BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA QUARTERLY REPORT

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2011

SUBMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF GAMING ENFORCEMENT OF THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY



OFFICE OF FINANCIAL INVESTIGATIONS REPORTING MANUAL

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA BALANCE SHEETS

AS OF MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2011	2010
(a)	(\mathbf{b})		(c)	(d)
	ASSETS:			
	Current Assets:			
1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	\$24,005	\$26,001
2	Short-Term Investments		0	0
	Receivables and Patrons' Checks (Net of Allowance for	`	-	
3	Doubtful Accounts - 2011, \$23,724; 2010, \$24,212	2, 10	27,126	31,205
4	Inventories		4,154	4,158
5	Other Current Assets		8,604	10,396
6	Total Current Assets		63,889	71,760
7	Investments, Advances, and Receivables	1, 4	30,146	27,575
8	Property and Equipment - Gross	1, .3	1,781,725	1,774,467
9	Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	1, 3	(482,252)	(423,771)
10	Property and Equipment - Net	1, 3	1,299,473	1,350,696
11	Other Assets	1	17,180	12,570
12	Total Assets		\$1,410,688	\$1,462,601
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY:			
	Current Liabilities:			
13	Accounts Payable		\$6,963	\$9,081
14	Notes Payable		0	0
	Current Portion of Long-Term Debt:			
15	Due to Affiliates		0	0
16	External	7, 9	0	630,289
17	Income Taxes Payable and Accrued	. 1	6,443	7,128
18	Other Accrued Expenses	. 5	76,139	51,493
19	Other Current Liabilities	6, 10	19,070	16,470
20	Total Current Liabilities	,	108,615	714,461
	Long-Term Debt:			
21	Due to Affiliates	.[0	0
22	External	1, 7, 9	803,956	0
23	Deferred Credits		13,452	13,947
24	Other Liabilities		28,085	26,711
25	Commitments and Contingencies		0	0
26	Total Liabilities		954,108	755,119
27	Stockholders', Partners', or Proprietor's Equity		456,580	707,482
28	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$1,410,688	\$1,462,601

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2011	2010
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	Revenue:			
1	Casino		\$151,856	\$153,776
2	Rooms		26,291	26,402
3	Food and Beverage		34,465	34,363
4	Other		9,304	9,843
5	Total Revenue		221,916	224,384
6	Less: Promotional Allowances	1	52,826	49,318
7	Net Revenue		169,090	175,066
	Costs and Expenses:			
8	Cost of Goods and Services	1	113,600	114,572
9	Selling, General, and Administrative	10	21,450	20,347
10	Provision for Doubtful Accounts	2	979	702
11	Total Costs and Expenses		136,029	135,621
12	Gross Operating Profit		33,061	39,445
13	Depreciation and Amortization		16,291	18,379
	Charges from Affiliates Other than Interest:		,	,
14	Management Fees		0	0
15	Other		0	0
16	Income (Loss) from Operations		16,770	21,066
	Other Income (Expenses):			
17	Interest Expense - Affiliates		0	0
18	Interest Expense - External	5, 7	(20,741)	(5,544)
19	CRDA Related Income (Expense) - Net		(1,083)	(1,105)
20	Nonoperating Income (Expense) - Net	4	(185)	(391)
21	Total Other Income (Expenses)		(22,009)	(7,040)
22	Income (Loss) Before Taxes and Extraordinary Items		(5,239)	14,026
23	Provision (Credit) for Income Taxes	1	(288)	1,506
24	Income (Loss) Before Extraordinary Items		(4,951)	12,520
	Extraordinary Items (Net of Income Taxes -			
25	20, \$0; 20, \$0)		0	0
26	Net Income (Loss)		(\$4,951)	\$12,520

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PARTNERS', PROPRIETOR'S OR MEMBERS' EQUITY

FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line (a)	Description (b)	Notes	Contributed Capital (c)	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) (d)		Total Equity (Deficit) (f)
1	Balance, December 31, 2009		\$477,507	\$221,274		\$698,781
3	Net Income (Loss) - 2010			44,221		44,221
4 5	Capital Withdrawals Partnership Distributions		(30,807)	(250,664)		(30,807)
7	Prior Period Adjustments					0
8						0
10	Balance, December 31, 2010		446,700	14,831	0	461,531
11 12	Net Income (Loss) - 2011			(4,951)		(4,951)
13 14	Capital Withdrawals Partnership Distributions					0
15 16	Prior Period Adjustments					0
17 18						0
19	Balance, March 31, 2011		\$446,700	\$9,880	\$0	\$456,580

