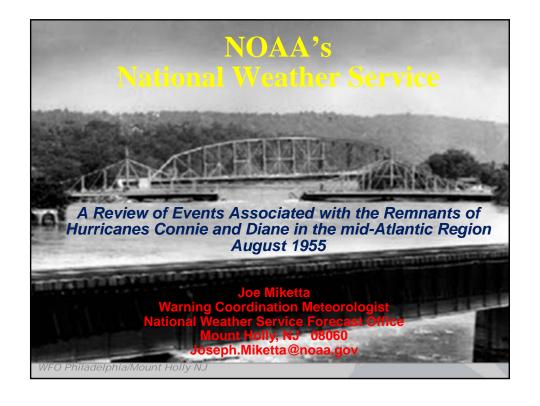
NOAA's National Weather Service

A Review of Events Associated with the Remnants of Hurricanes Connie and Diane in the mid-Atlantic Region August 1955

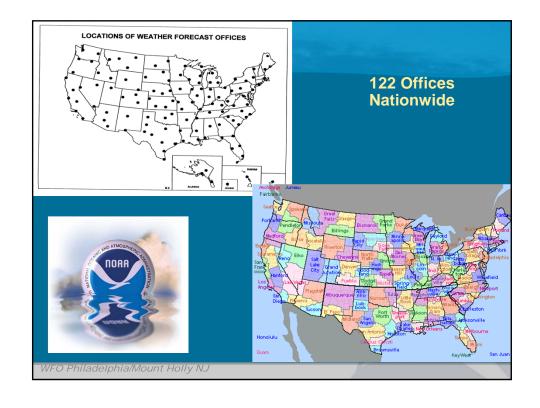
Joe Miketta

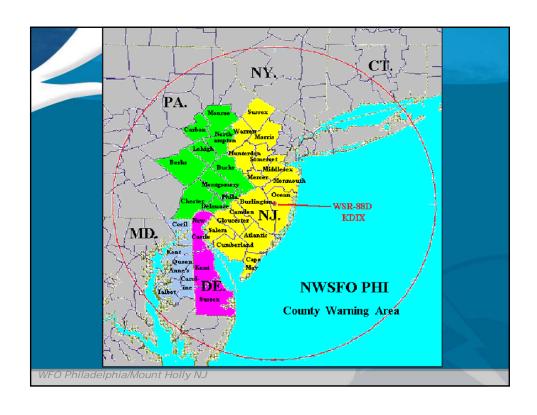
Warning Coordination Meteorologist National Weather Service – Philadelphia/Mt. Holly NJ Contact information: 609-261-6602 x223;

