Jon S. Corzine Governor



STATE OF NEW JERSEY Community Resource



FORWARD

The safety of a neighborhood is an important indicator of a community's overall economic and social health. Neighborhood safety is not only about arresting those who commit crime; it is also about preventing crimes before they start and ensuring that communities have access to the resources and services necessary to help youth turn away from the culture of crime and violence. To that end, as part of the Governor's *Strategy for Safe Streets and Neighborhoods*, the State of New Jersey has developed a comprehensive delinquency prevention strategy that not only targets youth and their families but also focuses on providing tools to the local community.

This Community Resource Tool-Kit is a guide to assist individuals or groups in identifying a public safety problems and developing a strategies to address them. Based on the guiding principles of increasing collaboration, using data to define problems, and evaluating the chosen strategies, the Tool-kit provides communities with informational resources that will assist in the development and implementation of local crime prevention strategies.

The Tool Kit is designed to empower local communities by information on local, state and federal resources, model programs, community mobilization, coalition building, public and private funding sources and contact information for county and state programs and resources. Used in conjunction with the other components of the Governor's *Strategy for Safe Streets and Neighborhoods*, Tool Kit can assist local communities become better organized, and as a result safer. And because safer communities have the infrastructure necessary to support their commitments to youth with real action, safer communities are the key to a brighter future for all New Jersey's residents.

I. Introduction

II. Getting Started

a. What is Community?

III. Community Organizing Basics

- a. Effective Community Mobilization Techniques
 - i. What is Community Organizing?
 - ii. Common Myths about Community Organizing
 - iii. How to Begin to Organize Your Community
 - 1. Step 1 Establish a Steering Committee
 - 2. Step 2 Information Gathering Conducting a Community Forum
 - 3. Step 3 Define Problem and Set Goals

IV. Crime Prevention Techniques

- a. Organizing A Block Association
- b. Building A Crime Prevention Coalition
- c. Community Assessments
 - i. Risk and Protective Factors

V. Evaluating Your Efforts

VI. Sustaining Your Efforts

a. Applying for Grants

VII. Delinquency Prevention

- a. Gang Prevention
- b. Blue Print Programs (To Be Added)

VIII. Resource Directory

- a. Child Advocacy Centers
- b. County Colleges
- c. County Prosecutors
- d. County Youth Service Commissions
- e. County Inter-Agency Coordinating Council
- **f.** Family Friendly Centers
- g. Family Success Centers
- **h.** Family Support Organization
- i. Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
- j. Human Services Advisory Councils
- **k.** NJ After 3
- I. One Stop Centers
- m. School Based Youth Service Programs
- n. State Contacts
- o. Resources for Community Based Organizations
- p. United Way 211 Directory
- **q.** Workforce Invest Board Directors (WIB)
- **r.** Youth Case Management Services

IX. Acknowledgements

GETTING STARTED

Building a healthy and safe community requires a coordinated and sustained effort by its stakeholders. The primary building blocks in the foundation of a safe and healthy community are the residents who live and work in the community on a daily basis. Residents are the life of a community who give it its personality, image, history and legacy. Residents are also essential to addressing the challenges that face a community.

Understanding that addressing a community challenge requires the assistance of all stakeholders, success is most often observed when the residents are an integral part of the process from the beginning. The process for engaging residents in community based problem solving can be challenging. However, communities can achieve success when they engage in a process that uses data to define the problem; organize and mobilize around the defined problem collaborate with community partners to solve the problem; and sustain productive efforts through identification of resources and evaluation.

What is Community?

A Community can be defined as the following:

- □ A Neighborhood or group of neighborhoods
- □ A City or section of the city
- □ A group of people within a geographic area
- People who share a common experience, age, heritage, faith, profession, or belief

A community can be defined in a variety ways and the key to beginning to address a community challenge is to determine which community you and your group will be working with. It is important to keep in mind that although your group may want to address a variety of challenges from the onset, it is better to start off small and build upon your successes. The key to success is to begin by identifying the community challenge that the group wants to address.

COMMUNITY ORGANIZING BASICS

What is Community Organizing?

Community organizing is bringing people together to focus on a specific problem or set of problems. Organizing defines collective goals and develops a strategic plan for accomplishing those goals. In a nutshell, community organizing is focused problem solving that requires people and institutions to work in partnership to achieve a specific outcome.

Community Organizing is:

- Civic activity
- Bringing people together to define goals and make change
- Bringing people together to sustain action over time
- □ Motivating people
- Creating a new capacities

Common Myths about Community Organizing

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Organizing is code language for a political ideology. Effective community organizers hold politically diverse ideas and often seek to collaborate with diverse groups in order to achieve the group's goals.

- Myth 2:Organizing is a synonym for "outreach and "advocacy"Outreach and advocacy are only two of the many tools used by community
organizers to bring people together and to influence change.
- Myth 3Organizing relies on confrontation and promotes conflict, not consensus.Organizing is based on shared goals and consensus.While conflict may assist in
mobilizing individuals to build consensus and/or to take a stand on a particular
issue, the ultimate goal is always success through collaboration.
- *Myth 4: Organizing only applies to grassroots mobilizing.* The techniques of community organizing can be used by all organizations.
- Myth 5:Organizing is about protesting.Protesting is just one of the many strategies that may be used by community
organizers to gain public attention. True community organizing is not solely about
protesting but about bringing people together to develop strategies to address
defined problem.

The key to community organizing is to develop strategies that are tailored to meet the needs of your community!

HOW DO YOU BEGIN TO ORGANIZE YOUR COMMUNITY?

More often than not a negative event /occurrence within a community will influence residents and stakeholders to come together to establish an agenda for change. Listed below are **three** critical steps in community organizing:

- Step 1: Establish a Steering Committee
- Step 2: Information Gathering: Conducting a Community Forum
- Step 3: Define the Problem and Set Goals

STEP 1 Establish a Steering Committee

How Do You Establish A Core Group?

To establish a core group requires time, dedication and the commitment of a few dedicated residents that want to bring about change. This process usually begins with the vision and desire of one person or a small group.

Once a problem has been identified that a community wants to address, usually the person with the "vision" will convene a small group of people, no more than eight individuals, to begin discussing the nature and extent of the problem.

The key to success in this phase of the process is to make sure that a dedicated group of people remain consistent throughout the process. A member of the steering committee should be designated to maintain meeting minutes and notes on the intended plan of action. In the event of a change in the membership of the core group/steering committee it is important that the meeting minutes /notes are passed on so as not to cause a break in the momentum of the group.

Who should be a part of the Steering Committee?

The Steering Committee should comprise of a maximum of eight people. The committee should be made up of a diverse group of people who share a common goal. The exact membership of the core group will depend on the problem your community is seeking to address.

At this phase of the process it is <u>not</u> imperative that you have a significant number of organizations represented. The key is to identify one or two persons who will make a commitment to the issue and who have the ability to mobilize a diverse group of people representing a variety of interests.

STEP 2 Information Gathering: Conducting Community Forums

When seeking to set a crime prevention agenda it is important to collect information from a variety of sources. To begin the process of gathering information it is important that community organizers do their "homework." An effective community organizer whether paid or unpaid should have some baseline knowledge about the nature and extent of the problem or problems that the community is seeking to address.

Background information may be gathered from newspaper articles, the internet, academic journals, interviews, surveys, focus groups, review of local ordinances and/or other reliable sources of information. Whatever method your community determines is the most effective means to gather information, it is important collect information from a variety of sources, especially from those residents and/or organizations that are directly related to the problem or problems the community is seeking to address.

Sources of information include but are not limited to:

- Residents
- Block Associations
- Police
- Community Based Organizations
- Faith Community
- Local Government

One of the most effective means to collect information and to get a sense of community concerns is to organize a community forum. A community forum is a public meeting for the community and when successfully planned and hosted the results are positive and often provide organizers with a wealth of information.

Below is a guide to planning a successful community forum. This information was adapted from "A Guide to Organizing Community Forums" prepared by Community Catalyst, Inc.

The Plan

WHY ARE YOU PLANNING THIS EVENT?

- □ What is the goal of the forum?
 - To inform residents about a neighborhood problem?
 - To recruit volunteers to join a block association/watch, community group etc?
 - o To raise awareness about a change to a local public safety ordinance

WHAT INFORMATION DO YOU WANT TO COMMUNICATE?

- What are the essential messages and relevant facts you want the audience to take away from the forum?
 - o Contact numbers
 - o Information on how individuals/groups can get involved with the initiative
 - o General information about the problem the community is seeking to address

WHAT TIME CONSTRAINTS ARE YOU WORKING AGAINST?

- Does the issue the community is seeking to address have time constraints or deadlines?
- (e.g., organizing a forum to raise awareness about proposed changes to a local ordinance that calls for public/community feedback)
- □ Is the target audience directly affected by the problem?

WHAT WILL BE THE FORMAT OF THE FORUM?

- Panel discussion
- □ Individual presentations by invited speakers
- How much time will each speaker have to make their presentation?
- □ Will there be time for questions and answers?
- □ How much time for questions and answers?

WHO SHOULD SPONSOR THE FORUM?

- Residents
- Neighborhood Associations
- Local Community Organizations
- Does your organization have the resources (e.g., money, personnel, etc.) to put sponsor the forum? If not, should you collaborate with another organization?
- □ Would collaborating on the forum with another organization benefit your effort (e.g., broader appeal, higher visibility, more resources, etc.)?

WHO WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PERFORMING WHICH TASKS?

- □ Who will be responsible for the following:
- □ Securing the meeting space
- □ Moderating the meeting
- □ Contacting speakers
- □ Preparing handouts (If Applicable)
- □ Providing refreshments (If Applicable)

NOTE: Be sure everyone involved with the forum understands her/his role and responsibilities.

The Audience

WHO IS YOUR TARGET AUDIENCE?

When organizing a community forum you want to make sure that the target audience is clearly defined. Be as specific as possible to ensure that you are inviting the groups that are most affected by the problem you are seeking to address.

What groups are you trying to reach?

- □ School-Aged Youth
- Parents
- □ Faith-Based Community
- Elected Officials
- Local Law Enforcement (County Prosecutor's Office, Police Department, County Sheriff's Office)
- Local Government Officials (e.g., sanitation, parks and recreation, animal control, etc.)
- Senior Citizens
- □ Neighborhood Watch Groups / Block Associations

HOW WILL YOU REACH THE MEMBERS OF YOUR TARGET AUDIENCE?

Community outreach is critical when planning a community forum. When "advertising" your forum you want to make sure that you reach your target audience. Place information about the forum in areas that are known to your target audience.

Suggested examples to get the word out about your forum include but are not limited to:

- Email
- Text Messages
- D Public Service Announcements (PSAs)
- Ads on the local Public Access Channel
- □ Social networking web-sites
- □ Agency web-sites
- Laundromats
- Business District
- Post Office
- Health Offices/Clinics
- Door-to-Door Flyer Distribution
- Governmental Agencies
- Nail Salons
- Beauty Shops/ Barber Shops
- □ Supermarkets

HOW WILL YOU GET YOUR TARGET AUDIENCE INTERESTED IN YOUR FORUM?

The announcement for the forum should appeal to your target audience:

- □ What will you say?
- □ How will you say it?
- □ When and where will you say it?
- □ Text should be short, simple and easy to read
- □ Layout should be bold to attract attention

ARE THERE OTHERS THAT SHOULD ATTEND THE FORUM?

After you determine your target audience are there other stakeholders that should be invited to attend this forum?

- Legislators and/or elected officials
- Funders (If appropriate)
- Media
- Members of the school board

The Presenters

WHO WILL BE INVITED TO SPEAK?

Who should be invited to speak is directly linked to your overall goal of why you are planning the forum and may have a direct impact on attendance. When selecting your speakers make sure that the speakers appeal to the target audience and have knowledge about the topic on which they will be speaking.

- Does your forum call for a nationally recognized speaker / expert?
- □ Should local stakeholders be included?
- □ Will you invite a diverse group of speakers representing various interests?
- Does your speaker appeal to the target audience?
- Does your speaker have a track record of delivering messages appropriate for the target audience?

WHO WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING WHICH ARRANGEMENTS WITH SPEAKERS?

- □ Who will contact speakers?
- □ Who will approve the speaker list?
- □ Who will gather information from speakers (e.g., handouts that need to be copied, biographical information for program, audiovisual needs, etc.)?
- □ Who will make transportation or lodging arrangements for speakers? (*if applicable*)

ARE SPEAKERS FAMILIAR WITH THE OVERALL STRUCTURE OF THE FORUM?

- □ Have you shared a draft of the agenda with the speakers?
- □ Are speakers comfortable with the expected order of the presentations and the time they are allotted to speak?
- □ Have you discussed the content of their remarks?
- Are speakers expected to remain for the entire program?
- □ Will speakers answer questions after their individual presentations or at the end during the question and answer segment?

WHAT ARE THE NEEDS OF SPEAKERS?

- □ Will the speaker(s) require transportation or lodging?
- □ Who will pay?
- Are speakers clear about which costs your organization will cover and which it will not?
- □ Will speakers need to use audiovisual equipment (e.g., overhead or slide projectors, video players, etc.)?
 - Who will provide audiovisual equipment?

The Meeting Space

WHERE WILL THE FORUM BE HELD?

- Are there meeting spaces available that might be low-cost or free of charge?
 - Community centers, school auditoriums/ cafeterias, local faith-based organizations, local colleges/universities, libraries
- □ What is the seating capacity?
- □ Is the meeting space convenient for the target audience to get to?
 - Is the meeting location near public transportation?
 - o Is there on site parking on or close to the building?
- □ Is the meeting space only available on certain days of the week or at certain times?
- □ Is the meeting space accessible to people with disabilities?
- □ Can refreshments be served?
- □ Can children be in the meeting space?
- What is the availability of
 - Air Conditioning
 - Heating
 - Sound Systems
 - Extra chairs
 - Elevators

- Outlets
- Lighting
- Audiovisual equipment
- Facilities manager
- Security

Meeting Logistics

- □ Who will visit and inspect the meeting space before reserving it?
- □ Who will serve as liaison with the owner/renter of the meeting space?
- □ Will there be any set-up required (e.g., of folding chairs or audiovisual equipment) on the day of the forum?
- □ Will there be a sign-in sheet/guest book (for names, mailing addresses, telephone numbers and e-mail addresses of attendees)?
- □ Will there be nametags and markers for the attendees?
- □ Will there be brief feedback forms for audience members to write comments/suggestions on and return before leaving the forum?
- □ Has the agenda been ordered in a strategic way that will allow the forum to flow smoothly (e.g., given the subjects of their presentations, which speakers should follow other speakers)?
- □ Will there be information packets or other handouts available at the forum in addition to the agenda?
- □ Who will be in charge of preparing (e.g., designing, copying, collating) these materials? How will they be distributed (e.g., placed on seats, arranged on a table, handed out)?
- □ Will you require the services of a sign language interpreter or translator?
- □ Will there be time for attendees to ask questions of the speakers?
- □ Will you need to provide a microphone (e.g., freestanding or hand-held and passed around) for attendees who wish to ask questions?
- □ Will refreshments be provided? Bought and brought? Catered?
- □ Who will be responsible for the food and drink arrangements?

Meeting Costs

- □ How much can your organization spend on the forum?
- □ Can you collaborate with partners and share costs?
- □ What funding sources might be available (e.g., grants or donations)?
- □ What costs might be speaker-related (e.g., honoraria, travel, lodging)?
- □ What costs might be publicity-related (e.g., design, copying, etc.)?
- □ What other costs might be anticipated (e.g., meeting space rental, audiovisual equipment, refreshments, etc.)?
- □ Are there ways to decrease costs (e.g., holding forum in a free community space, inviting speakers who will speak for free, soliciting donations from community businesses, requesting help from volunteer groups, etc.)?
- □ Who is responsible for keeping track of forum costs? Who is responsible for authorizing payments? Is this the same individual? If not, are these two individuals communicating and in agreement on available forum funds?
- □ Which charges will need to be paid up front and require presently available funding (e.g., meeting space deposits, food costs)?
- □ Which payments can be made at a later date (e.g., speaker reimbursements)?

Day of the Meeting

Be sure that everyone involved with organizing the forum is clear about who is responsible for the following important tasks:

- Unlocking meeting space
- □ Arranging seating
- Connecting audiovisual equipment
- Delivering and setting up refreshments
- Desting signs at site giving location of and directions to meeting place
- Attending to the attendees
- Attending to the speakers
- Handing out or making information packets/sheets available
- Emceeing forum
- Operating audiovisual equipment, lights, sound, thermostat
- Keeping track of presentation times
- Picking up the sign-in sheets and feedback forms
- Tracking attendance by counting the number of attendees
- **Recording the forum**
- □ Cleaning and locking meeting space when forum is over

POTENTIAL BARRIERS TO A SUCCESSFUL COMMUNITY MEETING

BARRIER #1: BAD FORUM LOCATION

- □ Visit and inspect the meeting space before you reserve it
- Ask questions about the facility and surrounding neighborhood
- Pick a meeting space that is convenient for your target audience to get to (e.g., near public transportation, with available parking space, wheelchair-accessible).
- □ Find a meeting space that is well known to your target audience (e.g., a community center or neighborhood school, space in a popular downtown area).
- Choose a meeting space in an accessible, safe, well-lit area
- Work with members of your target audience to determine what might be an appropriate meeting space

BARRIER #2: LACK OF AWARENESS AMONG TARGET AUDIENCE ABOUT FORUM

- □ Identify your target audiences as specifically as possible.
- □ Outline publicity strategies tailored specifically to your identified target audiences.
- □ Have community members do outreach in their own communities.
- Begin publicizing your forum early enough to allow interested individuals time to call for more information and make arrangements in their schedules to attend.
- Publicize using media appropriate for your target audience (e.g., radio programs and newspapers geared to your target audience, flyer distribution near workplaces and stores in targeted communities).

BARRIER #3: LACK OF UNDERSTANDING/COMMUNICATION OF IMPORTANCE OF FORUM

- Provide background information relevant to your target audience in promotional materials.
- □ Make promotional materials clear (e.g., use common words when possible) and concise (e.g., limit the length of written ads to one page).
- □ Include contact number with promotional information that individuals can call to ask questions about the forum.
- □ In promotional materials and when responding to information requests, be clear why it is important for the target audience to attend the forum.
- □ Consult with members of the target audience when developing publicity strategy and promotional materials.

BARRIER #4: TARGET AUDIENCE DOES NOT IDENTIFY WITH SPEAKER/ISSUES

- Create promotional materials to appeal to your target audience.
- □ Include actual members of target audience in publicity development.
- Gather data about target audience interest in forum topic (e.g., focus groups, street polls, surveys).
- □ Invite speakers known to and respected by your target audience. Choose speakers who are members of your target audience.
- Provide contact number that individuals can call to ask questions.

BARRIER #5: FORUM SCHEDULING CONFLICTS

- □ Consult with and listen to members of your target audience before scheduling the forum.
- □ Include members of the target audience when planning date and time of the forum.
- Be aware of other events happening in the area around the proposed date and time of your forum. Avoid dates (e.g., weeks of religious observance) and times (e.g., work hours) that might be problematic for members of your target audience.

Suggested Groups to invite to a Community Forum

The issue that your community is seeking to address will shape your invitee list. When seeking to address crime related problems you may want to consider inviting the following; (This list is not exhaustive)

- Residents
- □ Block Associations/ Block Watch Groups
- Local Government (Mayor's Office, Public Works, Parks and Recreation)
- County Prosecutor's Office
- County Sheriff's Office
- Public School Officials
- Local Colleges
- Local Police Department

- Church groups and religious/faith-based organizations
- Local affiliates of national organizations (e.g., AARP, NAACP, YWCA)
- Community action and consumer advocacy groups
- Grassroots groups working in low-income communities
- □ Agencies focusing on children and families

STEP 3 Define the Problem and Set Goals

How Do You Define the Problem?

Often the residents who live and work in the community are already aware of the problems facing the community. In such cases, the challenge may be getting the residents to organize and band together to develop an appropriate solution. But regardless of what ultimately motivates residents to organize, two critical steps toward actually addressing the problem are to identify and define it

There are significant differences between identifying the problem and defining the problem. Identifying the problem is an acknowledgement that a problem exists. Once a problem has been identified, it should be defined. Defining a problem entails using data from a variety of reliable sources to describe the nature and extent of the problem. Defining the problem will assist in setting achievable goals and developing an appropriate strategic response and is key to sustaining the efforts of block associations especially as they grow and seek to become formal entities with the ability to secure grants and/or raise capital.

Defining the problem entails answering the Who?, What?, When?, Why, Where?, and How?

Who

Who is affected by the problem you are trying to address? Youth, families, elderly, community at-large, girls, boys, schools, etc.? Who is creating the problem? Youth, Individuals addicted to drugs, wild animals (rodents), etc.?

Who can assist in addressing this problem? Community, Schools, local government, police, residents, local businesses

What

What is the problem the community wants to address? Crime, poor lighting, excessive trash, activities for youth, stolen cars, vacant properties?

When

When is the defined problem the worst? Summer, after school, dusk, late night, early morning, holiday season?

Why

Why is the identified problem a challenge facing the community? Does the problem interfere with children playing outside? Are residents nervous about participating in community events?

Where

Where is this problem the worst or where does it most often occur? Is the problem concentrated in a certain area of the community? Is the problem confined to the business district? Is the problem confined to the parks, abandoned homes or vacant lots?

How

As a community how can you begin to address the defined problem? Organizing residents by starting a block watch or association; participating in local government; staying motivated, developing a strategy to address the problem; working with local community boards, local law enforcement, business and the community at-large to implement the strategy?

Once the problem has been identified, the group may use the following sources as a means to further define the problem:

- □ Talking with residents in the target area
- Resident surveys
- Using data from sources such as the local police, published reports, census, Internet
- Community assessments

Whatever residents determine is the best means to gather information, the key is to use the data in the formulation of the strategy to address the problem. Neither your problem nor your strategy needs to be complicated to benefit from effective organizing.

Community problems that can be addressed through organizing are:

- □ Vacant properties
- □ Abandoned cars
- Burglaries
- Poor street lighting
- Residents who do not know each other
- Loitering
- Animals

Any number of problems can be addressed at the local level. Groups should keep in mind that the problems they are seeking to address did not develop overnight and will not go away overnight. Addressing a problem requires:

- □ All interested parties have a willingness to work together
- Group organization
- Ownership of the problem
- □ Patience
- □ Flexibility
- Determination
- U Willingness to stay focused on the problem when results are not immediate

An effective way to organize the community is to establish block associations/neighborhood watch programs

SWOT Analysis:

SWOT is an acronym for an organization's strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats.

A SWOT analysis is broken into two main components -- internal issues (strengths and weaknesses) and external issues (opportunities and threats).

Conducting a SWOT analysis is a valuable strategic planning tool, because it focuses on the organization on the nature of its position within a community. The following are definitions of the four components of the SWOT analysis:

- Strength something an organization is doing right or is good at. It may be a skill, a competence, or a competitive advantage the organization has over others.
- Weakness something an organization lacks or does poorly as compared to others, or a condition that puts it at a disadvantage or impedes success.
- Opportunity a realistic avenue for future development and where an organization has the most potential to develop a unique position or advantage.
- Threat an external environmental factor that can lead to a decline in an organization's future performance.

