

Environmental Review for Activity/Project that is Categorically Excluded Subject to Section 58.5 Pursuant to 24 CFR 58.35(a)

Responsible Entity: New Jersey Department of Community Affairs, Richard Constable III, Commissioner

Applicant Name: _____ (First) _____ (Last)

-or- Borough of Beach Haven, New Jersey (Business/Corporate Name)

Project Location: 420 Pelham Avenue (Street Address)

Beach Haven (Municipality) Ocean (County) NJ (State)

1 (Block) 3 (Lot)

FINDING:

- This categorically excluded activity/project converts to **EXEMPT** per Section 58.34(a)(12), because it does not require any mitigation for compliance with any listed statutes or authorities, nor requires any formal permit or license; **Funds may be committed and drawn down after certification of this part** for this (now) EXEMPT project; OR
- This categorically excluded activity/project cannot convert to Exempt status because one or more statutes or authorities listed at Section 58.5 requires formal consultation or mitigation. Complete consultation/mitigation protocol requirements, **publish NOI/RROF and obtain "Authority to Use Grant Funds"** (HUD 7015.16) per Section 58.70 and 58.71 before committing or drawing down any funds; OR
- This project is not categorically excluded OR, if originally categorically excluded, is now subject to a full Environmental Assessment according to Part 58 Subpart E due to extraordinary circumstances (Section 58.35(c)).

No mitigation or project modifications, beyond the following standard project development and construction management practices, are required for approval.

The following measures are required as conditions for approval of the project:

General

1. Acquire all required federal, state, and county/ local permits and approvals prior to commencement of construction and comply with all permit conditions.
2. If the scope of work of a proposed activity changes significantly, the application for funding must be revised and resubmitted for reevaluation under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).

Construction-Stage Best Management Practices

Air Quality – The project must meet the regulatory requirements of New Jersey’s Air Rules/Air Pollution Control Requirements (see NCR40023_RevisedGeneralConformityApplicabilityAnalysis_NCR_TO1067). The Contractor will implement the following Best Management Practices (BMPs) aimed to reduce air quality effects during construction:

1. Use water or chemical dust suppressant in exposed areas to control dust.
2. Cover the load compartments of trucks hauling dust-generating materials.
3. Wash heavy trucks and construction vehicles before they leave the site.
4. Reduce vehicle speed on non-paved areas and keep paved areas clean.
5. Retrofit older equipment with pollution controls.
6. Establish and follow specified procedures for managing contaminated materials discovered or generated during construction.
7. Employ spill mitigation measures immediately upon a spill of fuel or other hazardous material.
8. Obtain an air pollution control permit to construct and a certificate to operate for all equipment subject to N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c). Such equipment includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. Any commercial fuel combustion equipment rated with a maximum heat input of 1,000,000 British Thermal Units per hour or greater to the burning chamber (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)1);
 - b. Any stationary storage tank for volatile organic compounds with a capacity of 2,000 gallons and a vapor pressure of 0.02 pounds per square inch or greater (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)9);
 - c. Any tank, reservoir, container, or bin with capacity in excess of 2,000 cubic feet used for storage of solid particles (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)10); and
 - d. Any stationary reciprocating engine with a maximum rated power output of 37 kW or greater, used for generating electricity, not including emergency generators (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)21).

(Note: One or two family dwellings and dwellings of six or less family units, one of which is owner occupied, are exempt pursuant to NJSA 26:2C-9.2.)
9. Minimize idling and ensure that all on-road vehicles and non-road construction equipment operated at or visiting the project site comply with the applicable smoke and “three-minute idling” limits (N.J.A.C. 7:27-14.3, 14.4, 15.3 and 15.8).
10. Ensure that all diesel on-road vehicles and non-road construction equipment used on or visiting the project site use ultra-low sulfur fuel (<15 ppm sulfur) in accordance with the federal Non-road Diesel Rule (40 CFR Parts 9, 69, 80, 86, 89, 94, 1039, 1051, 1065, 1068).
11. Operate, if possible, newer on-road diesel vehicles and non-road construction equipment equipped with tier 4 engines, or equipment equipped with an exhaust retrofit device.

