Basin-Wide Cooperation for Drought Resilience

Case Study: The Delaware River Basin

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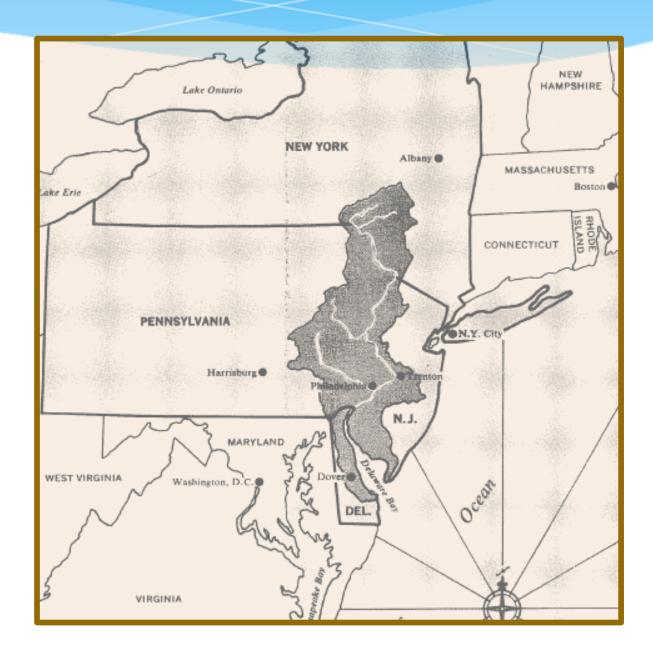
The Water Center UNIVERSITY of PENNSYLVANIA



The setting in Delaware River Basin

Historic conflicts and droughts

Cooperative (and complex) management



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Credit: Architect of the Capitol

The setting in Delaware River Basin

Historic conflicts and droughts

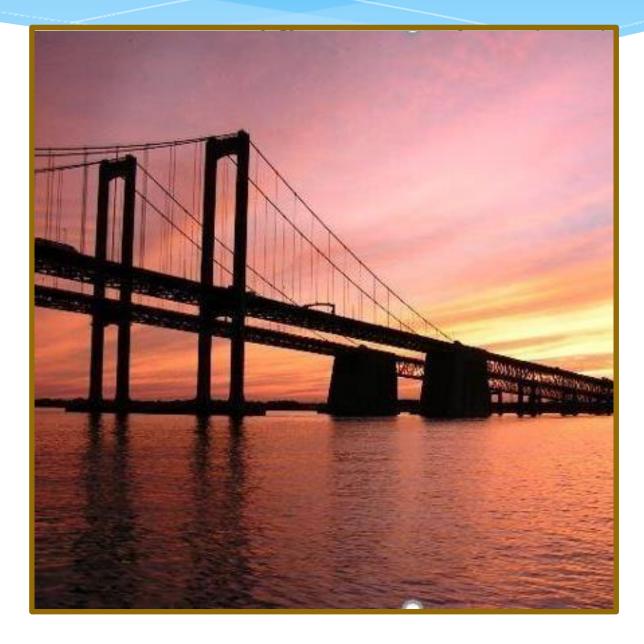
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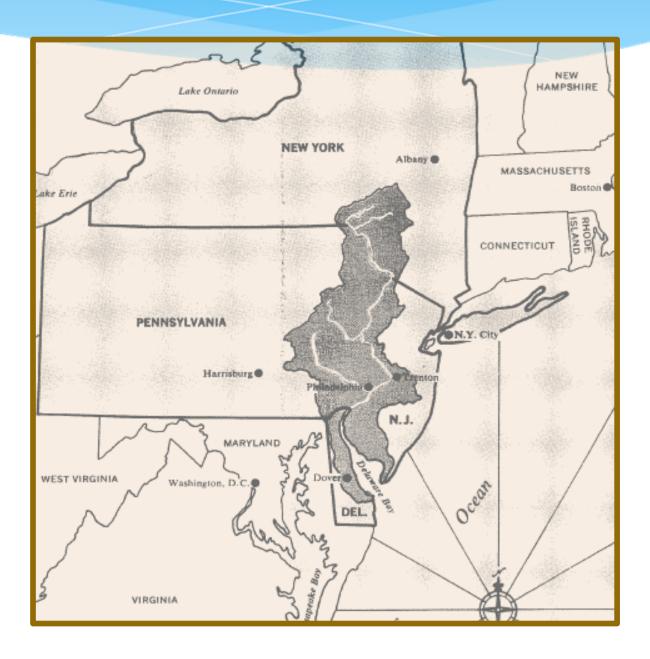


Setting

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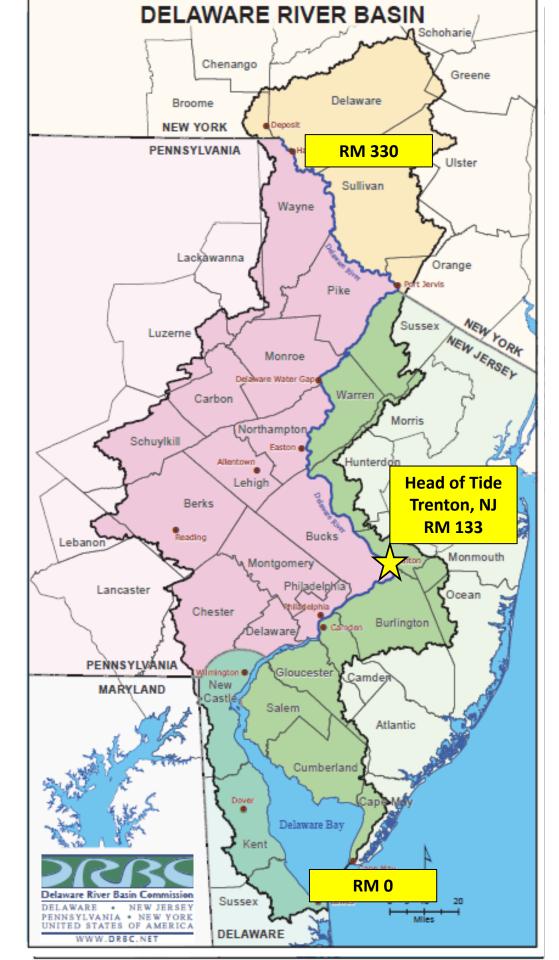


