New Jersey State Cancer Registry  
List of reportable diseases and conditions  
Effective date March 10, 2011; Revised January, 2017

General Rules for Reportability

(a) If a diagnosis includes any of the following words, every New Jersey health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider or independent clinical laboratory shall report the case to the Department in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 8:57A.

- Cancer;
- Carcinoma;
- Adenocarcinoma;
- Carcinoid tumor;
- Leukemia;
- Lymphoma;
- Malignant; and/or
- Sarcoma

(b) Every New Jersey health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider or independent clinical laboratory shall report any case having a diagnosis listed at (g) below and which contains any of the following terms in the final diagnosis to the Department in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 8:57A.

- Apparent(ly);
- Appears;
- Compatible/Compatible with;
- Consistent with;
- Favors;
- Malignant appearing;
- Most likely;
- Presumed;
- Probable;
- Suspect(ed);
- Suspicious (for); and/or
- Typical (of)

(c) Basal cell carcinomas and squamous cell carcinomas of the skin are NOT reportable, except when they are diagnosed in the labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis or scrotum.

(d) Carcinoma in situ of the cervix and/or cervical squamous intraepithelial neoplasia III (CIN III) are NOT reportable.

(e) Insofar as soft tissue tumors can arise in almost any body site, the primary site of the soft tissue tumor shall also be examined for any questionable neoplasm.
(f) If any uncertainty regarding the reporting of a particular case exists, the health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider or independent clinical laboratory shall contact the Department for guidance at (609) 633-0500 or view information on the following website http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/njscr.shtml.

(g) Every New Jersey health care facility, physician, dentist, other health care provider or independent clinical laboratory shall report the following conditions to the Department in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 8:57A.

ALL SITES
The following conditions are reportable to NJSCR regardless of the site of origin:
- Askin tumor
- Chordoma
- Cylindroma (except of skin)
- Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
- Dysgerminoma
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
- Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
- Germinoma
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- Langerhans cell histiocytosis, NOS
- Malignant histiocytosis
- Malignant mastocytosis
- Malignant tumor, all cell types
- Medulloepithelioma
- Melanoma
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative neoplasm, unclassifiable
- Myoepithelioma, malignant
- Neuroblastoma
- Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 1 (NET GR1)
- Neuroendocrine Tumor, Grade 2 (NET GR2)
- Neuroepithelioma
- Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
- Plasmacytoma
- Polyembryoma
- Polymorphic PTLD.
- Serrated adenocarcinoma
- Sezary syndrome
- Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
- Squamous intraepithelial neoplasia, grade III (SINIII) (8077/2), except Cervix and Skin
- Yolk sac tumor
ADRENAL
Adrenal cortical carcinoma
Aortic body tumor, malignant
Carotid body tumor, malignant
Extraadrenal paraganglioma, malignant
Ganglioneuroblastoma
Germinoma
Neuroblastoma
Neuroendocrine carcinoma
Neuroepithelioma
Paraganglioma, malignant
Pheochromocytoma, malignant only
Sympathicoblastoma
Teratoma, malignant, NOS
Teratoma w/malignant transformation

ANUS (see G-I tract)

APPENDIX (see G-I tract)

BILE DUCTS (see gall bladder and bile ducts)

BLOOD (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

BLOOD VESSELS (see soft tissues)

BONE AND JOINTS
Adamantinoma
Ameloblastoma, malignant
Angioblastoma (+)
Angiosarcoma
Askin tumor
Chondroblastoma, malignant
Chondrosarcoma
Chordoma
Ewing Sarcoma
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Fibrosarcoma (medullary, periosteal, central, endosteal)
Giant cell tumor, malignant
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Mesenchymal chondrosarcoma
Myeloma
Odontogenic tumor, malignant
BONE AND JOINTS (cont’d)

Osteogenic Sarcoma
Osteosarcoma
Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
Plasmacytoma
Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant

BONE MARROW (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

CNS (brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, meninges, and other CNS)