Hazardous Materials

1. All activities must comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations regarding asbestos, including but not limited to the following:
 - National Emission Standard for Asbestos, standard for demolition and renovation, 40 CFR 61.145
 - National Emission Standard for Asbestos, standard for waste disposal for manufacturing, fabricating, demolition, and spraying operations, 40 CFR 61.150
 - NJAC 7:26-2.12—Generator requirements for disposal of asbestos containing waste materials
 - New Jersey Asbestos Control and Licensing Act, N.J.S.A. 34:5A-32 et seq.

2. Applicant must comply with all laws and regulations concerning the proper handling, removal and disposal of hazardous materials (e.g. asbestos, lead-based paint) or household waste (e.g. construction and demolition debris, pesticides/herbicides, white goods).
3. All activities must comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations regarding lead-based paint, including but not limited to HUD's lead-based paint regulations in 24 CFR Part 35 Subparts B, H, and J.
4. The applicant must implement asbestos best management construction practices as noted in the Pre-Rehabilitation Asbestos Survey Report, dated December 2014 prepared by PARS Environmental Inc. (see NCR40023_ACM_Survey_NCR_TO1067)
5. The applicant must implement lead-based paint best management construction practices as noted in the Pre-Rehabilitation Lead-Based Paint Risk Assessment Report, dated December 2014 prepared by PARS Environmental, Inc., including the OSHA *Lead Exposure in Construction Industry Standard* (29 CFR 1926.62) and HUD *Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of LBP Hazards in Housing*, 2nd Edition, July 2012 (see NCR40023_LBP_Survey_NCR_TO1067).

Noise – Time constraints on construction activity in accordance with local ordinances and proper maintenance and documentation of construction equipment in accordance with manufacturer's specifications to keep unnecessary noise impacts to a minimum.

Soils and Water Resources –The Construction activities will comply with the New Jersey Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control. The Contractor will install and maintain erosion and sedimentation control measures and appropriate best management practices prior to and throughout construction, and in compliance with the contract project drawings.

CERTIFICATIONS:

Kristen J. Maines
Deputy Program Director
Gannett Fleming, Inc.

December 15, 2014

Preparer Name and Agency

Preparer Signature

Preparer Completion Date

RE Certifying Officer Name

RE Certifying Officer Signature

RE CO Signature Date

Funding Information:

Grant Number	HUD Program	Funding Amount
B-13-DS-34-0001	Neighborhood and Community Revitalization	\$1,500,000

Estimated Total HUD Funded Amount:

\$1,500,000

Estimated Total Project Cost [24 CFR 58.32(d)]: (HUD and non-HUD funds)

\$1,500,000

Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]:

The objective of this grant application is to rehabilitate the Emergency Operations Center/Coast Guard Building complex in the Borough of Beach Haven. Due to extensive damage to other critical infrastructure in town, such as the Municipal Building, all borough services have been moved to this building until funding is obtained for the restoration of those other structures. At the current time, this building is functioning in the capacity of an Emergency Operations Center, Coast Guard Building, and Borough Hall. The proposed rehabilitation of this building is critical in re-establishing the community service base and also ensuring the health and safety of residents and employees.

Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32, 40 CFR 1508.25]: (Include all contemplated actions that are logically either geographically or functionally a composite part of the project, regardless of the source of funding. As appropriate, attach maps, site plans, renderings, photographs, budgets, and other descriptive information.)

The Emergency Operations Center/Coast Guard Building complex is located on Long Beach Island and situated on a lagoon front parcel of land. The building suffered flood damage from Superstorm Sandy on the 1st level and two repairs have only recently been completed. The building has a central location in town and, since Beach Haven is a walking and biking friendly town, is frequented by residents for neighborhood events, meetings, etc. The planned improvements include: new siding; windows; flood proof entry doors; re-grading of the parking lot; demolition of the existing wooden staircases and construction of new entry stairs and platform on the north and west sides of the building; and the installation of an elevator to ensure the building is ADA compliant.

STATUTORY CHECKLIST [24 CFR 50.4, 24 CFR 58.5]

DIRECTIONS – For each authority, check either Box “A” or “B” under “Status.”