Conducting a SWOT analysis is like setting up a strategic balance sheet in which strengths can be thought of as assets and weaknesses as liabilities, and where opportunities and threats are future assets or liabilities, respectively.

Here are some thoughts to consider when doing a SWOT analysis:

STRENGTHS

Describe the Strengths of the team or organization. Consider these factors:

- Unique capabilities.
- Natural advantages.
- Existing local resources.

WEAKNESSES

- > Describe the Weaknesses of the team or organization. Consider these factors:
- > Achilles heel?
- Disadvantages.
- Resource and capability limitations.

OPPORTUNITIES

Describe what Opportunities your team or organization could seize upon to capitalize on situations such as these:

- > Changes in the social, economic and political environment.
- New technology and processes.
- > Lack of current Community Network resources.
- Unmet community needs.
- > Partner, staff and community capabilities.
- Size, location and strategic positioning.
- > Organization flexibility and focus.

THREATS

Describe what Threats will prevent your team or organization achieving its objectives. Consider these factors:

- Resistance to change.
- Lack of interest or motivation.
- Lack of commitment.
- Lack of flexibility or focus.
- > Mismatch of skills and resources with the strategic direction.
- ➢ High risks or impossible odds.

SETTING GOALS

Once you have used data to define the problem and conducted a SWOT analysis, you are ready to establish your goals.

Goals are defined as the broad results your group is seeking to achieve. Goals should reflect the concerns of the community.

When setting goals it is important to make sure that you have included the perspectives of a cross section of the community. This will ensure that the goals reflect the concerns of the community. Including diverse representation from the community in this phase of the process will not ensure consensus around all the goals but will help to minimize negative feedback and opposition to the overall strategy.

In setting goals try to establish some goals that can demonstrate short-term success. Establishing such short-term goals will assist in keeping stakeholders engaged and motivated.

Having clearly defined goals will also help to determine ultimately if your strategy was successful.

Examples of Goals

To enhance public safety in the City of X.

To provide safe havens for school aged youth who reside in the City of X.

To raise awareness among parents about the dangers of internet predators.

To reduce the number of the juvenile arrests.

To raise awareness among teachers, school administrators and parents about the warning signs of gang violence.

ORGANIZING A BLOCK ASSOCIATION

What is A Block Association?

- A Block Association Neighborhood Watch or Town Watch is the formation of a group of people, usually from a particular neighborhood, who come together to address the issues within their area in partnership with their local police department
- □ Neighbors helping neighbors is the cornerstone of a healthy and safe community.
- It encourages residents to become more aware of activities within their neighborhood while they go about normal daily routines
- The primary function of the Block Association is to act as the "eyes and ears" of the police
- □ It is the foundation of community crime prevention
- □ It is the stepping stone to community revitalization

A Block Association is NOT:

- \Box The formation of vigilante groups;
- A plan whereby individual citizens attempt to purse or apprehend criminals or become involved with actual events (other than by making a report to the police from a safe vantage point); or
- □ A law enforcement program, but rather a cooperative effort among responsible citizens to improve security for themselves, their families and their property.

How can a Neighborhood Watch or Block Association Assist the police?

Serving as the "eyes and ears" of their local community

Residents can assist the police by reporting:

- □ Unidentified and/or abandoned vehicles
- □ Suspicious people in the area
- Unusual or suspicious activity

Even if the report turns out to be a false alarm, it is better to let the police make that determination.

Criminals find it difficult to operate in any area where citizens take an active role in crime prevention!

The Planning Process

Getting projects, including a neighborhood watch, off the ground takes time. Take one step at a time. Problems don't develop overnight and unfortunately neither do their solutions.

SURVEY neighborhood residents and business people about their concerns and interests and their willingness to work for their neighborhood. Use the information from the survey to identify a list of issues. Create a detailed list (e.g. name, address, telephone numbers) of those interested in joining a neighborhood or block watch.

SEEK guidance, assistance and information from existing community & not-for profit organizations and experienced community activists. Members of those organizations may wish to join your effort. Additionally, their by-laws and mission statements may be good models on which to draw. Further, when alliances among different groups are established, people see that they have more in common than they previously imagined, and that there is more to be gained by partnering on projects.

IDENTIFY a core group of residents to develop ideas for engaging the larger target community. If safety is a concern, advertise the start-up meeting only by word of mouth through trusted residents and select a meeting location and time that will not intensify the anxiety.

DEVELOP strategies for recruiting and mobilizing a larger group of interested people in order to hold a start-up/planning meeting.

CONTACT the police to develop a good working relationship. You may want to invite the police to your start-up meeting as well as any regularly scheduled meetings. Approach the commanding officer of the local police station, the supervising officer of the community policing/public affairs office and/or the patrol officer to invite them to your meetings. Discussions with law enforcement should include an assessment of the problems in your community and suggestions on how the community and law enforcement can work together to address the problem.

INVITE residents, business leaders and the police to your initial meeting and subsequent meetings. Meetings should be held at a location that is convenient to all residents in your target community and the meeting should be well advertised in advance.

HOLD the start-up meeting to formulate a mission statement and establish priorities or goals for the organization and to determine a regular meeting schedule.

INCORPORATE training in crime prevention techniques. Identify problem areas that your block watch would like to address such as drug-dealing, stolen cars, speeding, litter, poor lighting etc, and other suspicious situations and find out how to report information to the police, how to make accurate descriptions of persons who appear to be involved in criminal activities, where and whom to call in an emergency, self defense tactics. Train volunteers on resource referrals.

DEVELOP policies and procedures to encourage people to join the neighborhood watch/patrol.

IDENTIFY activities that the neighborhood watch may take on including community clean-ups, block parties, community gardens, street lighting, code enforcement, and youth recreation.

OUTREACH to residents and other stakeholders about regularly scheduled meetings, block association activities and other events will encourage attendance. Stakeholders may include including religious institutions, hospitals, schools and local businesses.

Start Up Meeting

The key to having a successful first meeting is to involve everyone. It is important that the leader or facilitator motivate and encourage those in attendance to become active participants and express their views to help residents overcome that sense of powerlessness. The organizer must be able to recognize and appreciate different viewpoints. To ensure a successful meeting, below are some suggestions to follow:

- Give your neighbors an opportunity to socialize before the meeting begins
- □ Have those in attendance introduce themselves. Prepare and distribute to the group an attendance sheet with each participant's address and phone number.
- Prepare an agenda.
- Establish guidelines to encourage honesty, confidentiality and responsibility to the group
- Early in the meeting, allow everyone to talk about themselves, their values, experiences, their stake in the community and their ideas. Identify basic safety issues in and around your neighborhood. Brainstorm about their underlying causes
- Establish priorities and goals and formulate a mission statement
- While there will be diversity of opinions, try to build on those points for which there is agreement.
- Develop an action or strategic plan for addressing identified problems. The plan should be precise, specifying who will perform each task and the timetable. The planning process should be inclusive, involving people who have influence in the community (e.g. elected officials, clergy) as well as others.
- Identify key people and resources to help you solve problems and lend support (e.g. police, Prosecutor's Office, local elected officials, clergy, youth & business leaders).
- Elect or appoint through consensus block association leaders. Positions may include but are not limited:
 - Block Captains
 - Recording Secretary to record meeting minutes
 - Treasurer to collect dues or disburse funds
 - Corresponding Secretary who will be responsible for informing residents of regularly scheduled meetings or events
 - Meeting Coordinator who will be responsible for keeping order and making sure that the meeting begins and ends in a timely fashion

- Establish working committees of residents and other key stakeholders who will be responsible for addressing other issues important to the group
- □ From time to time, invite guest speakers to provide updates on your community concerns and/or provide information on community resources
- Establish a system for advertisings events. Distribute flyers and brochures, establish a phone tree, and/or utilize local access channels to advertise meetings, events, etc.
- Have fun
- Provide refreshments, which will present another opportunity for socialization.

Your initial block association meeting should be used as a means to create momentum and to get residents energized to work as a group to address your identified community problem. After the conclusion of the first meeting residents should leave with the date of the next regularly scheduled meeting and a list of tasks/assignments to be completed by the next meeting. You may not want to wait too long to schedule the follow-up meeting as you do not want to loose any momentum. Be sure to give residents enough time to complete their tasks. The frequency of meetings will be determined by the group and the problem you are seeking to address.

EFFECTIVE MEETINGS

The Block Captain or President should plan all meetings with a group, not by him or herself. It is important to be clear about your purpose for having the meeting. Meetings without clear goals are confusing, boring and can discourage participation. An effective and informative meeting will encourage participation and enhance the block associations' effort and reputation.

It is important to note that the meeting immediately following the initial meeting may be similar to your first meeting in that new residents may be present and/or returning residents who did not have an opportunity to share their thoughts and concerns may want to do so at the second meeting. At this point in the process, it is encouraged to allow those residents to voice their concerns and share their views. You want to make sure that all the residents take ownership of the problem but more importantly residents should view themselves as an integral part of the solution.

When meetings are well run - where people's opinions are respected and an agenda is followed residents will feel more willing to participate in other activities sponsored by the organization. In addition to formulating an agenda, set ground rules for the meeting, including how long a person may speak on a topic. It is important for the meeting coordinator to keep the discussion moving and focused. Prioritize the issues. However, the chair must not abuse the power of his/her position. He/she should express appreciation for people's input. No one person should dominate the meeting. At the end of the meeting, the chair should summarize and reflect on what was said at the meeting and discuss next steps or strategies.

Remember to be patient with the group process. The problems facing your neighborhood did not develop overnight and will not go away overnight. The process for bringing about change takes a willingness to work together, time and patience.

Allow your block association time to get to know each other and to gel. This process may require meeting as a group outside of the regularly scheduled meetings. Remember to stay focused on your goals and to make sure that all members of the block associations and the residents are aware of your successes both big and small.

Suggestions for successful follow-up meetings include:

- Update block association rosters as new attendees join
- Publicize meetings and events keeping in mind that sometimes that best way to advertise is through word of mouth
- Make sure that the Block Captains and block association understand their roles and responsibilities
- Establish a regular meetings schedule which lists meeting dates, time and location.
- At the beginning of each meeting provide updates on the information discussed during the previous meeting. You may want to ask for a volunteer to take meeting minutes
- Prepare a written agenda. Agenda items to be discussed may include but are not limited to:
 - Review current crime trends in the immediate area
 - Presentation from local law enforcement and/or a local service provider on community resources
 - o Review crime outside the immediate area which may affect the area
 - Discuss practical crime deterrents and community response, including:
 - Posting lawn signs
 - Keeping front porch lights on after dusk
 - Community clean-ups
 - Prayer vigils or marches
 - Neighborhood beautification projects
 - Street lighting projects
- □ Provide residents opportunities to socialize
- Provide members of the block association the contact information for other members. Please make sure that all members agree to have their information disseminated.

The watch group should try to maintain a regular meeting cycle with a definite starting and ending time for each gathering. It is important to have a sign in sheet to update your membership and contact list. After the meeting, prepare minutes summarizing the key points of the meeting which should be distributed to all members and other interested parties.

Encouraging Participation:

As a new block association, it is advisable that your newly formed group reach out to established groups to learn from their experiences and to learn about new ideas. Your group may contact and partner with:

- Civic groups and clubs for assistance and membership
- Community service and social clubs may be able to provide meeting space
- □ Faith-based groups
- □ Homeowners associations
- □ Business groups sources of free or discount merchandise
- □ PTA/PTO
- □ Schools means by which to engage youth

Some of these groups may provide meeting space and access to volunteers. Consider contacting Realtors' associations and ask them to distribute information about your associations to prospective homebuyers and tenants. Post information about your bock association and any activities throughout the community in local libraries and banks. Contact local businesses for free or discounted services as well as their participation.

In addition to these ideas, develop a networking tree that identifies associates, friends and family of your members whom you can approach.

To sustain membership, delegate assignments and engage others. Give people a choice of what to work on and how to use their skills and talents in a meaningful way. Keep the lines of communication open by sending out newsletters, safety bulletins, and/or crime alerts to community residents and others. Remember an informed community will be an involved community.

Reward, Recognize, Record & Celebrate Success

It is important to reward and recognize the value and importance of other people's efforts. These acknowledgments range from simple and generous thank you notes to pins, pens, and certificates. In a follow-up or subsequent meeting, the neighborhood watch group may want to celebrate accomplishments. Such a celebration may include festivities, food and a meaningful reminder of how people have furthered the organization's mission. Key law enforcement representatives, public officials and local business leaders should be invited and recognized for their support. Outstanding youth in the community may also be acknowledged. The media should be notified of these special events and awards.

As indicated earlier, accomplishments should be documented. This record can be used to secure favorable publicity as well as financial and technical support from businesses, foundations, and government. Grantors often request information on achievements for grant applications. With this record in hand, grantors can also assist community groups in forming partnerships and other alliances to secure funding and additional resources. Finally, showing appreciation will provide an incentive for members to remain involved in the organization.

SAMLPLE BLOCK ASSOCIATION MEETING AGENDA

Justice Boulevard Block Association August 25, 200X

3:00 -4:30 pm

- I. Welcome / Introductions
- II. Information sharing/gathering
 - a. Neighborhood strengths, weaknesses and problems
 - b. Identify any suspicious activity in the community
 - c. Review reporting
- III. Committee Reports
 - a. Patrol / Law Enforcement
 - b. Finance (if applicable)
 - c. Outreach
 - d. Activities
- IV. Featured topic (Topic examples may include but are not limited to)
 - a. Home Security
 - b. Property Identification
 - c. Lighting (home and street)
 - d. Trash Removal/Recycling
 - e. Stray Animals
 - f. Drug Dealing
 - g. Loitering
 - h. Stolen and Speeding Cars
- V. Open Discussion
 - a. Discussion of other issues, future meetings and events
 - b. Assignments delegate tasks to volunteers
 - c. Closing time & place of next meeting
- VI. Adjournment / refreshments seek donations for refreshments from local businesses or residents

NEXT MEETING SEPTEMBER 25, 200X 3:00 – 4:30 PM

As a community we are taking a stand against crime!

Dear Neighbor:

The security of our neighborhood depends upon us. No police department can effectively protect life and property without the support and active cooperation of the residents. In an effort to make our neighborhood safer and to provide concerned residents a network to communicate with each other regarding crime and quality of life issues a neighborhood block association is being established.

We would like to invite you to attend the organizational meeting for our Block Association. The next meeting will be held on **October 6, 2012**, from 3:00 - 4:30 pm **(Insert Address Below)**

We hope that you will be able to attend and learn how we can together make our neighborhood an even better place in which to live.

Your Neighbor -



A CHECKLIST FOR STARTING A BLOCK ASSOCIATION/NEIGHBORHOOD WATCH

YOU WILL NEED

- □ A person or group of people committed to starting a Block Association/Neighborhood Watch.
- A planning committee to initiate the program.
- A list of what issues initially need to be addressed in your community.
- A means of communicating with the residents, e.g., e-mail, fliers, telephone trees.
- D Publicity for the initial Block Association/Neighborhood Watch meeting.
- A meeting agenda to keep things moving and on track.
- A place to meet resident's house or apartment, community center, school, library.
- A crime prevention officer to discuss the crime issues in the neighborhood and to help train members.
- □ A map of the community with spaces for names, addresses, and phone numbers of all households.
- Brochures or other materials on topics of interest to the residents.
- A sign-up sheet for those interested in becoming block or building captains.
- Neighborhood Watch signs to be posted around the community. Some jurisdictions require a minimum number of participants before Neighborhood Watch signs can be posted.
- □ Facts about crime in your neighborhood. (These can be found in police reports, newspapers, and residents' perception about crime. Often residents' opinions are not supported by facts, and accurate information can reduce fear of crime.)

TO ADD EXCITEMENT

- □ Mix business with pleasure allow attendees time to socialize.
- Seek out neighborhood go-getters civic leaders and elected officials to be your advocates and mentors.
- □ Work with such existing organizations as citizens' association, tenants' association, or housing authorities.
- D Provide speakers on topics of community interest.
- Link crime prevention to activities promoted by other groups such as child protection, antivandalism projects, community service, arson prevention, and recreation activities for young people.
- Start a neighborhood newsletter.
- Arrange for example, McGruff the Crime Dog or another local favorite to make a surprise appearance at a meeting, rally, or other event.

TO BUILD PARTNERSHIPS

- □ The police or sheriffs' offices' endorsement is critical to a Watch Groups' credibility. These agencies are the major sources of information on local crime patterns, crime prevention education, and crime reporting.
- Local businesses and organizations can help provide fliers and newsletters, offer meeting places, and distribute crime prevention information. Ask an electronics store to donate cellular phones.
- Libraries can provide research materials, videos, computers, and meeting space.
- □ Media can aid Neighborhood Watches by publicizing recruitment drives.
- **D** Look to volunteer centers, parent groups, and labor unions for advice on recruiting volunteers.
- **D** Teenagers are valuable resources. They can be an integral part of a citizens' patrol.
- Places of worship can provide meeting space and a good source of volunteers.

(Adapted from the National Crime Prevention Coalition – Take A Stand; Join Neighborhood Watch)

SAMPLE FLYER



Come and learn about how you can make our community safer!

DATE: Tuesday, October 2, 2007

TIME: 8:00 pm

LOCATION: Public Library Liberty Street Freedom City, USA

> For More Information Contact: Joanna Citzen 123-456-7890

Building a Crime Prevention Coalition

What is a Crime Prevention Coalition?

A crime prevention coalition is a diverse alliance of people and/or organizations who share common goals, principles and values and who have decided to unite and work together for the prevention of crime and to promote community safety.

How to Establish a Crime Prevention Coalition?

Coalition building is the ongoing process of building and maintaining relationships with a diverse group of individuals who are united to achieve a common goal. It only takes one person to have an idea and a handful of people to make it happen. These individuals are committed to achieving a specific goal and have determined that through collaboration and partnership, their collective success will be greater than if they were to work alone.

When seeking to establish a crime prevention coalition, it is important to recognize from the outset that the process requires a significant amount of time. The initial group who came together to start the coalition may change over the course of the planning process. **DO NOT BECOME DISCOURAGED!** Remember it only takes a few committed individuals to establish the coalition.

Coalition Planning Committee

Starting a crime prevention coalition will rely on the vision, commitment, dedication, and financial support of its founding members. If you are serious and committed to starting a crime prevention coalition, the first step is to recruit a planning committee to explore community concerns and to commit to the planning process. You may want to limit the planning committee to no more than six to eight people. Smaller committees of three to four people are also just as effective.

Keep in mind that the individuals that you are recruiting to be a part of the planning committee should represent and /or work with a group and/or association. Once your planning committee is formed, the next step is to determine the purpose of the coalition.

Determine the Coalition Purpose

A crime prevention coalition is broader than a neighborhood block association or single focus group. A coalition is a network of agencies, resources, and/or individuals who represent various interests and who have decided that their collective voice, ability to leverage resources and collective access to funders etc., can bring a greater change. A crime prevention coalition is most effective when the coalition determines early in the planning process its focus and purpose.

Crime prevention is a broad topic and no single agency has the ability to address all aspects of crime. It is important not to dilute the efforts of the coalition by spreading the coalition too thin or attempting to address too many topics at once.

Suggested areas your coalition my want to focus on: (List is not exhaustive)

- Child Abuse
- Domestic Violence
- Delinquency Prevention
- Elder Abuse
- □ Gangs
- Drug Abuse
- □ Identity Theft
- □ Internet Safety
- Property Crime
- □ Stolen Cars

Organize Your Community

Organizing your community is critical when seeking to develop a crime prevention coalition. Detailed information on community organization can be found in the earlier section of this tool kit entitled "Organizing Your Community."

Recruit Coalition Members

The members of your crime prevention coalition will be directly linked to your coalition's mission. Keep in mind that when building your coalition you want a coalition that is diverse and represents the interests and concerns of the community at-large.

Members of your crime prevention coalition may include but are not limited to:

- Law Enforcement (Police Athletic League, PAL, National Organization of Black Law Enforcement Officers (NOBLE), City, State, County Police Departments)
- □ Child Welfare Agency
- □ Health Care Organizations (Hospitals, Clinics, HMOs, Red Cross)
- Community Development Corporations
- Housing Authority
- □ School Officials
- □ State Organizations (League of Municipalities)
- Youth Development Organizations (YM/WCA, Boys and Girls Club of America, Big Brothers/Big Sisters, Youth Service Commissions)
- □ Chamber of Commerce
- □ Fraternal Organizations (Masons, Knights of Columbus)
- □ Faith-Based organizations

How do you engage coalition members?

Engaging members to join the crime prevention coalition is a critical part of the coalition building process, but one that will take time and patience. Listed below are some suggestions to engage members to join the crime prevention coalition:

- Letter
- Email
- Community Forum (more detailed information can be found below)
- □ Face-to-Face Meeting
- Social Function

Define Your Mission

What is a Mission?

- The mission of the organization is the end result at which an entire organization is aimed
- □ Mission is the organization's driving force
- □ Mission supports VISION
 - VISION shared by the entire organization of what the world, community or society would look like if that mission were accomplished

Mission Statement

A mission statement should accurately reflect the organization's reason for existing. The statement should broadly describe the organization's role and function. Avoid being too specific or naming programs or services by name. Otherwise, the organization may need to change the mission statement frequently to reflect program changes.

- □ Mission statements may serve to answer the following questions:
 - Why do we exist?
 - What is our purpose?
 - Whom do we serve or benefit?
 - Who are "we"?
 - Who should belong to our organization?
 - How do we operate?
 - What kinds of things will we do?
 - What are the results we want to achieve?
 - What should we do?

Relationship Building: Creating an Outreach Plan

Coalition building is about building and sustaining relationships. Now that you have discussed the potential outcomes for the crime prevention coalition, whom to involve and methods to engage them, the next step is to create an outreach plan.

When developing your outreach plan the chart below may be helpful:

Organization/Individual	Lead	Desired Outcome	Method / Approach

<u>**Organizational / Individual**</u> – refers to organizations and key individuals with whom you already have or with whom you would like to have collaborative relationships

Lead – refers to the member of your organization or advisory committee who will approach the individual or organization or will maintain and strengthen the current relationship

Outcome Desired – refers to results you hope the contact will achieve

<u>Method /Approach</u> – forms of communication you will use to make the contact e.g. face-to-face meeting, email or phone call.

What are the benefits of a crime prevention coalition?

Recognizing that no one agency or organization can address all concerns, coalitions offer a relatively low-cost means to combine resources and have a positive impact on a significant portion of the community. Often when organizations work collaboratively and in partnership, their ability to bring about change is greatly increased.

A coalition is a combination of collective expertise that is based on relationship building and a shared vision. The benefits of a coalition are many and when successfully formed the ability to develop and implement effective crime prevention strategies is endless. The benefits of a crime prevention coalition are: (*List is not exhaustive*)

- Advocacy
- Contacts
- □ Capacity building/Funding
- Grants
- Greater Availability of Resources
- Greater access to informational resources
- □ Knowledge and Skills
- Visibility & Media

Community Assessment

What is a Community Assessment?

A community assessment is the formal process of examining the social, political, economic and environmental conditions within a community or region. The conditions are then reviewed as they pertain to the development of delinquency prevention programs.

