Sheep/Goats-During

Plan
Disasters can take many forms, from hurricanes, flooding, electrical storms, high wind, extreme hot/cold, blizzards, tornadoes, wildfires, etc. It is important during an emergency that you follow the directions of emergency personnel whether to evacuate yourself and your animals or whether to shelter in place. Sometimes sheltering in place is the only option for our farm animals. Before disaster strikes, decide what the best place to keep your horse. This could mean keeping them in the barn or outside depending upon the type of disaster and the facilities you have available.

Based on the emergency, decide if you can safely evaluate your animals.

If not already done and time permits, sign up to receive critical alerts by checking your town or county Office of Emergency Management.

Prepare
Be aware that prior to and during a disaster, the reactions of sheep/goats can change and will be based on fear and instinct. They can become frightened by loud noises, flashes of lightening, increasing water levels and falling/moving debris. Animals may be more difficult to move and normal calm sheep/goats can become difficult to handle. If you plan to move your animals inside a barn or to another pasture, it is important to do this before the emergency, if at all possible.

Gather up your “Go Bag” [http://animalemergency.nj.gov/documents/Livestock_Go_Bag.pdf](http://animalemergency.nj.gov/documents/Livestock_Go_Bag.pdf) with enough food, water and bedding for at least three days.

During a disaster, storm conditions and updates are given by emergency personnel. Listen to alert regarding weather and disaster information, along with official instructions and announcements from emergency management by checking alerts on your phone or TV or by listening to a battery-powered radio.

Act
1. Listen and follow announcements by emergency personnel to learn when to evacuate and if there are special evacuation routes for livestock.
2. If you plan to evacuate your sheep/goats, try to leave early to ensure the safety of your animals and ease your stress.
3. Call your preplanned destination to make sure the site is still available and not affected by the disaster. Otherwise follow the directions of the emergency personnel if a previous site has not been selected.
4. If you plan to shelter your sheep/goats in place, leave them in the preselected area appropriate for the disaster type. Leave enough hay for 48-72 hours. You can feed your animals its allotted daily grain before you leave. It is not recommended to dispense large amounts of grain at one time to sheep/goats because it can cause digestive upsets and bloat. Fill up water containers so your animals have enough water for 48-72 hours. Do not rely on automatic watering systems in case the power is lost.