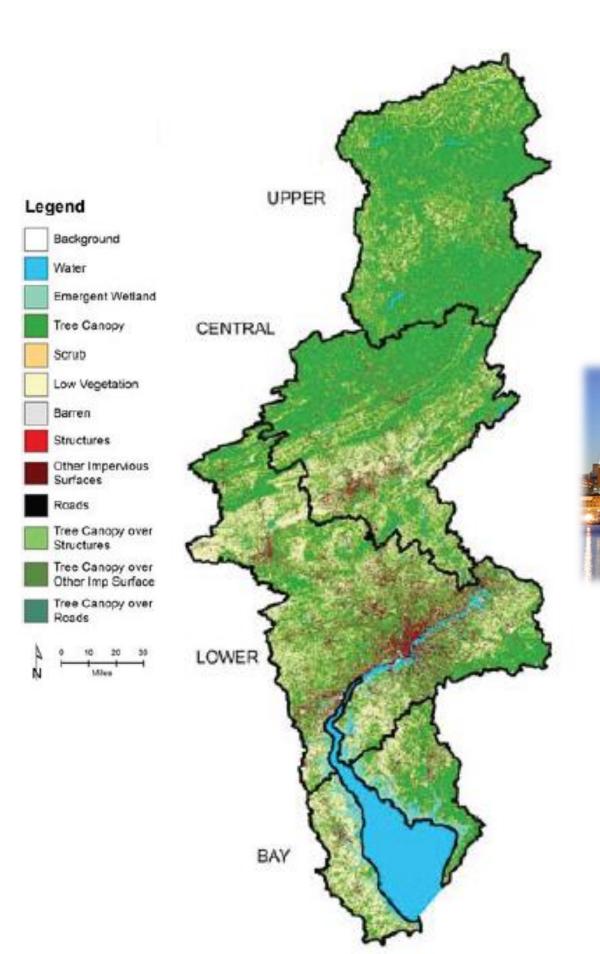




Credit: Justin Curtis

Ben Franklin Bridge River Mile (RM) 100







Credit: Nicholas A. Tonelli

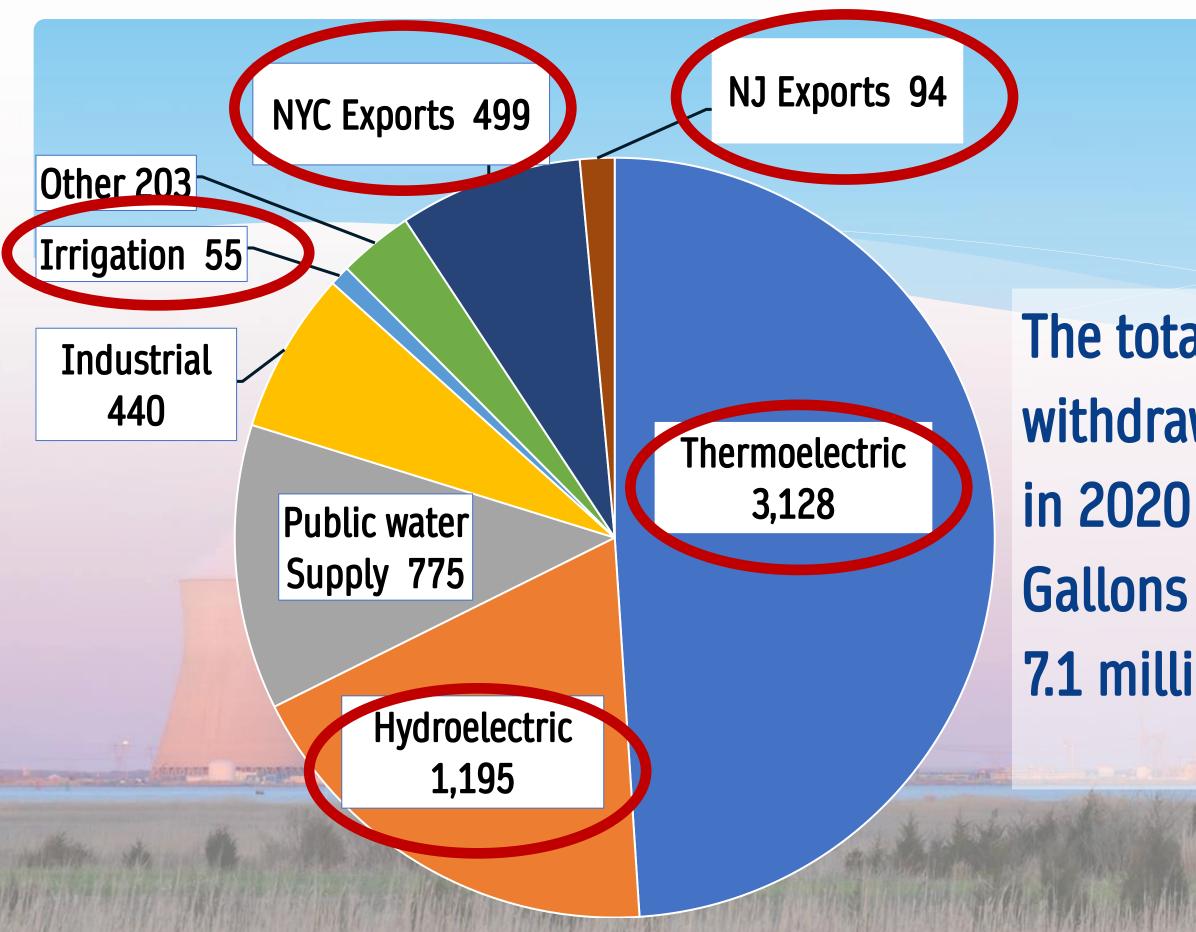


Credit: RentPhilly.com



Credit: Laura Chamberlin, WHSRN.org







The total amount of water withdrawn from the Basin in 2020 was 6,390 Million Gallons per Day (MGD) or 7.1 million acre-ft year.

Credit: © John Beatty, used with permission

History

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NYC's growing demand for water led to interstate conflicts and court battles.

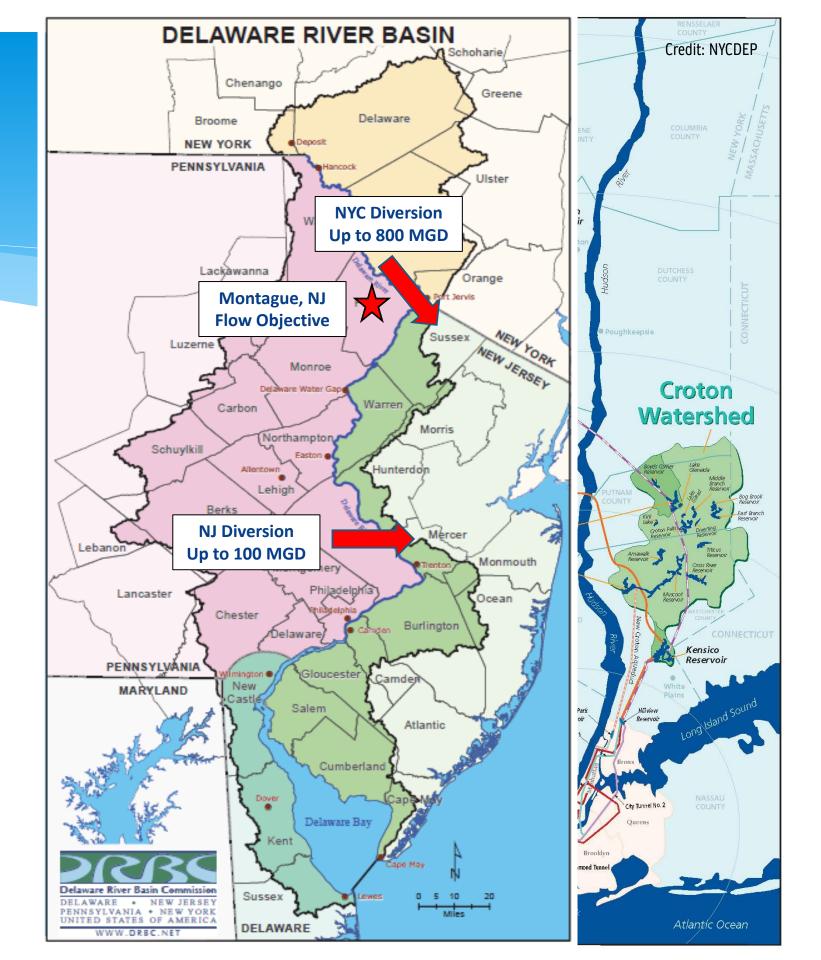
<u>1931:</u> State of New Jersey v. the State of New York and New York City