Why Should Municipalities Conduct a Community Assessments?

Conducting a community assessment is an integral part of developing a comprehensive delinquency prevention strategy. This process although time consuming, provides key information on risk and protective factors, community resources, gaps in the delivery of services, as well as provides a road map detailing needed services and programs. Communities that undergo this process experience numerous benefits and are often able to better allocate resources for needed programs.

What are the Requirements for Conducting a Community Assessment?

According to the federal Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), each community should complete the following steps when conducting a community assessment.

- 1. Establish a planning group to guide and complete the assessment
- 2. Assess the community through an evaluation of risk and protective factors that currently exist
- 3. Identify problem areas and solution strategies
- 4. Implement solution strategies; and
- 5. Establish the effectiveness of implemented strategies on the identified problems.

For more information on the Community Assessment Process visit <u>www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org</u>

Types of Community Assessment

The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) has identified several community assessment tools designed to assist municipalities in the developing and implementing delinquency prevention programs.

OJJDP Community Assessment Models include:

- □ Title V Community Prevention
- Gang Reduction Program and Strategic Planning Tool
- □ Targeted Community Action Planning

Title V Community Prevention

The Title V Community Prevention methodology provides a research-based framework for focusing on reducing the risks and enhancing protective factors in communities to prevent youth from entering the juvenile justice system. The model encourages community leaders to initiate multidisciplinary assessments of risks and resources unique to their communities and to develop comprehensive, collaborative plans to prevent delinquency. To help communities formulate, implement and evaluate comprehensive delinquency prevention plans, OJJDP sponsors orientation training for community leaders. The office also offers training on collecting and analyzing community risk and resource data, helps communities choose promising strategies from their prevention plans and provide other technical assistance.

For More Information about Title V visit <u>www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/titlev</u>

Gang Reduction Program and Strategic Planning Tool

The Gang Reduction Program is designed to reduce gang activity in targeted neighborhoods by incorporating a broad spectrum of research-based interventions to address the range of personal, family and community factors that contribute to juvenile delinquency and gang activity. The program integrates local, state and federal resources to incorporate state of the art practices in prevention, intervention, and suppression activities and resources to enhance pro-social influenced in the community. Communities identify and coordinated current resources, programs and services that address known risk factors in the community and use grant funding to fill gaps to address risk factors for delinquency across the broadest possible age spectrum. The program design includes a framework for coordinating a wide range of activities that have demonstrated effectiveness in reducing gang activity and delinquency.

For More Information about the Gang Reduction Program and Strategic Planning tool visit www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/programs/ProgSummary

Targeted Community Action Planning (TCAP)

Targeted Community Action Planning (TCAP) is a technical assistance initiative to assist States and communities interested in developing targeted responses to their most pressing juvenile justice and delinquency prevention needs. TCAP focuses on results, not process, by helping communities assess their juvenile justice and delinquency prevention needs and assists them in developing a targeted community response. Through this initiative, sites receive intensive technical assistance in developing and implementing targeted responses using a streamlined community-based planning process.

TCAP is a four-phase process which includes: Diagnostic Assessment, Problem Analysis, Response Development and Response Implementation. Key elements include: involvement and commitment of community leaders; community responses based on the most effective program models; addressing problems by reallocating existing resources; multifaceted responses that involve the full continuum of youth services; reliance on technology more than onsite training and technical assistance, access to resources and tools that support community planning, identification of communities' existing resources and capacity to collect and map data on problem behaviors, crime and risk factors, and identification of local infrastructure that can support community planning.

For More Information about T-Cap visit <u>www.oijdp.ncjrs.org/tcap.</u>

RISK AND PROTECTIVE FACTORS

What are Risk Factors?

Risk factors are defined as personal characteristics or environmental conditions scientifically found to increase the likelihood of problem behavior in youth.

Listed below is a partial listing of risk factors:

- Living in a high-crime neighborhood
- Living in a disadvantaged neighborhood (high unemployment, low median income, high percentage of families on (Temporary Aid to Needy Families (TANF), high percent of children without health insurance, etc.)
- Antisocial behavior
- Gun possession
- Teen parenthood
- □ Favorable attitudes toward drugs,
- □ Early onset of drug use
- Mental health disorders
- Emotional disorders
- □ Early sexual involvement
- □ Exposure to Violence

- □ Poor family attachment
- Parent with low level of education or illiteracy
- □ Family violence
- □ Family history of criminal or delinquent behavior
- □ Low Academic Achievement
- Truancy or frequent school absences
- □ Suspension
- Dropping out of school
- Peers engaged in problem behaviors
- Gang presence in neighborhood
- □ Peer rejection
- Low community achievement
- Social disorganization in the community

What are Protective Factors?

Protective factors are personal and environmental characteristics that increase a person's resiliency, or ability overcome stressful life events and promote competence.

Listed below is a partial listing of protective factors:

- Competency and problem solving skills
- Involvement in a religious community
- Derception of adult support
- □ Healthy sense of self
- □ High expectations for self
- Good relationship with parents
- Positive attitudes toward school

- Academic achievement reading and mathematics skills, quality schools
- □ Presence of caring adults
- Involvement with positive peer group activities
- Good relationship with peers
- Economically sustainable communities
- Neighborhood cohesion
- □ Safe neighborhoods

EVALUATING YOUR EFFORTS

What Is Program Evaluation?

Program evaluation encourages us to examine <u>all</u> aspects of a program. Program evaluation examines such factors as:

- □ Who conducted program activities?
- □ Who was the target audience? Did the target audience receive program services?
- Program Activities
- □ Number of Activities (frequency of Program)

Program evaluation assists in identifying program strengths, weaknesses and areas for improvement. In addition, program evaluation findings may demonstrate to key stakeholders, policy makers, and/or funders that the program is directly linked to a reduction in certain areas such as crime, truancy, or gang related violence, and may therefore result in an increase in financial support and/or policy change. By holding programs accountable, evaluation also helps ensure that the most effective approaches are maintained and that limited resources are spent efficiently.

Program evaluation does not occur in a vacuum; rather, it is influenced by real-world constraints. Evaluation should be practical and feasible and must be conducted within the confines of resources, time, and political context.

Evaluation findings should be used both to make decisions about program implementation and to improve program effectiveness.

As you will see many different questions can be part of a program evaluation depending on how long the program has been in existence, who is asking the question, and why the information is needed. In general, evaluation questions fall into one of these groups:

- □ **Implementation:** Were your program's activities put into place as originally intended?
- □ Effectiveness: Is your program achieving the goals and objectives it was intended to accomplish?
- □ Efficiency: Are your program's activities being produced with appropriate use of resources such as budget and staff time?
- □ **Cost-Effectiveness:** Does the value or benefit of achieving your program's goals and objectives exceed the cost of producing them?
- □ Attribution: Can progress on goals and objectives be shown to be related to your program, as opposed to other things that are going on at the same time?

All of these are appropriate evaluation questions and might be asked with the intention of documenting program progress, demonstrating accountability to funders and policymakers, or identifying ways to make the program better.

Why Evaluate Programs?

Many programs are being challenged to do more with fewer resources. In tight fiscal times and given a decrease in funding, it is imperative that funding is awarded to programs that are meeting program goals and producing favorable outcomes. In order to determine if a program is meeting program goals, most funders are requiring that programs include an evaluation component. Program evaluation seeks to answer the question "How are we doing?" Through evaluation, programs are made accountable to funders, legislators, and the general public. But evaluation is not only about accountability it is also about making the necessary changes to improve program outcomes.

Some Reasons to Evaluate Programs

- □ To monitor progress toward the program's goals
- □ To determine whether program components are producing the desired progress on outcomes
- To permit comparisons among groups, particularly among populations with disproportionately high risk factors and adverse health outcomes
- □ To justify the need for further funding and support
- □ To find opportunities for continuous quality improvement
- To ensure that effective programs are maintained and resources are not wasted on ineffective programs

Grant Writing Tips

Your organization may want to begin to support its activities by applying for grants from governmental agencies and/or private foundations. Often private organizations will post a request for proposals on their web-sites, advertise through mass mailings and/or place ads through local print media. Governmental organizations often post a notice of availability of funds (NOAF) that is also advertised on governmental agency websites and/or through directed mailings.

Proposal Anatomy (This is a sample proposal format and may vary depending on proposal requirements)

Cover Letter: Highlight the attached proposal and indicate the type and amount of support you are seeking. Describe briefly the mission of your organization. Explain how your proposal meets the foundation's guidelines and interests and remind the reader of any previous communications or relationship to the funder.

Cover Page (1/2 page): Include information such as: title of the project, submission date, beginning and ending dates of the project, total project amount, amount requested, contact person's name, phone number and e-mail.

Executive Summary (1/2 page): Briefly describes the need and your proposal activities to address the need. Define the problem and the constituency served. Explain strategy and describe short and long-term goals.

Introduction (1/2-1 page): Highlight the organization's mission, purpose and goals. Build organizational credibility through narratives about the organization's history, how it was started and who sits on the board. Briefly say something about the organization's culture and values and identify any unique aspects of the organization. Describe some of the organization's most significant accomplishments.

Statement of Need or Problem (1 – 1 1/2 pages): Describes the situation that caused you to prepare the proposal. Identify the focus of the proposal and highlight the population to be served. Don't assume funders understand the problem or need. Use statistics, quote an expert or discuss current research findings. Such statements should never be about a lack of funding!

Statement of Goals (1/2 page): A broad-based statement of the ultimate result desired or a statement that describes the planned and achievable impact or results an organization expects to have on the target population.

Goals should answer the following questions:

- □ What ideal condition will exist if we eliminate, prevent, or improve the situation?
- □ What is the overall long-term condition desired for our target population?

Objectives (1/2 page): An objective is a measurable, time-specific result that the organization expects to accomplish.

Objectives specify the results of an activity and support goal attainment. Every goal should have 3-4 objectives.

TYPES OF OBJECTIVES

- Process: Describes the procedures or steps to be taken toward accomplishing a desired end.
 - The How rather than the "What."
 - Example: A resource directory on youth programs will be developed by September.
- Outcome: Describe the expected benefit. Outcome objectives reflect a change in: behavior, skills, attitudes, values beliefs, knowledge or conditions.
 - Example: There will be a 5% decrease in the number of youth being arrested

Strategy and Implementation: (1-2 pages): Describes the specific plan of action for achieving goals and objectives. This section provides in great detail information about the specific methods, activities, procedures and timeline for the project.

Evaluation: (1/2 —1 page): Provide a measure for judging how effective your project has been or will be in reaching its goals and objectives. Evaluation can focus on outcomes i.e. measuring, whether the stated objectives were achieved, or process the results of which may be used to make changes and adjustments in programs.

Budget: (1—1 1/2 pages): Describes in monetary terms the proposed project broken down by expense and other sources of income to support the project. Include a narrative and keep a record of how you arrived at your costs. The budget should be clear, correct and realistic.

Attachments: IRS tax-exemption letter, board resolution (if applicable), board of directors list, current operating budget, current audited financial statement, list of recent and current funding sources, resumes of key staff and consultants, letters of endorsement, and public relations kit. **NOTE:** Only provide attachments at funder's request or your own discretion.

The Do's and Don'ts of Grant Writing

Do's

- ⇒ Engage in ongoing research stay current by reading annual reports, subscribing to nonprofit and fund raising journals and attending foundation sponsored events.
- \Rightarrow Assume that there will be competition for funds.
- \Rightarrow Show that others are committed to the project.
- \Rightarrow Involve board members in the process.
- \Rightarrow Aim for clarity and brevity.
- ⇒ Make your proposal interesting to read and aesthetically pleasing with ample margins, headings and bullets.
- \Rightarrow Have someone else read your completed proposal.
- \Rightarrow Always include a dollar figure.
- \Rightarrow Call to find out why your proposal was denied.
- \Rightarrow Adhere to the funder's deadline(s).
- \Rightarrow Always say "thank you" starting with an acknowledgement of the grant.
- \Rightarrow Maintain your organization's good relationship with funders.

Don'ts

- \Rightarrow Use jargon
- \Rightarrow Make up your own application when one is provided.
- \Rightarrow Ignore established eligibility requirements.
- \Rightarrow Try to make your program fit where it won't.
- \Rightarrow Submit "carbon copy" proposals.
- \Rightarrow Set unrealistic goals.
- \Rightarrow Describe the problem but not the solution.
- ⇒ Attempt to circumvent the chain of command by approaching board members instead of the program officer.
- \Rightarrow Don't make repeated calls to the decision-maker.

The Do's and Don'ts of grant writing were adapted from the guide on "Organizing Parents: Building Family Advocacy Organizations" a (publication of the State of Connecticut State Office of Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities

GANG PREVENTION

What is a Gang?

A street gang

- □ Shares a unique name or have identifiable marks or symbols, (such as tattoos, wearing certain styles of clothing, colors, hairstyles, graffiti, etc.)
- Associates together on a regular basis and sometimes claim a specific location or territory
- Has an identifiable organization or hierarchy, (although the leader for one type of criminal activity may be different from that of another criminal activity)
- Individually or collectively engage in antisocial, unlawful or criminal activity in an effort to further the gang's social or economical status

NOTE: This definition should be used for the purpose of program development and implementation.

Why Do Youth Join Gangs?

- Security, protection and a sense of belonging
- Lack of family, community, or youth support system (too much unsupervised time)
- □ Sense of status or respect
- □ Living in a gang-infested community or having family members in gangs.
- □ Low self-esteem
- □ Financial opportunities (e.g., profits from drug distribution and other illegal activities)
- □ Peer pressure
- □ Thrill seeking
- □ Media glorifying violence

General Warning Signs

- □ Admits membership
- Change of behavior or defiant behavior
- Grades drop/truancy
- □ New "friends"
- **Calls from unknown people**
- Unexplained money and jewelry
- □ Slang
- □ Obsession with certain colors and sports teams apparel
- **G** Flashing signs
- Graffiti on books and walls
- Nicknames and street names
- Evidence of drug abuse

What Can Parents do to Prevent Their Children From Joining a Gangs?

- Develop open and frequent communication with your children.
- Encourage children to become involved in athletics and other healthoriented activities to establish a sense of belonging.
- Monitor/limit children's exposure to violence contained in television music, and video games.
- Cultivate respect for others' property and pride in community.
- □ Know who your children are spending time with.
- Don't let children stay out late or spend a lot of time unsupervised in the street.
- Become involved your child's education and in your community.

Guidelines for Preventing Gangs

- 1) Establish good communication with your children.
 - Open, frequent and positive in tone
 - Encourage children to ask questions
 - Ask your children about gangs in their school and the neighborhood

2) Be aware of what's going on in your children's lives.

- Who are their friends?
- What do they do when away from school or home?
- What are their major influences and interests?

3) Occupy your children's free time.

- Get them involved in school, sports, community, or recreational activities
- Give them responsibilities at home
- Praise them for doing well and encourage them to do their best

4) Set the example.

- Help your children to identify positive role models and heroes especially those in your family or community
- Demonstrate a zero-tolerance policy for gang involvement at home or in the community
- Do not buy or allow your children to dress in gang style clothing

5) **Participate in the education of your children.**

- Visit your children's school, meet their teachers, and attend parent/school meetings
- Inform your children about the dangers of gang involvement

6) Participate in the community.

- Know your neighbors
- Report suspicious groups and graffiti to the local police
- Talk with other parents and exchange information

7) Learn about gang activity in your community.

- How do gang members behave? What sort of activity are they involved in?
- Attend police, community and/or school informational meetings
- Read current articles on gang activity

Establish rules, set limits, and be CONSISTENT!

Model Gang Prevention Programs

Gang Prevention Outreach Models

OJJDP has evaluated several model programs to prevent gang involvement in youth. These programs include:

- Boys and Girls Club of America's Gang Prevention through Targeted Outreach Model
- Chicago, III.'s BUILD (for Broader Urban Involvement and Leadership Development)
- Gang Resistance Is Paramount (GRIP),
- Movimiento Ascendencia (Upward Movement) (for girls only).

Each of these programs have some unique approaches but most include the following basic features; community assessment, community mobilization, intensive outreach to enroll highly at-risk youth, the provision of social opportunities, including encouraging youth to give back to their communities, and strong case management.

Gang Resistance Education Models

Gang Resistance Education Models

The State will continue to support gang resistance education, problem solving and other life skills training through various evidence-based initiatives. These types of programs can range from in-school curriculum to supplemental initiatives that can be delivered in a variety of settings.

Programs include:

- □ OJJDP Model Program
- Gang Resistance Education and Training (G.R.E.A.T.)
- Gang Awareness Prevention Program (GAPP) developed by the New Jersey Department of Corrections
- D Phoenix Curriculum facilitated by the Juvenile Justice Commission

SAMPLE SCHOOL GANG POLICY

- 1.) The board recognizes that a school campus is a place that has appropriate rules and regulations to ensure a safe and healthy environment, which is conducive to learning for all students. All persons shall be knowledgeable of the conduct and expectations on which this School District operates.
- 2.) It is the policy of this District that membership or affiliation in secret fraternities or in other clubs or gangs not sponsored by established agencies or organizations and recognized by this School District is strictly prohibited.
- 3.) Persons who initiate, advocate, or promote activities, openly or otherwise, which threaten the safety or well-being of persons or property, which disrupt the school environment and/or are harmful to the education process will be dealt with as if they committed an offense of the most serious category.

The use of hand signals, written or oral comments, stances, stares, graffiti or the presence or use of any apparel, jewelry, accessory or manner of grooming which, by virtue of its color, arrangement, trademark, symbol or any other attribute which indicates or implies membership or affiliation with a gang or group, whether real or implied, present a clear and present danger to the school environment, its staff and students, and the educational objectives of the community and State and is strictly prohibited.

Any incident involving initiations, intimidation and/or related activity of such gangs affiliates will hereby be considered actions which present the danger or likelihood of bodily danger, physical harm or personal degradation or disgrace resulting in physical or mental harm to students or staff and is strictly prohibited.

Any person wearing, carrying, distributing, displaying gang/group paraphernalia; exhibiting behavior or gestures which symbolize gang/group membership; or causing and/or participating in activities which intimidate or affect the attendance or sense of personal safety or well-being of another student or staff member will be subject to disciplinary action including suspensions and/or permanent expulsions.

- 4.) Delegation of Responsibility The building administrator of all district facilities shall ensure that:
 - 1. Gang affiliation and activities are included in printed rules and regulations provided to staff, students and parents.
 - 2. Students identified as possibly involved in gang-related activities, receive counseling to enhance self-esteem, encourage interest and participation in wholesome activities, and promote membership in authorized student organizations.
 - 3. Parents/Guardians will be notified of the school's concerns.

- 4. Staff in-service training regarding gang activities, methods of operation, and current methods of identification is available to staff.
- 5. All gang affiliation or gang type incidents are referred to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- 6. Affiliation with a gang, gang activities or claiming gang membership by students is considered exceptional misconduct and subject to penalties that may include suspension or expulsion.
- 7. Any student disciplined for gang activities or affiliation may be required to sign a negotiated behavior contract between the student, parent and administrator before he/she will be re-admitted.
- 8. Building administrators have the authority to reduce long-term suspension to a shorter duration provided the building administrator is convinced that a plan is in progress which will result in elimination of future involvement with gangs.

Students who have been expelled or suspended for gang-related activities may be subject to emergency expulsion and may lose their right to remain in school during the appeal process.

Gang Policy and Contract

The gang contract gives school administrators the ability to take a clear, proactive stance toward gangs and gang activity in their school. Creating a detailed gang policy (see the provided sample) is a required first step in creating an anti-gang school environment. The policy should, at a minimum, define both gangs and gang members, what gang behavior is not acceptable on school grounds and procedures to be taken in the event there is a breach of policy.

The gang policy contract is used when a student is engaging in gang related activity on school grounds or at school sponsored events. The contract allows the school administrators to specifically point out what behavior is not acceptable at the school. Further, a parent or guardian is usually required to sit down with both the school administrator and the student to discuss the school's findings and courses of action before the student is allowed back into school.

Coordination with local law enforcement is critical in this process. Occasionally, it may be necessary for a member of the local law enforcement community to speak with parents in order to convey the seriousness of their child's activities.

GANG/BEHAVIOR CONTRACT (Sample)

Student Name _____ Date _____

Contract Conditions and Expectations

- 1. <Student's Name> is not to wear any gang-affiliated clothing to school; specifically anything which says <Crips> or <Blood>.
- 2. <Student's Name> is not to associate with any known or suspected gang affiliates while in school or at school-related activities.
- 3. <Student's Name> is to refrain from all harassing behaviors while attending < Name of School>. This includes threats or intimidation of others by exhibiting identified gang behaviors.
- 4. <Student's Name> is expected to refrain from all gang-related activity while a < Name of School> student. This includes writing in gang-style script, hand signs, stances, slang talk, and other identified gang behaviors.
- 5. <Student's Name> must comply with all school policies regarding attendance and disciplinary procedures.

*** These terms are specified for the purpose of providing a safe and orderly environment for both <Student's Name> and all <Name of School> students so that they may be permitted to achieve their maximum educational potential. ***

I understand the above conditions and understand the consequences of failing to abide by those conditions.

Any violations of this contract will subject the student to suspension, up to and including the remainder of the semester.

Student

Parent/Guardian

Date

Administrator

Model Programs

The most effective strategies for reducing delinquency and other problem behaviors adopt a multi-faceted, multi-pronged community-based continuum approach. The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, through a cooperative agreement with Development Services Group, has created a Model Programs Guideⁱ that includes information about scientifically proven prevention and intervention programs that target problem behaviors among youth. Programs found in the web-based guide can and should be used to assist juvenile justice practitioners, administrators, and researchers to develop effective prevention and intervention continuums that enhance accountability, ensure public safety and reduce delinquency.

The Model Programs Guide also sets forth best practice criteria that include the following characteristics of the most successful programs:

- Delivered at a high dosage and intensity
- □ Comprehensive the more risk and protective factors addressed the more effective.
- □ Appropriately timed
- Developmentally appropriate
- □ Socio-culturally relevant
- □ Implemented by well-trained, effective staff
- □ Supported by strong organizations
- □ Skills training is implemented using varied active methods
- □ Based on strong theory and accurate information
- **D** Evaluated regularly

Blue Print Programs

Blueprints for Violence Prevention is a national violence prevention initiative that identified eleven prevention and intervention programs that meet a strict scientific standard of program effectiveness. The eleven model programs, called "Blueprints", are all included in the OJJDP's Model Programs and represent the gold standard of programs that have been shown to reduce adolescent violent crime, aggression, delinquency and substance abuse.

- 1. The Mid-western Prevention Project (community based alcohol and drug prevention)
- 2. Big Brothers Big Sisters of America (mentoring program to provide support in all areas of young people's lives)
- 3. Functional Family Therapy (family based prevention for dysfunctional youth ages 11 to 18)

- 4. Life Skills Training (classroom curriculum for alcohol and drug prevention)
- 5. Multi-Systemic Therapy (cognitive behavior-based treatment)
- 6. Nurse-Family Partnership (parent training for first time mothers)
- 7. Multidimensional Treatment Foster Care (cognitive behavior treatment, parent training, mentoring, wrap-around case management)
- 8. Olweus Bullying Prevention Program (school based bullying prevention program)
- 9. Promoting Alternative Thinking Strategies (classroom curriculum for 5 to 10 year olds promoting emotional and social competencies).
- 10. The Incredible Years: Parent, Teacher and Child Training Services Project (curricula for parents and teachers of children exhibiting problem behavior, emphasizes the importance of families and teachers in modeling positive problem solving skills)
- 11. Project Towards No Drug Abuse (classroom curriculum for alcohol and drug prevention).