“A box” The project is in compliance, either because: (1) the nature of the project does not implicate the authority under consideration, or (2) supporting information documents that project compliance has been achieved. In either case, information must be provided as to WHY the authority is not implicated, or HOW compliance is met; OR

“B box” The project requires an additional compliance step or action, including, but not limited to, consultation with or approval from an oversight agency, performance of a study or analysis, completion of remediation or mitigation measure, or obtaining of license or permit.

IMPORTANT: Compliance documentation consists of verifiable source documents and/or relevant base data. Appropriate documentation must be provided for each law or authority. Documents may be incorporated by reference into the ERR provided that each source document is identified and available for inspection by interested parties. Proprietary material and studies that are not otherwise generally available for public review shall be included in the ERR. Refer to HUD guidance for more information.

Statute, Authority, Executive Order, Regulation, or Policy cited at 24 CFR §50.4 & 58.5	STATUS		Compliance Documentation
	A	B	
<p>1. Air Quality [Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly sections 176(c) & (d), and 40 CFR 6, 51, 93]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>According to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Nonattainment Areas Map, Ocean County has been designated a nonattainment area for two NAAQS pollutants (NCR40023_AirQualityMap_NCR_TO1067):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • moderate attainment area for 8-hour ozone (1997 Standard) • marginal attainment area for 8-hour ozone (2008 Standard) <p>Ocean County is not currently designated as a maintenance area for any NAAQS pollutant.</p> <p>There will be temporary, unavoidable increases in particulate matter levels during proposed construction activities. While air quality will be temporarily affected, the project will adhere to state air quality standards (NJAC 7:27-1 et seq.). Air quality effects will be mitigated to the extent feasible.</p> <p>Consultation with NJDEP Division of Air Quality has determined that activities under the CDBG-DR program are below the <i>de minimus</i> thresholds of the Federal General Conformity regulations and are presumed to conform to the State Implementation Plan. The project will meet applicable emission standards and regulations of the State Air Pollution Control Code, and will not have an adverse effect on local or regional air quality (NCR40023_RevisedGeneralConformityApplicability_NCR_TO1067).</p>
<p>2. Airport Hazards (Clear Zones and Accident Potential Zones) [24 CFR 51D]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>The project site is not located within any Clear Zones or Accident Potential Zones (NCR40023_AirportClearZonesandAccidentPotentialZonesMap_NCR_TO1067) nor is it located within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport (NCR40023_AirportHazardsMap_NCR_TO1067), so no airport hazard effects are expected.</p> <p>Atlantic City International Airport is approximately 24 miles; Lakehurst Naval Air Station is approximately 44 miles; and Newark Liberty International Airport is approximately 103 miles from the project site.</p>

