

Common Name: ALLYL ALCOHOL

Synonyms: 2-Propen-1-ol; Allylic Alcohol; Vinylcarbinol CAS No: 107-18-6 Molecular Formula: C_3H_6O RTK Substance No: 0036 Description: Colorless liquid with a mustard-like odor

HAZARD DATA						
Hazard Ra	Hazard Rating Firefighting			React		vity
A - HealthAllyl Alcohol is a FLAMMABLE LI Use dry chemical, CO2, water spra resistant foam as extinguishing ag POISONOUS GASES ARE PROD FIRE.DOT#: UN 1098CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE IN Use water spray to keep fire-expos cool.Hazard Class: 6.1 (Poison)Vapor is heavier than air and may to distance to cause a fire or explosic source.Vapors may travel to a source of ig flash back.Fire POISONOUS CASES ARE PROD FIRE.		ay or gents DUCE N FIRI sed c	UID.Allyl Alor alcohol- nts.ACID.ACID.ACID.CED INform po DichlorTIRE.Allyl Ald containersas SOI TRIAZEavel a n far from the(such a PERM/ CHLOFition andCHLOF TRICH		cohol will explode upon contact with SULFURIC cohol will react with CARBON TETRACHLORIDE to tentially explosive halogenated epoxides (such as obutylene and Trichlorobutylene Oxides). cohol is not compatible with STRONG BASES (such IUM HYDROXIDE and POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE); NES; BROMOMELAMINE; OXIDIZING AGENTS s PERCHLORATES, PEROXIDES, NGANATES, CHLORATES, NITRATES, INE, BROMINE and FLUORINE); NITRIC ACID; OSULFONIC ACID; PHOSPHORUS .ORIDE; and DIALLYL PHOSPHITE.	
SPILL/LEAKS				PHYSICAL PROPERTIES		
Isolation Distance: Small Spills: 30 meters (100 feet) Large Spills: 60 meters (200 feet) Fire: 800 meters (1/2 mile) Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or a similar material and deposit in sealed containers. Keep Allyl Alcohol out of confined spaces, such as sewers, because of the possibility of an explosion. DO NOT wash into sewer. Very toxic to aquatic organisms.			Odor Thresho Flash Point: LEL: UEL: Auto Ignition Vapor Densit Vapor Pressu Specific Grav Water Solubil Boiling Point Molecular We	Temp: y: re: ity: ity:	0.8 to 1.1 ppm 70°F (21°C) 2.5% 18% 713°F (378°C) 2 (air = 1) 17.2 mm Hg at 68°F (20°C) 0.9 (water = 1) Miscible 206°F (97°C) 58.1	
EXPOSURE LIMITS			PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			
OSHA: NIOSH: ACGIH: IDLH LEVEL PAC LEVELS:	2 ppr 0.5 p : 20 pp PAC-	n, 8-hr TWA n, 10-hr TWA; 4 ppm, STEL pm, 8-hr TWA om 1 = 0.09 ppm; PAC-2 = 1.7 ppm; 3 = 13 ppm		Gloves: Coveralls: Respirator:	DuPor Respo Gobair >0.5 p >5 ppr	Silver Shield®/4H® and Viton (>8-hr breakthrough) nt Tychem® CPF 4, BR and LV, CSM, onder®, and TK; Kappler Zytron® 400; and Saint- n ONESuit®PRO (>8-hr breakthrough) pm -full facepiece APR with Organic vapor filters m - Pressure demand supplied air pm – Pressure demand SCBA
HEALTH EFFECTS				FIRST AID AND DECONTAMINATION		
Eyes: Skin: Inhalation:	Irritation Nose, th coughing (pulmon	and burns , burns and blisters roat and lung irritation with g, phlegm and shortness of breath ary edema) ne, dizziness and passing out		 Remove the person from exposure. Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if worn. Seek medical attention immediately. Quickly remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated skin with large amounts of water. Seek medical attention. Begin artificial respiration if breathing has stopped and CPR if necessary. Transfer to a medical facility. Medical observation is recommended as symptoms may be delayed. 		