



## State of New Jersey

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### BULLETIN NO. 11-11

**TO: ALL INSURERS ELIGIBLE TO WRITE NONADMITTED  
INSURANCE IN NEW JERSEY AND ALL LICENSED SURPLUS  
LINES PRODUCERS**

**FROM: THOMAS B. CONSIDINE, COMMISSIONER**

**RE: IMPLEMENTATION OF FEDERAL NONADMITTED AND  
REINSURANCE REFORM ACT IN NEW JERSEY**

The purpose of this bulletin is to outline nationwide regulatory changes that will affect the placement of nonadmitted insurance in New Jersey. The Nonadmitted and Reinsurance Reform Act of 2010 ("NRRA"), 15 U.S.C. § 8201 *et seq.*, provides that only an insured's "Home State" may require the payment of premium tax for nonadmitted insurance. Moreover, the NRRA subjects the placement of nonadmitted insurance solely to the statutory and regulatory requirements of the insured's Home State, and provides that only the insured's Home State may require a surplus lines broker to be licensed to sell, solicit or negotiate nonadmitted insurance with respect to such insured. 15 U.S.C. § 8202(a), (b). "Nonadmitted insurance," as defined in 15 U.S.C. § 8206(9), applies only to property and casualty insurance (excluding workers' compensation).

The NRRA becomes effective on July 21, 2011. For nonadmitted insurance business placed on or after July 21, 2011, the following information is provided for the benefit of insurers, producers and insureds:

#### **What is the scope of the NRRA?**

The NRRA states that "the placement of nonadmitted insurance is subject to the statutory and regulatory requirements solely of the insured's home state" and that the NRRA "may not be construed to preempt any State law, rule, or regulation that restricts the placement of workers' compensation insurance or excess insurance for self-funded workers' compensation plans with a nonadmitted insurer." 15 U.S.C. § 8202. The NRRA does not expand the scope of the kinds of insurance that an insurer may write in the nonadmitted insurance market and each state continues to determine which kinds of insurance an insurer may write in that state. Although the NRRA preempts certain state laws with respect to nonadmitted insurance, it does not have any impact on insurance

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offered by insurers licensed or authorized in this state.

### **What is the insured's "Home State" for purposes of a particular placement?**

New Jersey is the insured's Home State if the insured maintains its principal place of business here or, in the case of an individual, the individual's principal residence is here. If New Jersey is considered the insured's Home State, only this State's requirements regarding the placement of such business will apply. However, if 100 percent of the insured risk is located outside of New Jersey, then the insured's Home State is the state to which the greatest percentage of the insured's taxable premium for that insurance contract is allocated.

If more than one insured from an affiliate group are named insureds on a single nonadmitted insurance placement, New Jersey will be considered the Home State for that placement if New Jersey is the Home State of the member of the affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium attributed to it under such insurance contract.

### **How will these rules be applied?**

New and renewal policies with an effective date prior to July 21, 2011 will be subject to the laws and regulations of this State and other jurisdictions, as applicable, as of the policy effective date. The laws and regulations of this State and other jurisdictions, as applicable, as of the effective date of such a policy will also apply to any modification to that policy during the policy period, such as all endorsements (including risk- and premium-bearing endorsements), installment payments and premium audits. New and renewal policies with an effective date on or after July 21, 2011, and any modifications thereto, will be subject only to the laws and regulations of New Jersey if New Jersey is the Home State of the insured.

### **What are the requirements for premium tax allocation and payment in this State?**

As of July 21, 2011, the NRRRA permits only the insured's Home State to require the payment of premium tax for nonadmitted insurance. Until July 21, 2011, the laws and regulations of New Jersey and other jurisdictions, as applicable, will continue to apply to premium tax due on multi-state placements.

It is the intent of the Department to issue additional bulletins if and when New Jersey begins participating in a tax sharing arrangement with other jurisdictions. Until additional bulletins are issued, the New Jersey tax rate should be applied to new and renewal policies with an effective date on or after July 21, 2011, when this State is the insured's Home State.

### **What are the license requirements for producers?**

Only the insured's Home State may require a surplus lines producer to be licensed to sell, solicit or negotiate nonadmitted insurance with respect to a particular placement. If New Jersey is the insured's Home State, the surplus lines producer must be licensed in this State. The NRRRA provides that this State may not collect licensing fees for surplus

lines producers as of July 21, 2012, unless New Jersey participates in the NAIC's national insurance producer database or any other equivalent uniform national database. 15 U.S.C. § 8203. New Jersey participates in the National Insurance Producer Registry (NIPR), which provides such a database. Consequently, New Jersey will continue to impose licensing fees upon surplus lines producers.

**When are the requirements for a diligent search and when is a diligent search not required?**

The procurement procedures for surplus lines insurance are set forth in N.J.A.C. 11:1-33.

On or after July 21, 2011, a surplus lines producer seeking to procure or place nonadmitted insurance on behalf of an "exempt commercial purchaser" is not required to perform a diligent search if: 1) the broker has disclosed to the exempt commercial purchaser that insurance may or may not be available from the admitted market that may provide greater protection with more regulatory oversight; and 2) the exempt commercial purchaser has subsequently requested in writing that the broker procure from or place such insurance with a nonadmitted insurer. "Exempt commercial purchaser" is defined in 15 U.S.C § 8206(5) as set forth below.

**What are the eligibility requirements for nonadmitted insurers?**

The NRRA restricts the eligibility requirements a state may impose on nonadmitted insurers. See 15 U.S.C. § 8204. For nonadmitted insurers domiciled in a U.S. jurisdiction, a producer is permitted to place nonadmitted insurance with such insurers provided they are authorized to write such business in their state of domicile and maintain minimum capital and surplus of \$15 million [or the minimum capital and surplus amount required in this State pursuant to N.J.S.A. 17:17-1 et seq., whichever is greater].