RESOURCE DIRECTORY

CHILD ADVOCACY CENTERS

Child Advocacy Centers are county-based centers that offer a multidisciplinary approach in providing comprehensive, culturally competent child abuse prevention and intervention and treatment services to children who are victims of child abuse or neglect.

COUNTY INTER-AGENCY COORDINATING COUNCILS

County Inter-Agency Coordinating Councils (CIACCs) are entities that foster cross-system service planning for children with behavioral health problems. CIACCs serve as the mechanism to develop and maintain a responsive, accessible and integrated system of care for children with special social and emotional needs and their families.

COUNTY COLLEGES

Nineteen community colleges are located throughout the State providing credit, non-credit and workforce training programs.

COUNTY PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE

Each of the 21 county prosecutor's are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, is the County's Chief Law Enforcement Officer. The county prosecutor is responsible for the detection, investigation, arrest and conviction of criminals in their respective counties. Each county prosecutor works closely with local police departments and other law enforcement agencies to ensure the safety of the community. Each prosecutor's office is comprised of numerous task forces and units, all of which are charged to detect, investigate and prosecute crimes with the goal of improving the public safety.

COUNTY YOUTH SERVICE COMMISSIONS

The development and enhancement of a local community-based continuum is achieved through a cooperative effort between the state and its 21 counties through county youth services commissions. The county youth services commissions were established to examine the individual and unique needs of youth in their communities and to develop programs and sentencing options for their youth.

FAMILY SUCCESS CENTERS

The purpose of each Family Success Center is to strengthen families and neighborhoods; develop networks of family services that result in preventing child abuse and neglect and fostering healthy families; reduce isolation and build connections within families, between families and to the community.

FAMILY FRIENDLY CENTERS

Family Friendly Centers offer a wide range of services to enhance after school programming for elementary and middle-school students and their families. Established in 1998, these school-based FFCs collaborate with their host schools and communities to provide services in the core areas of education, recreation, social services and enrichment. This comprehensive program stresses parental participation as well as partnerships among school and community stakeholders to meet the particular needs of the students and parents.

FAMILY SUPPORT ORGANIZATION

Family Support Organization (FSO's) are family-run, county-based organizations that provide direct family-to-family peer support, education, advocacy and other services to family members of children with emotional and behavioral problems.

GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL ON ALCOHOLISM AND DRUG ABUSE / MUNICIPAL ALLIANCE

The GCADA was established to review and coordinate New Jersey's efforts in regard to the planning and provision of treatment, prevention, research, evaluation, and education services for, and public awareness of, alcoholism and drug abuse. Additionally, the Council was to establish and maintain the Municipal Alliance Program, which is a network of community based prevention programs.

The Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Substance Abuse administers the Statewide Alliance to Prevent Alcoholism and Drug Abuse (The Alliance) and establishes guidelines for the grants process to fund local Municipal Alliances. The Municipal Alliance Committee (MAC) is the heart of each community's prevention efforts. These committees bring together representatives from local governmental bodies, the educational system, the health care community, law enforcement, business, labor, religious leaders, civic associations and the community at large. MACs determine the kind and scope of prevention initiatives that are best suited to their communities.

The funding for the Alliance Program is derived from 19 state authorized Drug Enforcement Demand Reduction Funds (DEDR). DEDR provides for fines to be levied on convicted drug users and sellers and which now amount to \$9.4 million.

HUMAN SERVICES ADVISORY COUNCIL

County Human Service Advisory Councils are county-based planning, advisory, and coordinating organizations dedicated to helping the community meet its human services needs. Human Service Advisory Councils seek to facilitate, and enhance the delivery of human services through collaborative relationships across the county, and between counties and State agencies.

MOBILE RESPONSE AND STABILIZATION SERVICES

Children's Mobile Response and Stabilization Services is a single, comprehensive system of mobile response available to children and youth whose escalating emotional or behavioral issues require timely interventions to prevent disruption of their current living arrangement, including out-of-home placement. Primarily, the mobile response system is a face-to-face delivery of service at the site of the escalating behavior, whether this is the child's home, a group home or another living arrangement, including foster and adoption family homes. Mobile Response provides time limited, intensive, preventive service that include behavioral and rehabilitative interventions designed specifically to diffuse, mitigate and resolve an immediate crises.

NEW JERSEY AFTER 3

New Jersey After 3, Inc., formed in 2004, is the nation's first statewide public/private partnership to fund after school programs. New Jersey After 3 is a private, non-profit organization dedicated to expanding after school opportunities for New Jersey's kids. Our vision is that all New Jersey children will have the opportunity to participate in high quality, comprehensive, structured, supervised and enriching after school activities.

ONE STOP CAREER CENTERS

One-Stop Career Centers are located throughout New Jersey. All services are available free of charge to help you develop the skills you need to succeed in a 21st century work environment.

New Jersey's One-Stop Career Centers are staffed with qualified professionals who can assist with obtaining employment or the training you need to meet the demands of our present workforce. Employment counselors can help explore career choices relating to your interests and abilities and will help you explore a career path that can best utilize your skills in the current job market. The One-Stop Career Centers also offer educational training programs in vocational and trade schools or on-site at the One-Stop, on-the-job training with local employers and apprenticeships in many fields. In addition, Job Search Readiness Workshops provide information on how to successfully look for a job, conduct yourself in an interview, write a resume or learn about the local labor market.

RESOURCES FOR COMMUNITY BASED ORGANIZATIONS

Below is a partial listing of grant making organizations that provide a significant number of grants to New Jersey not-for profit organizations. This list is not exhaustive and does not include detailed information on application requirements. For more detailed information on these and others resources for not-for-profit organizations visit company web-sties, and your local library.

STATE CONTACTS

A current list of all State Departments contact information and services provided.

SCHOOL BASED YOUTH SERVICES PROGRAM

The New Jersey School Based Youth Services Program (SBYSP) was started in 1987 to help young people navigate their adolescent years, finish their education, obtain skills leading to employment or continuing education, and graduate healthy and drug free.

SBYSP sites, which are located in each of the 21 counties in or near schools in urban, rural and suburban communities, are open to all youth ages 10-19, and provide services before, during and after school and throughout the summer. The comprehensive "one-stop shopping" design helps break down barriers and bureaucratic roadblocks that too often prevent young people from obtaining services and supports. The program has been extended to younger students in some school districts. Currently there are 90 SBYSP operating in 67 high schools, 18 middle schools and 5 elementary schools.

UNITED WAY / 2-1-1 CALL CENTERS

Local United Ways throughout New Jersey provide financial support to the 2-1-1 Call Center covering their community. Ten officially designated 2-1-1 Call Centers are strategically located

While resources that are offered through 2-1-1 vary from community to community, 2-1-1 Call Specialists will provide comprehensive information and referral services to callers about a variety of issues, including:

- Basic Human Needs Resource: food banks, clothing closets, shelters, rent assistance, utility assistance.
- Support for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities: adult day care, congregate meals, Meals on Wheels, respite care, home health care, transportation, homemaker services.
- Support for Children, Youth and Families: childcare, after school programs, Kids Care (health insurance programs), family resource centers, summer camps and recreation programs, mentoring, tutoring, protective services.
- Physical and Mental Health Resources: health insurance programs, Medicaid and Medicare, maternal health, Children's Health Insurance Program, medical information lines, crisis intervention services, support groups, counseling, drug and alcohol intervention and rehabilitation.
- Employment Supports: financial assistance, job training, transportation assistance, and education programs.

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD (WIB) DIRECTORY

New Jersey's local Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs) were initially established in 1995 through the Governor's Executive Order #36. Today there are 17 local Workforce Investment Boards covering the 21 counties in New Jersey. Local elected officials appoint WIB members to volunteer positions on the WIB. The WIB is expected to act as a Board of Directors to identify the needs of the local job market, leverage resources, oversee One-Stop Career Centers, and otherwise direct workforce investment programs in their area. WIBs work in conjunction with economic development and related organizations to promote economic growth. They work with community colleges, K-12 school systems, and other providers to improve services.

YOUTH CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Youth Case Management (YCM) is the supportive relationship that case managers develop with the children and families that serve. Based upon the family's strengths, this relationship is characterized by dignity, respect, and self-determination. YCM advocates for the needs and views of the child and their family. YCM has a leadership role in coordination and integration of services designed to optimize care for children and families.

CHILD ADVOCACY CENTERS

Child Advocacy Centers are county-based centers that offer a multidisciplinary approach in providing comprehensive, culturally competent child abuse prevention and intervention and treatment services to children who are victims of child abuse or neglect.

Atlantic County

Atlantic County Prosecutor's Office 4997 Unami Blvd. P.O. Box 2002 Mays Landing, NJ 08330 Work: (609) 909-7789 Fax: (609) 909-7874

Bergen County

Bergen County Prosecutor's Office Bergen County Justice Center Rm 155 10 Main Street Hackensack, NJ 07601 Work: (201) 226-5116 Fax: (201) 646-2264

Burlington County

Burlington County Prosecutor's Office 118 High Street P.O. Box 6000 Mt. Holly, NJ 08060 Work: (609) 265-5881 Fax: (609) 265-5906

Camden County

Camden County Prosecutor's Office 25 North Fifth Street Camden, NJ 08102-1231 Work: (856) 580-6060 CAC Main: (856) 614-8000 Fax: (856) 580-6050

Cape May County

Victim/Witness Office Cape May County Prosecutor's Office 4 Moore Road DN 110 Central Mail Room C.M.C.H., NJ 08210 Work: (609) 463-6483 Fax: (609) 465-6766

Cumberland County

Cumberland County Prosecutor's Office 164 W. Broad Street Bridgeton, NJ 08302 Work: (856) 451-3177 Fax: (856) 453-5219

Essex County

Wynona's House Children's Hospital of New Jersey 201 Lyons Avenue, Building J3 Newark, NJ 07112 Work: (973) 926-8133 Fax: (973) 926-0842

Gloucester County

Gloucester County Prosecutor's Office P.O. Box 623 Woodbury, NJ 08096 Work: (856) 384-5557 Fax: (856) 384-8625

Hudson County

(Currently Developing Child Advocacy Center) Hudson County Prosecutor's Office County Administration Building 595 Newark Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306 Work: (201) 795-5695/(201) 795-6507 (08) Fax: (201) 217-5394

Hunterdon County

Hunterdon County Prosecutor's Office Victim-Witness Advocacy P.O. Box 756 Flemington, NJ 08822 Work: (908) 788-1124 CAC: (908) 788-1403 Fax: (908) 788-1404

Mercer County

Mercer County Prosecutor's Office P.O. Box 8068 Court House Trenton, NJ 08650 Work: (609) 989-6734 Fax: (609) 394-7258

Middlesex County

Middlesex County Prosecutor's Office 100 Bayard Street, 4th floor New Brunswick, NJ 08901 Work: (732) 745-4198 Fax: (732) 745-3604

Monmouth County

"Friends of the Monmouth Child Advocacy Center" & Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office 132 Jerseyville Avenue Freehold, NJ 07728 Work: (732) 294-5909 Fax: (732) 780-7502

Morris County

Deidre's House Child Advocacy Center 8 Court Street, Morristown, NJ 07960 Work: (973) 631-5000 Fax: (973) 829-8683

Ocean County

Ocean County Prosecutor's Office P.O. Box 2191 Toms River, NJ 08753 Work: (732) 929-2027 Ext 3295 Fax: (732) 288-7608

Passaic County

Child Advocacy Center Passaic County Prosecutor's Office 30 King Road Totowa, NJ 07512 Work: (973) 837-7650 Fax: (973) 837-7751

Salem County

Salem County Prosecutor's Office 87 Market Street, PO Box 462 Salem, NJ 08079 Work: (856) 339-8630 Fax: (856) 935-8737

Somerset County

Somerset County Prosecutor's Office Office of Victim-Witness Advocacy 40 North Bridge Street P.O. Box 3000 Somerville, NJ 08876 Work: (908) 575-3381 Fax: (908) 203-1614

Sussex County

Ginnie's House Child Advocacy Center 4 High Street, P.O Box 3156 Newton, NJ 07860 Work: (973) 579-0770 Fax: (973) 579-1063

Union County

Union County Child Advocacy Center 123 Westfield Avenue Elizabeth, NJ 07208 Work: (908) 965-3866 Fax: (908) 965-3872

Warren County

Warren County Prosecutor's Office 323 Front Street Belvidere, NJ 07823 Work: (908) 475-6060 Fax: (908) 475-6629

COUNTY INTER-AGENCY COORDINATING COUNCILS

County Inter-Agency Coordinating Councils (CIACCs) are entities that foster cross-system service planning for children with behavioral health problems. CIACCs serve as the mechanism to develop and maintain a responsive, accessible and integrated system of care for children with special social and emotional needs and their families.

Atlantic County Atlantic County Government 609-645-7700 x 4307 Fax:: 609-645-5809

Bergen County Bergen County Division of Mental Health Phone: 201- 634-2753 Fax: 201-634-3002

DYFS Bergen/Passaic Area Office Phone: 201-342-4397 ext. .2005 Fax: 201-342-0493

Burlington County Burlington County Office of Human Services Phone: 609-265-5546 Fax:: 609-265-5382

DYFS Burlington/Mercer Area Office Phone: 800-847-1753 ext. 280 Fax: 856-787-3890

Camden County

Children's Services - CPAC Phone: 856-663-3998 Fax: 856-663-7182 Community Planning & Advocacy Council (CPAC) Phone: 856-663-3998 Fax: 856-663-7182

Cape May County

Cape May County Human Services Department Phone: 609-465-1055 Fax: 609-465-2012

Cumberland County

Cumberland County Human Services Department Phone: 856-453-7862 Fax: 856-455-8842 DYFS Cumberland/Gloucester/Salem Area Office Phone: 609-567-2912 ext. 133 Fax: 609-567-8430

Essex County

Mental Health Resource Center Phone: 973-744-6522 or 201-986-7734 Fax: 973-744-6362 DYFS Essex Area Office Phone: 973-762-2794 ext. 3828 Fax: 973-762-8959

Office of the Mental Health Administrator Phone: 973-228-821 Fax: 973-364-2305

Gloucester County **Gloucester County Human Services** Department Phone: 856-384-6870 Fax: 856-384-0207

Hudson County Hudson County Human Services Department Phone: 201-271-4339 Fax: 201-271-4365

DYFS Hudson Area Office Phone: 201-863-3179

Hunterdon County

Catholic Charities Phone: 908-782-7905 Fax: 908-782-5934

DYFS Warren/Hunterdon/Somerset Area Office Phone: 201-396-9430 Fax: 908-835-1225

Mercer County Mercer County Division of Youth Services Phone: 609-434-4125 ext. 204 Fax: 609-434-4139

DYFS Burlington/Mercer Area Office Phone: 609-777-2062 Fax: 609-777-2050

Middlesex County Middlesex County Human Services Department Phone: 732-745-4518 Fax: 732-296-6916

DYFS Monmouth/Middlesex County Area Office Phone: 732-388-7959 ext. 1042 Fax: 732-388-0460

Monmouth County Monmouth County Human Services Department Phone: 732-431-7200 Fax: 732-308-3700

Morris County

Morris County Human Services Department Phone: 973-631-5114 Fax: 973-285-6713

DYFS Morris/Sussex Area Office Phone: 973-538-2679 Fax: 973-538-2367

Ocean County DYFS Ocean Area Office Phone: 732-864-8996 Fax: 732-255-0845

Passaic County Passaic County Human Services Department Phone: 973-225-3700 Fax: 973-357-0159

DYFS Bergen/Passaic Area Office Phone: 973-523-6090 Fax: 973-977-6026

Salem County Salem Inter-Agency Council Phone: 856-935-7510 ext. 8315 Fax: 856-935-7747

DYFS Cumberland/Gloucester/Salem Area Office Phone: 609-567-2912 ext. 133 Fax: 609-567-8430

Somerset County Somerset County Office of Youth Services Phone: 908-704-6333 Fax: 908-253-0180

Sussex County Sussex County Youth Services Commission Phone: 973-579-0570 ext. 1213 Fax: 973-579-0571

Sussex County Department of Health & Human Services Phone: 973-579-0559

Sussex Youth Advocate Program Phone: 973-383-8800 Fax: 973-579-7659 DYFS Morris/Sussex Area Office Phone: 973-538-2679

Union County Trinitas Hospital Phone: 908-994-7409 Fax: 908-994-7457

DYFS Union Area Office Phone: 908-754-5649 ext. 7719 Fax: 908-561-0380

Warren County Warren County Human Services Department Phone: 908-475-6331 Fax: 908-475-6206

DYFS Warren/Hunterdon/Somerset Area Office Phone: 201-396-9430 Fax: 908-835-1225

COMMUNITY COLLEGES – New Jersey

Nineteen community colleges are located throughout the State providing credit, non-credit and and workforce training programs.

Atlantic/Cape May County

Atlantic Cape Community College 5100 Black Horse Pike Mays Landing, NJ 08330-2699 (609) 343-5104 http://www.atlantic.edu/index.php

Bergen County

Bergen Community College 400 Paramus Road Paramus, NJ 07652 (201) 447-7100 http://www.bergen.edu/pages/1.asp

Burlington County

Burlington County College 601 Pemberton-Browns Mills Rd. Pemberton, NJ 08068 (609) 894-9311 http://www.bcc.edu/pages/1.asp

Camden County

Camden County College P.O. Box 200 College Drive Blackwood, NJ 08012-0200 (856) 227-7200 http://www.camdencc.edu/

Cumberland County

Cumberland County College P.O. Box 1500, College Drive Vineland NJ, 08362-1500 (856) 691-8600 http://www.cccnj.edu

Essex County

Essex County College 303 University Ave. Newark, NJ 07102 (973) 877-3000 http://www.essex.edu

Gloucester County Gloucester County College 1400 Tanyard Road Sewell, NJ 08080 (856) 468-5000 http://www.gccnj.edu/

Hudson County Hudson County Community College 70 Sip Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306 (201) 714-7100 http://www.hccc.edu/

Hunterdon/ Somerset County

Raritan Valley Community College Route 28 & Lamington Road, North Branch New Jersey (908) 526-1200 http://www.raritanval.edu/

Mercer County Mercer County Community College 1200 Old Trenton Rd West Windsor, NJ 08550 (609) 586-4800 http://www.mccc.edu/

Middlesex County

Middlesex County College 2600 Woodbridge Ave Edison, NJ 08818-3050 (732) 548-6000 http://www.middlesexcc.edu/

Monmouth County

Monmouth Community College 765 Newman Springs Rd Lincroft, NJ 07738-1543 (732) 224-2375 http://www.brookdalecc.edu/pages

Morris County County College of Morris 214 Center Grove Rd Randolph, NJ 07869-2086 (973) 328-5000 http://www.ccm.edu/

Ocean County Ocean County College College Drive, P.O. Box 2001 Toms River, NJ 08754-2001 (732) 255-0400 http://www.ocean.edu/

Passaic County Passaic County Community College One College Boulevard Paterson, NJ 07505 (973) 684-6868 http://www.pccc.edu/

Salem County Salem Community College 460 Hollywood Avenue Carneys Point, NJ 08069 (856) 299-2100 http://www.salemcc.edu/

Sussex County Sussex County Community College One College Hill Rd Newton, NJ 07860 (973) 300-2100 http://sussex.edu/

Union County Union County College 1033 Springfield Ave Cranford, NJ 07016 (908) 709-7596 http://www.ucc.edu/default.htm

Warren County

Warren County Community College 475 Route 57 West Washington, NJ 07882 (908) 835-9222 http://www.warren.edu/

COUNTY PROSECUTOR'S LISTS

Each of the 21 county prosecutor's are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, is the County's Chief Law Enforcement Officer. The county prosecutor is responsible for the detection, investigation, arrest and conviction of criminals in their respective counties. Each county prosecutor works closely with local police departments and other law enforcement agencies to ensure the safety of the community. Each prosecutor's office is comprised of numerous task forces and units, all of which are charged to detect, investigate and prosecute crimes with the goal of improving the public safety.

Atlantic County Prosecutor's Office

4997 Unami Boulevard Mays Landing, New Jersey 08330 Phone: (609) 909-7800 http://www.acpo.org

Bergen County Prosecutor's Office 10 Main Street

Hackensack, NJ 07601 Phone: (201) 646-2300 http://www.bcpo.net/

Burlington County Prosecutor's Office 49 Rancocas Road P.O. Box 6000

Mount Holly, NJ 08060-1384 Phone: (609) 265-5035 http://www.co.burlington.nj.us/departments/pr osecutor/

Camden County Prosecutor's Office

25 North Fifth Street Camden, New Jersey 08102-1231 Phone: (856) 225-8400 http://www.camdencounty.com/government/off ices/prosecutor/index.html

Cape May County Prosecutor's Office 4 Moore Road DN-110, Central Mail Room Cape May Court House, NJ 08210 Phone: (609) 465-1135 http://www.capemaycountygov.net/

Cumberland County Prosecutor's Office

Robert D. Bernardi 43 Fayette Street Bridgeton, NJ 08302 Phone: (609) 265-5035 http://www.co.cumberland.nj.us/

Essex County Prosecutor's Office New Court House 50 West Market Street Newark, NJ 07102 Phone: (973) 621-4700 http://www.njecpo.org/

Gloucester County Prosecutor's Office Criminal Justice Complex, P.O. Box 623 Woodbury, New Jersey 08096

Phone: (856) 384-5500 http://www.co.gloucester.nj.us/Government/D epartments/Prosecutor/

Hudson County Prosecutor's Office 595 Newark Avenue

Jersey City, New Jersey 07306 Phone: (201) 795-6400 http://www.hcpo.org/

Hunterdon County Prosecutor's Office

Hunterdon County Justice Center – 65 Park Avenue, PO Box 756 Flemington, New Jersey 08822-0756 Phone: (908) 788-1129 http://www.co.hunterdon.nj.us/prosecutor.htm

Mercer County Prosecutor's Office P.O. BOX 8068 Mercer County Court House Third Floor Trenton, NJ 08650-0068 Phone: (609) 989-6305

http://www.mercerpros-nj.com/

Middlesex County Prosecutor's Office

Public Safety Building, 25 Kirkpatrick Street, 3rd Floor New Brunswick, NJ 08901 Phone: (732) 745-3332 ext 3333 http://www.co.middlesex.ni.us/prosecutor

Monmouth County Prosecutor's Office Luis A. Valentin

Theopold NJ 07728 Phone: (732) 431-7160

Morris County Prosecutor's Office PO Box 900 Morristown, NJ 07963-0900 Phone: (973) 285-6200 http://www.morrisnjpros.org/

Ocean County Prosecutor's Office 119 Hooper Ave Toms River NJ 08753 Phone: (732) 929-2027 http://www.co.ocean.nj.us/ProsecutorMain

Passaic County Prosecutor's Office 401 Grand Street, 7th floor Paterson, NJ 07505 Phone: (973) 881-4800 http://www.pcponj.org/

Salem County Prosecutor's Office

The Ferwick Building 87 Market Street, P.O. Box 462 Salem, New Jersey 08079 Phone: (856) 395-7510 ext 8333 http://www.salemcounty prosecutor.org/

Somerset County Prosecutor's Office 40 North Bridge Street Somerville, N.J. 08876 Phone: (908) 575-3300

http://www.scpo.net/

Sussex County Prosecutor's Office 19-21 High Street, Newton, NJ 07860 Phone: (973) 383-1570 http://www.scpo.org

Union County Prosecutor's Office

Theodore J. Romankow 32 Rahway Avenue Elizabeth, New Jersey 07202 Phone: (908) 527-4500 Email: ucpo@ucnj.org http://www.unioncountynj.org /prosecutor

Warren County Prosecutor's Office 413 Second Street Belvidere, New Jersey 07823 Phone: (908) 475-6275 http://www.wcpo-nj.us

COUNTY YOUTH SERVICE COMMISSIONS

The development and enhancement of a local community-based continuum is achieved through a cooperative effort between the state and its 21 counties through county youth services commissions. The county youth services commissions were established to examine the individual and unique needs of youth in their communities and to develop programs and sentencing options for their youth.

