through the Farmland Preservation Program.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we urge the SADC to continue its planning incentive grant process, which to date has resulted in the development of 18 county comprehensive farmland preservation plans and 47 municipal plans that address strategies not only to preserve farmland but to sustain agriculture as an industry.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we support the structure of those plans including one-, five- and 10-year goals that target the preservation of 25,000 acres at a cost of \$290 million in one year; 111,000 acres at a cost of \$1.17 billion over five years; and 214,000 acres at a total cost of \$2.2 billion over 10 years.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we strongly urge the Governor and Legislature to reach agreement on program funding allocations for CBT preservation funding and to make those monies immediately available to avoid a significant interruption in New Jersey's farmland preservation efforts.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we urge the Department to work with New Jersey Farm Bureau and other agricultural organizations to increase education of the public about the economic differences between preserving farmland, which is privately managed, and publicly owned and managed open space.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we support the SADC's continued efforts to make it easier for farmers to access the land and information they need to be successful, including the launch in June of the NJ Land Link website that assists farmers searching for land and partnership/job opportunities, and the earlier publication of the guidebook "Leasing Farmland in New Jersey" that explains the factors farmers, as well as farmland owners, should consider when entering into leasing agreements.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we call upon the Governor and Legislature to restore stewardship funding assistance through the soil and water conservation cost-share program to the FY2017 budget at an adequate level to help farmers undertake critical practices to protect soil, water and woodland resources, and to ensure that the

stewardship funding does not reduce the available funding for the Farmland Preservation Program.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we strongly encourage the SADC to institute a requirement that preserved farmland be kept <u>in</u> agricultural enterprise and production in accordance with all provisions of the Deed of Easement, rather than <u>available for</u> agricultural production, to ensure these lands continue to contribute to New Jersey's agricultural industry, and further we encourage the SADC to establish stewardship requirements for preserved farmland to ensure preserved farmland is properly maintained.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we support continued discussion by the SADC's Deed of Easement Subcommittee to help clarify provisions of the deed of easement so that it is interpreted and enforced consistently and fairly across the state.

BE IT FURTHER RESOL VED, that we urge the SADC to acknowledge that the limitations set forth in the Deed of Easement are fixed at the time each landowner signs the Deed of Easement, and may not be unilaterally amended by regulations adopted by the SADC.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we encourage the SADC to continue reexamining its list of what activities are permitted on preserved lands and to expand, where appropriate, the types of activities that can be permitted, provided they are consistent with the goals of the Farmland Preservation Program.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we urge the Legislature to amend the Agriculture Retention and Development Act to provide for alternate farmer and public member representation on the SADC to ensure that those perspectives are fully represented when a farmer or public member is unable to attend an SADC meeting.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we urge the SADC to interpret its authorizing statutes and regulations as broadly and liberally as possible to maximize the flexibility afforded to owners of preserved farmland.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we urge the Governor and Legislature to support the SADC staff from dedicated farmland preservation funding in order for the SADC to continue to preserve the maximum amount of farmland and ensure the proper monitoring and stewardship of preserved lands.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we support the SADC's efforts to learn as much as possible from the pilot program called for by P.L. 2014, Ch. 16, including by annually surveying winery owners, county agriculture development boards and municipalities, in order to help the Legislature evaluate at the end of the pilot program what worked and what might need improvement in the future.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that we urge the SADC to create plain-language documents regarding all the issues involved in farmland preservation, and to conduct outreach about those documents to those who have preserved their farms, those considering preservation, or those considering the purchase of a preserved farm, through avenues such as real-estate professionals, municipal planning and land-use offices, property auction houses and other appropriate entities.