1954: Amended Supreme Court Decree (Pennsylvania and Delaware as intervenors)

Credit: Architect of the Capitol

A river is more than an amenity, it is a treasure. It offers a necessity of life that must be rationed among those who have power over it."

- Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, New Jersey v. New York, 283 U.S. 336 (1931).



The 1954 Supreme Court Decree did <u>not</u> address many water management issues leaving the potential for future interstate conflicts over...

FLOODS



Lehigh River, 1955 (CC BY-NC)



NYC Cannonsville Reservoir, 2001; NYCDEP

DROUGHTS

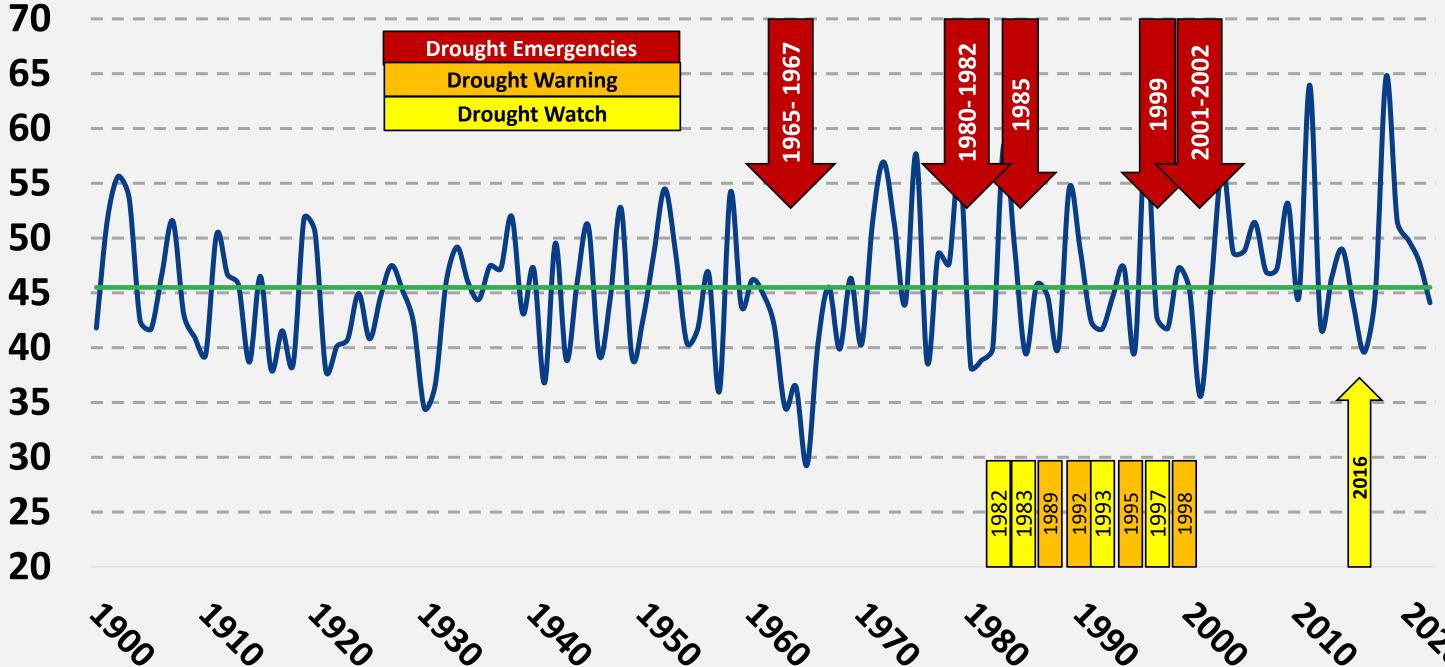
WATER QUALITY



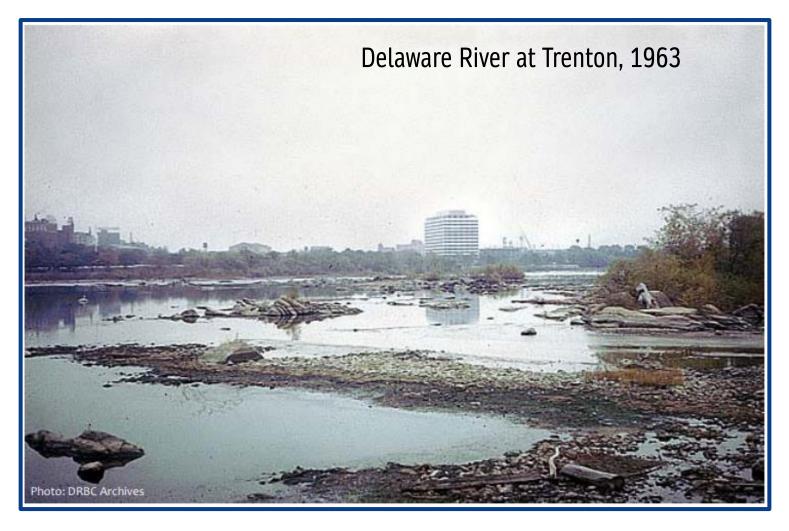
Philadelphia, 1929; PWD

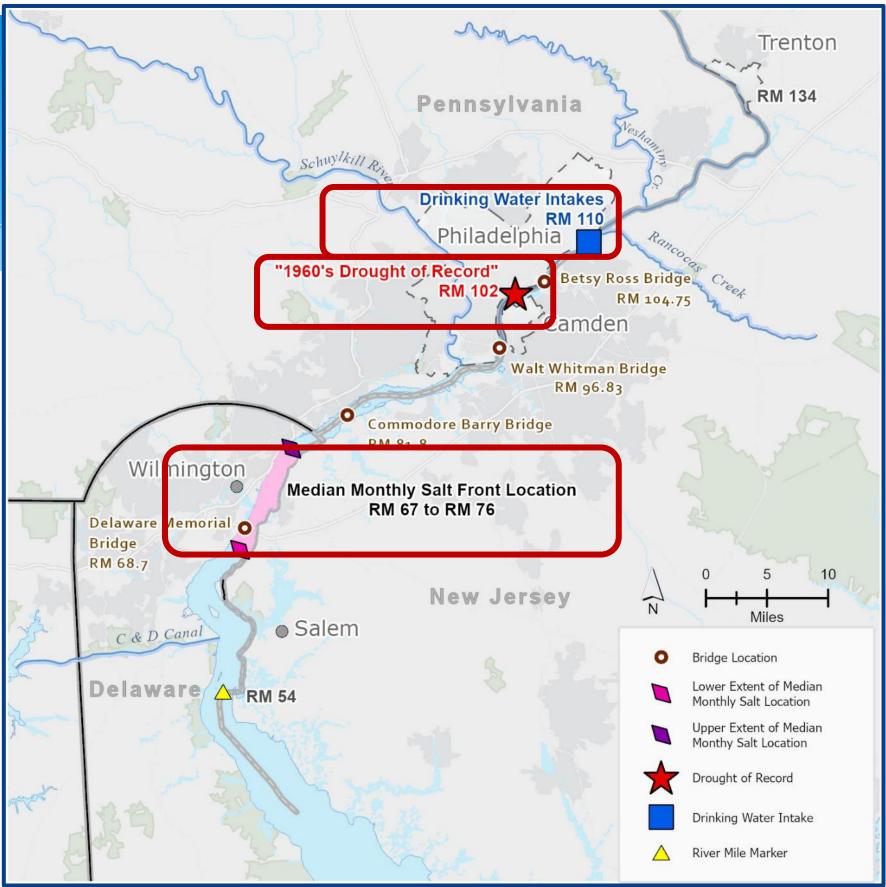
The drought of record in the Delaware River Basin occurred from 1961 to 1967.

New Jersey Annual Precipitation (inches)



Salinity intrusion threatened drinking water intakes in 1964.





The "salt front" location represents the transition from salt water to fresh water

Cooperative Management