Acoustic neuroma (O)
Angiocentric glioma (+)
Angiolipoma (O)
Angiomatous menigioma (O)
Astroblastoma
Astrocytoma, any type
Atypical choroid plexus papiloma (+)
Atypical lipoma (+)
Atypical menigioma (+)
Atypical teratoid/ rhabdoid tumor
Capillary hemangioma (O)
Cavernous hemangioma (O)
Central neurocytoma (+)
Chordoid glioma (+)
Chordoma, NOS
Choroid plexus papilloma, malignant
Choroid plexus papilloma (O)
Choroid menigioma (+)
Clear cell menigioma (+)
Dermoid cyst (O)
Desmoplastic infantile astrocytoma (+)
Diffuse melanocytosis (O)
Dysembryoplastic neuroepithelial tumor (O)
Dysplastic gangliocytoma of cerebellum (O) (Lhermitte-Duclos)
Embryonal tumor with rhabdoid features
Ependymoblastoma
Ependymoma
Fibrolipoma (O)
Fibroma (O)
Fibrous menigioma (O)
Gangliocytoma (O)
Ganglioglioma (+)
Ganglioneuroblastoma
CNS (cont’d)
Ganglieneuroma (O)
Germinoma
Glioblastoma
Gliofibroma (+)
Glioma, all types
Gliomatosis cerebri (+)
Glioneural tumor (+)
glioneuronal tumor (+)
Hemangioblastoma (+)
Hemangioendothelioma, benign (O)
Hemangioendothelioma (+)
Hemangioma (O)
Hemangiopericytoma, benign (O)
Hemangiopericytoma (+)
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
Leiomyoma (O)
Leiomyomatosis (+)
Lipoma (O)
Medulloblastoma
Medulloepithelioma
Melanotic neurofibroma (O)
Meningeal melanocytoma (+)
Meningeal melanomatosis
Meningeal sarcomatosis
Meningioma, malignant
Meningioma (O)
Meningiomatosis (+)
Meningiotheliomatous meningioma (O)
Meningiothelial meningioma (O)
Myxopapillary ependymoma (+)
Neoplasm, benign (O)
Neoplasm, uncertain whether benign or malignant (+)
Neurilemoma (O)
Neurinomatosis (+)
Neuroblastoma
Neurocytoma (O)
Neuroepithlioma, NOS
Neurofibroma (O)
Neurofibromatosis (+)
Neuroma (O)
Neurothekeoma (O)
Nerve sheath myxoma
CNS (cont’d)
Nerve sheath tumor
Oligodendrocytoma or oligodendroblastoma
Oligodendroglioma
Pacinian tumor (O)
Papillary meningioma
Papillary glioneuronal tumor (+)
Paraganglioma (+)
Peripheral neuroectodermal tumor
Perineurioma (O)
Pinealoma
Pineal teratoma, malignant
Pineoblastoma
Pineocytoma
Plexiform neurofibroma (O)
Polarespongioblastoma
Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
Psammomatous meningioma (O)
Rhabdomyoma (O)
Rosette-forming glioneuronal tumor (+)
Schwannoma (any)
Smooth muscle tumor (+)
Soft tissue tumor, benign (O)
Solitary fibrous tumor (O)
Spongioblastoma
Spongioneuroblastoma
Subependymal astrocytoma
Subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (+)
Subependymoma (+)
Teratoid medulloepithelioma
Teratoma, benign (O)
Teratoma (+)
Transitional meningioma (O)
Tumor cells, benign (O)
Tumor cells, malignant
Venous hemangioma (O)

BREAST
Adenocarcinoma
Apocrine carcinoma
Colloid carcinoma
Comedocarcinoma
Cribiform carcinoma
**BREAST** (cont’d)
- Cystosarcoma phyllodes, malignant only
- Ductal carcinoma, in situ
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibroadenoma, malignant only
- Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
- Glassy cell carcinoma
- Glycogen rich carcinoma
- Granular cell tumor, malignant
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- Histiocytosis, malignant, and Langerhans cell
- Infiltrating carcinoma of the breast such as:
  - Duct adenocarcinoma
  - Duct and lobular
  - Duct carcinoma
  - Duct and Paget’s disease
  - Ductular
  - Lobular
- Lipid-rich carcinoma
- Lobular carcinoma, in situ
- Lobular and intraductal, in situ
- Lobular neoplasia grade III (LN III)/lobular intraepithelial neoplasia grade III (LIN III)
- Lymphoma
- Medullary carcinoma
- Mesenchymoma, malignant
- Mixed acinar ductal carcinoma
- Myoepithelioma, malignant
- Papillary carcinoma, in situ
- Paget’s disease
- Phyllodes tumor, malignant
- Stromal sarcoma of breast
- Tubular carcinoma