ontact information: 609-261-6602 x223 joseph.miketta@noaa.gov

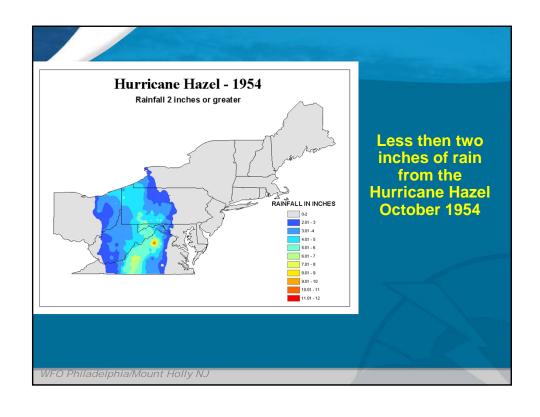


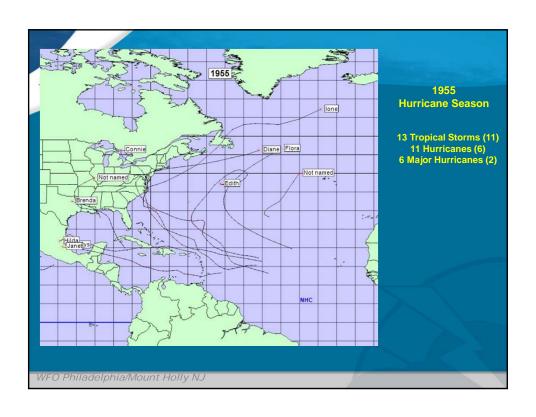


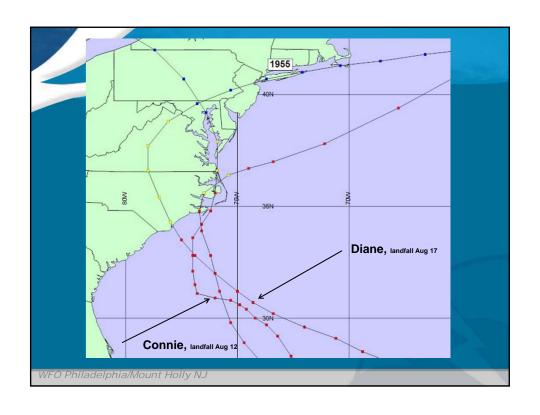


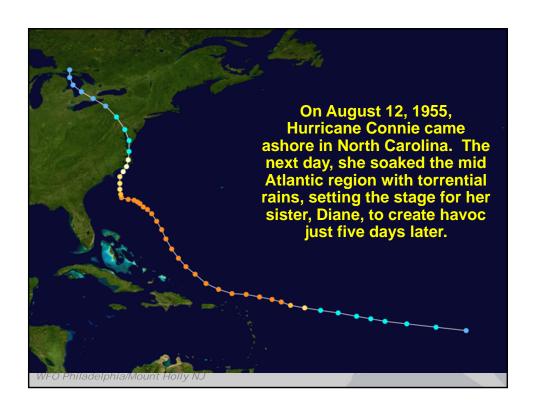


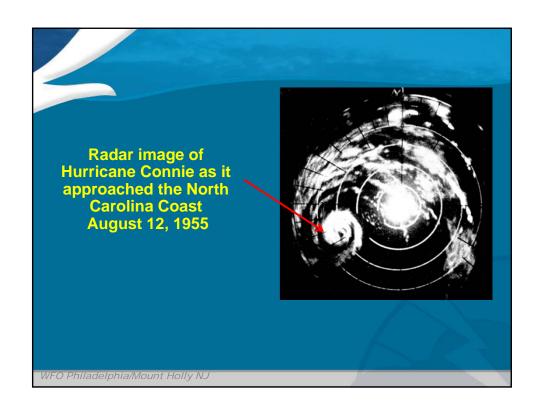


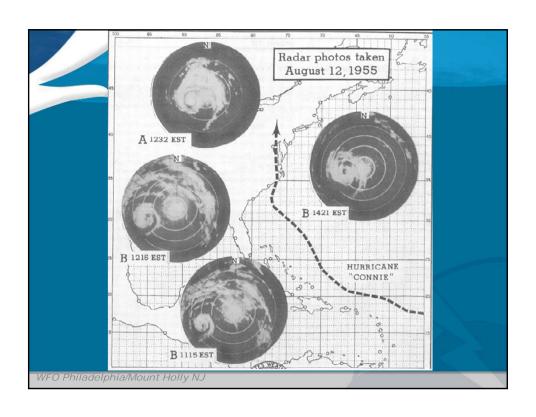








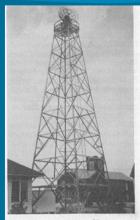




First Generation NWS Radar at Cape Hatteras, circa 1955



Another view of radar operating room. Time-lapse 35 mm. camera on independent repeater scope, radar plotting board and 24-inch projection PPI repeater are shown from center to left, respectively.



SP1M antenna on 65-foot tower. Two emergency gasoline engine-generators are located in shelter at left foot of tower.