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Cooperative interstate water resource management took hold when Congress and the four basin states adopted the Delaware River Basin Compact in 1961.

FOUR STATES SIGN DELAWARE PACT

President Joins in Approving Vast Program for Basin Backed by Governors

COMMISSION IS SET UP

Developing of River Valley Will Use, Conserve and **Protect Vital Supply**

> By RUSSELL BAKER Special to The New York Times.

New York Times Nov. 3, 1961 headline about the DRBC's creation.



The <u>Delaware River Basin Commission</u> was provided broad and comprehensive authority to...

...provide for the planning, conservation, utilization, development, management and control of the water resources of the basin...



Congress provided the Basin states and NYC with the tools to work together and to not to go back to the Supreme Court.



The commission, without the unanimous consent of the parties to the ...[1954] Supreme Court decree...shall not....affect the...rights, conditions, obligations, and provisions...provided in said decree;

-Delaware River Basin Compact (1961)

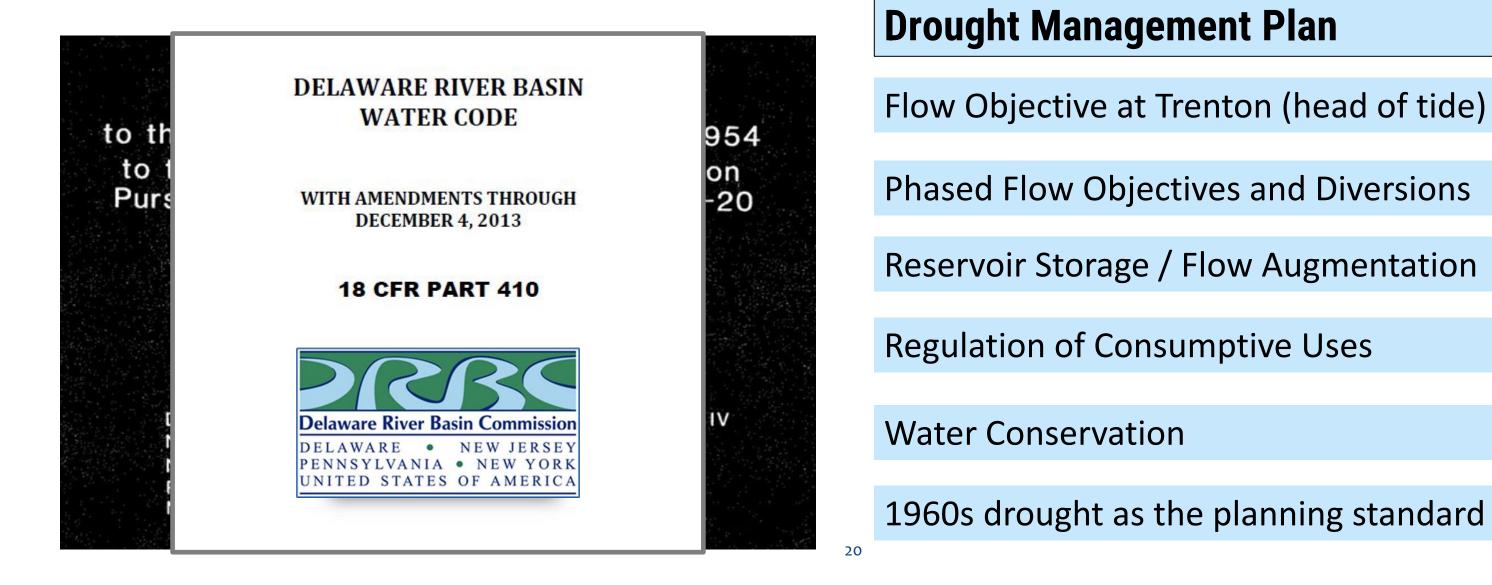
Parties to the 1954 **Supreme Court Decree:**