**BRONCHUS** (see **lung**)

**CERVIX** (see **uterus**)

**COLON** (see **G-I tract**)

**EAR** (see **skin, soft tissue**)

**ENDOMETRIUM** (see **uterus**)

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ESOPHAGUS (see G-I tract)

EYE
- Diktyoma, malignant
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Medulloepithelioma, malignant
- Melanoma, malignant
- Mixed tumor, malignant
- Retinoblastoma
- Sarcoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous cell epithelioma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
  (Tumors of the orbit: See soft tissues and Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

EXTRA-ADRENAL PARAGANGLIA (see adrenal)

FALLOPIAN TUBE (see uterus)

GALL BLADDER AND EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS
- Adenocarcinoma
- Carcinoma (other)
- Cholangiocarcinoma
- Klatskin tumor

GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (esophagus, stomach, intestine, appendix, colon, anus)
- Adenoacanthoma
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoidcystic carcinoma
- (Adeno) carcinoma in Adenomatus polyp with or without invasion of stalk
- Adenosarcoma
- Anal intraepithelial neoplasia (AIN III)
- Apudoma (+)
- Argentaffinoma (+)
- Bowen’s disease of anus
- Basal cell adenocarcinoma
- Carcinoid tumor
- Carcinofibroma
- Carcinosarcoma
- Cloacogenic carcinoma
- Desmoplastic small round cell tumor
- Enterochromaffin cell carcinoid
- Enterochromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
GASTRO-INTESTINAL TRACT (cont’d)
   Enteroglucagonoma, malignant
   Epidermoid carcinoma
   Epithelioid hemangioendothelioma, malignant
   Gastrinoma (+)
   Gastrointestinal stromal tumor (GIST), malignant
   Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
   Immunoproliferative disease, small intestinal
   Kaposi’s Sarcoma
   Leiomyosarcoma,
   Linitis plastica
   Lymphoma
   Mesodermal mixed tumor
   Mesenchymoma, malignant
   Micropapillary carcinoma, NOS
   Mixed germ cell tumor
   Mixed tumor of esophagus, malignant only
   Mullerian mixed tumor
   Neuroendocrine carcinoma
   Paget disease of anus
   Polypoid adenoma, malignant only
   Signet ring cell carcinoma
   Squamous cell carcinoma
   Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
   Squamous cell epithelioma
   Transitional cell carcinoma

HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (Including blood, bone marrow, lymph nodes, spleen and tumors of hematopoietic or lymphoid histogenesis found in other sites.)
   Acute erythremic myelosis
   Acute megakaryocytic myelosis
   Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis
   Blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm
   Chronic lymphoproliferative disorder of NK cells
   Chronic myeloproliferative disease,
   Dendritic cell sarcoma
   DiGuglielmo syndrome
   Erythroleukemia
   Essential thrombocythemia
   Extraosseous plasmacytoma
   Fibroblastic reticular cell tumor
HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (cont’d)