WFO Philadelphia/Mount Holly No

WASHINGTON WEATHER BUREAU ADVISORY NUMBER 36 CONNIE 11 AM EST AUGUST 12 1955

HURRICANE CONNIE IS AGAIN SHOWING SIGNS OF ERRATIC MOVEMENT AND DURING THE PAST FEW HOURS HAS MOVED ON A MORE NORTHERLY COURSE PASSING INLAND NEAR MOREHEAD CITY NO ABOUT 9 AM EST. AT 11 AM EST THE HURRICANE WAS CENTERED NEAR LATITUDE 35.1 N LONGITUDE 76.8 W OR ABOUT 60 MILES WEST OF CAPE HATTERAS. IT IS MOVING NORTHWARD ABOUT 12 MPH AND HURRICANE FORCE WINDS EXTEND CUTWARD ABOUT 50 MILES EAST OF THE CENTER AND ONLY A SHORT DISTANCE OTHER DIRECTIONS. GALES EXTEND OUT 250 MILES TO THE NORTHELST AND 150 MILES TO THE SOUTHWEST. CONTINUED NORTHWARD MIVEMENT CF 10 TC 12 MPH IS INDICATED FOR THE NEXT 12 HOURS AND THIS WILL PLACE THE HURRICIANE IN SOUTHEASTERN VIRGINIA ADOUT MIDNIGHT. THERE IS NO INDICATION OF ACCELERATION IN FORWARD SPEED AT THIS TIME AND THE HURRI-CAME IS EXPECTED TO WEAKEN GRADUALLY AFTER ANOTHER 6 HOURS. TIDES WILL AVERAGE 5 FEET ABOVE NORMAL ALONG THE ATLANTIC COAST IN THE PATH OF THE STIRM AS FAR NORTH AS DELAWARE BREAKWATER AND MAY RANGE AS HIGH AS 8 FEET ABOVE NORMAL AT SOME POINTS AS THE STORM PASSES. HEAVY RAIN WILL OCCUR NORTH OF THE STORM ALONG THE COAST. ALTHOUGH THERE IS AN INDICATION THAT THE HURRICANE WILL GRADUALLY WEAKEN ALL INTERESTS ALONG THE COAST NORTH OF THE HURRICANE DISPLAYS SHOULD CONTINUE TO BE ON THE ALERT FOR POSSIBLE EXTENSION OF WARNINGS. HURRICANE WARNINGS ARE DISPLAYED NORTH OF MYRTLE BEACH TO DELAWARE BREAKWATER AND NORTH-EAST STORM WARNINGS NORTHWARD TO PROVINCETOWN MASS. WARNINGS WILL BE LOWERED SOUTH OF THE STORM THIS AFTERNOON AS WINDS SUBSIDE. NEXT ADVISORY WILL BE FROM WASHINGTON AT 5PM AND A BULLETIN WILL BE ISSUED BY 2PM

SCHMIDT WEATHER BUREAU WASH.

WASHINGT N WEATHER DUREAU ADVIS RY NUMBER ADVIS RY NUMBER 39 C.NNIE 5 AM EST AUGUST 13 1955.

ALL HURRICANE WARNINGS HAVE BEEN L WERED BUT ST RM WARNINGS REMAIN
DISPLAYED FR M DELAW RE DREAKWATER N RTHWARD T EASTF RT MAINE AND
ST RM WARNINGS N DELAWARE DAY AND UPPER CHESAPEAKE BAY WILL DE L WERED
LATER THIS M RNING AFTER THE CENTER PASSES. DURING THE PAST 6 H.URS
CANNIE HAS DEEN M VING IN A GENERAL N RTHERLY DIRECTI N UP CHESAPEAKE
DAY AT AD UT 17 MPH AND HAS L ST S ME F ITS INTENSITY WITH WINDS N W
GENERALLY 30 T 40 MPH IN N RTHERN AND EASTERN SECT RS EXCEPT 40 T.
50 MPH 'N THE C ASTS OF NEW JERSEY AND L NG ISLAND. AT 5 AM EST ...
1000 ZEURA.. IT WAS CENTERED 38.6 N.RTH AND 76.5 WEST OR AD UT 40
MILES S UTHEAST OF WASHINGT N DC. MUVEMENT T.WARD THE N RTH R N RTHWEST
AT A' UT 17 MPH IS INDICATED FR THE NEXT 12 T. 24 H URS WITH FURTHER
DECREASE IN WINDS AR UND THE CENTER DURING THE AFTERN N S THE CENTER
FILLS VER PENNSYLVANIA.