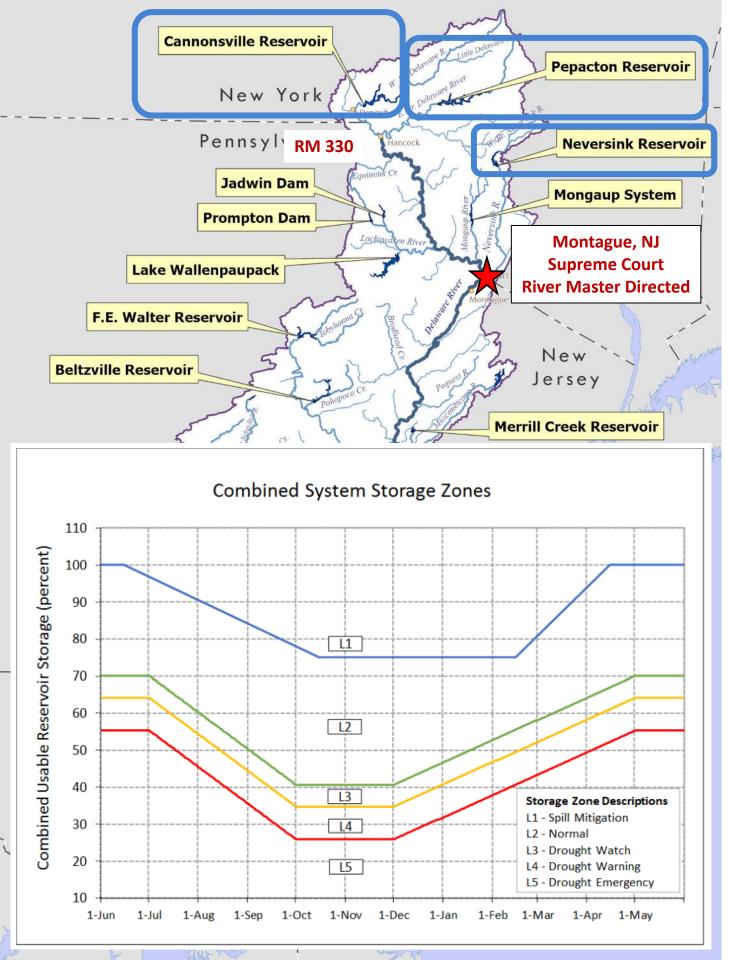
NEW JERSEY

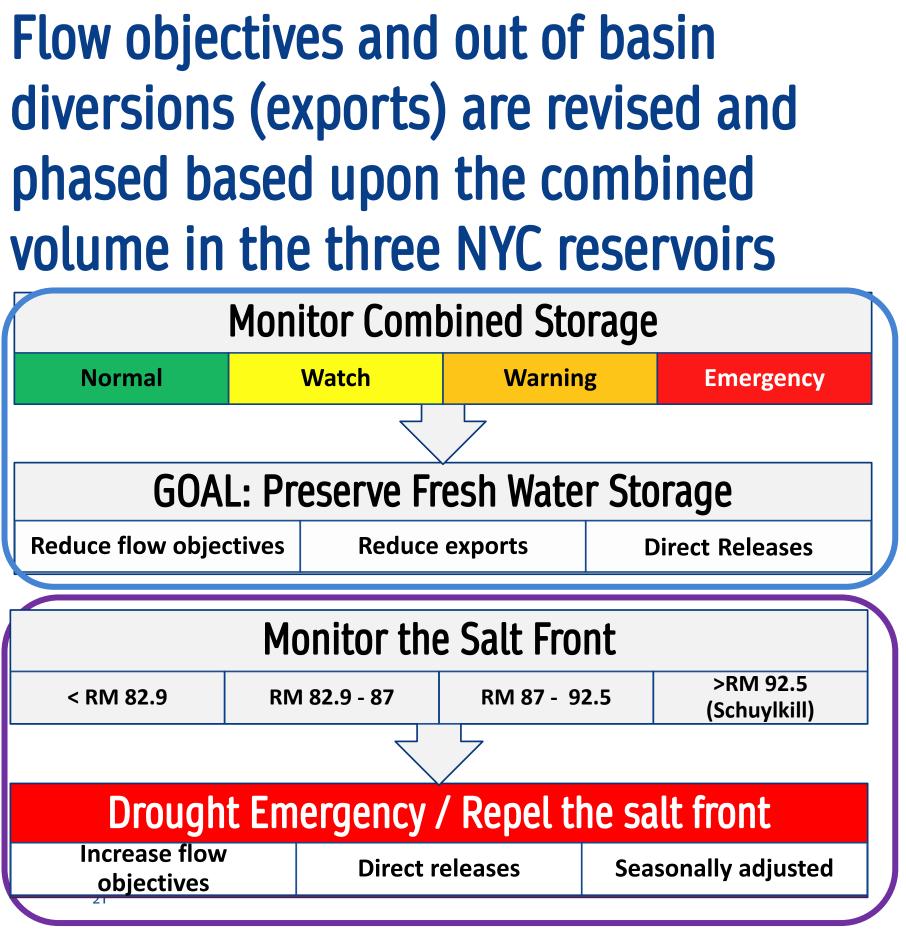
PENNSYLVANIA NEW YORK

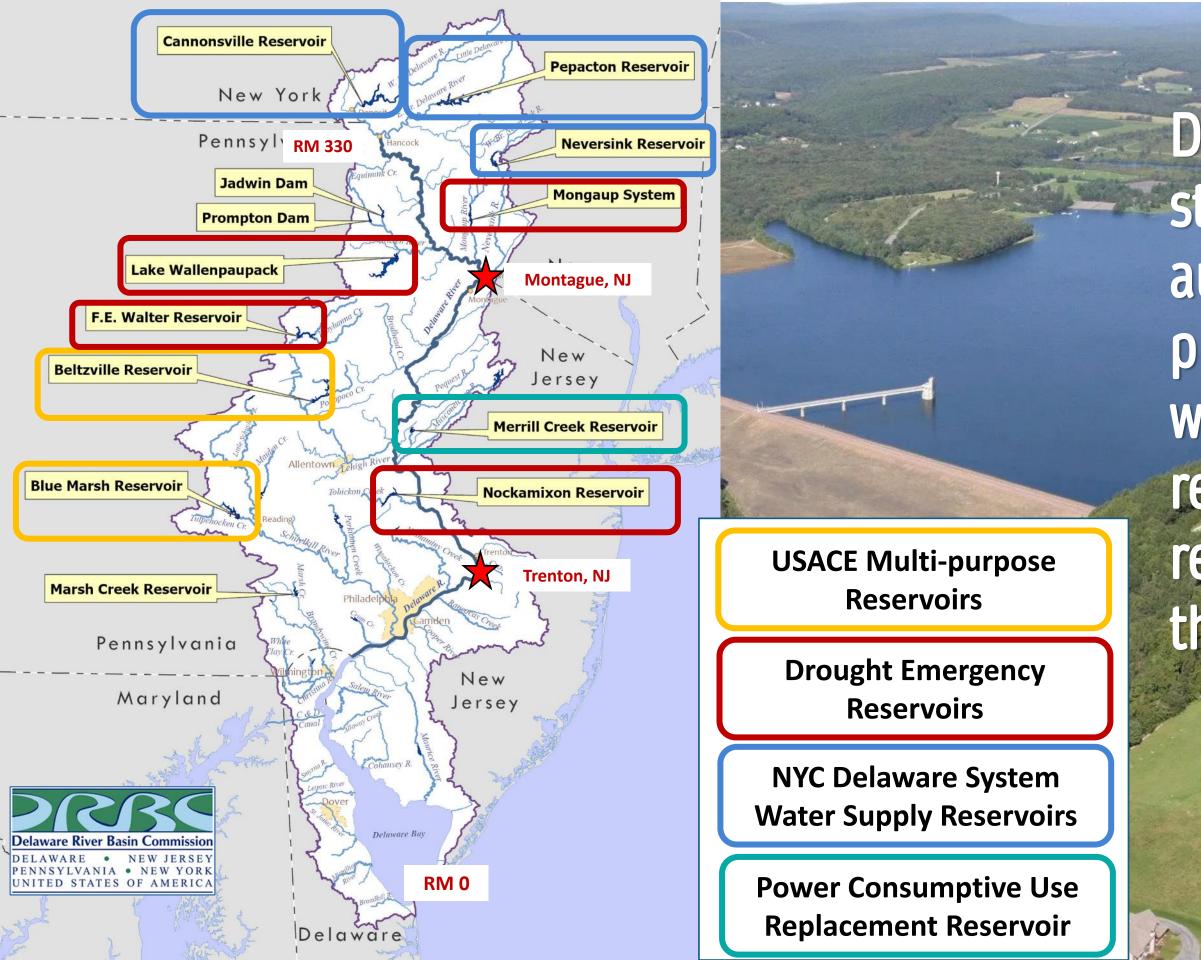
THE CITY OF NEW YORK

The basin states, the federal government, DRBC staff, and New York City have a long and successful history of interstate cooperative, collective, and adaptive management to address drought resilience.





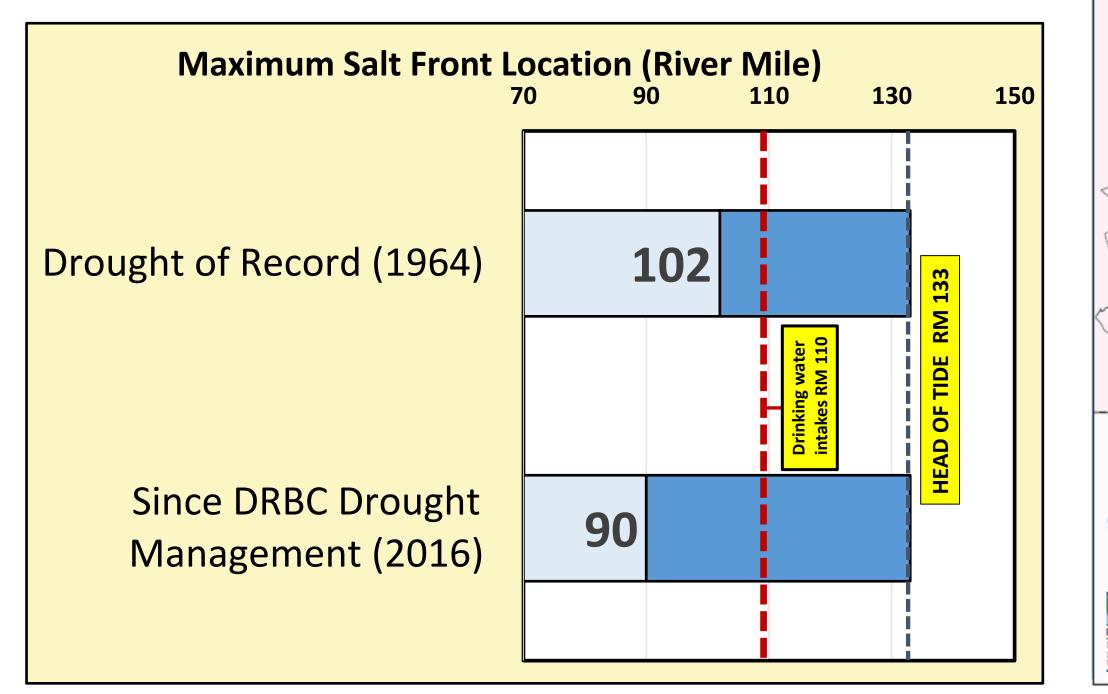


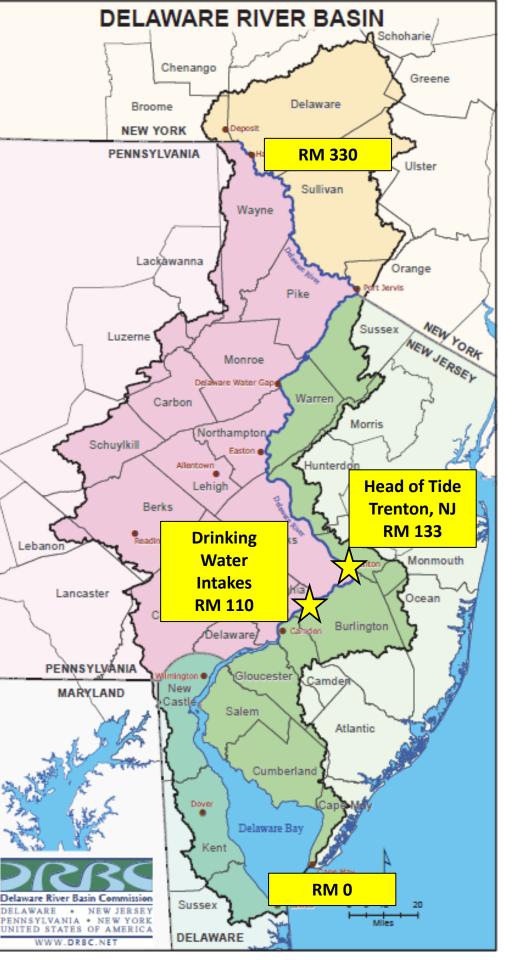


During droughts, low stream flow augmentation is provided by fresh water stored and released from reservoirs throughout the Basin.

> Beltzville Reservoir, Carbon County, PA *Photo Credit: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers*

Cooperative planning and policy has worked to control salinity intrusion during droughts.





Cooperative and adaptive management is a continuous process and has been supported by a Flexible Flow Management Program (FFMP)

Refines of out of basin diversion and flow objectives.

Enhances conservation releases from NYC Reservoir to support cold water fisheries and local habitat protection.

Provides a **flood discharge mitigation** program

Creates "water banks" for specific needs.

Provides Decree Parties and DRBC with direction for studies of future adaptive management needs.