Heavy chain disease, all such as:
  Alpha,
  Gamma (Franklin’s Disease),
  Mu, and
  Not otherwise specified
Histiocytic medullary reticulosis
Histiocytosis, malignant
Histiocytosis-X, malignant only
Hodgkin’s Disease, all such as:
  Histiocyte predominant
  Lymphocyte depleted
  Lymphocyte predominant
  Mixed cellularity
  Nodular sclerosing
Hypereosinophilic syndrome
Idiopathic thrombocythemia
Immunoproliferative Disease, NOS
Langerhans cell histiocytosis
Letterer-Siwe’s Disease
Leukemia, all
Leukemic reticuloendotheliosis
Lymphoid neoplasm
Lymphoma, all
Lymphosarcoma
Lymphoreticular process, malignant
Malignant histiocytosis
Malignant mastocytosis
Megakaryocytosis, malignant
Multiple myeloma
Mycosis fungoides
Myelodysplastic neoplasm, unclassifiable
Myelodysplastic syndrome
Myelofibrosis with myeloid metaplasia, malignant only
Myeloid neoplasm
Myeloid and lymphoid neoplasms with PDGFRB rearrangement
Myeloid and lymphoid neoplasm with FGFR1 abnormalities
Myeloma
Myeloproliferative disease (+)
Myelosclerosis
Panmyelosis, acute
Primary myelofibrosis
Polycythemia Vera
HEMATOPOIETIC/LYMPHOID (cont’d)
   Polymorphic PTLD
   Refractory anemia (all)
   Refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia
   Refractory neutropenia
   Refractory thrombocytopenia
   Reticulosi, malignant
   Reticulum cell sarcoma/tumor
   Sezary’s disease or syndrome
   Splenic marginal zone B-cell lymphoma
   Systemic mastocytosis
   Systemic EBV pos. T-cell lymphoproliferative disease of childhood
   Therapy related myelodysplastic syndrome
   Waldenstrom’s macroglobulinemia or syndrome

HYPOPHARYNX (see oral cavity)

KIDNEY
   Adenocarcinoma
   Adenomyosarcoma
   Clear cell carcinoma
   Ganglioma, anaplastic
   Hypernephroma
   Nephroblastoma
   Renal cell carcinoma
   Squamous cell carcinoma
   Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
   Transitional cell carcinoma
   Tubular adenoma, borderline or malignant only
   Wilms’s Tumor

LARYNX AND TRACHEA
   Adenocarcinoma
   Adenocystic carcinoma
   Cylindroma
   LIN III /LN grade 3/ Laryngeal Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III
   Pulmonary blastoma
   Squamous cell carcinoma
   Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)

LIP (see oral cavity)
LIVER AND INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS
- Angiosarcoma
- Bile duct carcinoma
- Cholangiocarcinoma
- Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
- Hepatoblastoma
- Hepatocellular carcinoma
- Hepatoma, malignant only
- Klatskin tumor

LUNG AND BRONCHUS
- Adenocarcinoid tumor
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
- Apudoma (+)
- Argentaffinoma (+)
- Bronchial adenoma (+)
- Bronchial adenoma (carcinoid type)
- Cylindroma
- Epidermoid carcinoma
- Intravascular bronchial alveolar tumor
- Large cell (anaplastic) carcinoma
- Neuroendocrine carcinoma
- oat cell carcinoma
- Pulmonary blastoma
- Small cell (anaplastic) carcinoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Undifferentiated carcinoma

LYMPH NODE (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

MEDIASTINUM (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid, soft tissue, or thymus)

MENINGES (see CNS)

MUSCLE (see soft tissue)

NERVE (see soft tissue)
NOSE (Nasal cavity, Para-nasal sinus and Nasopharynx)
Adenocarcinoma
Bowen disease of nasopharynx
Chordoma
Epidermoid carcinoma
Esthesioneuroblastoma
Lymphoepithelioma
Malignant mastocytosis
Mesenchymoma, malignant
Neuroblastoma
Neurilemmoma, malignant
Olfactory neurogenic tumor
Rhabdomyosarcoma
Sarcoma botryoides
Squamous cell carcinoma (other than skin)
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
Yolk sac tumor

ORAL CAVITY AND SALIVARY GLANDS
Adenocarcinoma
Adenoid cystic carcinoma
Acinic cell carcinoma
Acinic cell tumor (+)
Bowen disease
Cylindroma
Epidermoid carcinoma
Kaposi sarcoma
Lymphoepithelioma
Malignant mastocytosis
Malignant Lymphoma
Malignant histiocytosis
Mixed tumor, salivary gland type, malignant only
Mucoepidermoid carcinoma
Mucoepidermoid tumor (+)
Pleomorphic adenoma, malignant only
Polymorphic PTLD
Squamous cell carcinoma
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
Sezary syndrome
Transitional cell carcinoma
Undifferentiated carcinoma
Verrucous carcinoma
Warthin tumor, malignant
OROPHARYNX (see oral cavity)