THE WEVER HEAVY RAINS VERY AREAS OF FERNSTLVANIA NEW JELSEY AND NEW Y RESTATE WILL LIKELY CAUSE C NSIDERABLE FL. DING. TIDES IN DELAWARE

BAY AND AL NG C ASTAL AREAS NEW JERSEY AND L NG ISLAND MAY RUN & T

6 FEET AB VE N RAAL WITH HEAVY SEAS. PRECAUTI NS SH ULD HE TAKEN INLAND

AREAS IN PATH F ST RM AGAINST HEAVY RAINS AND FL. DING AND ALL PRECAUTI NS TAKEN N C ASTAL AREAS NEW JE SEY AND L NG ISLAND AGAINST

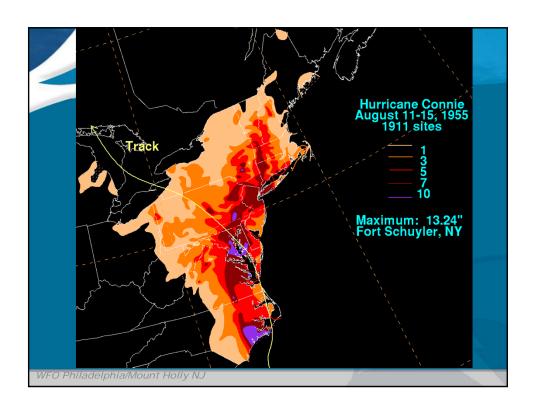
HIGH TIDES AND HEAVY SEAS DUR T EAST AND SUTHEAST WINDS 45 T 50

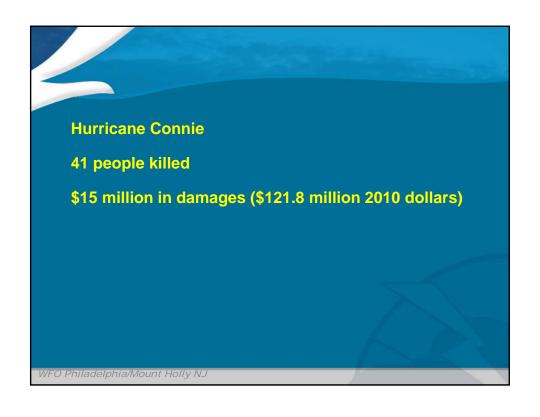
MPH THIS M RNING GRADUALLY DIMINISHING DURING AFTERN N R EVENING.

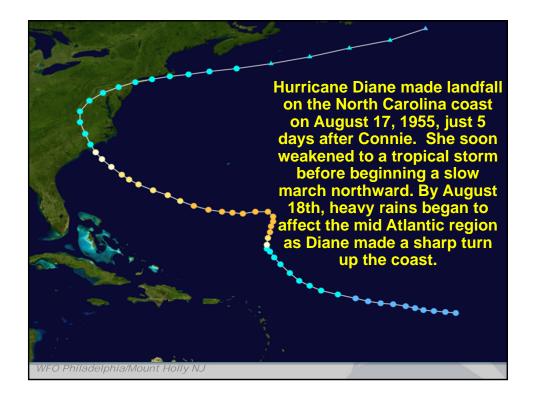
THE NEXT BULLETIN N THIS ST RM WILL HE ISSUED AT 8 AM EST AND THE

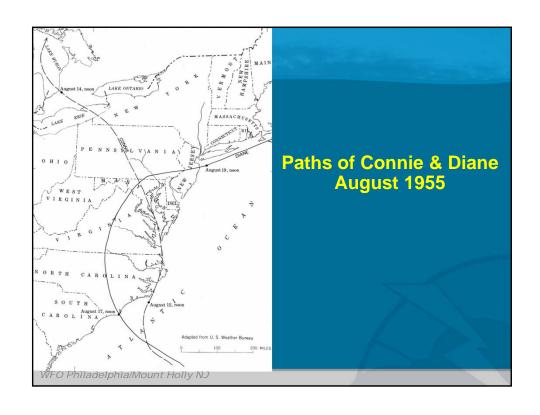
NEXT ADVIS RY WILL ISSUEAT 11 AM EST.