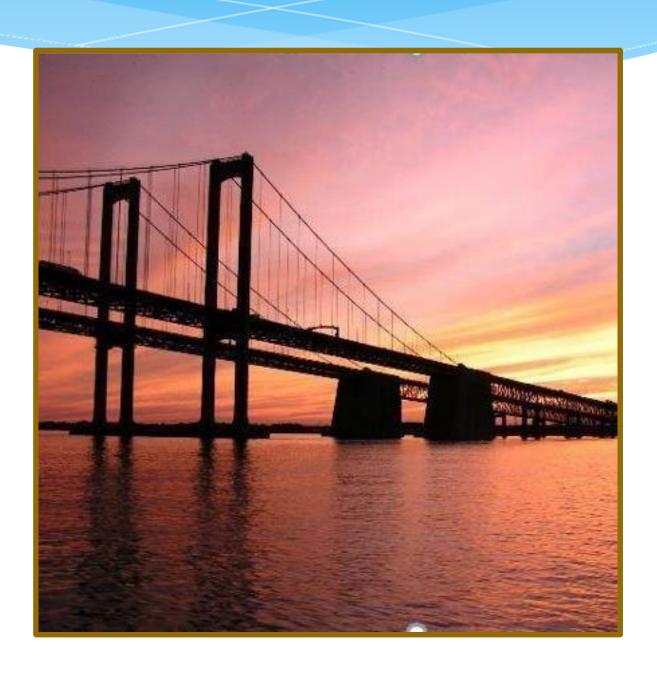
N.Y.'s Neversink Reservoir

Future Challenges

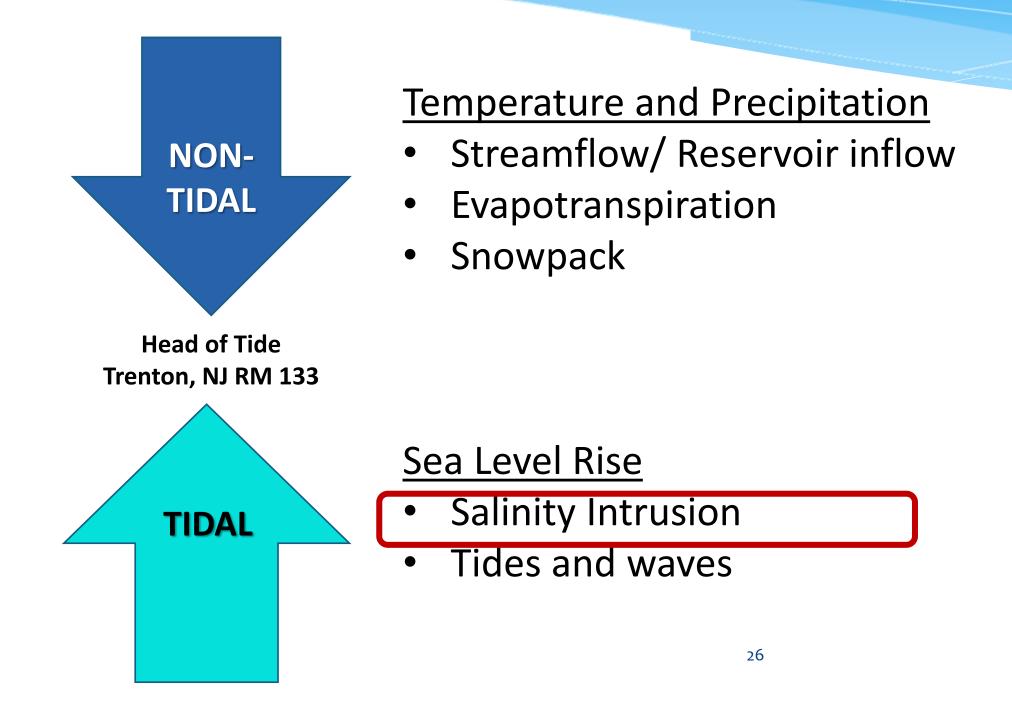
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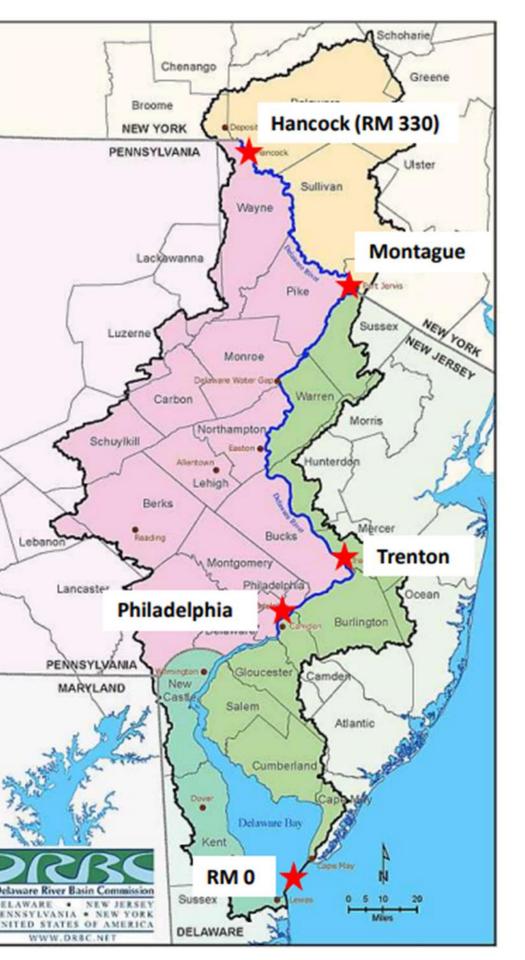
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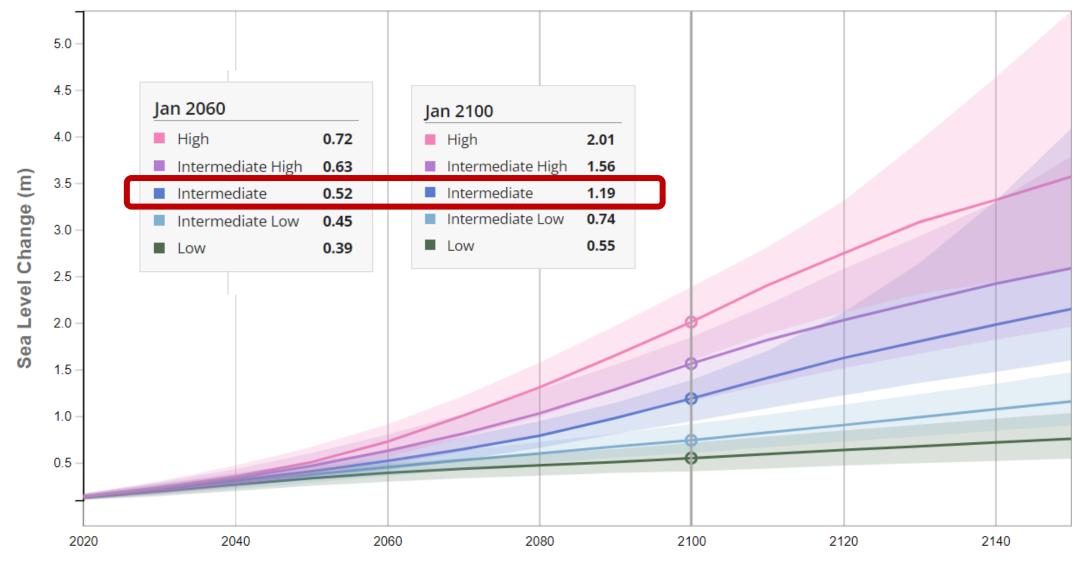
Climate change will impact both non-tidal and tidal river reaches.

