

# Right to Know Hazardous Substance Fact Sheet

**Emergency** Responders **Quick Reference** 

Common Name: ASPHALT, OXIDIZED

Synonyms: Bitumens, Oxidized; Blown Asphalt

CAS No: 64742-93-4 Molecular Formula: Mixture RTK Substance No: 3197

Description: Air-refined or air-blown type of Bitumens which are blackish-brown, cement-like solids, semi-

solids or liquids depending on the formulation or mixture of Asphalt used

| HAZARD DATA           |   |   |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Hazard Rating         | Firefighting  | Reactivity  |
| 3 - Health            | Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , or foam as extinguishing agents.  | Asphalt, Oxidized is not compatible with OXIDIZING AGENTS (such as PERCHLORATES, PEROXIDES,                                     |
| 1 - Fire              | DO NOT use straight water streams. Water spray  | PERMANGANATES, CHLORATES, NITRATES,   |
| 0 - Reactivity        | and foam must be applied carefully to avoid frothing.   | CHLORINE, BROMINE and FLUORINE). HOT <b>Asphalt, Oxidized</b> may ignite flammables on  |
| <b>DOT#</b> : UN 1999 | POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE,   | contact.  |
| ERG Guide #: 130      | including Sulfur Oxides, Hydrogen Sulfide and Formaldehyde.   | Significant concentrations of <i>Hydrogen Sulfide</i> can occur and accumulate in storage tanks and bulk transport              |
| Hazard Class: 3       | Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers   | containers.   |
| (Flammable)           | cool.  DO NOT direct water directly into any container, vessel or tank containing HOT Asphalt as violent eruptions may occur. | Use only non-sparking tools and equipment, especially when opening and closing containers of <b>Asphalt</b> , <b>Oxidized</b> . |

#### SPILL/LEAKS

#### **Isolation Distance:**

Spills: 50 meters (150 feet) Fire: 800 meters (1/2 mile)

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or a similar material and deposit in sealed containers.

Hot product can harm plant life.

This chemical does not accumulate in the food chain

or environment.

### **EXPOSURE LIMITS**

NIOSH: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 15-minute Ceiling (as

Asphalt fume) ACGIH:

> 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 8-hr TWA (as Asphalt fume) 1 ppm, 8-hr TWA; 5 ppm STEL (as

Hydrogen Sulfide)

100 ppm (as Hydrogen Sulfide) IDLH:

#### **HEALTH EFFECTS**

Eyes: Irritation

Skin: Irritation, severe burns, dermatitis and

pigment change

Acute: Nose, throat and lung irritation with

coughing, wheezing and/or shortness of

breath

Headache, dizziness, nausea and

vomiting

**Chronic:** Cancer (skin) in animals.

Bronchitis with cough, phlegm, and/or

shortness of breath.

#### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

**Odor Threshold:** Petroleum odor Flash Point: >400°F (204°C)

LEL: 0.9% **UEL:** 7%

Autoignition

Temperature: 905°F (485°C)

Vapor Pressure: 3 mm Hg at 68°F (20°C) **Specific Gravity:** 0.95 to 1.1 (water = 1)

Water Solubility: Insoluble **Boiling Point:** 700°F (371°C)

**Melting Point:** 86°F to 266°F, (54°C to 173°C)

## PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Gloves: Insulated Rubber

DuPont Tychem® F, Responder® and CPF 2, CPF 3, Coveralls:

CPF 4; ONESuit® TEC; and Kappler Zytron® 300 and

Insulated Rubber **Boots:** 

>0.5 mg/m³ (as Asphalt fume) or >1 ppm Hydrogen Respirator:

Sulfide gas - Supplied air

#### FIRST AID AND DECONTAMINATION

Remove the person from exposure.

Immediately flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses, if worn, while flushing.

Quickly remove contaminated clothing. Immediately wash contaminated skin with large amounts of soap and water. Seek medical attention.

Begin rescue breathing (using universal precautions) if breathing has stopped and CPR if heart action has stopped.

Transfer promptly to a medical facility.