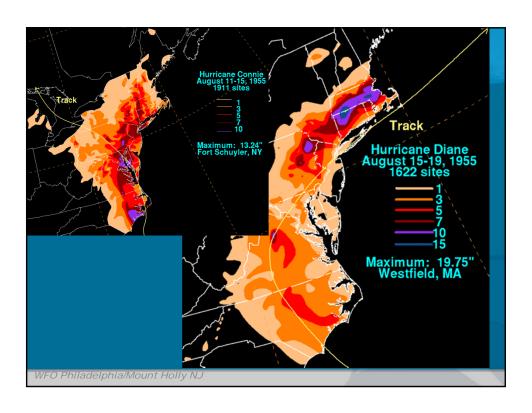
N.RQUEST WEATHER BUREAU WASHINGT N

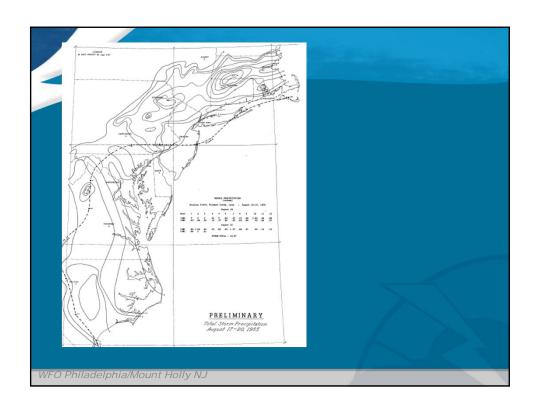




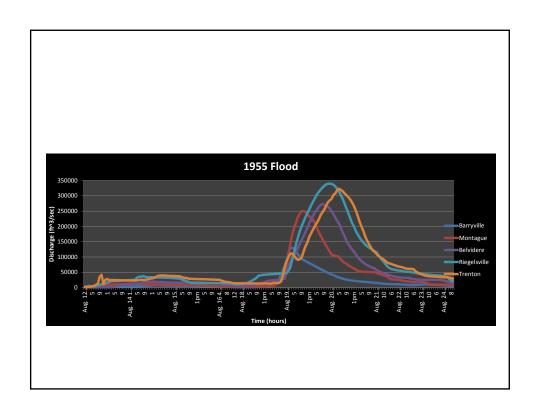


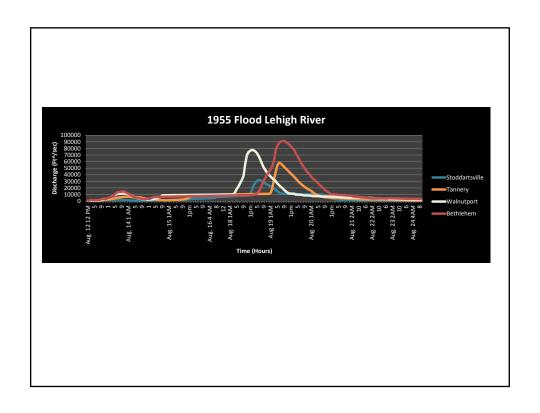


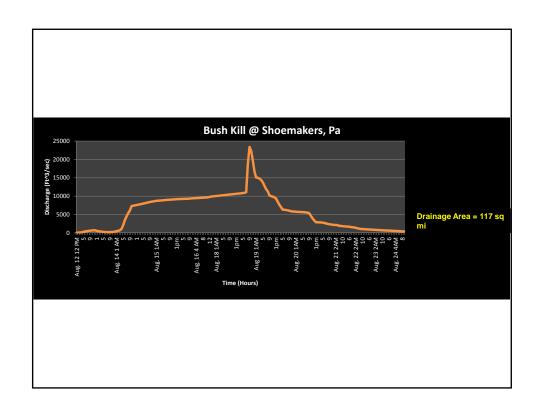


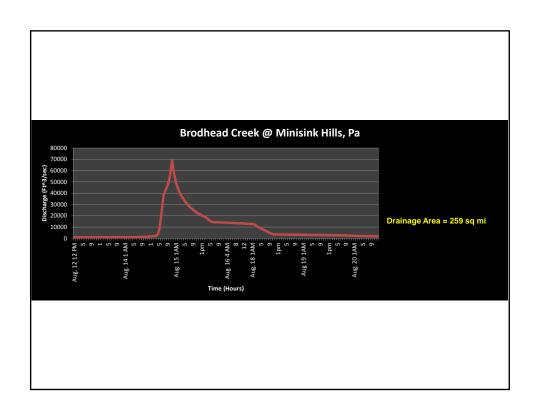


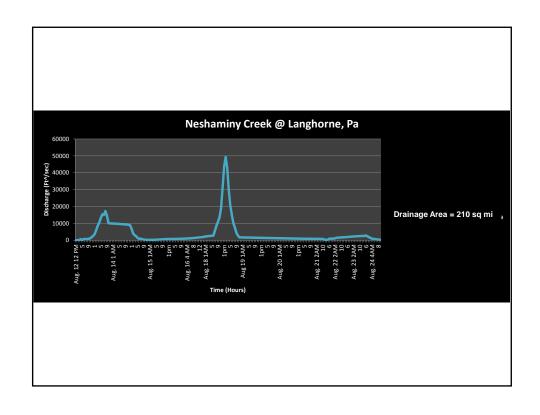
		Pocono Mountains	Allentown	Palm	Doylestown	Lambertville	Neshaminy Falls	PHL
Connie		9.84	6.69	9.17	7.87	7.05	7.29	5.48
Diane		10.75	3.57	5.32	6.37	4.53	2.45?	2.98
Total		20.59	10.26	14.49	14.24	11.58	9.74	8.46
WFO Philadelphia/Mount Holly NJ								