<p>3. Coastal Zone Management [Coastal Zone Management Act sections 307(c) & (d)]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>The New Jersey Coastal Area Facility Review Act (CAFRA) of 1973 established the CAFRA zone and boundaries within New Jersey, implementing the requirements of the federal Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) of 1972 (16 U.S.C. § 1451 et seq). Certain activities undertaken within the CAFRA zone are regulated by the NJDEP.</p> <p>The project site is within the CAFRA Zone (NCR40023_CoastalZoneManagementActMapCAFRA_NCR_TO1067). However, the NJDEP Division of Land Use Regulation has determined that the action is not regulated under the Coastal Permit Program and no additional consultation or approval is required (NCR40023_DEP_DLUR_CoastalJurisdictionalDetermination_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>The project is not located within the regulated boundaries of the Upland Waterfront Development Zone or the Hackensack Meadowlands (NCR40023_CoastalZoneManagementActMapCAFRA_NCR_TO1067).</p>
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<p>4. Contamination and Toxic Substances [24 CFR 50.3(i) & 58.5(i)(2)]</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <p>The project site is not included in a State or Federal Hazardous Waste sites database and no recognized environmental conditions were identified through site reconnaissance.</p> <p>The project site may be within the 3,000-foot radius of a Hazardous Waste cleanup site, Landfill, solid waste cleanup site or Hazardous Waste facility that handles hazardous materials or toxic substances, however, all sites that were determined by NJDEP to be “non-threatening” to the potential HUD project are not depicted on the NJ HUD Environmental Review Tool 2.1 map. Only sites determined to be “threatening” by the NJDEP are depicted on the map (NCR40023_ToxicHazardousandRadioactiveSubstancesMap_NCR_TO1067). There are no “threatening” sites identified within 3,000 feet of the project site. <i>Note: The “blue highlights” located north-northwest of the project site on the map are boats with blue covers, and are not part of the Hazardous Sites Buffer Zone (3,000 feet).</i></p> <p>HUD lead-based paint (LBP) poisoning prevention rules at 24 CFR Part 35 apply as the project involves structures for which construction was completed on or before January 1, 1978. Coordination with the Municipal Engineer, Allison Iannaccone, indicates the building was constructed sometime after 1970. To ensure proper LBP compliance, it was assumed the building was constructed before 1978.</p> <p>OSHA regulations presume that surfacing materials used in buildings constructed in or prior to 1980 contain potential asbestos-containing materials (ACMs), and the structure is assumed to have been built prior to 1980.</p> <p>Given the assumed age of the structure, LBP and ACMs were considered to be potentially present. A pre-construction building survey for LBP/ACM was completed on December 1, 2014.</p> <p>Brick mortar, concrete board, and pipe insulation were identified as ACM within the structure; all were noted to be in good condition (NCR40023_ACM_Survey_NCR_TO1067). It is recommended that all identified ACM that may be impacted by the planned rehabilitation be removed and properly disposed of by a licensed asbestos abatement contractor in accordance with applicable federal, state and local regulations. Wherever ACM is proposed to remain in-place (without rehabilitation), it is recommended that an operations and maintenance program be developed to define work practices, training requirements and management procedures designed to maintain ACM in good condition. If additional suspect materials are identified in concealed areas during rehabilitation, it is recommended that activities that would disturb these materials cease and the materials be sampled and analyzed to assess the potential presence of asbestos.</p> <p>LBP hazards were identified at several locations, including door lintels at Exits 1 and 2 and a lead dust hazard in Room W106, which is a high-traffic public space currently supporting municipal court activity (NCR40023_LBP_Survey_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>Due to the presence of these worker hazards, current HUD, US EPA, NJDCA, and OSHA lead-safe work practices and worker/occupant protection practices must be implemented to safely complete all work involving the disturbance of LBP coated surfaces and components.</p>
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<p>5. Endangered Species [Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR 402]</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Consultation with the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) was completed through a review of the iPaC landscape explorer tool to obtain a preliminary USFWS species list for the project area (NCR40023_USFWS_EndangeredSpeciesReview_NCR_TO1067). The report identified two federally threatened species potentially in the vicinity of the project: piping plover and seabeach amaranth.</p> <p>Review of the NJDEP HUD Environmental Review Tool 2.1 (NCR40023_EndangeredSpeciesMap_NCR_TO1067) did not indicate the presence of piping plover, red knot or northern long-eared bat. However, the Review Tool does show a “centroid hit” for a state listed endangered species. ENSP consultation with NJDEP determined that no project specific conditions or further mitigation is required to protect the state listed Black-crowned Night-heron (NCR40023_ENSP_Response_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>Coordination with the NJDEP, Natural Heritage Program (NHP) was completed requesting a search of the Natural Heritage Database, the Landscape Project habitat mapping, and Biotics Database for state endangered and threatened species. The NHP response indicated no records of listed threatened or endangered plant and animal species or ecological communities on the site (NCR40023_NaturalHeritageDatabase_Response_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>Seabeach amaranth occurs on barrier island beaches just above the high tide line, growing on nearly pure sand substrate. As the project limits involve a developed, urbanized area with no habitat capable of supporting seabeach amaranth, no impacts to this species would occur.</p> <p>The USFWS and NHP also noted the potential presence of migratory birds and coastal birds, including the state endangered least tern and black skimmer; however the rehabilitation project would not impact any natural areas or trees potentially used by migratory or coastal birds.</p> <p>The project will have No Effect on any federal or state-listed species. Based on coordination with federal and state agencies and assessment of effects, compliance with the ESA is complete and no additional consultation is required.</p>