Atlantic County

Atlantic County Youth Services Commission Shoreview Bldg. 101 South Shore Rd. Northfield, NJ 08225 (609) 645-7700 Ext.4529 Fax: (609) 645-5809

Bergen County

Bergen County Youth Services Commission Bergen County Justice Center 10 Main Street Hackensack, NJ 07601 (201) 527-2301 Fax: (201) 371-1126

Burlington County

Burlington County Youth Services Commission Offices of Human Services 795 Woodlane Road P.O. Box 6000 Westampton, NJ 08060 (609) 702-7051 Fax: (609) 265-5382

Camden County

Camden County Youth Services Commission CPAC: Community Planning And Advocacy Council 6981 N. Park Drive Suite 309-10. East Building Pennsauken, NJ 08109 (856) 663-3998 Fax: (856) 663-7182

Cape May County

Cape May County Youth Services Commission Dept. of Human Services Dn 907. 4 Moore Road Cape May Court House, NJ 08210 (609) 465-1055 Fax: (609) 465-4639

Cumberland County

Cumberland County Youth Services Commission Cumberland County Dept. Of Human Services 590 Shiloh Pike Bridgeton, NJ 08302 (856) 453-7862 Fax: (856) 455-8842

Essex County

Essex County Youth Services Commission 18 Rector Street, 9th Floor Newark, NJ 07102 (973) 733-4666 Fax: (973) 504-9316

Gloucester County

Gloucester County Youth Services Commission Department Of Human Services 115 Budd Blvd Woodbury, NJ 08096 (856) 384-6879 Fax: (856) 384-0207

Hudson County

Hudson County Youth Services Commission Meadowview Campus 595 County Ave., Bldg. 2 Secaucus, NJ 07094 (201) 271-4316 Fax: (201) 319-3780

Hunterdon County

Hunterdon County Youth Services Commission Administration Bldg. 1 East Main Street P O Box 2900 Flemington, NJ 08822 (908) 788-1372 Fax: (908) 806-4204

Mercer County

Mercer County Division of Youth Services Mcdade Administration Building 640 South Broad Street Trenton, New Jersev 08611 (609) 989-6675 Fax: (609) 989-6032

Middlesex County

Middlesex County Office For Children's Services County Administration Building Division Of Behavioral Health And Children's Services1 John F. Kennedy Square, 5th Floor New Brunswick, NJ 08901 (732) 246-5640 Fax: (732) 296-6916

Monmouth County

Monmouth County Youth Services Commission Monmouth County Human Services Building P.O. Box 3000 Kozloski Road Freehold, NJ 07728 (732) 866-3585 Fax: (732) 845-2054

Morris County

Morris County Dept. of Human Services 30 Schuyler Place P.O. Box 900 Morristown, NJ 07963 (973) 285-6850 Fax: (973) 285-6713

Ocean County

Ocean County Youth Services Commission 155 Sunset Avenue P.O. Box 2191 Toms River, NJ 08754-2191 (732) 288-7656 Fax: (732) 288-7635

Passaic County

Passaic County Youth Services Commission 401 Grand Street. Room 417 Paterson, NJ 07505 (973) 881-4243 Fax: (973) 279-0887

<u>Salem County</u> Salem County Youth Services Commission 98 Market Street Salem, NJ 08079 (856) 339-8618 Fax: (856) 935-1234

Sussex County

Sussex County Youth Services Commission Sussex County Administrative Center 1 Spring Street, 2nd Floor Newton, NJ 07860 (973) 579-0570 Ext. Fax: (973) 579-0571

Union County

Union County Youth Services Commission Elizabethtown Plaza, 4th Floor Elizabeth, NJ 07207 (908) 558-2381 Fax: (908) 527-4212

<u>Warren County</u> Warren County Youth Services Commission Dept. Of Human Services Cummins Building 202 Mansfield Street Belvidere, NJ 07823 (908) 475-6237 Fax: (908) 475-6333

JJC Representative to CYSC

Administrators Youth Services Commission Grants Management Unit Juvenile Justice Commission 1001 Spruce Street, Suite 202 P.O. Box 107 Trenton, NJ 08625-0107 (609) 341-5021 Fax: (609) 943-4617

FAMILY FRIENDLY CENTERS

Family Friendly Centers offer a wide range of services to enhance after school programming for elementary and middle-school students and their families. Established in 1998, these school-based FFCs collaborate with their host schools and communities to provide services in the core areas of education, recreation, social services and enrichment. This comprehensive program stresses parental participation as well as partnerships among school and community stakeholders to meet the particular needs of the students and parents.

Atlantic County

Atlantic City: Uptown School Community (609) 345-1994 Fax (609) 345-3417

Hammonton: Warren E. Sooy Jr. Elementary School (609) 567-2900 Fax (609) 567-3896

Bergen County

Bergenfield: Hoover School Roy Brown Middle School 201-387-5486 Fax: 201-387-6737

Ringwood: Ryerson Middle School 973-962-0055 Fax: 973-9621129

Hackensack: Jackson Avenue School 201-646-7829 Fax: 201-646-7827

Camden County Camden: Rafael Cordero Molina School 856-563-1341 Fax: 856-563-0077

Cherry Hill: Joyce Kilmer School Thomas Paine School 856-429-7498 ext. 2 Fax: 856-429-8246

Cumberland County

Maurice Township Maurice River School Contact: Alice Davidson 856-327-7584 Fax: 856-293-1077

Millville: R.D.Wood School Rieck Avenue School Silver Run School Lakeside Middle School Mt. Pleasant School 856-327-7584 Fax: 856-293-1077 Vineland: Marie Durand School 856-507-1998 Fax: 856-507-9700

Cunninghan Elementary School 856-794-6937 Fax: 856-205-0467

Essex County

East Orange: Cicely Tyson Middle School 973-673-5588 Fax: 973-673-6415

Newark: Avon Avenue School E. Alma Flagg School 13th Avenue School 973-339-3400 ext. 170 Fax: 973-399-2076

Boylan Street School 973-374-2000 Fax: 973-374-6042

Franklin School 973-483-2703 Fax: 973-482-5284

Hawkins Street School 973-465-0947 Fax: 973-859-3637

Mount Vernon School Contact: Bernadette Scott 973-374-2000 Fax: 973-374-6042

Newton Street School 973-242-7934 Fax: 973-242-7935

South 17th Street School 973-374-5252 Fax: 973-374-5961

Speedway Avenue School 973-374-2000 Fax: 973-374-6042

William H. Brown Academy 973-733-9457 Fax: 973-623-4208

Gloucester County

Clayton: Herma Simmons Elementary School 856-881-8868 Fax: 856-863-8196

Hudson County

Harrison: Washington Middle School 973-483-4627 Fax: 973-483-7484

Jersey City: Public School #5 973-484-7554 Fax: 973-484-0184

Hoboken: Brandt Middle School 201-356-3617 Fax: 356-3643

Union City: Roosevelt School 201-902-7237

Mercer County Princeton: Johnson Park School Littlebrook School 609-497-9622 ext. 227 Fax: 609-497-9031

Middlesex County Carteret: Columbus School 732-802-1242 Fax: 732-744-9202

Perth Amboy: WC McGinnis School 732-442-1081 Fax: 732-826-3082

South Brunswick Township:

Crossroads North Middle School 732-297-7800 ext. 3167 or 3197 Fax: 732-348-2110

Manville: Weston School 908-454-2074 Fax: 908-454-8151 908-725-6490 Fax: 908-725-6490 New Brunswick: Chester Redshaw 732-247-0870 Fax: 732-745-5092 732-246-0603 Fax: 732-246-3667

Monmouth County

Asbury Park: Thurgood Marshall School 732-747-4426 Fax: 732-747-1698

Freehold: Freehold Learning Center Park Avenue School 732-462-0464 ext. 23 Fax: 732-462-0255

Keansburg: Caruso School Port Monmouth Road School 732-787-2007 ext. 2550 Fax: 732-471-8219

Neptune: 732-776-5650 Fax: 732-571-2474

Morris County

Mount Olive:

Chester Stephens School Mt. Olive Middle School Mt. View Elementary School Sandshore Elementary School 73-927-1760 Fax: 973-927-7129

Ocean County

Lakewood: Oak Street School Contact: 732-363-7272 Fax: 732-905-5644

Passaic County

Paterson: Eastside High School 973-569-0018 Fax: 973-569-0007

Emerson School Jefferson School 908-731-4360 ext. 5232 Fax: 908-731-4362 Public School #2 973-413-1622 Fax: 973-413-1640

Public School #20 973-684-2320 ext, 31 Fax: 973-684-2376

Salem County

Salem City: John Fenwick School 856-935-4100 ext, 229 Fax: 856-935-1252

Somerset County Somerville: Van Derveer School 908-454-2074 or 725-1912 Fax: 908-454-8151 or 725-6490

Union County

Summit: Jefferson Elementary School 908-273-4242 Fax: 908-273-6812

Warren County

Hackettstown: Willow Grove School 908-454-2074 or 725-1912 Fax: 908-454-8151 or 725-6490

FAMILY SUCCESS CENTERS

The purpose of each Family Success Center is to strengthen families and neighborhoods; develop networks of family services that result in preventing child abuse and neglect and fostering healthy families; reduce isolation and build connections within families, between families and to the community.

Atlantic County Uptown School Complex 323 Madison Avenue Atlantic City, NJ 08401 (609) 645-7700

Dr. Martin Luther King School Dr. Martin Luther King Boulevard Atlantic City, NJ 08401 (609) 645-7700

Hammonton Family Center 310 Bellvue Avenue Hammonton, NJ 08037 (609) 567-2900

Pleasantville Family Center 9 South Main Street Pleasantville, NJ 08232 (609) 272-8800

Egg Harbor Township Community Center 3050 Spruce Avenue Egg Harbor Township, NJ 08234 (609) 569-0376

Bergen County Englewood/Teaneck Family Success Center 351 West Eaglewood Avenue Englewood, NJ 07631 (201) 342-9200 ext. 18

Burlington Mount Holly Family Success Center High Street Mount Holly, NJ 08060 (609)267-5656 ext. 205

Camden Family Success Center Location To Be Determined 6991 North Park Drive Pennsauken, NJ 08109 (856) 963-0270

PARTNERS Family Success Center 180 White Horse Pike Clementon, NJ 08105 (856) 964-1990 ext. 154

Cumberland Bridgeton Family Success Center 155 Spruce Street Bridgeton, NJ 08302 (856) 451-6330

Millville Family Success Center 221 E. Broad Street Millville, NJ 08302 (856) 451-6330 Vineland Family Success Center 1669 E. Landis Avenue Vineland, NJ 08361 (856) 691-5362

Essex East Orange Family Success Center 60 Evergreen Place East Orange, NJ 07018 (973) 395-1442

Newark Central Ward Family Success Center 982 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 (973) 643-5727

North Ward Family Success Center 286 Mt. Prospect Avenue Newark, NJ 07104 (973) 485-5723

Newark West Ward North End Family Success Center Newark, NJ 07104 (973) 482-8312

Focus Family Success Center 441-443 Broad Street Newark, NJ 07102 (973) 624-2528 ext. 105

Hudson

Kearny-Harrison/East Newark Family Success Center 880 Bergen Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306 (201) 798-5588

Horizon Health

714 Bergen Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306 (201) 451-4767

Mercer Trenton North Ward Family Success Center 1554 Brunswick Avenue Trenton, NJ 08648 (609) 695-6274

Children's Home Society Family Success Center 635 South Clinton Avenue Trenton, NJ 08611 (609) 695-6274

Middlesex New Brunswick To Be Determined New Brunswick, NJ 08903 (732) 828-4510 Monmouth Long Branch Concordance 279 Broadway Suite 301 Long Branch, NJ 07740 (732) 571-167

Ocean Lakewood Family Success Center 415 Carey Street Lakewood, NJ 08701 (732) 901-6001

Preferred Children's Services/ Lakewood School District To Be Determined Lakewood, NJ 08701 (732) 886-3764

Passaic Paterson 5th Ward Family Success Center 185 Carol Street Paterson, NJ 07501 (973) 413-1632

Straight and Narrow, Inc. 396 Straight Street Paterson, NJ 07501 (973) 345-6000

Salem Salem Family Success Center 14 New Market Street Salem, NJ 08079 (856) 451-6330

Sussex Sussex Family Success Center 127 Mill Street Newton, NJ 07860 (973) 383-5129

Union Jefferson Park Ministries Family Success Center 213 Jefferson Avenue Elizabeth, NJ 07201 (908) 469-9508

Plainfield Board of Education 925 Arlington Avenue Plainfield, NJ 07060 (908) 731-4360 ext. 5097

Warren NORWESCAP FACES Family Success Center 459 Center Street Phillipsburg, NJ 08865 (908) 213-2674

FAMILY SUPPORT ORGANIZATIONS

Family Support Organization (FSO's) are family-run, county-based organizations that provide direct family-to-family peer support, education, advocacy and other services to family members of children with emotional and behavioral problems.

Atlantic/Cape May Counties

Atlantic/Cape May Family Support Organization, Inc. 1601 Tilton Road, Suite 1 Northfield, NJ 08225 PHONE: (609) 485-0575 FAX: (609) 485-0467

Bergen County

Family Support Organization of Bergen County 0-108 29th Street Fairlawn, NJ 07410 PHONE: (201) 796-6209 FAX: (201) 796-1151

Burlington County

Family Support Organization for Burlington County 774 Eayrestown Road Lumberton, NJ 08048 PHONE: (609) 265-8838

Camden County

Camden County Family Support Organization 23 W Park Avenue Merchantville, NJ 08109 PHONE: (856) 662-2600 FAX: (856) 662-2242

Cumberland/Gloucester/Salem Counties

Family Support Organization of Cumberland /Gloucester/Salem 1226 Landis Avenue Elmer, NJ 08318 PHONE: 856-507-9400 FAX: 856-716-2109

Essex County

Family Support Organization of Essex County 60 Evergreen Place, Suite 410 East Orange, NJ 07018 PHONE: (973) 395-1441 FAX: (973) 395-1595

Hudson County

Family Support Organization of Hudson County 705 Bergen Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306 PHONE: (201) 915-5140 FAX: (201) 915-5142

Hunterdon/Somerset/Warren Counties

Family Support Organization of Hunterdon, Somerset and Warren Counties 4 Minneakoning Road, 2nd Floor. Flemington, NJ 08822 PHONE: (908) 788-8585 FAX: (908) 788-8522

Mercer County

Family Support Organization of Mercer County 427 Whitehorse Avenue Trenton, NJ 08610 PHONE: (609) 581-6891 FAX: (609) 581-8504

Middlesex County

Family Support Organization of Middlesex County 1950 Route 27, Suite D North Brunswick , NJ 08902 PHONE: (732) 940-2837 FAX: (732) 940-2896

Monmouth County

Family Based Services Association of New Jersey 279 Broadway, West Wing Long Branch, NJ 07740 PHONE: (732) 571-3272 FAX: (732) 571-0050

Morris/Sussex Counties

Family Support Organization of Sussex/Morris, Inc. 200 Valley Road, Suite 405 Mt. Arlington, NJ 07856 PHONE: (973) 770-2700

Ocean County

Family Support Organization of Ocean County 44 Washington Street, Suite 2A Toms River, NJ 08753 PHONE: (732) 281-5770

Passaic County

Family Support Organization of Passaic County 810 Belmont Ave. North Haledon, NJ 07508 PHONE: (973) 427-0100 FAX: (973) 427-2776

Union County

Family Support Organization of Union County 137 Elmer Street Westfield, NJ 07090 PHONE: (908) 789-7625 FAX: (908) 789-7628

GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL ON ALCOHOLISM AND DRUG ABUSE

The GCADA was established to review and coordinate New Jersey's efforts in regard to the planning and provision of treatment, prevention, research, evaluation, and education services for, and public awareness of, alcoholism and drug abuse. Additionally, the Council was to establish and maintain the Municipal Alliance Program, which is a network of community based prevention programs.

The Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Substance Abuse administers the Statewide Alliance to Prevent Alcoholism and Drug Abuse (The Alliance) and establishes guidelines for the grants process to fund local Municipal Alliances. The Municipal Alliance Committee (MAC) is the heart of each community's prevention efforts. These committees bring together representatives from local governmental bodies, the educational system, the health care community, law enforcement, business, labor, religious leaders, civic associations and the community at large. MACs determine the kind and scope of prevention initiatives that are best suited to their communities.

Atlantic County

David Woolbert, County Director Stillwater Building 201 S. Shore Road Northfield, New Jersev 08225 Phone: 609 645-7700 Ext: 4502

Atlantic County

Robert Widitz, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 609 645-7700 Ext: 4703 Fax: 609 645-5890

Bergen County

Marla Klein, County Director Bergen County Health Services 327 E. Ridgewood Avenue Paramus, New Jersey 07652 Phone: 201 634-2764

Bergen County

Vacant - Alliance Coordinator Phone: 201 634-2693 Fax: 201 634-3004

Burlington County

Sue Menges, County Director Human Services Administrator Office of Human Services 795 Woodlane Road P. O. Box 6000 Westampton, New Jersey 08060 Phone: 609 265-5530 Fax: 609 265-5382

Burlington County Molly O'Keefe, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 609-265-5538

Camden County

Ann Biondi, Acting County Director Camden County Department of Health **DiPiero** Center 512 Lakeland Road 5th Floor Blackwood, New Jersey 08012-0088 Phone: 856-374-6313

Camden County

BettyAnn Cowling-Carson, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 856 374-6368 Fax: 856 374-6399

Cape May County

Lana Williams, County Director Cape May County DHS DN 907, 4 Moore Road Cape May Court House, New Jersey 08210 Phone: 609 465-1303

Cape May County

Patricia Devaney Acting Alliance Coordinator Cape May County DHS 4 Moore Road Cape May Court House, New Jersey 08210 Phone: 609 465-1055 Fax: 609 465-4639

Cumberland County

Juanita Nazario, County Director Cumberland County Alcohol Services 72 N. Pearl Street Bridgeton, New Jersey 08302 Phone: 856 451-3727

Cumberland County

Lynne Jessick Alliance Coordinator Phone: 856 451-9455 Fax: 856 455-9706

Essex County

Currently Vacant, County Director

Essex County

John Christadore, Alliance Coordinator Division of Community Health Services Suite 4300, 4th Floor 50 South Clinton Street East Orange, New Jersey 07018 Phone: 973 395-8454 Fax: 973 857-5163

<u>Gloucester County</u> Judy Tobia Hadnett - County Director Gloucester County Health Department 115 Budd Blvd. West Deptford ,New Jersey 08012 Phone: 856 384-6687

Gloucester County

Mary Beth Monroe, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 856 384-6887 Fax: 856 629-0469

Hudson County

Vacant County Director 595 County Avenue

Building 2 Secaucus, New Jersey 07094 Phone: 201 271-4342 Fax: 201 271-4366 Hudson County Carol Ann Wilson, Director, Alliance Coordinator Department of Health and Human Services County of Hudson 595 County Avenue, Bldg #2 Secaucus, New Jersey 07094 Phone: 201-271-4310 Fax: 201 271-4357

Hunterdon County

Linda Stampoulos, County Director Department of Human Services County of Hunterdon P.O. Box 2900 Flemington, New Jersey 08822-2900 Phone: 908 788-1372 Fax: 908 806-4204

Hunterdon County

Denise Childers. Alliance Coordinator 8 Guantt Place Flemington, New Jersey 08822 Phone: 908 806-4204 Fax: 908 806-4204

Mercer County

Camille Bloomberg, County Director Office on Addiction Services McDade Administration Building 640 South Broad Street Trenton, New Jersey 08650 Phone: 609 989-6897

Mercer County

Vacant - Alliance Coordinator Phone: 609 989-6826 Fax: 609 989-6032

Middlesex County

Elliot White County Director Department of Human Service Middlesex County Administration Building JFK Square, 5th Floor New Brunswick, New Jersey 08901 Phone: 732 745-5562

Middlesex County Charoulla Georgiou, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 732 745-4065 Fax: 732 296-7971

Monmouth County

Charles D. Brown, County Director Monmouth County Office of Mental Health and Addiction Services Kozloski Road P.O. Box 3000 Freehold, New Jersey 07728 Phone: 732 431-6451

Monmouth County

James A. Wallace, Jr., Alliance Coordinator Phone: 732 431-6451 Fax: 732 866-3595

Morris County

Jennifer Carpinteri, County Director Department of Human Services P.O. Box 900 Morristown, New Jersey 07963-0900 Phone: 973 285-6867

Morris County

Beth Jacobson, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 973 285-6860 Fax: 973 285-6713

Ocean County

Vacant - County Director Ocean County Health Department 175 Sunset Avenue P. O. Box 2191 Toms River, New Jersey 08754 Phone:732 341-9700 Ext: 7535

Ocean County

Joanne E Schuh. Alliance Coordinator 175 Sunset Avenue PO Box 2191 Toms River, New Jersey 08754

Phone: 732 341-9700 Ext: 7537

Passaic County Louis E. Imhof, County Director Alcohol Coordinator 401 Grand Street Paterson, New Jersey 07505 Phone: 973 881-2763

Passaic County

Joyce Cupoli / Joy Durham Alliance Coordinator Phone: 973 881-2880 Fax: 973 881-2733

Salem County

Margaret Vaughan-Mailley, County Director Salem County Health Department 98 Market Street Salem, New Jersey 08079 Phone: 856 935-7510 Ext: 8460

Salem County

Brenda Banks, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 856 935-7510 Ext: 8459 Fax: 856 935-8483

Somerset County

Brenda Pateman, County Director Alcoholism & Drug Abuse Coordinator P.O. Box 3000 92 East High Street Somerville, New Jersey 08876 Phone: 908 704-6309

Somerset County

Ronnie Weiner, Alliance Coordinator 92 East Main Street P.O. Box 3000 Somerville, New Jersey 08876 Phone: 908 704-6305 Fax: 908 704-1629

Sussex County

Cindy Armstrong, County Director S.C. Division of Community & Youth Services

Juvenile Detention Center 135 Morris Turnpike Newton, New Jersey 07860 Phone: 973 579-0547 Fax:973 948-6664

Sussex County

Pat Kibildis, Alliance Coordinator S.C. Division of Community & Youth Services Juvenile Detention Center 135 Morris Turnpike Newton, New Jersey 07860 Phone: 973 948-6000 Ext: 223 Fax: 973 948-6664

Union County

Thomas J. Graham MPH, County Director Department of Human Resources Division of Planning Union County Admin. Bldg 4th Floor Elizabeth, New Jersey 07207 Phone: 908 527-4837 Fax: 908 558-2562

Union County Benjamin Ricciardi, Alliance Coordinator Phone: 908 527-4852 Fax: 908 558-2562

Warren County

Shawn Buskirk, County Director Warren County Department of Human Services & Mental Health 202 Mansfield Street Belvidere, New Jersev 07823 Phone: 908 475-6234 Fax: 908 475-6333

Warren County

Syria Geddis, Alliance Coordinator Federal Express Address 202 Mansfield Street Belvidere, New Jersey 07823 Phone: 908 475-6231

HUMAN SERVICES ADVISORY COUNCIL

County Human Service Advisory Councils are county-based planning, advisory, and coordinating organizations dedicated to helping the community meet its human services needs. Human Service Advisory Councils seek to facilitate, and enhance the delivery of human services through collaborative relationships across the county, and between counties and state agencies.