OVARY
Adenocarcinoma, NOS
Androblastoma, malignant
Arrhenoblastoma, malignant
Brenner tumor, malignant only
Choriocarcinoma
Clear cell carcinoma
Dysgerminoma
Embryonal carcinoma
Endodermal sinus tumor
Endometrioid carcinoma
Enterocromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
Germinoma
Germ cell tumor, nonseminomatous
Granulosa cell carcinoma
Granulosa cell tumor, all
Leydig cell tumor, malignant
Mesonephroid carcinoma
Mucinous cystadenocarcinoma
Ovarian stromal tumor, mal.
Papillary serous cystadenocarcinoma
Polyembryoma
Pseudomucinous cystadenocarcinoma
Seminoma
Serous papillary cystadenocarcinoma
Sertoli-Leydig cell tumor, poorly differentiated
Steroid cell tumor, malignant
Struma ovarii, malignant
Thecoma, malignant
Teratoma, malignant
Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
Yolk-sac tumor

PANCREAS
Adenocarcinoma
Cystoadenocarcinoma
Cystic pancreatic endocrine neoplasm (CPEN)
Enterocromaffin-like cell tumor, malignant
Enteroglucagonoma, malignant
Gastrinoma (+)
Glucagonoma, malignant only
**PANCREAS** (cont’d)
- Insulinoma, malignant
- Intraductal Papillary Mucinous Neoplasm (IPMN)
- Intraductal Tubule-Papillary Neoplasm (ITPN)
- Islet cell adenoma (+)
- Islet cell carcinoma
- Mucinous Cystic Neoplasm (MCN)
- Non-invasive mucinous cystic neoplasm, with high-grade dysplasia (MCN)
- Pancreatic endocrine tumor
- Pancreatoblastoma
- Pancreatic neoplasia III (PanIN III)
- Papillary cystic tumor (+)
- Solid pseudopapillary neoplasm (SPN)
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Vipoma

**PARAGANGLIA**
- Non-chromaffin paraganglioma (+)
  (see also [adrenal](#))

**PARATHYROID**
- Carcinoma, all
- Paraganglioma, malignant

**PARANASAL SINUSES** (see [nose](#))

**PENIS**
- Basal cell carcinoma of Penis and Prepuce (skin of)
- Bowen disease
- Erythroplasia of Queyrat
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Paget disease, extramammary
- Penile intraepithelial neoplasia III (PeIN III)
- Queyrat erythroplasia
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Verrucous carcinoma
PERICARDIUM (see pleura)

PERITONEUM (see pleura)

PHARYNX (see oral cavity)

PINEAL
  Dermoid cyst (O)
  Epithelial tumor, benign (O)
  Gangliocytoma (O)
  Ganglioglioma (+)
  Germ cell tumors
  Medulloepithelioma
  Neoplasm, benign (O)
  Papillary tumor of the pineal region
  Pinealoma (+)
  Pineoblastoma
  Pineocytoma (+)
  Primitive neuroectodermal tumor
  Teratoma, benign (O)
  Teratoma (+)

PITUITARY AND CRANIOPHARYNGEAL DUCT
  Acidophil adenoma (O)
  Adamanthinomatous craniopharyngioma (+)
  Adenoma (O)
  Basophil adenoma (O)
  Chromophobe adenoma (O)
  Clear cell adenoma (O)
  Clear cell tumor (O)
  Craniopharyngioma (any type) (+)
  Craniopharyngioma, malignant
  Epithelial tumor, benign (O)
  Ganglioglioma, anaplastic
  Granular cell tumor (O)
  Lipoma (O)
  Mixed acidophil-basophil adenoma (O)
  Mixed cell adenoma (O)
  Monomorphic adenoma (O)
  Neoplasm, uncertain (+)
  Neoplasm, benign (O)
  Oxyphilic adenoma (O)
  Papillary adenoma (O)
PITUITARY AND CRANIOPHARYNGEAL DUCT (cont’d)
- Papillary craniopharyngioma (+)
- Pituicytoma
- Pituitary adenoma (O)
- Prolactinoma (O)
- Rathke Pouch tumor (+)
- Soft tissue tumor, benign (O)
- Teratoma, benign (O)
- Teratoma (+)
- Tumor cells, benign or uncertain