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2011	2010
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
1	CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$20,009	\$37,371
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
2	Purchase of Short-Term Investments			
3	Proceeds from the Sale of Short-Term Investments			
4	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment	1, 3	(3,656)	(3,042)
5	Proceeds from Disposition of Property and Equipment	1, 3	19	16
6	CRDA Obligations Other Investments, Loans and Advances made	_	(1,865)	(1,939)
7	Other Investments, Loans and Advances made	ļ	0	(150)
8	Proceeds from Other Investments, Loans, and Advances			
9	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities		0	0
10		L		
11	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities	 	(5.502)	(5.115)
12		 	(5,502)	(5,115)
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
13	Proceeds from Short-Term Debt			
14	Payments to Settle Short-Term Debt			
15	Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	7	51,500	182,270
16	Costs of Issuing Debt.	7	(401)	0
17	Payments to Settle Long-Term Debt	7	(83,700)	(231,600)
18	Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions	ļ	0	0
19	Purchases of Treasury Stock	ļ	0	(2.010)
20 21	Payments of Dividends or Capital Withdrawals	 	0	(3,819)
21		 		
23	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Financing Activities		(32,601)	(53,149)
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(18,094)	(20,893)
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		42,099	46,894
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period		\$24,005	\$26,001
	-	·		
	CASH PAID DURING PERIOD FOR:			
27	Interest (Net of Amount Capitalized)	7	\$21,420	\$26,001
28	Income Taxes		\$0	\$0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010

(UNAUDITED) (\$ IN THOUSANDS)

Line	Description	Notes	2011	2010
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
29	Net Income (Loss)		(\$4,951)	\$12,520
30	Depreciation and Amortization of Property and Equipment	1, 3	16,283	18,270
31	Amortization of Other Assets		8	109
32	Amortization of Debt Discount or Premium	7	786	0
33	Deferred Income Taxes - Current	. 1	(77)	41
34	Deferred Income Taxes - Noncurrent	1	(470)	(135)
35	(Gain) Loss on Disposition of Property and Equipment	1	77	68
36	(Gain) Loss on CRDA-Related Obligations		1,083	1,105
37	(Gain) Loss from Other Investment Activities	4	279	530
38	(Increase) Decrease in Receivables and Patrons' Checks	2	3,098	996
39	(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		233	269
40	(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets		3,239	1,664
41	(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		(547)	506
42	Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(834)	220
43	Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	. 6	379	1,164
44	Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	<u> </u>	1,423	44
45				
46				
47	Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		\$20,009	\$37,371

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	ACQUISITION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:			
48	Additions to Property and Equipment	1, 3	(\$3,656)	(\$3,042)
49	Less: Capital Lease Obligations Incurred			
50	Cash Outflows for Property and Equipment		(\$3,656)	(\$3,042)
	ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS ENTITIES:			
51	Property and Equipment Acquired			
52	Goodwill Acquired			
53	Other Assets Acquired - net			
54	Long-Term Debt Assumed			
55	Issuance of Stock or Capital Invested			
56	Cash Outflows to Acquire Business Entities		\$0	\$0
	STOCK ISSUED OR CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:			
57	Total Issuances of Stock or Capital Contributions		\$0	\$0
58	Less: Issuances to Settle Long-Term Debt		0	0
59	Consideration in Acquisition of Business Entities		0	0
60	Cash Proceeds from Issuing Stock or Capital Contributions		\$0	\$0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. Valid comparisons cannot be made without using information contained in the notes.

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BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA STATEMENT OF CONFORMITY, ACCURACY, AND COMPLIANCE

FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2011

1		I	have examine	ed tl	nis Ç	Quarter]	y l	Report.
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- 2. All the information contained in this Quarterly Report has been prepared in conformity with the Division of Gaming Enforcement's Quarterly Report Instructions and Uniform Chart of Accounts.
- 3. To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information contained in this report is accurate.
- 4. To the best of my knowledge and belief, except for the deficiencies noted below, the licensee submitting this Quarterly Report has remained in compliance with the financial stability requirements contained in N.J.S.A. 5:12-84(a)1-5 during the quarter.

5/16/2011	HAT-
Date	Hugh Turner
	Vice President of Finance
	Title
	007833-11
	License Number

BORGATA HOTEL CASINO & SPA

On Behalf of:

Casino Licensee

Marina District Development Company, LLC and Subsidiary



(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of Marina District Development Holding Co., LLC)

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and include the accounts of Marina District Development Company, LLC, d.b.a. Borgata, ("MDDC, LLC") and Marina District Finance Company, Inc. ("MDFC"), its wholly-owned subsidiary, collectively referred to herein as the "Company", "we", or "us".