<p>6. Environmental Justice [Executive Order 12898]</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Executive Order (EO) 12898 requires Federal agencies to consider and address disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations resulting from their actions. The project area covers several Census blocks, including environmental justice populations.</p> <p>The project site is in an area with limited residential population. The two Census blocks adjacent to the project site exhibit approximately 2.9% and 100% minority population, however, they contain only 34 and 4 residents, respectively (NCR40023_EnvironmentalJusticeMap_PercentMinority_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>The Census tract which includes the project site exhibit 5.5% of population below poverty level (NCR40023_EnvironmentalJusticeMap_PercentPoverty_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>The project would not generate adverse resource or health effects or adversely impact residential, commercial, or community facilities or services which may be of importance to environmental justice populations. Thus, the project would not generate disproportionately high and adverse environmental impacts on environmental justice populations (NCR40023_EnvironmentalJustice_Checklist_NCR_TO1067).</p>
<p>7. Explosive and Flammable Operations [24 CFR 51C]</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>Under 24 CFR 51.201, the proposed action does not meet the definition of a "HUD-assisted project" and therefore the requirements of 24 CFR 51c do not apply.</p> <p>As the project would not increase the number of people being exposed to hazardous operations or converting the use of the building, regulations concerning explosive and flammable operations are not applicable.</p> <p>The existing propane tank on site is non-functional and will be removed as part of the rehabilitation project (see NCR40023_CEST_NCR_TO1067_PropaneTank).</p>
<p>8. Farmland Protection [Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) & 1541; 7 CFR 658]</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/></p>	<p>The project area is urbanized with no associated agricultural lands. According to the NJDEP HUD Environmental Review Tool, the project area is not located on land classified as containing Prime Farmland Soils (NCR40023_FarmlandProtectionMap_NCR_TO1067). The soils on the property are not designated as agricultural land or prime agricultural soils and the project is located in the Census-designated New York-Newark, NY-NJ-CT "urbanized area." Therefore, the requirements of the federal Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA) are not applicable.</p>