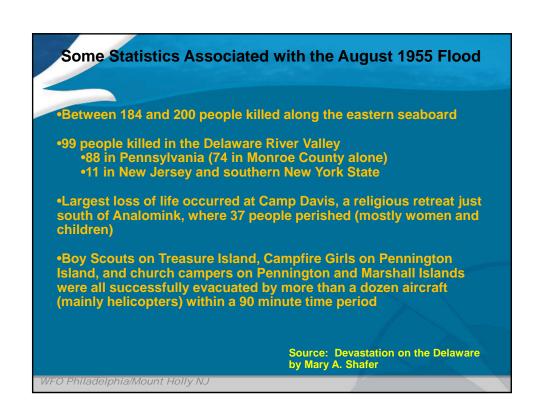










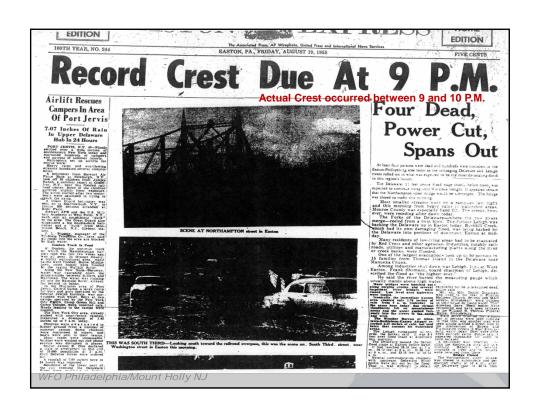






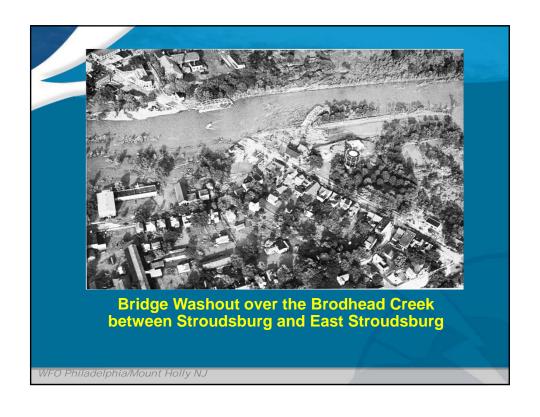


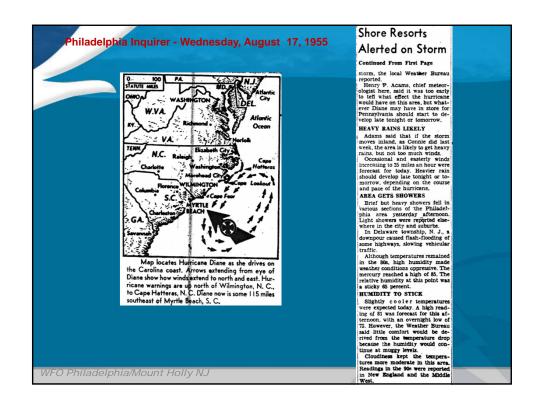




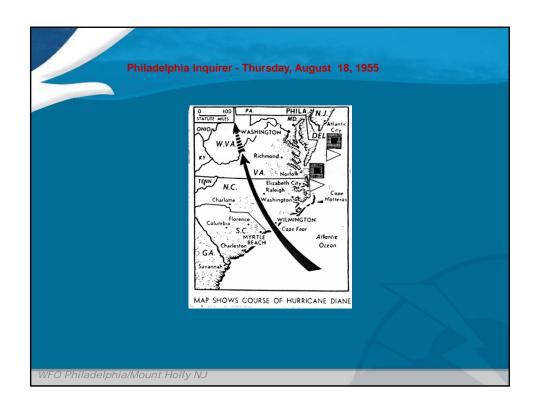


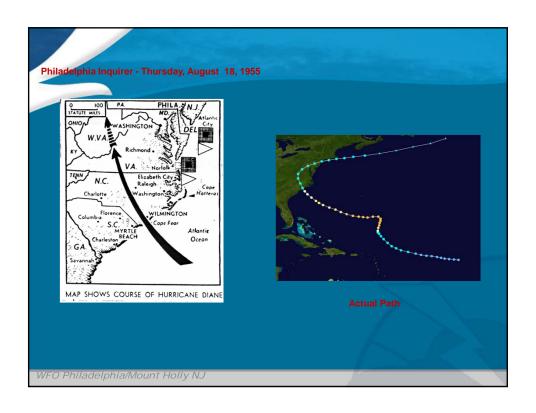


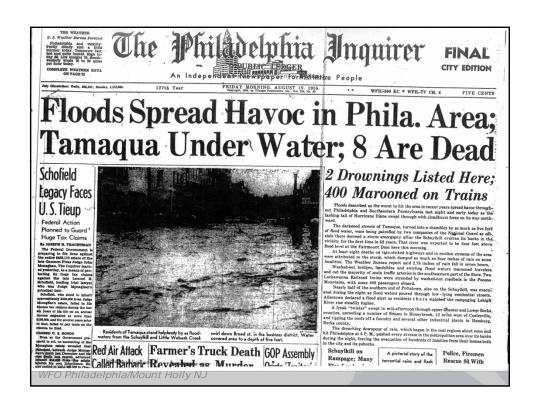






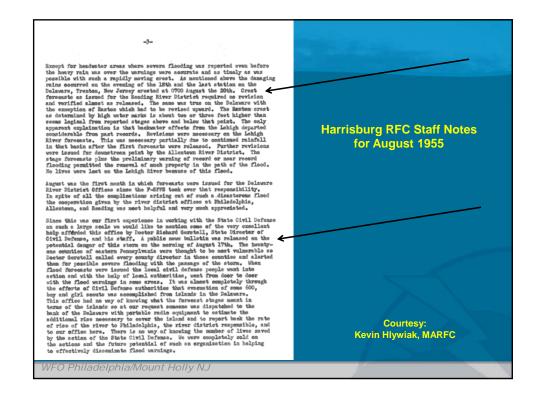












Thousands Saved by Timely Flood Warnings

I MMEDIATELY atter the August floods in Northeast United States, field parties of the Hydrologic Sorviceo Division visited the flooded areas to determine if the Hoose areas to determine it everything possible had been done to save lives and property. The following synopsis of their observations has been prepared by Don Baker, Raiph Kresge, Dick Tarble and Walter Wilson.

The public's appreciation has been extracted by the same as the same of the s

Tarble and Walter Wilson.

The public's appreciation has been expressed by preas, radio and TV for the Westher Bureau's excellent job wherever there was coverage. The Harriaburg River Forecast Center dida particularly outstanding job. Pennsylvania was well warned except in some extreme headwaters areas, where local reporting and warning networks had not been established and in a few places along the Delaware wherelocal communities failed to head or disseminate Bureau warnings.

In New England the rain was heavier and the damage worse. Any areas were not covered by our service. Such places had to tell on whe soil, and that while being on their own interpretations of events as they developed locally. The River District Office at Harford, the only one in the flooded area of New England, did a very good job on the Connecticut. River District office at Harford, the only one in the flooded area of New England, did a very good job on the Connecticut. River District office at Harford, the only one in the flooded area of New England, did a very good job on the Connecticut. River District office at Harford, the only one in the flooded area of New England, did a very good job on the Connecticut. River District office at Harford, the only one in the flooded area of New England, did a very good job on the Connecticut. River District office the the connecticut, and the while plant of the connecticut and the connecticut area of New England, did a very good job on the Connecticut. River District office were removed by during the warning of a record-hiladepina, Aleientowa, and River from a trifique were removed by during the story and destroyed the bridge; six hundred childcampers were saved supplied to the connecticut of the con