MDDC is the parent of MDFC. MDFC is a 100% owned finance subsidiary of MDDC, which has fully and unconditionally guaranteed its securities.

MDDC was incorporated in July 1998 and has been operating since July 2003. MDFC was incorporated in 2000 and has been a wholly-owned subsidiary of MDDC since its inception. We developed, own and operate Borgata Hotel Casino and Spa, including The Water Club at Borgata (collectively, "Borgata"). Borgata is located on a 45.6-acre site at Renaissance Pointe in Atlantic City, New Jersey and is an upscale destination resort and gaming entertainment property.

Borgata was developed as a joint venture between Boyd Atlantic City, Inc. ("BAC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Boyd Gaming Corporation ("Boyd"), and MAC, Corp. ("MAC"), a second tier, wholly-owned subsidiary of MGM Resorts International ("MGM"). The joint venture operates pursuant to an operating agreement, in which BAC and MAC each originally held a 50% interest in Marina District Development Holding Co., LLC, MDDC's parent holding company ("MDDHC").

As managing member of MDDHC pursuant to the terms of the operating agreement of MDDHC between BAC and MAC (the "Operating Agreement"), BAC, through MDDHC, has responsibility for the oversight and management of our day-to-day operations. We do not presently record a management fee to BAC, as our management team performs these services directly or negotiates contracts to provide for these services. As a result, the costs of these services are directly borne by us and are reflected in our condensed consolidated financial statements. Boyd, the parent of BAC, is a diversified operator of 15 wholly-owned gaming entertainment properties. Headquartered in Las Vegas, Boyd has other gaming operations in Nevada, Illinois, Louisiana, Mississippi and Indiana.

On March 24, 2010, MAC transferred its 50% ownership interest (the "MGM Interest") in MDDHC, and certain land leased to MDDC into a divestiture trust, of which MGM and its subsidiaries are the economic beneficiaries (the "Divestiture Trust"), for sale to a third-party in connection with MGM's settlement agreement with the Division of Gaming Enforcement Office of the Attorney General of the State of New Jersey. BAC has a right of first refusal on any sale of the MGM Interest. We continue to operate under normal business conditions throughout MGM's sales efforts, and do not believe that it has had or will have a material impact on our operations.

Upon the transfer of the MGM Interest into the Divestiture Trust, MGM relinquished all of its specific participating rights under the Operating Agreement, and Boyd effectively obtained control of Borgata. As a result, beginning on March 24, 2010, our financial position and results of operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements of Boyd. This

resulting change in control required acquisition method accounting by Boyd in accordance with the authoritative accounting guidance for business combinations; however, there was no resulting direct impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, although we believe that the disclosures made herein are adequate to make the information reliable in these condensed consolidated financial statements. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements, and notes thereto, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly our financial position as of March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010, and the results of our operations and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. Our operating results and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that would be achieved during a full year of operations or in future periods.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and include the accounts of MDDC and MDFC. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Investment in unconsolidated subsidiary, which is less than 50% owned and does not meet the consolidation criteria of the authoritative accounting guidance for voting or variable interest models, is accounted for under the equity method. See Note 4, *Investment in and Advances to Unconsolidated Subsidiary*, *Net*.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, or for leasehold improvement, over the shorter of the asset's useful life or term of lease.

The estimated useful lives of our major components of property and equipment are:

Building and improvements 10 through 40 years Furniture and equipment 3 through 7 years

Gains or losses on disposals of assets are recognized as incurred, using the specific identification method. Costs of major improvements are capitalized, while costs of normal repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

We evaluate the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable. For an asset that is to be disposed of, we recognize the asset at the lower of carrying value or fair market value, less costs of disposal, as estimated based on comparable asset sales, solicited offers, or a discounted cash flow model. For a long-lived asset to be held and used, we review the asset for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. We then compare the estimated undiscounted future cash flows of the asset to the carrying value of the asset. The asset is not impaired if the undiscounted future cash flows exceed its carrying value. If the carrying value exceeds the undiscounted future cash flows, then an impairment charge is recorded, typically measured using a discounted cash flow model, which is based on the estimated future results of the relevant reporting unit discounted using our weighted-average cost of capital and market indicators of terminal year free cash flow multiples. If an asset is under development, future cash flows include remaining construction costs. All resulting recognized impairment charges are recorded as operating expenses.