<p>9. Floodplain Management [24 CFR 55; Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a)]</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<p>Pursuant to 24 CFR 55 and EO 11988, the proposed project was evaluated to determine potential effects within a flood hazard area. The project is located in the 100-year floodplain (Zone AE) on the FEMA Preliminary Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) (NCR40023_FloodplainMgmtandFloodInsuranceNFIPNotInFloodwayMap_NCR_TO1067). <i>(Note: the floodplain map and legend using the NJDEP HUD Environmental Review Tool depicts the floodplain zone as "A", which is a generalized category that includes FEMA-designated zone "AE" and other non-coastal 100-year floodplain areas).</i></p> <p>An 8-step floodplain analysis that complies with 24 CFR 55 and EO 11988 was completed (NCR40023_FloodplainAnalysis_NCR_TO1067) that determined the proposed action is the most practicable alternative for meeting the needs of the project while minimizing impacts to the floodplain. As the project involves the rehabilitation of a municipal Emergency Operations Center considered vital to protection of life and property within the borough, the project is considered to be of critical importance. The proposed structure is already elevated above the base flood elevation and flood proofing improvements will provide additional protection of public property with minimal cost and no-net change in floodplain development in comparison with pre-Sandy conditions. No readily available alternative sites outside of a flood hazard area are available and relocation of this vital municipal facility would further delay municipal recovery, have limited benefit, and require substantial government funding.</p> <p>It is our determination that there is no practicable alternative to locating the proposed action in the flood zone. This is due to: 1) the lack of land outside of the floodplain within Beach Haven available for the proposed use without major economic and land use impacts, 2) the critical need for reestablishment of effective municipal government and services administration, and 3) the limited scope and benefits of the proposed project on human health, public property, and flood levels. Therefore, the proposed project would be compliant with the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (44 CFR § 59) and EO 11988 on Floodplain Management (42 FR 26951).] A final public notice will be published in accordance with HUD requirements. The final notice will detail the reasons why the project must be located in the floodplain, a list of alternatives considered, and measures taken to minimize adverse impacts and preserve natural and beneficial floodplain values.</p> <p>The DCA will ensure that the project is constructed as proposed to ensure no adverse floodplain impacts. Implementation of the proposed action may require additional local and state permits, which could place additional design modifications or mitigation requirements on the project. The applicant is required to obtain all required federal, state, and county/local permits prior to commencement of construction and comply with all permit conditions. If the scope of work of a proposed activity changes significantly, the application for funding must be revised and resubmitted for reevaluation under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).</p>
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<p>10. Historic Preservation [National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 & 110; 36 CFR 800]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>The project site is within the Historic Property Exemption Zone (“Green Zone”) according to the NJDEP HUD Environmental Review Tool (NCR40023_HistoricPreservationExemptionZone_NCR_TO1067). Therefore, Section 106 compliance for above ground resources is complete.</p> <p>Regarding archaeological resources, the project site is located on a barrier island and does not have any of the exceptions listed in Tier II Programmatic Allowance 1 in Appendix B of the Programmatic Agreement. Therefore, Section 106 compliance for archaeological resources is complete.</p> <p>Compliance with the NHPA is complete and no further consultation is required.</p>
<p>11. Noise Abatement and Control [Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR 51B]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>24 CFR 51.101 (a)(2) states that activities considered to be “noise sensitive land development” must comply with the noise criteria and standards of 24 CFR 51B. As the proposed action does not involve noise sensitive uses (housing, mobile home parks, nursing homes, hospitals and other non-housing uses where quiet is integral to the project’s function), it is not considered to be a “noise sensitive land development” and the HUD regulations concerning noise abatement and control are not applicable.</p> <p>The only noise expected from the project will be temporary construction noise that will cease once construction is complete. The project is located in an urban area and the construction will not require any significant noise-creating activities (i.e. blasting, pile driving, etc.). Construction noise is not expected to appreciably add to existing ambient levels.</p>
<p>12. Sole Source Aquifers [Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR 149]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>The project site lies within the NJ Coastal Plain Aquifer System (NCR40023_SoleSourceAquiferMap_NCR_TO1067).</p> <p>The Borough of Beach Haven Water Department and Borough of Beach Haven Sewer Authority are the current providers for municipal water and sewer to the complex. Proposed improvements will not change existing impervious coverage of the area. Therefore, there will be no net effect to aquifer recharge as a result of project completion. Furthermore, the project has a highly unlikely potential to impact ground water during or after construction and therefore has a highly unlikely potential to create a significant hazard to public health. Therefore, this project meets the 1999 EPA exemption criteria as defined by HUD. EPA consultation/review is not required. (NCR40023_SSAGuidance_NCR_TO1067).</p>
<p>13. Wetlands Protection [24 CFR 55, Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 & 5]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>No state jurisdictional wetlands are located within or adjacent to the project site (NCR40023_WetlandsProtectionMap_NCR_TO1067). The project site is located on a lagoon parcel with the surrounding open waters classified by the USFWS as Estuarine, subtidal, unconsolidated bottom (E1UBL) wetlands (NCR40023_USFWS_Wetlands_NCR_TO1067). However, the proposed project involves rehabilitation of an existing structure and no regulated activities under 24 CFR Part 55 or the Clean Water Act and would therefore have no impact on wetland resources.</p>

<p>14. Wild and Scenic Rivers [Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, particularly section 7(b) & (c); 36 CFR 297]</p>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>The project is not located within 1/4 mile of a designated Wild and Scenic River (WSR) stream bank and will have no adverse effect on protected WSRs. The closest designated WSR (Great Egg Harbor River) is approximately 21 miles from the project site. Additionally, the project site is not located within a one-mile radius of a WSR or its tributaries (NCR40023_WildandScenicRivers Map_NCR_TO1067). Therefore, consultation and review by the National Park Service is not required.</p>
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24 CFR 58.6 CHECKLIST [24 CFR 50.4, 24 CFR 58.6]

1. AIRPORT RUNWAY CLEAR ZONES AND CLEAR ZONES NOTIFICATION [24 CFR Part 51.303(a)(3), D]

Does the project involve the sale or acquisition of property located within a Civil Airport Runway Clear Zone or a Military Airfield Clear Zone?

- No.** Cite or attach Source Documentation: See NCR40023_AirportClearZonesandAccidentPotentialZonesMap_NCR_TO1067 and NCR40023_AirportHazardsMap_NCR_TO1067.