Atlantic County

HSAC Staff: Karla S. Guy Atlantic County Department of Family & Community Development (609)348-3001 Ext.2728 FAX (609)343-2374

HSAC Chair: Fran Wise United Way of Atlantic County (609)404-4483 FAX (609) 404-4303

Bergen County

HSAC Staff: Bari-Lynne Schwartz Bergen County Department of Human Services (201)336-7474 FAX: (201) 336-7450

HSAC CHAIR: Shelby Coyne Careplus NJ (201)986-5026 FAX (201)265-3543

Burlington County

HSAC Staff: Jennifer Hiros Burlington County Office of Human Services (609) 265-5593 FAX (609) 265-5382

HSAC CHAIR: Donald Starn Prevention Plus of Burlington County, Inc. (609) 261-0001 FAX (609) 261-5854

Camden County

HSAC STAFF: Hilary Colbert Community Planning & Research Advocacy (856) 663-3998 FAX (856) 663-7182

HSAC CHAIR: Patricia Schultz (856) 795-7030

Cape May County

HSAC STAFF: Sabrina Hand Cape May County Department of Human Services (609) 465-1055 FAX (609) 465-4639

HSAC CHAIR: Barry Keefe Human Services Office County of Cape May (609) 425-3920 FAX (609)465-4639

Cumberland County HSAC STAFF: Ethan Aronoff Cumberland County Human Services (856) 453-7804 FAX (856) 455-8842

HSAC CHAIR: John Burns c/o Cumberland County Technical Educational Center (856) 451-9000 (x 225) FAX (856) 453-1118

Essex County

HSAC STAFF: Frank Cuocco Essex County Department of Citizen Services (973) 395-8404 FAX (973) 395-8493

HSAC CHAIR: Anibal Ramos, Jr. Essex County Department of Citizen Services (973) 395-8401 FAX: (973) 395-8493

Gloucester County HSAC STAFF: Lisa Cerny Gloucester County Department of Human Services (856) 384-0207 FAX (856) 384-0207

HSAC CHAIR: Ana Rivera Gloucester County Department of Human Services (856) 848-8648 FAX (856) 848-7753

Hudson County

HSAC STAFF: Leon Socha Hudson County Department of Health & Human Services (201) 271-4334 FAX (201) 319-3773

HSAC CHAIR: Kathy Wood Heightened Independence & Progress (201)-533-4407 FAX: (201)533-4421

Hunterdon County HSAC STAFF: Barbara Metzger Hunterdon County Department of Human Services (908) 788-1253 Fax (908) 806-4204

HSAC CHAIR: Martha Rezeli Hunterdon Catholic Charities (908) 782-7908 FAX 908-782-5934

Mercer County

HSAC STAFF: Sasa Olessi Montano Mercer County Department of Human Services (609) 989-6529 FAX (609) 989-6032

HSAC CHAIR: Frank Cirillo Mercer County Department of Human Services (609) 989-4494 FAX (609) 989-0405

Middlesex County

HSAC STAFF: Bridget Stillwell Kennedy Middlesex County Human Services Department (732) 745-4228 FAX (732) 296-7971

HSAC CHAIR: Bridget Stillwell Kennedy

Middlesex County Human Services Department (732)745-4228 FAX (732) 296-7971

Monmouth County

HSAC STAFF: Laurie Duhovny Monmouth County Division of Planning & Contracting (732) 683-2102 FAX (732) 845-2054

HSAC CHAIR: Mary Ann Christopher Visiting Nurses Association of Central Jersey (732) 224-6868 FAX (732) 224-0843

Morris County HSAC STAFF: Shelia Carter

Morris County Department of Human Services (973) 285-6844 (ext 254) FAX (973) 285-6713

HSAC CHAIR: David Lacouture (973) 839-2521 (ext 234) FAX: (973) 616-0447

Ocean County

HSAC STAFF: Kathy Jaworski Ocean County Department of Human Services (732) 506-5374 FAX (732) 341-4539

HSAC CHAIR: Theodore Gooding Ocean, Inc. (732) 244-5333 FAX (732)-349-4227

Passaic County

HSAC STAFF: Pamela Sallie Passaic County Department of Human Services (973) 881-2834 FAX (973) 881-2733

HSAC CHAIR: Tom Zsiga North Jersey 4Cs (973) 684-1904 (ext.210) FAX (973) 684-0468

Salem County HSAC STAFF: Dr. Raymond Bolden, Jr. Salem County Inter-Agency Council (IAC) (856) 935-7510 (x8315) FAX (856) 935-7747

HSAC CHAIR: Kathleen Lockbaum Salem County Board of Social Services 856-299-7200(ext 298) FAX 856-351-0432

Somerset County

HSAC STAFF: Sarah Murchison Somerset County Department of Human Services (908)704-6307 FAX (908) 704-1629 HSAC CHAIR: Rev. Dr. John F. Stephenson c/o Somerset County Division of Human Services (908) 231-9523 FAX (908) 704-0784

Sussex County HSAC STAFF: Lorraine Hentz Sussex County Juvenile Detention Center (973) 948-6000 (ext 222) FAX (973) 948-6684

HSAC CHAIR: Suzanne Sarner Sussex County Technical School (973) 383-6700 (ext 329) FAX: (973) 579-7493

Union County HSAC STAFF: James V. Baker Union County Division of Planning (908) 527-4843 FAX (908) 558-2562

HSAC Chair: William Webb Family & Children's Services (908) 372-1007 FAX (908) 372-1018

Warren County HSAC STAFF: Shawn J. Buskirk Warren County Department of Human Services (908) 475-6080 FAX (908) 475-6085

HSAC CHAIR: Robert Pruznick Warren County Department of Human Services (908) 689-7525 FAX (908) 475-60855

MOBILE RESPONSE AND STABILIZATION SERVICES

Children's Mobile Response and Stabilization Services is a single, comprehensive system of mobile response available to children and youth whose escalating emotional or behavioral issues require timely interventions to prevent disruption of their current living arrangement, including out-of-home placement. Primarily, the mobile response system is a face-to-face delivery of service at the site of the escalating behavior, whether this is the child's home, a group home or another living arrangement, including foster and adoption family homes. Mobile Response provides time limited, intensive, preventive service that include behavioral and rehabilitative interventions designed specifically to diffuse, mitigate and resolve an immediate crises.

Bergen County

Care Plus NJ 17-07 Romaine Street Fairlawn , NJ 07410 Phone: (201) 796-9479 Fax: (201) 796-3617

Burlington County

The Drenk Center 1289 Route 38, Suite 202 Hainesport , NJ 08036 Phone: (609) 914-0711 Fax: (609) 914-0722

Camden County

Steininger Behavioral Care Services 128 Cross Keys Road Berlin, NJ 08009 Phone: (856) 210-1511 x3010 Fax: (856) 768-0251

Cape May/Atlantic Counties

Atlanticare Behavioral Health 6010 Black Horse Pike Mays Landing, NJ 08234 Phone: (609) 383-8204 x 252 Fax: (609) 383-8643

Essex County

UMDNJ-UBHC- Newark 183 So. Orange Avenue Newark , NJ 07103 Phone: (973) 972-8811 Fax: (973) 972-0218

Gloucester/Salem/Cumberland Counties

Robins Nest, Inc. 42 South Delsea Drive Glassboro , NJ 08028 Phone: (856) 881-8689 x 166 Fax: (732) 235-4771

Hudson County

Catholic Charities, Archdiocese of Newark 3040 Kennedy Blvd. Jersey City , NJ 07306 Main: (201) 798-7430 Phone: (201) 798-7452 Fax: (201) 659-1707

Hunterdon/Somerset/Warren Counties

Catholic Charities, Dioceses Of Metuchen 6 Park Avenue Flemington, NJ 08822 Phone: (908) 782-7905 Fax: (908) 782-5934

Mercer County

Catholic Charities, Archdiocese of Trenton 3535 Quakerbridge Road, Suite 201 Hamilton, NJ 08619 Phone: (609) 584-0790 x 102 Fax: (609) 584-0595

Middlesex County

Mitchell Douglas, Program Director UMDNJ-UBHC- Piscataway 151 Centennial Avenue, Room 1314 Piscataway, NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 235-8420

Fax: (732) 235-4771

Monmouth County

CPC Behavioral Healthcare 270 Highway 35 Red Bank, NJ 07701 Phone: (732) 842-2000 x 4273 Fax: (732) 212-2890

Morris/Sussex Counties

Family Intervention Services. 20 Vanderhoof Ave. Rockaway, NJ 07866 Phone: (973) 586-5243 x 319 Fax: (973) 627-2095

Ocean County

2156 Route 37 West Manchester, NJ 08759 Phone: (732) 657-2502 Fax: (732) 785-9500

Passaic County

Family Intervention Services 1784 Hamburg Turnpike Wayne, NJ 07470 Phone: (973) 839-1126 Fax: (973) 839-3067

Union County

Trinitas Hospital/New Point Campus 655 East Jersey Street Elizabeth, NJ 07206 PHONE: (908) 994-7154 FAX: (908) 994-7151

NEW JERSEY AFTER 3

New Jersey After 3, Inc., formed in 2004, is the nation's first statewide public/private partnership to fund after school programs. New Jersey After 3 is a private, non-profit organization dedicated to expanding after school opportunities for New Jersey's kids. Our vision is that all New Jersey children will have the opportunity to participate in high quality, comprehensive, structured, supervised and enriching after school activities.

Atlantic County

Grantee: Atlanticare Behavioral Health School: Warren Sooy Elementary School/ Hammonton, NJ

Grantee: Boys & Girls Club of Atlantic City Leeds Ave., N. Main Ave., S. Main Ave., and Washington Ave. Schools/ Pleasantville, NJ

Bergen County

Grantee: Jewish Family Service, Inc. School: Cliffside Park School Number 3, Number 4, and Number 6/ Cliffside Park, NJ

Grantee: Bergen Family Center School: Lincoln School and Cleveland School/ Englewood, NJ

Burlington County

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Burlington County School: Willingboro Memorial Middle School/ Willingboro, NJ

Camden County Grantee: Communities of Schools of NJ School: Cooper's Poynt/ Camden, NJ

Grantee: Communities of Schools of NJ School: Henry H. Davis School/ Camden, NJ

Grantee: Communities of Schools of NJ School: R. C. Molina School/ Camden, NJ

Grantee: Educational Information and Resource Center School: Cream Elementary School/ Camden, NJ

Grantee: Hispanic Family Center of Southern NJ School: Charles Sumner Elementary School/ Camden. NJ

Grantee: Educational Information and Resource Center School: Cold Springs Elementary School/ Gloucester. NJ

Grantee: Educational Information and Resource Center School: Lindenwold Middle School/ Lindenwold, NJ

Grantee: Educational Information and Resource Center School: Lindenwold School # 4/ Lindenwold, NJ

Cumberland County Grantee: Tri-County Community Action Corporation

School: Broad St School/ Bridgeton, NJ

Essex County

Grantee: Metropolitan YMCA of the Oranges School: Whitney Houston Academy/ East Orange, NJ

Grantee: Urban League of Essex County School: Union Ave Middle School/ Irvington, NJ

Grantee: Work Family Connection School: Chancellor Ave School/ Irvington, NJ

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Newark School: First Ave School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Camp Vacamas Association School: Dr William H. Horton School and McKinley School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Camp Vacamas Association School: Flagg School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Communities in Schools of Newark School: 13th Ave School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Communities in Schools of Newark School: Miller St School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: El Club del Barrio School: Roberto Clemente School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: FOUCS Hispanic Center School: Ridge Street School and Lafayette Street School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: FOCUS Hispanic Center School: Sussex Ave School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Ironbound Community Corporation School: Hawkins Street School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Unified Valisburg Services Organization School: Alexander Street School and Alexander Annex/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: Unified Valisburg Services Organization School: Mt Vernon School/ Newark, NJ

Grantee: YMCA of Essex and West Hudson School: Main St School and Central School/ Newark, NJ

Gloucester County

Grantee: Educational Information and Resource Center School: Herma S. Simmons School/ Clayton, NJ

Grantee: Glassboro Child Development Centers School: Bowe School, Bullock School and Glassboro Intermediate School/ Glassboro, NJ

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Gloucester County School: Louenslager School and Billingsport School/ Paulsboro, NJ

Hudson County

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Hudson County School: Alfred E. Zampella School/ Jersey City, NJ

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Hudson County School: Public School #34/ Jersey City, NJ

Grantee: Urban League of Hudson County School: Public School # 41/ Jersey City, NJ

Mercer County

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Trenton and Mercer

School: Robins Annex and Ulysses S. Grant Elementary/ Trenton, NJ

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Trenton and Mercer School: Gregory, Stokes, Mott, Robbins and Monument Schoolsff

Grantee: Children's Home Society of NJ School: Grace Dunn Middles School/ Trenton, NJ

Grantee: Education Works, Inc School: Rivera Elementary School and Wilson Elementary School/ Trenton, NJ

Grantee: Young Scholars Institute School: Trenton Community Charter School/ Trenton, NJ

Middlesex County

Grantee: Civic League of Greater New Brunswick School: New Brunswick Middle School/ New Brunswick, NJ Grantee: Jewish Renaissance Foundation School: William C. McGinnins School and Schull School/ Perth Amboy, NJ

Morris County

Grantee: Mt Olive Child Care and Learning Center School: Stephens Elementary School and Sandshore Elementary School/ Budd Lake, NJ

Grantee: Mt. Olive Child Care and Learning Center School: Tinc Rd and Mt View Elementary School/ Flanders, NJ

Grantee: Morristown Neighborhood House Association School: Frelinghuysen Middle School/ Morristown, NJ

Ocean County Grantee: Kimball Medical Center Foundation School: Holman Elementary School/ Jackson, NJ

Grantee: Kimball Medical Center Foundation School: Ella G. Clarke School/ Lakewood, NJ

Passaic County

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Paterson School: Passaic School #1

Grantee: Mental Health Clinic of Passaic School: Passaic School #6

Grantee: Mental Health Clinic of Passaic School: Passaic School #11- William B. Cruise School/ Passaic, NJ

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Paterson

School: Paterson School #10/ Paterson, NJ

Grantee: NJ Community Developmental Corporation School: Paterson School #2/ Paterson, NJ

Grantee: NJ Community Developmental Corporation School: School #5/ Paterson, NJ

Grantee: Paterson YMCA School: Alexander Hamilton Academy and Norman S. Weir Elementary School/ Paterson, NJ

Grantee: Paterson YMCA School: Paterson School #28/ Paterson, NJ

Grantee: William Paterson University of NJ

School: Paterson Public School #27/ Paterson, NJ

Grantee: Boys and Girls Club of Clifton School: School #17/ Clifton, NJ

Sussex County Grantee: K.E.E.P., Inc School: Walnut Ridge Primary School/ Vernon, NJ

Union County Grantee: The Newark Museum School: A.P. Morris School/ Hillside, NJ

Grantee: The Newark Museum School: Coolidge, Washington and Hurden-Looker School/ Hillside, NJ

Grantee: Jewish Family Services of Central New Jersey School: Linden Schools One, Four and Five/ Linden, NJ

Grantee: Work Family Recreation School: Roselle Park Middle School/ Roselle Park, NJ

Warren County

Grantee: Family Guidance Center of Warren School: Taylor St School and Memorial School/ Washington, NJ

ONE STOP CAREER CENTERS

One-Stop Career Centers are located throughout New Jersey. All services are available free of charge to help you develop the skills you need to succeed in a 21st century work environment.

New Jersey's One-Stop Career Centers are staffed with qualified professionals who can assist with obtaining employment or the training you need to meet the demands of our present workforce. Employment counselors can help explore career choices relating to your interests and abilities and will help you explore a career path that can best utilize your skills in the current job market.

The One-Stop Career Centers also offer educational training programs in vocational and trade schools or on-site at the One-Stop, on-the-job training with local employers and apprenticeships in many fields. In addition, Job Search Readiness Workshops provide information on how to successfully look for a job, conduct yourself in an interview, write a resume or learn about the local labor market.

Atlantic County

1333 Atlantic Ave. Atlantic City, NJ 08401 (609) 345-6700 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

44 North Whitehorse Pike Hammonton, NJ 08037-1860 (609) 561-8800 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

2 South Main St. Pleasantville, NJ 08232 (609) 813-3900 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

3810 New Jersey Ave. Wildwood, NJ 08260-0210 Phone: (609) 729-0997 Fax: (609) 729-8455

3810 New Jersey Ave. Wildwood, NJ 08260 Phone: (609) 523-0330 Fax: (609) 523-0212

Bergen County

60 State St, 2nd Floor Hackensack, NJ 07601 (201) 329-9600 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Burlington County

795 Woodlane Rd Westampton, NJ 08060 (609) 518-3900 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Building 5418 Delaware and Alabama Avenues Fort Dix, NJ 08640-6904 (609) 723-5494 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

<u>Camden County</u> 2600 Mt. Ephraim Ave Camden, NJ 08104 (856) 614 – 3150 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

1873 Route 70 East Suite 304 Cherry Hill, NJ 08003 (856) 751 – 8550 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Cape May County

3810 New Jersey Ave. Wildwood, NJ 08260-0210 (609) 729-0997 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Cumberland County

40 East Broad St. Suite 102 Bridgeton, NJ 08302 (856) 453 – 3900 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

275 North Delsea Dr. Vineland, NJ 08360 (856) 696 – 6600 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Essex County

50 S. Clinton St, 2nd Floor East Orange, NJ 07018 (973) 395-3222 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

57 Sussex Ave.2nd Floor Newark, NJ 07103 (973) 733 – 8183 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

990 Broad St. Newark, NJ 07102 (973) 648 – 3370 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Essex County College 3rd Floor, Yellow Area Newark, NJ 07102-1789 (973) 877 - 3479 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Gloucester County 215 Crown Point Rd. Thorofare, NJ 08086-0159 (856) 384-3700 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Route 45 and Budd Blvd. Woodbury, NJ 08096 (856) 384-6970 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

<u>Hudson County</u> 690 Broadway Bayonne, NJ 07002-2920 (201) 858-3037 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm 4800 Broadway Union City, NJ 07087 (201) 271-4529 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

438 Summit Ave. 1st Floor Jersey City, NJ 07306 (201) 795-8800 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

121-125 Newark Ave. Jersey City, NJ 07302 (201) 413-7580 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

<u>Hunterdon County</u> Victoria Plaza Flemington, NJ 08822 (908) 782 – 2885 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Mercer County

26 Yard Ave. 1st Floor, Station Plaza 4, Trenton, NJ 08625 (609) 292 - 0620 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

650 South Broad St. Trenton, NJ 08650 (609) 989 – 6824 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Middlesex County

506 Jersey Ave. New Brunswick, NJ 08901 (732) 937 – 6200 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

339 Maple St. Perth Amboy, NJ 08861 (732) 293 - 5016 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Monmouth County

60 Taylor Ave. Neptune, NJ 07753 (732) 775 - 1566 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

170 Monmouth St. Red Bank, NJ 07701 (732) 747 – 2282 x10 or x33 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Morris County

107 Bassett Highway Dover, NJ 07801 (973) 361-9050 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm 30 Schuyler Pl. Morristown, NJ 07960 (973) 631-6321 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

<u>Ocean County</u> 1027 Hooper Ave. Bldg. 6, Toms River, NJ 08753 (732) 286-5616 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

1959 Rt. 9 Toms River, NJ 08755 (732) 286-6446 x261 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

231 3rd Street -2nd Floor Lakewood Municipal Bldg. Lakewood, NJ 08701 (732) 905-5996 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Passaic County

388 Lakeview Ave. Clifton, NJ 07011 (973) 340-3400 x7129 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

52 Church St .Paterson, NJ 07505

(973) 340-3400 x7200 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

370 Broadway Paterson, NJ 0750 (973) 977-4350 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

25 Howe Ave. Passaic, NJ 07055 (973) 916 - 2645 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Salem County 174 E. Broadway Salem, NJ 08079 (856) 935-7007 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

<u>Somerset County</u> 75 Veterans Memorial Dr. Somerville, NJ 08876 (908) 704 – 3000 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Sussex County Sussex County Mall Rt. 206 N Newton, NJ 07860 (973) 383-2775 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm 12 Munsonhurst Rd. Franklin, NJ 07416 (973) 209-0795 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

<u>Union County</u> 125 Broad St. Elizabeth, NJ 07201 (908) 558-8000 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

208 Commerce PI. Elizabeth, NJ (908) 820-3181 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

200 West 2nd St– 2nd & 3rd Floors Plainfield, NJ 07060 (908) 412 – 7980 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

Warren County

75 South Main St. Phillipsburg, NJ 08865-2339 (908) 859-0400 Hours: Mon. – Fri. 8:30am – 4:30pm

RESOURCES FOR COMMUNITY BASED ORGANIZATIONS

Below is a partial listing of grant making organizations that provide a significant number of grants to New Jersey not-for profit organizations. *This list is not exhaustive and does not include detailed information on application requirements.* For more detailed information on these and others resources for not-for-profit organizations visit company web-sties, and your local library.