Investment in Unconsolidated Subsidiary, Net

Investment in unconsolidated subsidiary is accounted for under the equity method. Under the equity method, carrying value is adjusted for our share of the investees' earnings and losses, as well as capital contributions to and distributions from this entity.

We evaluate our investment in this unconsolidated subsidiary for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such investment may have experienced an other-than-temporary decline in value. If such

conditions exist, we compare the estimated fair value of the investment to its carrying value to determine if an impairment is indicated and determine whether such impairment is other-than-temporary based on our assessment of all relevant factors.

Debt Financing Cost

Debt financing costs, which include legal and other direct costs related to the issuance of our outstanding debt, are deferred and amortized to interest expense over the contractual term of the underlying long-term debt using the effective interest method. In the event that our debt is modified, repurchased or otherwise reduced prior to its original maturity date, we ratably reduce the unamortized debt financing costs. Debt financing cost is included in other assets on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Long-Term Debt, Net

Long-term debt is reported at amortized cost. The discounts on the senior secured notes and the transaction costs paid to the initial purchasers upon issuance are recorded as adjustments to the face amounts of our outstanding debt. These resulting differences between the net proceeds upon issuance of the senior secured notes and the face amounts of the senior secured notes are accreted to interest expense using the effective interest method.

Income Taxes

MDDC is not taxable as a single member LLC for federal income tax purposes; thus all of its income is attributable to its member, MDDHC. MDDHC is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes; therefore, federal income taxes are the responsibility of its members. In New Jersey, casino partnerships are subject to state income taxes under the New Jersey Casino Control Act; therefore, MDDC, considered a casino partnership, is required to record New Jersey state income taxes. In 2004, MDDC was granted permission by the state of New Jersey, pursuant to a ruling request, to file a consolidated New Jersey corporation business tax return with the members of its parent, MDDHC. The amounts reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements are reported as if MDDC was taxed for state purposes on a stand-alone basis; however, MDDC files a state consolidated tax return with the members of MDDHC.

The amounts due to these members, included in the consolidated state income tax return of MDDC, are a result of the respective tax attributes each have contributed to such consolidated state tax return. A reconciliation of the components of our stand-alone state income taxes payable is presented below:

	March 31,			
		2011		2010
Amounts receivable – State	\$	(398,000)	\$	557,000
Amounts payable to members of MDDHC		6,841,000		6,571,000
Income taxes payable, net	\$	6,443,000	\$	7,128,000

Revenue Recognition

Gaming revenue represents the net win from gaming activities, which is the aggregate difference between gaming wins and losses. The majority of our gaming revenue is counted in the form of cash and chips and therefore is not subject to any significant or complex estimation procedures. Cash discounts, commissions and other incentives to customers related to gaming play are recorded as a reduction of gross gaming revenues.

Room revenue recognition criteria are met at the time of occupancy.

Food and beverage revenue recognition criteria are met at the time of service

Promotional Allowances

The retail value of accommodations, food and beverage, and other services furnished to guests on a complimentary basis is included in gross revenues and then deducted as promotional allowances. Promotional allowances also include incentives such as cash, goods and services (such as complimentary rooms and food and beverages) earned in our loyalty programs. We reward customers, through the use of loyalty programs, with points based on amounts wagered that can be redeemed for a specified period of time, principally for restricted free play slot machine credits and complimentary goods and services. We record the estimated retail value of these goods and services as revenue and then record a corresponding deduction as promotional allowances.

The amounts included in promotional allowances for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Marc	March 31,			
	2011	2010			
Rooms	\$ 16,785,000	\$ 17,063,000			
Food and beverage	13,876,000	14,048,000			
Other	22,165,000	18,207,000			
Total promotional allowances	\$ 52,826,000	\$ 49,318,000			

The estimated costs of providing such promotional allowances for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	March 31,		
	2011	2010	
Room	\$ 5,549,000	\$ 5,373,000	
Food and beverage	10,180,000	10,257,000	
Other	2,474,000	2,476,000	
Total	\$ 18,203,000	\$ 18,106,000	

Gaming Taxes

We are subject to taxes based on gross gaming revenues in New Jersey. These gaming taxes are an assessment of our gaming revenues and are recorded as a cost of goods and services in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. These taxes totaled approximately \$11,947,000 and \$12,319,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates incorporated into our condensed consolidated financial statements include the estimated allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, the estimated useful lives for depreciable and amortizable assets, measurement of our equity interest in Atlantic City Express Service, LLC, estimated cash flows in assessing the recoverability of long-lived assets, certain tax liabilities, self-insured liability reserves, various loyalty point programs, fair values of assets and liabilities measured at fair value, fair values of assets and liabilities disclosed at fair value, contingencies and litigation, claims and assessments. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

A variety of additional proposed or otherwise potential accounting standards are currently under study by standard-setting organizations and certain regulatory agencies. Because of the tentative and preliminary nature of such proposed standards, we have not yet determined the effect, if any, that the implementation of such proposed standards would have on our consolidated financial statements.