[Project complies with 24 CFR 51.303(a)(3).]

Yes. Notice must be provided to the buyer. The notice must advise the buyer that the property is in a Runway Clear Zone or Clear Zone, what the implications of such a location are, and that there is a possibility that the property may, at a later date, be acquired by the airport operator. The buyer must sign a statement acknowledging receipt of this information, and a copy of the signed notice must be maintained in the ERR.

2. COASTAL BARRIERS RESOURCES ACT [Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended by the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990 (16 USC 3501)] Is the project located in a coastal barrier resource area?

- No.** Cite or attach Source Documentation:
The project area is not located within a regulated System unit or an Otherwise Protected Area boundary of the Coastal Barrier Resources Act. Further consultation with the USFWS is not required. See NCR40023_CoastalBarrierResourcesActMap_NCR_TO1067. [Proceed with project.]

Yes. Federal assistance may not be used in such an area.

3. FLOOD DISASTER PROTECTION ACT [Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 (42 USC 4001-4128 and 42 USC 5154a)]

Does the project involve acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of structures located in a FEMA-identified Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA)?

No. Cite or attach Source Documentation: _____
[Proceed with project.]

- Yes.** Cite or attach Source Documentation:
The project area lies within a FEMA-identified floodplain (AE) and will involve construction within a special flood hazard area (NCR40023_FloodplainMgmtandFloodInsuranceNFIPNotInFloodwayMap_NCR_TO1067).

Is the community participating in the National Insurance Program (or has less than one year passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards)?

- Yes. Flood Insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program must be obtained.** If HUD assistance is provided as a grant, insurance must be maintained for the economic life of the project and in the amount of the total project cost (or up to the maximum allowable coverage, whichever is less). If HUD assistance is provided as a loan, insurance must be maintained for the term of the loan and in the amount of the loan (or up to the maximum allowable coverage, whichever is less). A copy of the flood insurance policy declaration must be kept on file in the ERR.

The proposed project does not involve financial assistance for construction, rehabilitation, or acquisition of a mobile home, building, or insurable personal property or the purchase of machinery, equipment, fixtures, or furnishings that are insurable under NFIP. **Therefore, flood insurance requirements are not applicable.**

No. Federal assistance may not be used in the Special Flood Hazard Area.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions

Field Inspection (Date and completed by):

November 4, 2014 by Richard Grubb & Associates, Inc. under contract to Gannett Fleming, Inc

Summary Statement of Findings and Conclusions:

The proposed project consists of the rehabilitation of a public building complex within the Borough of Beach Haven, NJ. The project entails exterior and interior renovations to the existing structures, including new siding; windows; flood proof entry doors; re-grading of the parking lot; demolition of the existing wooden staircases and construction of new entry stairs and platform on the north and west sides of the building; and the installation of an elevator to ensure the building is ADA compliant. No changes to the footprint of the complex would occur.

Completion of this categorical exclusion environmental review and associated consultation confirms that the proposed project would not have a significant environmental impact and that further assessment is not necessary. HUD funding of the proposed action, with implementation of required mitigation measures and best management construction practices would not have a significant impact on the quality of the human environment.

Required Mitigation and Project Modification Measures: [24 CFR 58.40(d), 40 CFR 1505.2(c), 40 CFR 1508.20] *(Recommend feasible ways in which the proposal or its external factors should be modified in order to minimize adverse environmental impacts and restore or enhance environmental quality.)*

No mitigation or project modifications, beyond the following standard project development and construction management practices, are required for approval.

The following measures are required as conditions for approval of the project:

General

1. Acquire all required federal, state, and county/ local permits and approvals prior to commencement of construction and comply with all permit conditions.
2. If the scope of work of a proposed activity changes significantly, the application for funding must be revised and resubmitted for reevaluation under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).