Bank of America Foundation Area of Interest: Varies

www.bacnkofamerica.com /foundation

Center for Non-Profits

Founded in 1982, the Center is a charitable umbrella organization serving New Jersey's non-profit community. The Center's mission is to build the power of New Jersey's nonprofit community by serving as the premier voice and comprehensive resource for and about our sector.

www.nonprofits.org

Council of New Jersey Grantmakers

Area of Interest: Resources for grant making agencies 315 West State Street (Office) 101 West State Street (Mailing) Trenton, NJ 08608 Phone 609-341-2022 Fax 609-777-1096 www.cnjg.org

Fannie Mae Foundation

Area of Interest: Affordable housing, home ownership opportunities in cities towns, and rural areas across the United States Phone 202-274-8057 http://www.fanniemaefoundation.org/grants/g rants.shtml

Ford Foundation

Areas of Interests: Various Attention: Secretary 320 East 43 Street New York, NY 10017 http://www.fordfound.org/about/guideline.cfm

Foundation Center

The Foundation Center is the most authoritative source of information on private philanthropy in the United States. We help grant-seekers, grant-makers, researchers, policymakers, the media, and the general public better understand the field of philanthropy. www.foundationcenter.org

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Information on how to apply to become a tax exempt organization. www.irs.gov/charities/charitable

<u>New Jersey Economic Development</u> <u>Authority (EDA)</u>

Area of Interest: Provides low-interest loans and other resources to help businesses and nonprofit agencies get the capital they need to invest and expand in New Jersey. PO Box 990 Trenton, NJ 08625-0990

Phone (609) 292-1800 http://www.njeda.com/notforprofits.asp

New Jersey Economic Development

Directory Area of Interests: Urban or economic revitalization http://www.ecodevdirectory.com/new_jersey. htm

Prudential Foundation Area of Interest: Education and Economic development

The Prudential Foundation 751 Broad Street, 15th Floor Newark, NJ 07102-3777 (973) 802-9704 www.prudential.com (select "About Prudential." then "Community Involvement")

Public Service Gas Electric (PSEG)

Area of Interest: PSEG's Contributions Program supports nonprofit organization proposals that address our three funding priorities: Children & Families Community & Economic Development The Environment www.pseg.com/community

- Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, Ocean PSE&G 300 New Albany Rd. Moorestown NJ 08057
- Hudson & Bergen
 PSE&G
 608 Broadway
 Bayonne, NJ 07002
- Hunterdon, Somerset & Union PSE&G 900 West Grand Street Elizabeth, NJ 07202
- Morris, Passaic & Essex PSE&G 240 Kuller Rd. Clifton NJ 07011
- Mercer, Middlesex & Monmouth PSE&G 4140 Quakerbridge Rd. Lawrenceville NJ 08648
- Salem, Cumberland, Cape May, & Atlantic PSEG Nuclear P.O. Box 236 Hancocks Bridge NJ 08038

Statewide New Jersey Funding or Requests Focused Solely on Newark PSEG Corporate Responsibility 80 Park Plaza, 10C Newark NJ 07102

All Other Funding Requests

Director - Corporate Responsibility PSEG 80 Park Plaza, 10C Newark NJ 07102

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation

The Robert Wood Johnson Foundation provides grants for projects in the United States and U.S. territories that advance our mission to improve the health and health care of all Americans. Preference is given to public agencies, public charities or are taxexempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Areas of Interest: Building Human Capital, Childhood Obesity, Health Insurance Coverage, Pioneer, Public Health, Quality/Equality, Vulnerable Populations

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation P.O. Box 2316 College Road East and Route 1 Princeton, NJ 08543 (877) 843-RWJF www.rwjf.org

State of New Jersey Grant Resources

Area of Interest: Information on grant programs offered by the State of New Jersey http://www.state.nj.us/grants.html

Verizon Foundation

Mission is to improve education, literacy, family safety and healthcare by supporting Verizon's commitment to deliver technology that touches life. **Areas of Interest**: Literacy, Technology Education, Domestic Violence.

Grant applications are only accepted electronically..

www.foundation.verizon.com

Victoria Foundation

Areas of Interest: Improving opportunities for poor and disadvantaged families within the City of Newark, and urgent environmental problems within New Jersey

946 Bloomfield Avenue Glen Ridge, NJ 07028 Phone 973-748-5300 Fax 973-748-0016

http://www.victoriafoundation.org/index.htm

<u>Wachovia Foundation</u> The Wachovia Foundation is a private foundation that is funded annually by Wachovia Corporation. We provide grants to eligible 501(c)(3) tax-exempt organizations. **Areas of Interest:** Education, Community Development, Health and Human Services, Arts and Culture

Wachovia Regional Foundation 123 Broad Street, 3rd Floor PA4360 Philadelphia, PA 19109 Tel: (215) 670-4300 Fax: (215) 670-4313

SCHOOL BASED YOUTH SERVICES PROGRAM

The New Jersey School Based Youth Services Program (SBYSP) was started in 1987 to help young people navigate their adolescent years, finish their education, obtain skills leading to employment or continuing education, and graduate healthy and drug free.

SBYSP sites, which are located in each of the 21 counties in or near schools in urban, rural and suburban communities, are open to all youth ages 10-19, and provide services before, during and after school and throughout the summer. The comprehensive "one-stop shopping" design helps break down barriers and bureaucratic roadblocks that too often prevent young people from obtaining services and supports. The program has been extended to younger students in some school districts. Currently there are 90 SBYSP operating in 67 high schools, 18 middle schools and 5 elementary schools.

Atlantic County

Atlantic City High School Teen Services Center 1400 Albany Ave. Atlantic City, NJ 08401 Craig Cochran (609) 345-8336 Fax (609) 345-8373 PD (609) 343-7300 ext.2306

Buena Regional High School

Buena School Based Teen Center Room B112 125 Weymouth Road Buena, NJ 08310 (856) 697-2400 ext 8234 Fax (856) 974-8956

Cleary Middle School

1501 Central Avenue Minotola, NJ 08341 Cathleen Morris (856) 697-2400 ext 8234 Fax (856) 974-8956

Egg Harbor Township High School

24 High School Drive Egg Harbor Township, NJ 08234 Joseph Conte (609) 653-0100 ext. 2683 Fax: (609) 653-0789

Martin Luther King School Complex Martin Luther King Blvd. Atlantic City, NJ (609) 645-7700

Oakcrest High School

1824 Dr. Dennis Foreman Dr. Mays Landing, NJ 08330 (609) 909-2677 Fax (609)625-6034

Pleasantville High School

"The Club" 701 Mill Rd. Pleasantville, NJ 08232 (609) 383-6900 ext. 4057 Fax (609) 383-6952 PD (609) 383-6900 ext. 4098

Uptown School Complex 323 Madison Avenue Atlantic City, NJ (609) 645-7700

Bergen County

Dwight Morrow Academies at Englewood "The Zone" 274 Knickerbocker Road Englewood, NJ 07631 (201) 862-6283

Hackensack High School

Hackensack Drop In Center Rm. 161 First & Beech Sts. Hackensack, NJ 07601 Dominick Polifrone (201) 646-0722 Fax (201) 646-1558

Teaneck High School

100 Elizabeth Street Teaneck, NJ 07666 Nicholas Campestre (201) 833-5126 Fax (201) 833-5429

Burlington County

Burlington City Jr./Sr. High School 100 Blue Devil Way Burlington, NJ 08016 (609) 239-6275 Fax (609) 239-2185

Pemberton High School

Pemberton School Based Program PO Box 246 148 Arneys Mount Rd. Pemberton, NJ 08068 (609) 893-8141 Ext.2921 Fax (609) 894-0153

Willingboro High School

MVP (Making Visions Possible) 20 Kennedy Way Willingboro, NJ 08046-2121 (609) 835-8806 Fax (609) 835-8821

Camden County

Camden City High School "Link Program" 1700 Park Blvd. Camden, NJ 08103 (856) 614-7680 Fax (856) 966-5282

East Camden Middle School 3604 Stevens Street Camden, NJ 08105 (856) 541-0253 Fax (856) 541-1989

Hatch Middle School

Park Blvd & Euclid Avenue Camden, NJ 08103 (856) 541-0253 Fax (856) 541-1989

Morgan Village Middle School

Morgan Blvd & Fairview Street Camden, NJ 08104 (856) 541-0253 Fax (856) 541-1989

Pyne Point Middle School 7th & Erie Street

Camden, NJ 08102 (856) 541-0253 Fax (856) 541-1989

Veterans Memorial Middle School

26th & Hayes Avenue Camden, NJ 08105 (856) 541-0253 Fax (856) 541-1989

Winslow Township High School "Eagle's Landing"

200 Coopers Folly Road Atco, NJ 08004 (856) 767-1850 ext. 8102 Fax (856) 719-8016

Woodrow Wilson HS "Tiger's Lair" 31st & Federal Sts Camden, NJ 08105 (856) 966-4282 Fax (856) 964-0677

Cape May County

Cape May County Technical School 188 Crest Haven Rd. Cape May Court House, NJ 08210 (609) 465-2161 ext. 126 or 227 Fax (609)465-3365

Lower Cape May Regional High School

Cape May SBYSP 687 Route 9 Cape May, NJ 08204 (609) 884-3475 ext. 347 Fax: (609) 884-5638

Cumberland County

Bridgeton Broad Street School Kid's Corner 251 W. Broad Street Bridgeton, NJ 08346 (856) 453-1233 Fax (856) 453-1410

Bridgeton High School Kid's Corner 111 North West Avenue Bridgeton, NJ 08302 (856) 453-1233 Fax (856) 453-1410

Cumberland Regional High School COLT Connection PO Box 5115 Silver Lake Road Seabrook, NJ 08302 (856) 451-9400 ext. 279 Fax (856) 451-7766

Downe Township Elementary School

Kid's Corner Route 553 Newport, NJ 08345 (856) 453-1233 Fax (856) 453-1410

Millville High School

200 Wade Blvd. Millville, NJ 08332 Brenda Smaniotto (856) 327-6040 ext. 2905 Fax (856) 293-2319

Thomas W. Wallace Intermediate School 688 North Mill Road Vineland, NJ 08360 (856) 507-8780 Fax (856) 507-8780

Vineland High School South

2880 East Chestnut Avenue Vineland, NJ 08361 (856) 507-8780 Fax (856) 507-8780

Essex County

Barringer High School 90 Parker Street Newark, NJ 07104 Desiree Barber (973) 350-8583 Fax (973) 483-9169

Columbia High School

17 Parker Ave Maplewood, NJ 07040-1327 Erin Barker (973) 762-5600 ext. 1188

Essex County Technical Career Center

Teen Powerhouse 91 W. Market St. Newark, NJ 07103 (973) 622-1100 ext.4081 Fax (973) 972-6378

Irvington High School University

Irvington School Based Program PO Box 153 Irvington, NJ 07111 (973) 399-7797 Fax (973) 372-6545

Orange High School

Orange SBYSP 400 Lincoln Avenue Orange, NJ 07050 (973) 677-4050 ext. 5019 Fax (973) 677-4089

Orange Middle School

Central Avenue & Clarendon Place Orange, NJ 07050 (973) 677-4050 ext. 5019 Fax (973) 677-4089

University Middle School

255 Myrtle Ave. Irvington, NJ 07111-2621 (973) 399-7797 Fax (973) 372-6545

Gloucester County

Clayton Jr./ Sr. High School Clayton Place 350 E. Clinton Street Clayton, NJ 08312 (856)863-1802 Fax (856) 863-2476

Gloucester County Institute of Technology 1360 Tanyard Road P.O. Box 800 Sewell, NJ 08080 (856) 468-1445 ext, 2691

Fax (856) 468-0522 Hudson County

Bayonne High School Student Center, Room 124 Avenue A & 29th St. Bayonne, NJ 07002 (201) 858-7885 Fax (201) 436-3931 Emerson High School 318 18th St. Union City, NJ 07087 (201) 392-3621 Fax (201) 348-1283

Harrison High School 1 North 5th Street Harrison, NJ 07029 (973) 482-5050 ext. 1015 Fax: (973) 482-3625

Hoboken High School 800 Clinton Street (Ninth & Clinton Sts) Hoboken, NJ 07030 (201) 356-3630 Fax: (201) 356-3704

Jose Marti Middle School 1800 Summit Ave Union, City, NJ 07087 (201) 392-3621 Fax (201) 348-1283

Kearny High School 336 Devon Street Kearny, NJ 07032 (201) 955-5144 Fax: (201) 955-5041

Snyder High School 239 Bergen Ave Jersey City, NJ 07305 (201) 915-6518 Fax (201) 547-2026

Union Hill High School

3800 Hudson Ave Union City, NJ 07087-6020 (201) 392-3683 (temporary) Fax (201) 392-392-8229

Hunterdon County

Hunterdon Central Regional High School

Hunterdon Medical Center HBH 2100 Westcott Dr. Flemington, NJ 08822 (908) 788-6401 ext.3235 Fax (908) 788-6584

Mercer County

Trenton Central High School Trenton SBYSP 400 Chambers St. Suite E124

Trenton, NJ 08609 (609) 278-7260 ext.7575 Fax (609) 278-8243

Middlesex County

Carteret High School 199 Washington Avenue Carteret, NJ 07008 (732) 541-8960 ext. 4051 Fax (732) 541-2454

Crossroads North Middle School 635 Georges Road Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852 (732) 329-4044 ext. 3246 Fax (732) 274-1237

Highland Park High/Middle School Highland Park SBYSP

102 North Fifth Ave. Highland Park, NJ 08904 (732) 572-2400 ext.3020 Fax (732) 819-7041

New Brunswick High School

New Brunswick SBYSP 1125 Livingston Ave. New Brunswick, NJ 08901 (732) 745-5300 ext.7765 Fax (732) 418-4329

Perth Amboy High School

Perth Amboy SBYSP 300 Eagle Avenue Perth Amboy, NJ 08861 (732) 376-6030 ext.23511 Fax (732) 376-6297

Roosevelt Elementary School

83 Livingston Avenue New Brunswick, NJ 08901 (732) 745-5300 ext.7765 Fax (732) 418-4329

South Brunswick High School

South Brunswick SBYSP 750 Ridge Road PO Box 183 Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852 (732) 329-4044 ext. 3246 Fax (732) 274-1237

Monmouth County

Asbury Park High School Asbury Park SBYSP 1003 Sunset Ave. Asbury Park, NJ 07712 (732) 776-2638 ext. 2633 or 2675 Fax (732) 776-6895 Fax (732) 633-1620

Keansburg High School

140 Port Monmouth Road Keansburg, NJ 07734-1999 (732) 787-2007 ext.4555 Fax (732) 495-7921 or 471-8219

Long Branch High School

Long Branch High SBYSP 391 Westwood Ave. Long Branch, NJ 07740 (732) 728-9533 Fax (732) 728-9670

Red Bank Regional High School

The Source 101 Ridge Road Little Silver, NJ 07739 (732) 842-8000 ext. 1236 Fax (732) 842-4868

Morris County

Dover High School Tiger R.A.P. 100 Grace Street Dover, NJ 07801 (973) 989-0540/0045 Fax (973) 442-1779

Ocean County

Brick Memorial High School

2001 Lanes Mill Road Brick, NJ 08724 (732) 785-3901/3902 Fax (732) 458-5140

Brick Township High School

346 Chambers Bridge Road Brick, NJ 08724-1405 (732) 262-2500 Ext. 2095 Fax (732) 262-3385

Lakewood High School

Lakewood SBYSP PO Box 2036 Lakewood, NJ 08701 (732) 363-7272 Fax (732) 905-5644

Pinelands Regional High School

Pinelands Junior High School Pinelands SBYSP 520 Nugentown Rd. PO Box 248 Tuckerton, NJ 08087-0248 (609) 296-5074 Fax (609) 812-9643

Veterans Memorial Middle School

105 Hendrickson Ave Brick, NJ 08724 (732) 785-3901/3902 Fax (732) 458-5140

Passaic County

Clifton High School 333 Colfax Avenue Clifton, NJ 07013 (973) 458-6074 Fax (973) 458-6075

East Side High School

150 Park Ave. Room 138 Paterson, NJ 07501 (973) 321-2425 Fax (973) 321-0392

Kennedy High School

Paterson SBYSP 62-127 Preakness Ave. Paterson, NJ 07522 (973) 321-0541 Fax (973) 720-9553

Lincoln Middle School

291 Lafayette Avenue Passaic, NJ 07055 (973) 473-2408 Fax (973) 473-473-6883

Manchester Regional High School 70 Church Street Haledon, NJ 07508-1753 (973) 389-2864 Fax (973) 956-8805

Passaic High School

Passaic SBYSP 185 Paulison Ave. Passaic, NJ 07055 (973) 473-2408 Fax (973) 473-473-6883

Passaic County Technical Institute 45 Reinhardt Road Wayne, NJ 07470-2210 (973) 389- 2028 Fax (973) 413-1640

Passaic Valley High School East Main Street Little Falls, NJ 07424 (973) 890-2500 ext. 2604 Fax (973) 890-2547

Salem County

Salem City High School Youth Connection 219 Walnut Street Salem, NJ 08079-9048 (856) 935-3900 ext.270 Fax: 856-935-4623

Salem County Vocational Technical High School Salem Youth Mall 166 Salem-Woodstown Rd. Salem, NJ 08079 (856) 935-7365

Fax (856) 935-5027 Somerset County

Somerset County Vocational Technical High School PO Box 6350 N. Bridge St. & Vogt Dr. Bridgewater, NJ 08807 (908) 526-8900 ext. 7286 Fax (908) 526-9212

Sussex County

Sussex County Technical School 105 N. Church Rd. Sparta, NJ 07871 (973) 579-7725 Fax (973) 579-7493

Union County

Abraham Clark High School 122 East 6th Ave Roselle, NJ 07203-2026 (908) 298-2000 ext. 2221 Fax (908) 298-8628

Elizabeth High School

(William S. Halsey House) 600 Pearl Street Elizabeth, NJ 07202-3624 (908) 994-5383 Fax (908) 351-4572

Elizabeth High School (Thomas Jefferson House) 27 Martin Luther King Plaza Elizabeth, NJ 07201 (908) 436-6771 Fax (908) 436-6768

Hubbard Middle School

661 W Eighth St Plainfield, NJ 07060-2233 908 731-4360 ext. 5152 Fax (908) 731-4362

Maxson Middle School

920 East Seventh Street Plainfield, NJ 07062 908 731-4360 ext. 5152 Fax (908) 731-4362

Plainfield High School Plainfield High SBYSP 925 Arlington Ave. Plainfield, NJ 07060 908 731-4360 ext. 5152 Fax (908) 731-4362

Warren County

Phillipsburg High School Phillipsburg High SBYSP 445 Marshall Avenue Phillipsburg, NJ 08865 (908) 859-2127 Fax (908) 213-2062

Phillipsburg Middle School

525 Warren Street Phillipsburg, NJ 08865 (908) 859-2127 Fax (908) 213-2062

Warren Hills Regional High School 41 Jackson Valley Road Washington, NJ 07882 (908) 835-3350, then option #8 Fax (908) 689-5801

Warren Hills Regional Middle School 64-66 Carlton Ave

Washington, NJ 07882 (908) 835-3350, then option #8 Fax (908) 689-5801

STATE DEPARTMENT/ AGENCY

Department of Treasury

(609) 292-8950 http://www.state.ni.us/treasury/ Public Services Offered: Divisions of: Administration Contract Compliance Investment Management and Budget (OMB) Pension and Benefits Property Management Construction Public Finance Purchase and Property Property Tax Relief Programs State Auctions

Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness

(609) 584-4078 http://www.nj.gov/njhomelandsecurity/ Public Services Offered: Community Emergency Response Team (CERT)

Department of Banking & Insurance (609) 633-7667

http://www.state.nj.us/dobi/index.html Public Services Offered: Banking Division Insurance Division Real Estate Commission

Department of the Public Advocate (609) 826-5091

http://www.state.nj.us/publicadvocate/ Public Services Offered: Division of Developmental Disability Advocacy Child Advocate Citizen Relations Elder Advocacy Rate Council (formerly the NJ Division of the Ratepayer Advocate) Public Interest Advocacy Mental Health Advocacy Office of the Child Advocate

Department of Education

(609) 292-0193 http://www.state.nj.us/education Public Services Offered: Abbott Services **Bilingual Education** Keeping Our Kids Safe No Child Left Behind Blueprints for Violence and Substance Abuse Program Early Childhood Education Recognition Programs Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program Special Education Intradistrict Public School Choice NJ After 3 Voc-Tech & Career Programs

Board of Public Utilities (609) 777-3300 http://www.nj.gov/bpu/

Public Services Offered: Audits Cable TV Clean Energy Customer Assistance Energy Reliability & Security Telecommunications Water

New Jersey State Police (609) 882-2000

http://www.njsp.org

Public Services Offered: Trooper Youth Week Child Safety Seat Program NJ State Police Boy Scout Camporee

Motor Vehicle Commission

(609) 984-9825 http://www.nj.gov/mvc/ Public Services Offered: Renew driver license Renew registration 6 Pt ID Verification Motorcycle Safety Change of address

Department of Corrections

(609) 633-2335 http://www.state.nj.us/corrections/i Public Services Offered: DEPTCOR Transitional Services Victim Services AgriIndustries Public Awareness

Department of Environmental Protection

(609) 777-4327 http://www.state.nj.us/dep/index.html

Public Services Offered:

DEP Public Participation Calendar Clean Communities Projects Clean Communities Farm Stands AmeriCorps Summer Jobs New Jersey Watershed Ambassadors Program

Department of Health & Senior Services (609) 292-0053

http://www.state.nj.us/health/

Public Services Offered: AmeriCorps Brain Injury Research Cancer Control Program Cancer Surveillance Program Charity Care Commission on Cancer Research Comprehensive Tobacco Control Program Consumer Environmental Health Emergency Medical Services HIV/AIDS Services Minority/ Multicultural Health National Senior Service Corps NJ Youth Tobacco Survey Office of Animal Welfare Office of Cancer Control and Prevention Post Partum Depression Services Public Awareness Public Health Issue Senior Benefits Spinal Cord Research Update Gang Study Volunteers in Service to America

Department of Agriculture (609) 292-3976

http://www.nj.gov/agriculture/

Public Services Offered: Divisions of: Agricultural and Natural Resources Animal Health Food Nutrition Marketing and Development Plant Industry School Farm Tours Educational Programs Conservation Education Emergency Feeding Operations

Department of Transportation (609) 530-3536

http://www.nj.gov/transportation/ Public Services Offered: Adopt-A-Highway Animal/Dead Dear Removal Context Sensitive Design Detours and Highway Closing Facilities and Maintenance Local Aid and Economy Development Maintenance, Highways, Litter Pick-Up NJ Future In Transportation (FIT) Pothole Reporting Safe Routes to School Service Center/Repair Centers Transit Village Initiative

Department of Law and Public Safety/ Office of the Attorney General

(609) 530-6957 http://www.state.nj.us/lps/

Public Services Offered: Divisions of: Alcoholic Beverage Consumer Affairs Criminal Justice Civil Rights Gaming Enforcement Highway Traffic and Safety Elections Law Juvenile Justice Commission NJ Racing Commission State Police Day Programs Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative

Department of Military & Veterans Affairs

(609) 530-6957 http://www.state.nj.us/military/ Public Services Offered: HealthCare Services Veterans Services Youth Challenge

Office of Economic Growth (609) 984-9825 Public Services Offered:

Department of Children & Families 609) 984-4500

http://www.state.nj.us/dcf/ Public Services Offered: Atlantic County and Families Initiative Care Management Services Child Advocacy Centers Child Care Help Line Child Safety Campaigns County Human Treatment Centers County Inter-Agency Coordinating Councils County Youth Services Commission Division of Child Behavioral Health Services Child Welfare Domestic Violence and Family Support Services DYFS Family Friendly Services Family and Child Early Education Services Family Support Services Foster Adoption Human Services Advisory Council Kinship Care Mobile Response & Stabilization Services Newark School-Based Health Centers NJ Child Assault Prevention Project Project TEACH (Teen Educational and Child Health)Regional Diagnostic Treatment Centers School Based Youth Services Program Strengthen Families Through Early Care and Education Training and Technical Assistance Services Transitional Education Center Technology for Life Learning Center Youth Case Management

Department of Labor & Workforce Development (609) 292-2975

http://www.state.nj.us/labor/index.html Public Services Offered: One-Stop Career Center NJ Family Care Veteran Services Disability Determination Services Workers Compensation Unemployment Insurance Vocational Rehabilitation Services Youth Mentoring Youth Transitions to Work Construction Trades Training Program for Youth and Minorities Registered Apprenticeship Programs

Department of Personnel (609) 292-4145

http://www.state.nj.us/personnel/ Public Services Offered: HRDI Training Working Well NJ

Department of Human Services

(609) 292-3717 http://www.state.ni.us/humanservices/ Public Services Offered: Divisions of: Family Development Child Care Services Child Support and Paternity Services WorkFirst NJ, Supplemental Security Income Foodstamps Services Catastrophic Illness in Children Relief Fund Commission for the Blind and Visually Impaired Deaf and Hearing Developmental Disabilities Disability Services Mental Health Services Good Neighbors/ Community Living for People with Disabilities Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse Home Energy Assistance, NJ Family Care NJ Earned Income Tax Credit Refugee Resettlement Program

Department of State

(609) 777-0884 http://www.state.nj.us/state/ Public Services Offered:

Volunteer NJ Division of Community Services Governor's Office of Volunteerism AmeriCorps Amistad Commission Council of the Arts Cultural Trust Faith Based Initiatives Historical Commission Israel Commission Israel Commission Martin Luther King Jr Commission Learn & Serve America NJ State Museum Travel and Tourism

War Memorial

Department of Community Affairs Acting Commissioner Charles Richman (609) 292-6420 http://www.state.nj.us/dca/ Public Services Offered: Center for Hispanic Policy, Research and Development Division of Local Government Services Division of Housing Division of Fire Safety Division of Codes and Standards Division of Community Resources Division of Women Office of Smart Growth Council on Affordable Housing New Jersey Affordable Housing Management Association Foundation

Office of the Public Defender (973) 648-2600

http://www.thedefenders.nj.gov/

Office of the Child Advocate (609) 984-1188 http://www.state.nj.us/childadvocate/

Commission on Higher Education (609) 984-2630 http://www.state.nj.us/highereducation/

Commission on Science and Technology http://www.state.nj.us/scitech/

NJ Council on Developmental Disabilities

609) 292-3745 http://www.njddc.org/ Public Services Offered: Monday Morning NJ Young Activists for Change Family Support Partners for Policymaking Men's Health Care Women's Health Care

NJ Parole Board

http://www.state.nj.us/parole/

Juvenile Justice Commission

(609) 292-1400 http://www.state.nj.us/lps/jjc/index.html Public Services Offered: Residential Community Homes, Day Programs (Atlantic City, Burlington, Cumberland, Elizabeth, Liberty Park Hudson, Monmouth)

UNITED WAY/ 2-1-1 CALL CENTERS

Local United Ways throughout New Jersey provide financial support to the 2-1-1 Call Center covering their community. Ten officially designated 2-1-1 Call Centers are strategically located

While resources that are offered through 2-1-1 vary from community to community, 2-1-1 Call Specialists will provide comprehensive information and referral services to callers about a variety of issues, including:

- Basic Human Needs Resource: food banks, clothing closets, shelters, rent assistance, utility assistance.
- Support for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities: adult day care, congregate meals, Meals on Wheels, respite care, home health care, transportation, homemaker services.
- Support for Children, Youth and Families: childcare, after school programs, Kids Care (health insurance programs), family resource centers, summer camps and recreation programs, mentoring, tutoring, protective services.
- Physical and Mental Health Resources: health insurance programs, Medicaid and Medicare, maternal health, Children's Health Insurance Program, medical information lines, crisis intervention services, support groups, counseling, drug and alcohol intervention and rehabilitation.
- Employment Supports: financial assistance, job training, transportation assistance, and education programs.

Atlantic County

United Way of Atlantic County 4 E. Jimmie Leeds Road, Suite 10 Galloway, NJ 08205 (609) 404-4483 Fax: (609) 404-4303 www.unitedwayac.org uwac@dandy.net

CALL CENTER

Atlantic County Division of Intergenerational Services Ms. Carolyn Conover 101 S Shore Rd Northfield NJ 08225 888-426-9243 x4741 www.aclink.org Conover Carolyn@aclink.org

Bergen County

United Way of Bergen County 6 Forest Avenue Paramus, NJ 07652 (201) 291-4050 Fax: (201) 291-0681 www.bergenunitedway.org info@bergenunitedway.org

CALL CENTER

First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

Burlington County United Way of Burlington County PO Box 226 Rancocas, NJ 08073-0226 (609) 267-4500 Fax: (609) 267-4146

www.uwburlington.org uwbc@uwburlington.org

CALL CENTER CONTACT of Burlington County Ms. Theresa Tobey P.O. Box 333 Moorestown NJ 08057 866-234-5006 x201 Fax: (856) 778-3880 www.contactburlco.org contact333@contactburlco.org

Camden County

United Way of Camden County 196 Newton Ave Camden, NJ 08103-1708 (856) 963-2720 Fax: (856) 963-2752 www.uwccnj.com kyle_ruffin@uwccnj.org

CALL CENTER Union Organization for Social Services

Ms. Denise Velazquez-Marrero 4212 Beacon Avenue Pennsauken NJ 08109-1430 800- 331-7272 x4015 Fax: (856) 663-4879 www.uoss.org dvelazquez-marrero@uoss.org

Cape May County

United Way of Cape May County PO Box 595 Wildwood, NJ 08260-0595 (609) 729-2002 uwcmc@snip.net

CALL CENTER Atlantic County Division of Intergenerational Services Ms. Carolyn Conover 101 S Shore Rd

Northfield NJ 08225 888-426-9243 x4741 www.aclink.org Conover Carolyn@aclink.org

Cumberland County

United Way of Greater Cumberland County PO Box 578 Vineland, NJ 08362-0578 (856) 205-1800 Fax: (856) 205-1883 www.unitedwaygcc.org uwgcc@comcast.net

CALL CENTER

Union Organization for Social Services Ms. Denise Velazquez-Marrero 4212 Beacon Avenue Pennsauken NJ 08109-1430 800-331-7272 x4015 Fax: (856) 663-4879 www.uoss.org dvelazquez-marrero@uoss.org

Essex County

United Way of Essex and West Hudson 303-09 Washington Street Newark, NJ 07102-2718 (973) 624-8300 Fax: (973) 242-6726 www.uwewh.org

United Way of North Essex 60 S Fullerton Avenue Montclair, NJ 07042-2632 (973) 746-4040 Fax: (973) 746-6207 www.uwne.org wme@uwne.org

United Way of Millburn-Short Hills PO Box 546 Millburn, NJ 07041-0546 (973) 467-1170

Fax: (973) 467-7544 www.unitedwayofmillburn.org friedazaf@aol.com

United Way of Bloomfield 385 Broad Street Bloomfield, NJ 07003-2540 (973) 748-1732 Fax: (973) 748-0389 www.unitedwaybloomfield.org idap@unitedwaybloomfield.org

CALL CENTER

First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

CALL CENTER

First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

Gloucester County United Way of Gloucester County 454 Crown Point Road Thorofare, NJ 08086-2124 (856) 845-4303 Fax: (856) 384-1812 www.uwgcnj.org

CALL CENTER

Center For Family Services Ms. Monique Byers Schaffstall 601 South Black Horse Pike Williamstown NJ 08094 800-648-0132 x4624 Fax: (856) 728-1407 www.centerffs.org mbschaffstall@centerffs.org

Hudson County

United Way of Hudson County 857 Bergen Avenue Jersey City, NJ 07306-4405 (201) 434-2625 Fax: (201) 434-8643 www.unitedwayofhc.org info@unitedwayofhc.org

United Way of Essex and West Hudson 303-09 Washington Street Newark, NJ 07102-2718 (973) 624-8300 Fax: (973) 242-6726 www.uwewh.org

CALL CENTER

First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680

www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

Hunterdon County

United Way of Hunterdon County 4 Walter Foran Blvd., Suite 401 Flemington, NJ 08822 (908) 782-3414 Fax: (908) 782-6704 www.uwhunterdon.org info@uwhunterdon.org

CALL CENTER

Hunterdon Help Line Ms. Jeanne Cassano P.O. Box 246 Flemington NJ 08822 800-272-4630 x4410 Fax: (908) 237-0296 www.helplinehc.org helplinehc@patmedia.net

Mercer County

United Way of Greater Mercer Co. PO Box 6193 Lawrenceville, NJ 08648-0193 (609) 896-1912 Fax: (609) 895-1245 www.uwgmc.org office@uwgmc.org

CALL CENTER

Infoline of Central Jersey Mr. Steven Nagel 32 Ford Avenue Milltown NJ 08850 888-908-4636 x4910 Fax: (732) 418-0458 www.info-line.org director@info-line.org

Middlesex County

United Way of Central Jersey 32 Ford Avenue Milltown, NJ 08850 (732) 247-3727 Fax: (732) 247-9855 www.uwcj.org info@uwcj.org

CALL CENTER

Infoline of Central Jersey Mr. Steven Nagel 32 Ford Avenue Milltown NJ 08850 888-908-4636 x4910 Fax: (732) 418-0458 www.info-line.org director@info-line.org

Monmouth County

United Way of Mormouth County 1415 Wyckoff Road Farmingdale, NJ 07727-3940 (732) 938-5988 Fax: (732) 938-2850 www.uwmonmouth.org info@uwmonmouth.org

CALL CENTER

Hunterdon Help Line Ms. Jeanne Cassano P.O. Box 246 Flemington NJ 08822 800-272-4630 x4410 Fax: (908) 237-0296 www.helplinehc.org helplinehc@patmedia.net

Morris County

United Way of Morris County PO Box 1948 Morristown, NJ 07962-1948 (973) 993-1160 Fax: (973) 993-5807 www.uwmorris.org uwmorris.@uwmorris.org

CALL CENTER

First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

Ocean County

United Way of Ocean County 1144 Hooper Avenue, Suite 302 Toms River, NJ 08753 (732) 240-0311 Fax: (732) 240-6338 www.unitedwayofocean.com

CALL CENTER

CONTACT of Ocean County Ms. Carol Ann Weshnak P.O. Box 1121 Toms River NJ 08754 800-585-0904 Fax: (732) 914-0148 www.contactocean.org contactofoceanco@aol.com

Passaic County

United Way of Passaic County 20 Mill Street Paterson, NJ 07501-1893 (973) 279-8900 Fax: (973) 279-0059 www.unitedwaypassaic.org info@unitedwaypassaic.org

CALL CENTER First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org foalm@211firstcall.org

Salem County

United Way of Salem County PO Box 127 Salem, NJ 08079-0127 (856) 935-2538 Fax: (856) 935-3675 www.uwsalem.org rpurchase.uwsalem@verizon.net

CALL CENTER

Center For Family Services Ms. Monique Byers Schaffstall 601 South Black Horse Pike Williamstown NJ 08094 800-648-0132 x4624 Fax: (856) 728-1407 www.centerffs.org mbschaffstall@centerffs.org

Somerset County

United Way of Somerset County 1011 Route 22 West, 2nd Floor Bridgewater, NJ 08807 (908) 725-6640 Fax: (908) 725-5598 www.somersetcountyunitedway.org webmaster@somersetonline.org

CALL CENTER

Hunterdon Help Line Ms. Jeanne Cassano P.O. Box 246 Flemington NJ 08822 800-272-4630 x4410 Fax: (908) 237-0296 www.helplinehc.org helplinehc@patmedia.net

Sussex County

United Way of Sussex County PO Box 231 Newton, NJ 07860-0231 (973) 579-3040 Fax: (973) 579-5708 www.sussexunitedway.org

CALL CENTER

NORWESCAP- First Call For Help Mr. Robert Frankenfield 350 Marshall Street Phillipsburg NJ 08865 877-661-4357 x4310 Fax: (908) 859-0729 www.norwescap.org frankenfieldr@norwescap.org

Union County

United Way of Greater Union County 33 W Grand Street Elizabeth, NJ 07202-1410 (908) 353-7171 Fax: (908) 353-6310 www.uwguc.org info@uwguc.org

United Fund of Westfield 301 North Avenue West Westfield, NJ 07090-1431 (908) 233-2113 Fax: (908) 233-2177 www.westfieldnj.com/unitedfund unitedfund@westfieldnj.com

United Way of Summit, New Providence and Berkeley Heights 1282 Springfield Avenue New Providence, NJ 07974-2901 (908) 771-0717 Fax: (908) 771-9204 UWofSummit@aol.com

CALL CENTER First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

CALL CENTER

First Call For Help Ms. Fran Palm 299 Webro Road Parsippany NJ 07054 800-435-7555 x4100 Fax: (973) 887-4680 www.211firstcall.org fpalm@211firstcall.org

Warren County

United Way of Warren County 225 Hardwick Street, Suite 2 PO Box 451 Belvidere, NJ 07823 908-475-8600 Fax: 908-475-8602 www.unitedwayofwc.org mfreeh@verizon.net

CALL CENTER

NORWESCAP- First Call For Help Mr. Robert Frankenfield 350 Marshall Street Phillipsburg NJ 08865 877-661-4357 x4310 Fax: (908) 859-0729 www.norwescap.org frankenfieldr@norwescap.org

WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD (WIB) DIRECTORY

New Jersey's local Workforce Investment Boards (WIBs) were initially established in 1995 through the Governor's Executive Order #36. Today there are 17 local Workforce Investment Boards covering the 21 counties in New Jersey. Local elected officials appoint WIB members to volunteer positions on the WIB. The WIB is expected to act as a Board of Directors to identify the needs of the local job market, leverage resources, oversee One-Stop Career Centers, and otherwise direct workforce investment programs in their area. WIBs work in conjunction with economic development and related organizations to promote economic growth. They work with community colleges, K-12 school systems, and other providers to improve services.

Atlantic/ Cape May Counties

WIB Director: Stephen J. Bruner, Executive Director Atlantic/Cape May Workforce Investment Board 2 South Main Street, floor 2 Pleasantville, NJ 08232 Phone: (609) 485-0153 X366 Fax: (609) 485-2248

Bergen County

WIB Director: Ms. Tammy Molinelli Bergen Workforce Investment Board Executive Director Bergen County WIB 327 E. Ridgewood Paramus, NJ 07652 Phone: (201) 343-6000 x4092 fax: (201) 265-8940

Burlington County

WIB Director: Mark Remsa, Director Burlington Workforce Investment Board Dept. of Economic Dev. 50 Rancocas Road P.O. Box 6000 Mount Holly, NJ 08060 Phone: (609) 265-5055 Fax: (609) 265–5006

Camden County WIB Director: Leona Tanker, Exec. Director Camden Workforce Investment Board

Bellmawr, NJ 08031 Phone: (856) 931-9999 Fax: (856) 931-6565

Cumberland/ Salem Counties

WIB Director: Dante Rieti, Director Cumberland/Salem Workforce Investment Board 220 N. Laurel Street P.O. Box 1398 Bridgeton, NJ 08302 Phone: (856) 451 – 8920 Fax: (856) 451 – 2514

Essex County

WIB Director: Alburtus Jenkins, Director Essex County Workforce Investment Board Essex County Dept. of Economic Development Training & Employment 50 South Clinton Street Fourth Floor East Orange, NJ 07018 Phone: (973) 395 – 8329 Fax: (973) 395-8667

Gloucester County WIB Director: Andy DiNardo, Exec. Director Gloucester Workforce Investment Board 115 Budd Blvd. Woodbury, NJ 08096 Phone: (856) 384 – 6951 Fax: (856) 384 – 0207

Greater Raritan

WIB Director: Colleen La Rose, Exec. Director Greater Raritan Workforce Investment Board c/o Hunterdon Co. Chambers of Commerce 2200 Rt. 31, Suite 15 Lebanon, NJ 08833 Phone: (908) 735-8422

Phone: (908) 735-8422 Fax: (908) 730-6580 Hudson County

WIB Director: Anthony J. Corsi, Executive Director Hudson Workforce Investment Board 4800 Broadway Room 208 Union City, NJ 07087 Phone: (201) 271 - 4555 Fax: (201) 271-4557

Mercer County

WIB Director: Charles Hill, Acting Director Mercer County Workforce Investment Board 640 S. Broad Street Suite 423 McDade Administration Bldg. Trenton, NJ 08650 Phone: (609) 989-6555 Fax: (609) 695-4943

Middlesex County

WIB Director: Jane Z. Brady, Executive Director

Middlesex Workforce Investment Board 506 Jersey Avenue New Brunswick, NJ 08901 Phone: (732) 745 - 3601 Fax: (732) 745 - 4050

Monmouth County

WIB Director: Kathleen Weir, Executive Director Monmouth County Workforce Investment Board 145 Wyckoff Road Floor 2 Eatontown, NJ 07724 Phone: (732) 544 - 1025 x 20 Fax: (732) 544 - 5458

Morris/ Sussex/ Warren Counties

WIB Director: Jack Patten, Director Morris, Sussex & Warren Workforce Investment Board 30 Schuyler Place, Floor 3 Morristown, NJ 07963-0900 PO Box 900 Morristown, NJ 07963-0900 Phone: (973) 829 - 8662 x232 Fax: (973) 829 - 8500

Newark (Essex)

WIB Director: Rodney Brutton, Executive Dir City of Newark Workforce Development Board 990 Broad Street, Floor 2 Newark, New Jersey 07102 Phone: (973) 733-5995 Fax: (973) 645-1451

Ocean County

WIB Director: Patricia B. Leahey, Coordinator Ocean County Workforce Investment Board 1027 Hooper Avenue Building 2, 3rd. Floor Toms River, NJ 08754-2191 Phone: (732) 506-5312 Fax: (732) 341 - 4539

Passaic County

WIB Director: Lanisha Makle, Director Passaic County Workforce Investment Board 930 Riverview Dr. Suite 250 Totowa, NJ 07512 Phone: (973) 569-4028 Fax: (973) 812-3459

LOCAL ONE-STOP OPERATOR/MGR./ DESIGNATED ONE-STOP FACILITY

Union County

WIB Director: Mr. Antonio Rivera, Director Union Workforce Investment Board Dept of Economic Development Administration Bldg. - 4th Fl. Elizabeth, NJ 07207 Phone: (908) 558 – 2567 Fax: (908) 659-7406

YOUTH CASE MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Youth Case Management (YCM) is the supportive relationship that case managers develop with the children and families that serve. Based upon the family's strengths, this relationship is characterized by dignity, respect, and self-determination. YCM advocates for the needs and views of the child and their family. YCM has a leadership role in coordination and integration of services designed to optimize care for children and families.

Atlantic County

Family Service Association 3073 English Creek Avenue Egg Harbor Township, NJ 08234 PHONE: (609) 569-0239 FAX: (609) 599-1942

Bergen County

CBH 395 Main Street Hackensack, NJ 07601 PHONE: (201) 646-0333 FAX: (201) 646-0334

Burlington County

Family Services of Burlington 79 Chestnut Street Lumberton, NJ PHONE: (609) 518-5470 FAX: (609) 518-1284

Camden County

Steininger Behavioral Care 499 Cooper Landing Road Cherry Hill, NJ 08034 PHONE: (856) 482-8747 FAX: (856) 482-8340

Cape May County

Cape Counseling 128 Crest Haven Cape May Courthouse, NJ 08210 PHONE: (609) 465-4100 or (609) 465-6047 FAX: (609) 861-1053

Cumberland County

Family Service Association 3073 English Creek Avenue Egg Harbor Township, NJ 08234 PHONE: (609) 569-0239 FAX: (609) 569-1942

Essex County

Newark Beth Israel Medical Center 201 Lyons Avenue, Wing H-3 Newark, NJ 07102 PHONE: (973) 926-6935 FAX: (973) 926-1277

Gloucester County The OutPost PO Box 448 Sewell, NJ 08080

PHONE: (856) 256-3320 FAX: (856) 256-3328

Hudson County

Youth Consultation Service 711 32nd Street , 1st Floor Union City , NJ 07087 PHONE: (201) 865-2160 FAX: (201) 865-2665 EMAIL: <u>mlaboo@ycs.org</u>

Hunterdon County

Hunterdon Medical Center 2100 Westcott Flemington, NJ 08822 PHONE: (908) 788-6401 FAX: (908) 788-6584

Mercer County

Greater Trenton CMHC 1001 Spruce Street Trenton, NJ 08608 PHONE: (609) 396-6788 FAX: (609) 989-1245

Middlesex County

UBHC/UMDNJ 1440 How Lane North Brunswick, NJ 08902 PHONE: (732) 235-6184 FAX: (732) 235-7221

Monmouth County

Catholic Charities-Diocese of Trenton 145 Maple Avenue Red Bank, NJ 07701 PHONE: (732) 747-9660 FAX: (732) 747-7590

Morris County

Family Intervention Services, Inc. 20 Vanderhoof Ave. Rockaway, NJ 07866 Phone: (973) 586-5243 x332

Ocean Mental Health

122 Lien Street Toms River, NJ 08753 PHONE: (732) 473-0458 FAX: (732) 473-0791

Passaic County

Mental Health Clinic of Passaic 35 Orange Avenue Clifton, NJ 07103 PHONE: (973) 779-8975 FAX: (973) 779-8979

Salem County

Healthcare Commons 500 Pennsville-Auburn Carney's Point, NJ 08069 PHONE: (856) 299-3200 FAX: (856) 299-7183

Somerset County

Richard Hall Mental Health 500 N. Bridge Street Bridgewater, NJ 08807 PHONE: (908) 253-3160 FAX: (908) 704-1790

Sussex County

Newton Memorial Hospital 175 High Street Newton, NJ 07860 PHONE: (973) 579-8312 FAX: (973) 383-3506

Union County

Trinitas Hospital Department of Psychiatry 655 E. Jersey Street Elizabeth, NJ 07206 PHONE: (908) 994-7380 FAX: (908) 994-7322

Warren County

Catholic Charities of Metuchen 700 Sayre Street Philipsburg, NJ 08855 PHONE: (908) 454-2074 ext. 112 FAX: (908) 454-9871

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This resource guide is a compilation of several documents. Listed below are the works cited for this document.

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Whitley, James. (2002) A Guide to Organizing Community Forums. A publication of Community Catalyst, Boston, Massachusetts.

National Crime Prevention Council

"Organizing Parents: Building Family Advocacy Organizations" a publication of the State (Connecticut) Office of Protection and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Office of the Director, Office of Strategy and Innovation. Introduction to program evaluation for public health programs: A self-study guide. Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2005

Williams, Kenneth. (1997) REACHING OUT: An Effective Guide to Coalition Building. Washington DC: Emergency Medical Services for Children National Resource Center.