Convergence Project

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") and the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") have each committed to develop high quality, compatible accounting standards that could be used for both domestic and cross-border financial reporting through a convergence of the presently separate standards. The FASB believes that the ultimate goal of convergence is a single set of high-quality, international accounting standards that companies worldwide would use for both domestic and cross-border financial reporting, which would require the convergence of GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The FASB's mission is to improve U.S. financial accounting standards for the benefit of present and potential investors, lenders, donors, and other creditors. The FASB believes that pursuing convergence of accounting standards is consistent with that mission. That is because investors, companies, auditors, and other participants in the U.S. financial reporting system should benefit from the increased comparability that would result from internationally converged accounting standards.

The FASB and IASB are working towards a work plan to address the significant differences in existence today; however, converged standards may be issued in 2011. While the ultimate timing of adoption of IFRS in the United States has not been committed, we will continue to evaluate the potential impact of the convergence standard on our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2. RECEIVABLES AND PATRONS' CHECKS

Receivables and patrons' checks consist of the following:

	Marc	eh 31,
	2011	2010
Casino receivables (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts – 2011 \$23,662,000		
and 2010 \$24,161,000)	\$ 21,336,000	\$ 21,755,000
NJ tax refund receivable	=	1,948,000
Other (net of an allowance for doubtful accounts – 2011 \$31,000 and 2010 \$51,000)	5,371,000	7,136,000
Due from related parties (Note 10)	419,000	366,000
Receivables and patrons' checks, net	\$ 27,126,000	\$ 31,205,000

NOTE 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	March 31,		
	2011	2010	
Land	\$ 87,301,000	\$ 87,301,000	
Building and improvements	1,391,804,000	1,388,592,000	
Furniture and equipment	294,405,000	289,368,000	
Construction in progress	8,214,000	9,206,000	
Total property and equipment	1,781,724,000	1,774,467,000	
Less accumulated depreciation	482,251,000	423,771,000	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 1,299,473,000	\$ 1,350,696,000	

Depreciation expense was \$16,283,000 and \$18,269,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Major items included in construction in progress at March 31, 2011 and 2010 consisted of various maintenance capital projects currently in process.

We test certain of these property and equipment assets for recoverability if a recent operating or cash flow loss, combined with a history of operating or cash flow losses or a projection or forecast that demonstrates continuing losses, is associated with the use of a long-lived asset.

Impairment is the condition that exists when the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. An impairment loss shall be recognized only if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if it exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset. That assessment shall be based on the carrying amount of the asset at the date it is tested for recoverability. An impairment loss shall be measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

NOTE 4. INVESTMENT IN AND ADVANCES TO UNCOSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY, NET

In 2006, we entered into an agreement with two other Atlantic City casinos (both of which are owned by Caesars Entertainment Corporation, formerly Harrah's Entertainment Inc.) to form Atlantic City Express Service, LLC ("ACES"). With each member having a 33.3% interest, this New Jersey limited liability company was formed for the purpose of contracting with New Jersey Transit to operate express rail service between Manhattan and Atlantic City, which operations

commenced in February 2009. Each member has guaranteed, jointly and severally, liability for all terms, covenants and conditions of the ACES agreement with New Jersey Transit consisting primarily of the necessary operating and capital expenses of ACES. The responsibilities of the managing member will rotate annually among the members. We did not make contributions to or receive distributions from ACES during the three months ended March 31, 2011, and our investment in ACES was \$4,906,000 at March 31, 2011.