PLACENTA
- Choriocarcinoma
- Chorioepithelioma
- Hydatiform mole, malignant (+)
- Invasive mole (+)
- Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid

PLEURA, PERITONEUM, PERICARDIUM
- Fibrosarcoma
- Germ cell tumors, malignant
- Mesothelioma
- Paraganglioma, malignant
- Pleuropulmonary blastoma
- Sarcoma

PROSTATE AND SEMINAL VESICLE
- Acinary (adenocarcinoma) sarcomatoid variant
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adenoid cystic carcinoma
- Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma
- Carcinosarcoma
- Endometrioid carcinoma
- Rhabdomyosarcoma

RECTUM (see G-I Tract)

RENAL PELVIS (see urinary tract)

SALIVARY GLANDS (see oral cavity)
SKIN

Adenocarcinoma
Amelanotic melonama
Basal cell carcinoma of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum
Blue nevus, malignant
Bowen disease of anus and penis
Carcinoma in pleomorphic adenoma
Ceruminous adenocarcinoma
Dermatofibrosarcoma,
Eccrine poroma, malignant
Fibrous histiocyтома, malignant
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant
Hutchinson’s melanotic freckle
Lentigo maligna
lymphoma
Malignant eccrine spiradenoma
Melanocarcinoma
Melanoma
Melansarcoma
Merkel cell tumor
MPNST with rhabdomyoblastic differentiation
Mycosis Fungoides
Neurilemmoma, malignant
Nodular hidradenoma, malignant
Paget disease, extramammary
Pilomatrix carcinoma
Precancerous melanosis, NOS
Sezary syndrome
Skin appendage carcinoma
Squamous cell carcinoma (of labia, clitoris, vulva, prepuce, penis and scrotum only)
Superficial spreading melanoma
Sweat gland carcinoma
Trichilemmocarcinoma

SOFT TISSUE (including retroperitoneum, peripheral nerve)

Alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma
Alveolar soft parts sarcoma
Angiofibrosarcoma
Angiosarcoma
Angiomyxoma (+)
Chondrosarcoma
Clear cell sarcoma of tendons
SOFT TISSUE (cont’d)
Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans
Embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma
Fibromyxosarcoma
Fibrosarcoma
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Granular cell tumor, malignant
Hemangioendothelial sarcoma
Hemangioendothelioma, malignant only
Hemangiopericytoma, malignant only
Juvenile rhabdomyosarcoma
Kaposi’s sarcoma
Leiomyosarcoma
Liposarcoma
Lymphangioendothelioma, malignant
Lymphangiosarcoma
Mesenchymoma, malignant
Mesodermal mixed tumor
Metastasizing leiomyoma
Mixed germ cell tumor
MPNST with rhabdomyoblastic differentiation
Myosarcoma
Myxosarcoma
Neuroblastoma
Neurogenic sarcoma
Neurilemmoma, malignant
Neurilemmosarcoma
Osteosarcoma
Paraganglioma, malignant
Pigmented dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans bednar tumor
Polyembryoma
Reticulum cell sarcoma
Rhabdomyoma, malignant
Rhabdomyosarcoma
Sarcoma botryoides
Schwannoma, malignant
Schwannoma, malignant with rhabdomyoblastomatous differentiation
Synovial sarcoma
Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
Yolk sac tumor
Xanthofibroma, malignant
**SPINAL CORD** (see CNS)