Construction-Stage Best Management Practices

Air Quality – The project must meet the regulatory requirements of New Jersey’s Air Rules/Air Pollution Control Requirements (see NCR40023_RevisedGeneralConformityApplicabilityAnalysis_NCR_TO1067). The Contractor will implement the following Best Management Practices (BMPs) aimed to reduce air quality effects during construction:

1. Use water or chemical dust suppressant in exposed areas to control dust.
2. Cover the load compartments of trucks hauling dust-generating materials.
3. Wash heavy trucks and construction vehicles before they leave the site.
4. Reduce vehicle speed on non-paved areas and keep paved areas clean.
5. Retrofit older equipment with pollution controls.
6. Establish and follow specified procedures for managing contaminated materials discovered or generated during construction.
7. Employ spill mitigation measures immediately upon a spill of fuel or other hazardous material.
8. Obtain an air pollution control permit to construct and a certificate to operate for all equipment subject to N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c). Such equipment includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. Any commercial fuel combustion equipment rated with a maximum heat input of 1,000,000 British Thermal Units per hour or greater to the burning chamber (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)1);

- b. Any stationary storage tank for volatile organic compounds with a capacity of 2,000 gallons and a vapor pressure of 0.02 pounds per square inch or greater (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)9);
- c. Any tank, reservoir, container, or bin with capacity in excess of 2,000 cubic feet used for storage of solid particles (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)10); and
- d. Any stationary reciprocating engine with a maximum rated power output of 37 kW or greater, used for generating electricity, not including emergency generators (N.J.A.C. 7:27-8.2(c)21).

(Note: One or two family dwellings and dwellings of six or less family units, one of which is owner occupied, are exempt pursuant to NJSA 26:2C-9.2.)

- 9. Minimize idling and ensure that all on-road vehicles and non-road construction equipment operated at or visiting the project site comply with the applicable smoke and “three-minute idling” limits (N.J.A.C. 7:27-14.3, 14.4, 15.3 and 15.8).
- 10. Ensure that all diesel on-road vehicles and non-road construction equipment used on or visiting the project site use ultra-low sulfur fuel (<15 ppm sulfur) in accordance with the federal Non-road Diesel Rule (40 CFR Parts 9, 69, 80, 86, 89, 94, 1039, 1051, 1065, 1068).
- 11. Operate, if possible, newer on-road diesel vehicles and non-road construction equipment equipped with tier 4 engines, or equipment equipped with an exhaust retrofit device.

Hazardous Materials

- 1. All activities must comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations regarding asbestos, including but not limited to the following:
 - National Emission Standard for Asbestos, standard for demolition and renovation, 40 CFR 61.145
 - National Emission Standard for Asbestos, standard for waste disposal for manufacturing, fabricating, demolition, and spraying operations, 40 CFR 61.150
 - NJAC 7:26-2.12—Generator requirements for disposal of asbestos containing waste materials
 - New Jersey Asbestos Control and Licensing Act, N.J.S.A. 34:5A-32 et seq.
- 2. Applicant must comply with all laws and regulations concerning the proper handling, removal and disposal of hazardous materials (e.g. asbestos, lead-based paint) or household waste (e.g. construction and demolition debris, pesticides/herbicides, white goods).
- 3. All activities must comply with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations regarding lead-based paint, including but not limited to HUD’s lead-based paint regulations in 24 CFR Part 35 Subparts B, H, and J.
- 4. The applicant must implement asbestos best management construction practices as noted in the Pre-Rehabilitation Asbestos Survey Report, dated December 2014 prepared by PARS Environmental Inc. (see NCR40023_ACM_Survey_NCR_TO1067)
- 5. The applicant must implement lead-based paint best management construction practices as noted in the Pre-Rehabilitation Lead-Based Paint Risk Assessment Report, dated December 2014 prepared by PARS Environmental, Inc., including the OSHA *Lead Exposure in Construction Industry Standard* (29 CFR 1926.62) and HUD *Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of LBP Hazards in Housing*, 2nd Edition, July 2012 (see NCR40023_LBP_Survey_NCR_TO1067).

Noise – Time constraints on construction activity in accordance with local ordinances and proper maintenance and documentation of construction equipment in accordance with manufacturer’s specifications to keep unnecessary noise impacts to a minimum.

Soils and Water Resources –The Construction activities will comply with the New Jersey Standards for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control. The Contractor will install and maintain erosion and sedimentation control measures and appropriate best management practices prior to and throughout construction, and in compliance with the contract project drawings.