NOTE 5. OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses consist of the following:

	March 31,	
	2011	2010
Payroll and related expenses	\$ 20,050,000	\$ 23,433,000
Accrued interest	29,874,000	624,000
Other	26,215,000	27,436,000
Other accrued expenses	\$ 76,139,000	\$ 51,493,000

NOTE 6. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Other current liabilities consist of the following:

	March 31,		
	2011	2010	
Casino related liabilities	\$ 9,322,000	\$ 7,818,000	
Due to related parties (see Note 10)	1,115,000	1,108,000	
Other	8,633,000	7,544,000	
Other current liabilities	\$ 19,070,000	\$ 16,470,000	

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT, NET

Long-term debt, net consists of the following:

	March 31, 2011			March 31 2010	
	Outstanding Principle	Unamortized Discount	Unamortized Origination Fees	Long-Term Debt, Net	Long-Term Debt, Net
Bank credit facility Less current maturities 9.50% Senior Secured Notes	\$28,700,000	\$ -	\$ - -	\$28,700,000	\$630,289,000 (630,289,000)
due 2015 9.875% Senior Secured Notes	400,000,000	(3,813,000)	(8,953,000)	387,234,000	-
due 2018	400,000,000	(2,591,000)	(9,387,000)	388,022,000	-
	\$ 828,700,000	(6,404,000)	(18,340,000)	\$ 803,956,000	\$ -

Bank Credit Facility

Significant Terms

In August 2010, MDFC closed a \$950,000,000 debt financing, consisting of the establishment of a \$150,000,000 new payment priority secured revolving credit facility and the issuance of \$800,000,000 of aggregate principal amount of notes. MDDC is the guarantor of both the bank credit facility and the notes. The proceeds from the financing were used to (i) pay

fees and expenses related to the financing; (ii) repay the former credit facility; and (iii) make a one-time distribution to our joint venture owners.

Our bank credit facility provides for a \$150,000,000 senior secured revolving credit facility and matures in August 2014. The bank credit facility is guaranteed on a senior secured basis by MDDC and any future subsidiaries of MDDC, and is secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of our assets, subject to certain exceptions. The obligations under the bank credit facility have priority in payment to the senior secured notes, discussed below.

Neither BAC, its parent, nor the Divestiture Trust are a guarantor of our bank credit facility.

Outstanding borrowings under the bank credit facility accrue interest at a rate based upon either: (i) the highest of (a) the agent bank's quoted prime rate, (b) the one-month Eurodollar rate plus 1.00%, or (c) the daily federal funds rate plus 1.50%, and in any event not less than 1.50% (such highest rate, the "base rate"), or (ii) the Eurodollar rate, plus with respect to each of clause (i) and (ii) an applicable margin as provided in the bank credit facility. In addition, a commitment fee is incurred on the unused portion of the bank credit facility ranging from 0.50% per annum to 1.00% per annum.

At March 31, 2011, the outstanding balance under the bank credit facility was \$28,700,000, leaving availability of \$121,300,000. The blended interest rate on the outstanding borrowings at March 31, 2011 was 4.5%.

Financial and Other Covenants

The bank credit facility contains certain financial and other covenants, including, without limitation, (i) establishing a minimum consolidated earnings before interest, income taxes and depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") (as defined in the bank credit facility) of \$150,000,000 over each trailing twelve-month period ending on the last day of each calendar quarter; (ii) establishing a minimum liquidity (as defined in the bank credit facility) of \$30,000,000 as of the end of each calendar quarter; (iii) imposing limitations on MDFC's ability to incur additional debt; and (iv) imposing restrictions on our ability to pay dividends and make other distributions, make certain restricted payments, create liens, enter into transactions with affiliates, merge or consolidate, and engage in unrelated business activities.

Compliance with Financial Covenants

We believe that we were in compliance with the bank credit facility covenants, including minimum consolidated EBITDA and minimum liquidity, which, at March 31, 2011, were \$164,719,000 and \$121,414,000, respectively.

At March 31, 2011 assuming similar levels of consolidated EBITDA, a projected trailing twelve-month decline of 8.7% in such consolidated EBITDA would result in an amount that is lower than our minimum EBITDA covenant.

However, in the event that we project our minimum consolidated EBITDA may decline by such levels or more, we could implement certain actions in an effort to minimize the possibility of a breach of the covenant. These actions may include, among others, reducing payroll, benefits and certain other operating costs; and/or requesting relief from or modification to such covenant.

Senior Secured Notes

9.5% Senior Secured Notes Due 2015.

Significant Terms

On August 6, 2010, MDFC issued, through a private placement, \$400,000,000 principal amount of 9.5% senior secured notes due 2015, at an issue price of 98.943%, resulting in a discount at issuance of \$4,131,000. The notes require semi-annual interest payments on April 15 and October 15, commencing April 15, 2011. The notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by MDDC and any future restricted subsidiaries of MDDC. The notes contain covenants that, among other things, limit MDFC's ability and the ability of MDDC to (i) incur additional indebtedness or liens; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell or merge with other companies; and (v) enter into certain types of transactions. We believe that we were in compliance with these covenants at March 31, 2011.