**Spleen** (see Hematopoietic/Lymphoid)

**Stomach** (G-I Tract)

**Testis**
- Androblastoma, malignant
- Carcinoid tumor (+)
- Choriocarcinoma
- Chorioepithelioma
- Embryoma
- Embryonal carcinoma
- Embryonal teratoma
- Endodermal sinus tumor
- Germ cell carcinoma
- Germ cell neoplasm
- Gonadal stromal tumor, malignant only
- Gonadoblastoma (+)
- Interstitial cell carcinoma
- Intratubular germ cell neoplasm, unclassified
- Leydig cell carcinoma
- Mature Teratoma in adults (post puberty)
- Mesonephric adenocarcinoma (infantile, juvenile embryonal carcinoma)
- Mixed germ cell tumor
- Polyembryoma
- Seminoma
- Sertoli cell carcinoma
- Spermatoblastoma
- Spermatocytic seminoma
- Spermatocyteoma
- Teratoblastoma
- Teratocarcinoma
- Teratoma (+)
- Testicular intraepithelial neoplasm
- Trophoblastic tumor, epithelioid
- Vitelline tumor
- Yolk sac tumor

**Thymus**
- Epithelioid thymoma, malignant only
- Lymphocytic thymoma, malignant only
- Seminoma
THYMUS (cont’d)
Spindle cell thymoma, malignant only
Spindle epithelial tumor with thymus-like element
Thymic carcinoid
Thymoma, Type A, AB, B1, B2, B3

THYROID
Adenocarcinoma
Anaplastic carcinoma
Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
Follicular carcinoma
Giant cell carcinoma
Hurthle cell adenoma, malignant only
Hurthle cell tumor, malignant only
Medullary carcinoma
Non-invasive follicular thyroid neoplasm with papillary-like nuclear features (NIFTP)
Occult sclerosing carcinoma
Papillary carcinoma
Undifferentiated carcinoma

TRACHEA (see Larynx)

URINARY TRACT (urinary bladder, ureter, urethra, renal pelvis)
Adenocarcinoma
Adenosarcoma
Carcinosarcoma
Chemodectoma, malignant only
Ganglioglioma, anaplastic
Mesodermal mixed tumor
Mesonephroma, malignant
Mullerian mixed tumors
Papillary transitional cell carcinoma
Paraganglioma (+)
Pheochromocytoma, malignant only
Rhabdomyosarcoma
Spongioneuroblastoma
Squamous cell carcinoma
Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
Transitional cell carcinoma
Urothelial cell carcinoma
UTERUS, FALLOPIAN TUBES, CERVIX
- Adenoacanthoma
- Adenocarcinoma
- Adult granulosa cell tumor
- Adenoid basal cell carcinoma
- Adenosarcoma
- Adenosquamous carcinoma
- Bowen disease
- Carcinofibroma
- Endolymphatic stromal myosis (low grade sarcoma)
- Endometrial stromal sarcoma
- Endometrioid carcinoma
- Leiomyosarcoma
- Mesonephric carcinoma
- Mixed mesodermal tumor
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Squamous cell carcinoma

VULVA AND VAGINA
- Basal cell carcinoma of vulva, clitoris, and labia
- Bowen disease
- Clear cell carcinoma
- Epithelioma, malignant
- Fibrous histiocytoma, malignant
- Malignant tumor, all types
- Melanoma
- Mesodermal mixed tumor
- Mesonephroid carcinoma
- Mullerian mixed tumor
- Paget disease, extramammary
- Sarcoma
- Solitary fibrous tumor, malignant
- Squamous cell carcinoma
- Squamous Intraepithelial Neoplasia grade III (SIN III)
- Trichilemmocarcinoma
- Vaginal intraepithelial neoplasia (VAIN III)
- Vulvar intraepithelial neoplasia (VIN III)
RESOURCES AND REFERENCES
NAACCR Guidelines for ICD-O-3 Update Implementation
https://www.naaccr.org/implementation-guidelines/

SEER Program Coding and Staging Manual 2016, pp. 5-14

NJSCR Program Manual
http://www.nj.gov/health/ces/reporting-entities/njscr/

ICD-O-3 SEER Site/Histology Validation List

(+ ) Borderline, reportable
( O ) Benign, reportable