They worked closely with our cooperative observers and with Civil Defense, state and local police, and other disaster agencies. At Tamaqua, Pennsylvania, the cooperative observer toted heavy rain early afternoon of the 18th, but a swiftly rising creek kept him from reaching his gage. Before his phone failed be called the state policefrom his marconed home and told them how to make the observation and transmit it. This they did, by car radio, because public power failed in the meantime. The Reading River District Office received prompt warning of six inches in three hours at Tamaqua, and as other reports came in warnings were prepared and sent out. The previous morning, O. D. White of Harrisburg River Forecast Center had issued a widely disseminated warning that moderate to heavy rain was expected to fall on wet soil, and that while Diane's course was uncertain, severe flooding would occur along many streams.

from islands in the Delaware—
the last few by helicopter. It is not known how many millions of property damage were saved by our warnings, or how much more would have been saved by a more widespread service.

There were many instances of failure to heed warnings, and disbellet in the possibility of the river rising higher than everbefore. Police told of numerous cases where they could not evacuate people except by bodily force.

Photographs of the flood damage shown here illustrate the flood's magnitude. The flood did more than inundate; it wrecked, overturned, destroyed, and transposed blocks of buildings as well as bridges, inthe town of Holyde, Mass., the destruction was tremedous, but not the result of mere overflow; it was heavy rainfall roaring like temporary rivers down the streets. At Biandford, Mass., an observer said it was the first time she had seen a flood on top of a full.

This is a flood with approximately a billion dollare' damage. The most complete and accurate warning system might have saved only a small percentage of it. The loss of life, however, can be reduced and even eliminated by education and a perfected warning system. The Central Office is

education and a perfected warning system. The Central Office is rapidly formulating plans for this improvement.

Courtesv: Kevin Hlywiak, MARFC

SEPTEMBER 1955