At any time prior to October 15, 2013, the notes may be redeemed at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus a "make-whole premium" and accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, until October 15, 2013, MDFC may redeem up to 35% of the notes at a redemption price of 109.50% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date, with the net cash proceeds from certain equity offerings. In addition, at any time prior to October 15, 2013, MDFC may

redeem up to an aggregate of 10% of the notes in each twelve month period at a redemption price of 103% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the redemption date. On or after October 15, 2013, MDFC shall have the option to redeem the 2015 notes, in whole or in part, at redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount) ranging from 104.75% beginning on October 15, 2013 to 102.375% beginning on October 15, 2014, plus accrued and unpaid interest, to the applicable redemption date.

9.875% Senior Secured Notes Due 2018.

Significant Terms

On August 6, 2010, MDFC issued, through a private placement, \$400,000,000 principal amount of 9.875% senior secured notes due 2018, at an issue price of 99.315%, resulting in an original issue discount of \$2,706,000. The notes require semi-annual interest payments on February 15 and August 15, commencing February 15, 2011. The notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by MDDC and any future restricted subsidiaries of MDDC. The notes contain covenants that, among other things, limit MDFC's ability and the ability of MDDC to (i) incur additional indebtedness or liens; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell or merge with other companies; and (v) enter into certain types of transactions. We believe that we were in compliance with these covenants at March 31, 2011.

At any time prior to August 15, 2014, the notes may be redeemed at 100% of the principal amount thereof, plus a "make-whole premium" and accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, until August 15, 2013, MDFC may redeem up to 35% of the notes at a redemption price of 109.875% of the principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the redemption date, with the net cash proceeds from certain equity offerings. In addition, at any time prior to August 15, 2013, MDFC may redeem up to an aggregate of 10% of the notes in each twelve month period at a redemption price of 103% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the redemption date. On or after August 15, 2014, MDFC shall have the option to redeem the 2018 notes, in whole or in part, at redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount) ranging from 104.938% beginning on August 15, 2014, to 102.469% beginning on August 15, 2015, to 100% beginning on August 15, 2016 and thereafter, plus accrued and unpaid interest, to the applicable redemption date.

The original issue discounts have been recorded as adjustments to the face amounts of these notes and are being accreted to interest expense over the terms of the notes using the effective interest method. At March 31, 2011, the effective interest rate on the 9.50% notes due 2015 and the 9.875% notes due 2018 were 10.2% and 10.3%, respectively.

Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with the private placement of the notes, we entered into a registration rights agreement with the initial purchasers in which we agreed to file a registration statement with the SEC to permit the holders to exchange or resell the notes. We must use reasonable best efforts to have the registration statement declared effective within 310 days after the issuance of the notes and consummate the exchange offer within 365 days after the issuance of the notes, subject to certain suspension and other rights set forth in the registration rights agreement. We have previously filed the registration statement; however, in the event the registration statement is not declared effective or the exchange offer is not consummated within these deadlines, the agreement provides that additional interest will accrue on the principal amount of the notes at a rate of 0.25% per annum during the 90-day period immediately following any of these events and will increase by 0.25% per annum at the end of each subsequent 90-day period, but in no event will the penalty rate exceed 1.00% per annum. There are no other alternative settlement methods and, other than the 1.00% per annum maximum penalty rate, the agreement contains no limit on the maximum potential amount of consideration that could be transferred in the event we do not meet the registration statement requirements. We currently intend to have it declared effective and to consummate any exchange offer within these time periods. Accordingly, we do not believe that payment of additional interest under the registration payment arrangement is probable and, therefore, no related liability has been recorded in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Indentures

The indentures allow for the incurrence of additional indebtedness, if after giving effect to such incurrence, our coverage ratio (as defined in the indentures, essentially a ratio of consolidated EBITDA to fixed charges, including interest) for a trailing four quarter period on a pro forma basis would be at least 2.0 to 1.0. Such pro forma coverage ratio was above 2.0 to 1.0 at the dates in which these respective tranches of senior secured notes were issued; however, at March 31, 2011, our coverage ratio (as defined in the indentures) is below 2.0 to 1.0.

