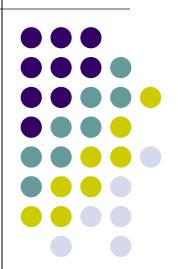
Recovery Case Management A Model in Progress

Presentation to PAC May 21, 2010



Rationale Behind the Service - Nationwide



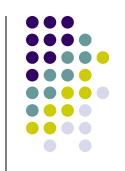
- Only 10% of those needing treatment in our nation received it in 2002; only 25% will receive such services in their lifetime
- The addictions treatment system has historically had low engagement rates and high attrition rates.
- Dropout rates between the call for an appointment at an addiction treatment agency and the first treatment session range from 50-64%
- Nationally, more than half of clients admitted to addiction treatment do not successfully complete treatment (48% "complete"; 29% leave against staff advice; 12% are administratively discharged for various infractions; 11% are transferred

Rationale Behind the Service - New Jersey



- 20% of our clients in our system spend 70% of our resources
- Approximately 54,000 served in our system each year
 - 5,690 had three or more detox episodes from 2003 to 2008 (10.5%)
 - in 2008 1762 had three or more residential episodes from 2003 to 2008 (4%)

Rationale Behind the Service - New Jersey (cont)



- The Recovery Zone is a state of sustained recovery characterized by long periods of abstinence, gainful employment, stable housing and supportive and rewarding social and spiritual connectedness
- The goal of RCM is to facilitate a client's entrance and stabilization in the Recovery Zone
- This is done by reducing service fragmentation, promoting service continuity, and increasing clients' capacity to manage their chronic disease more effectively

Objectives of RCM



- Reduce the need for acute care
- Reduce the acuity and frequency of symptoms
- Deliver less costly and less restrictive levels of care
- Free up capacity in the treatment system to meet demand in New Jersey
- Improve outcomes

RCM Activities



- Assess and document eligibly
- Assessment of client's Recovery Capital and the Recovery Support Services needed
- Development of recovery plans
- Revision of recovery plans
- Convening team meetings with treatment and other service providers to support linkages, coordination of care and continuum of care planning
- Referral to related needed services
- Monitoring and engagement with services and supports
- Collateral contacts with family and services providers

Target Population



- Repeat and frequent users of residential care
- Those in the Red Zone
- Adults with substance use disorders
- Those not eligible for case management through DCBH or DMHS

Service Outcomes



- Reduction in frequency of admissions to LTR, Detox, STR
- Increase in frequency to OP levels of care
- Decrease in duration of Detox, STR, LTR, episodes
- Reduced cost per client

Questions From DAS to Providers



- What would be the best referral pathway into the service?
- 2) How do we engage clients in the service?
- How do we engage providers to become and/or work with RCM providers/practitioners?
- What types of housing supports do you think our system needs (for example, permanent housing, transitional housing, congregant living)?