For nonadmitted insurers domiciled outside the U.S., a producer may place business with such insurers provided the insurer is listed on the Quarterly Listing of Alien Insurers maintained by the International Insurers Department of the NAIC.

**What are the key definitions from the NRRA?**

The NRRA includes several definitions relevant to this State's implementation of its requirements. Key definitions include the following:

- **"Exempt commercial purchaser"**: The term "exempt commercial purchaser" means any person purchasing commercial insurance that, at the time of placement, meets the following requirements:

(A) The person employs or retains a qualified risk manager to negotiate insurance coverage.

(B) The person has paid aggregate nationwide commercial property and casualty insurance premiums in excess of \$100,000 in the immediately preceding 12 months.

(C) (i) The person meets at least 1 of the following criteria:

(I) The person possesses a net worth in excess of \$20,000,000, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).

(II) The person generates annual revenues in excess of \$50,000,000, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).

(III) The person employs more than 500 full-time or full-time equivalent employees per individual insured or is a member of an affiliated group employing more than 1,000 employees in the aggregate.

(IV) The person is a not-for-profit organization or public entity generating annual budgeted expenditures of at least \$30,000,000, as such amount is adjusted pursuant to clause (ii).

(V) The person is a municipality with a population in excess of 50,000 persons.

(ii) Effective on the fifth January 1 occurring after the date of the enactment of this subtitle and each fifth January 1 occurring thereafter, the amounts in subclauses (I), (II), and (IV) of clause (i) shall be adjusted to reflect the percentage change for such 5-year period in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(5).

- **“Home State”**:

(A) In General.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term “Home State” means, with respect to an insured—

(i) the State in which an insured maintains its principal place of business or, in the case of an individual, the individual’s principal residence; or

(ii) if 100 percent of the insured risk is located out of the State referred to in clause (i), the State to which the greatest percentage of the insured’s taxable premium for that insurance contract is allocated.

(B) Affiliated Groups.—If more than 1 insured from an affiliated group are named insureds on a single nonadmitted insurance contract, the term “Home State” means the Home State, as determined pursuant to subparagraph (A), of the member of the affiliated group that has the largest percentage of premium attributed to it under such insurance contract. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(6).

- “**Independently procured insurance**”: The term “independently procured insurance” means insurance procured directly by an insured from a nonadmitted insurer. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(7).

- “**Nonadmitted insurance**”: The term “nonadmitted insurance” means any property and casualty insurance permitted to be placed directly or through a surplus lines broker with a nonadmitted insurer eligible to accept such insurance. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(9).

- “**Nonadmitted insurer**”: The term “nonadmitted insurer”—

(A) means, with respect to a State, an insurer not licensed to engage in the business of insurance in such State; but

(B) does not include a risk retention group, as that term is defined in section 2(a)(4) of the Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986 (15 U.S.C. 3901(a)(4)). 15 U.S.C. § 8206(11).

- “**Premium tax**”: The term “premium tax” means, with respect to surplus lines or independently procured insurance coverage, any tax, fee, assessment, or other charge imposed by a government entity directly or indirectly based on any payment made as consideration for an insurance contract for such insurance, including premium deposits, assessments, registration fees, and any other compensation given in consideration for a contract of insurance. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(12).

- “**Qualified risk manager**”: The term “qualified risk manager” means, with respect to a policyholder of commercial insurance, a person who meets all of the following requirements:

(A) The person is an employee of, or third-party consultant retained by, the commercial policyholder.

(B) The person provides skilled services in loss prevention, loss reduction, or risk and insurance coverage analysis, and purchase of insurance.

(C) The person—

(i) (I) has a bachelor’s degree or higher from an accredited college or university in risk management, business administration, finance, economics, or any other field determined by a State insurance commissioner or other State regulatory official or entity to demonstrate minimum competence in risk management; and

(II) (aa) has 3 years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, loss prevention, risk and insurance analysis, or purchasing commercial lines of insurance; or

(bb) has—

(AA) a designation as a Chartered Property and Casualty Underwriter (in this subparagraph referred to as “CPCU”) issued by the American Institute for CPCU/Insurance Institute of America;

(BB) a designation as an Associate in Risk Management (ARM) issued by the American Institute for CPCU/Insurance Institute of America;

(CC) a designation as Certified Risk Manager (CRM) issued by the National Alliance for Insurance Education & Research;

(DD) a designation as a RIMS Fellow (RF) issued by the Global Risk Management Institute; or

(EE) any other designation, certification, or license determined by a State insurance commissioner or other State insurance regulatory official or entity to demonstrate minimum competency in risk management;

(ii) (I) has at least 7 years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, loss prevention, risk and insurance coverage analysis, or purchasing commercial lines of insurance; and

(II) has any 1 of the designations specified in subitems (AA) through (EE) of clause (i)(II)(bb);

(iii) has at least 10 years of experience in risk financing, claims administration, loss prevention, risk and insurance coverage analysis, or purchasing commercial lines of insurance; or

(iv) has a graduate degree from an accredited college or university in risk management, business administration, finance, economics, or any other field determined by a State insurance commissioner or other State regulatory official or entity to demonstrate minimum competence in risk management. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(13).

- **“Surplus lines broker”**: The term “surplus lines broker” means an individual, firm, or corporation which is licensed in a State to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance on properties, risks, or exposures located or to be performed in a State with nonadmitted insurers. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(15).

- **“State”**: The term “State” includes any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa. 15 U.S.C. § 8206(16).

July 13, 2011  
Date



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Thomas B. Considine  
Commissioner

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