NOTE 8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGNECIES

Commitments

There have been no material changes to our commitments described under Note 9, *Commitments and Contingencies*, in our annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Contingencies

Legal Matters

We are subject to various claims and litigation in the ordinary course of business. In our opinion, all pending legal matters are either adequately covered by insurance, or if not insured, will not have a material adverse impact on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTE 9. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

We have adopted the authoritative accounting guidance for fair value measurements, which does not determine or affect the circumstances under which fair value measurements are used, but defines fair value, expands disclosure requirements around fair value and specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions.

These inputs create the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.
- Level 3: Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

As required by the guidance for fair value measurements, financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Thus, assets and liabilities categorized as Level 3 may be measured at fair value using inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Management's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

Balances Measured at Fair Value

The fair value of our cash and cash equivalents was \$24,005,000 and \$26,001,000 as of March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The fair value of our cash and cash equivalents, classified in the fair value hierarchy as Level 1, is based on statements received from our banks March 31, 2011.

Balances Disclosed at Fair Value

The following table provides the fair value measurement information about our long-term debt at March 31, 2011.

Wiarch 31, 2011			
Outstanding	Carrying	Estimated Fair	Fair Value
Face Amount	Value	Value	Hierarchy
\$ 28,700,000	\$ 28,700,000	\$ 28,700,000	Level 2
400,000,000	387,234,000	405,240,000	Level 1
400,000,000	388,022,000	406,752,000	Level 1
\$ 828,700,000	\$ 803,956,000	\$ 840,692,000	
	Face Amount \$ 28,700,000 400,000,000 400,000,000	Outstanding Face Amount Carrying Value \$ 28,700,000 \$ 28,700,000 400,000,000 387,234,000 400,000,000 388,022,000	Outstanding Face Amount Carrying Value Estimated Fair Value \$ 28,700,000 \$ 28,700,000 \$ 28,700,000 400,000,000 387,234,000 405,240,000 400,000,000 388,022,000 406,752,000

March 31 2011

The estimated fair value of our bank credit facility at March 31, 2011 approximates its carrying value due to the short-term nature and variable repricing of the underlying Eurodollar loans comprising our bank credit facility. The estimated fair values of our senior secured notes are based on quoted market prices as of March 31, 2011.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 measurements during the three month ended March 31, 2011.

NOTE 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

We engage in transactions with BAC and MAC in the ordinary course of business. Related party balances are non-interest bearing and are included in accounts receivable (see Note 2) or accrued liabilities (see Note 6), as applicable, on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Pursuant to the Operating Agreement, MAC is solely responsible for any investigation, analyses, clean-up, detoxification, testing, monitoring, or remediation related to Renaissance Pointe. MAC is also responsible for their allocable share of expenses related to master plan and government improvements at Renaissance Pointe. The related amounts due from the Divestiture Trust for these types of expenditures incurred by us were \$181,000 and \$156,000 at March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Reimbursable expenditures incurred were \$137,000 and \$234,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Boyd Gaming Corporation reimburses us for expenses relating to investigative services for our casino license and other expenses. The related amounts due from Boyd Gaming Corporation for these types of expenditures were \$238,000 and \$210,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Reimbursable expenditures incurred were \$222,000 and \$210,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Ground Leases

On November 4, 2010, MGM announced that it had closed the sale of the land leased to MDDC pursuant to four ground leases known as the existing employee parking garage, public space expansion, rooms expansion, and proposed alternative parking structure, all of which remain in effect following the closing of the sale of the underlying land. Other than MDDC's obligation to pay rent (in an amount equal to the amount paid under the parking structure ground lease) and property taxes pursuant to the alternative parking structure ground lease, our obligations under the ground leases are not modified by the sale. We did not have any amounts due to the Divestiture Trust for these types of expenditures at either March 31, 2011 or 2010. Related rent incurred was \$0 and \$1,620,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which was included in selling, general and administrative on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Pursuant to the ground lease agreements, we are responsible for the related property taxes paid. We did not have any amounts due to the Divestiture Trust for these types of expenditures at either March 31, 2011 or 2010. Related property tax incurred was \$575,000 and \$2,990,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which was included in selling, general and administrative on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Compensation of Certain Employees

We reimburse BAC for compensation paid to employees performing services for us and for out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred related to travel. BAC is also reimbursed for various payments made on our behalf, primarily related to third party insurance premiums and certain financing fees. The related amounts due to BAC for these types of expenditures paid by BAC were \$1,115,000 and \$1,108,000 at March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Reimbursable expenditures were \$2,691,000 and \$1,538,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, in each case, reimbursable expenses are included in selling, general and administrative on the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after December 31, 2010 and through March 31, 2011, the date these condensed consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, we did not have any material subsequent events