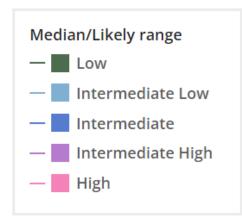




PHILADELPHIA (PIER 9N)

NASA interagency team projects 0.52 m SLR by 2060 and 1.19 m by 2100 using "Intermediate" emissions scenario – Delaware River / Philadelphia

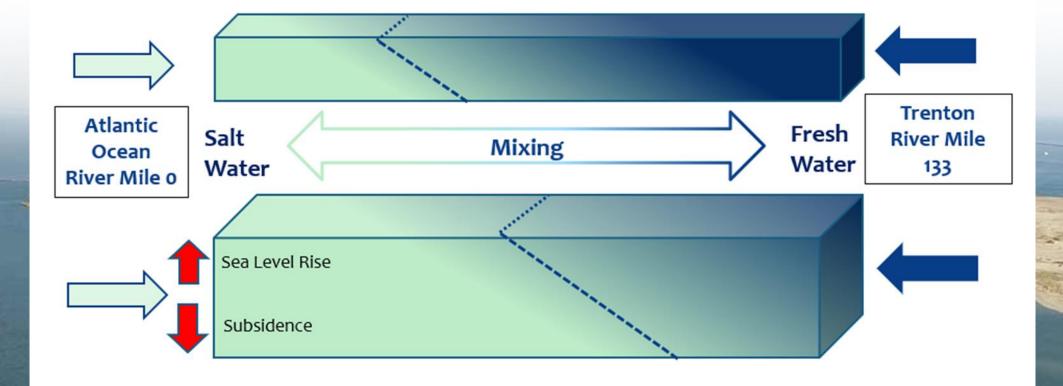




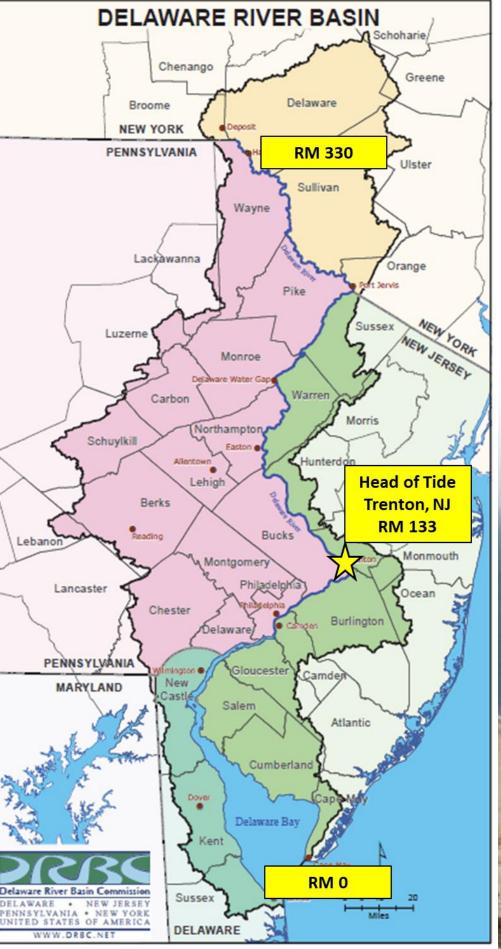
- ✓ Display Range
- Take Snapshot

https://sealevel.nasa.gov/task-force-scenario-tool/

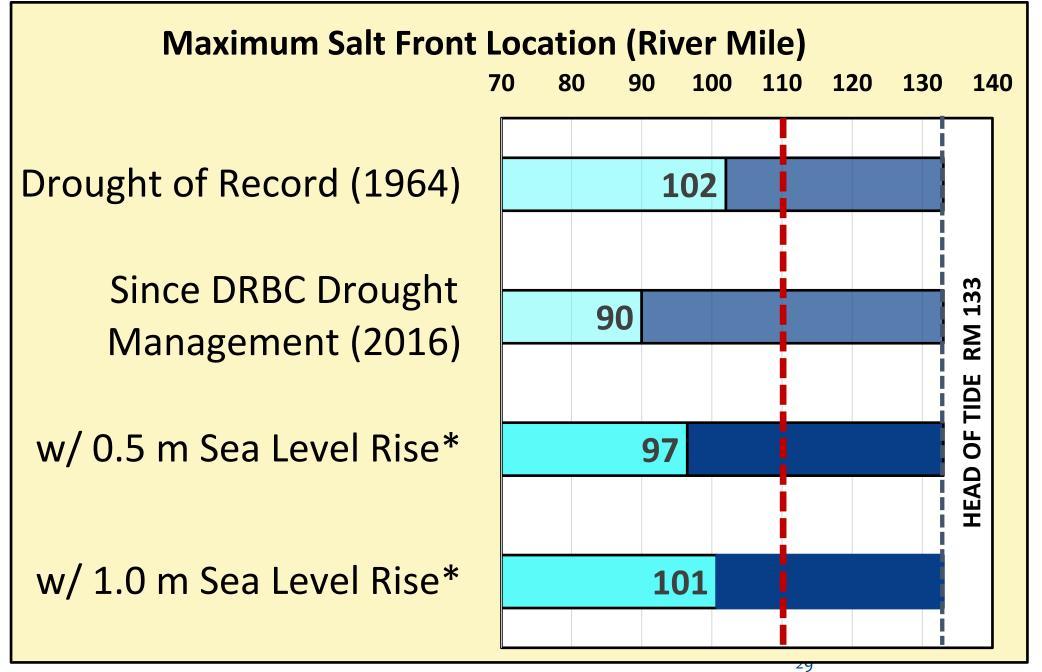
With SLR and more force from the ocean, the salt front is expected to be pushed farther upstream more frequently.



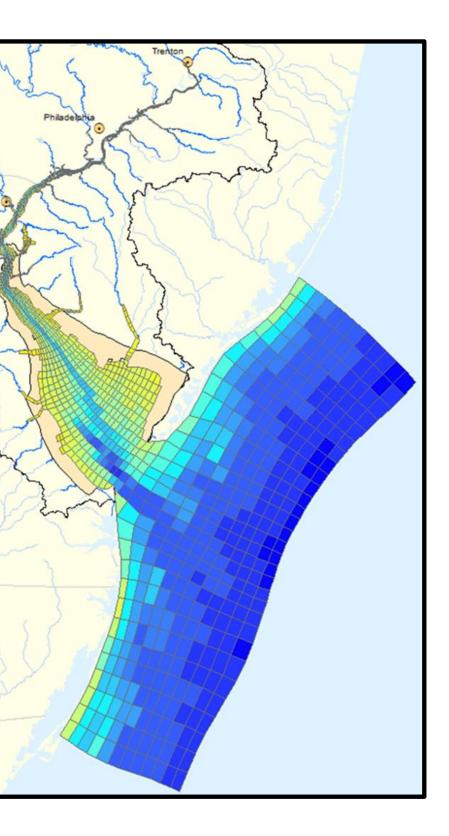




Models estimate that salinity intrusion protection in the Delaware River Estuary is being adversely impacted by SLR.



* Preliminary Draft Model Results by DRBC



The DRBC's Advisory Committee on Climate Charge (ACCC) expands the cooperative approach to several government, business, academic, and non-government organizations.









pennsylvania DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

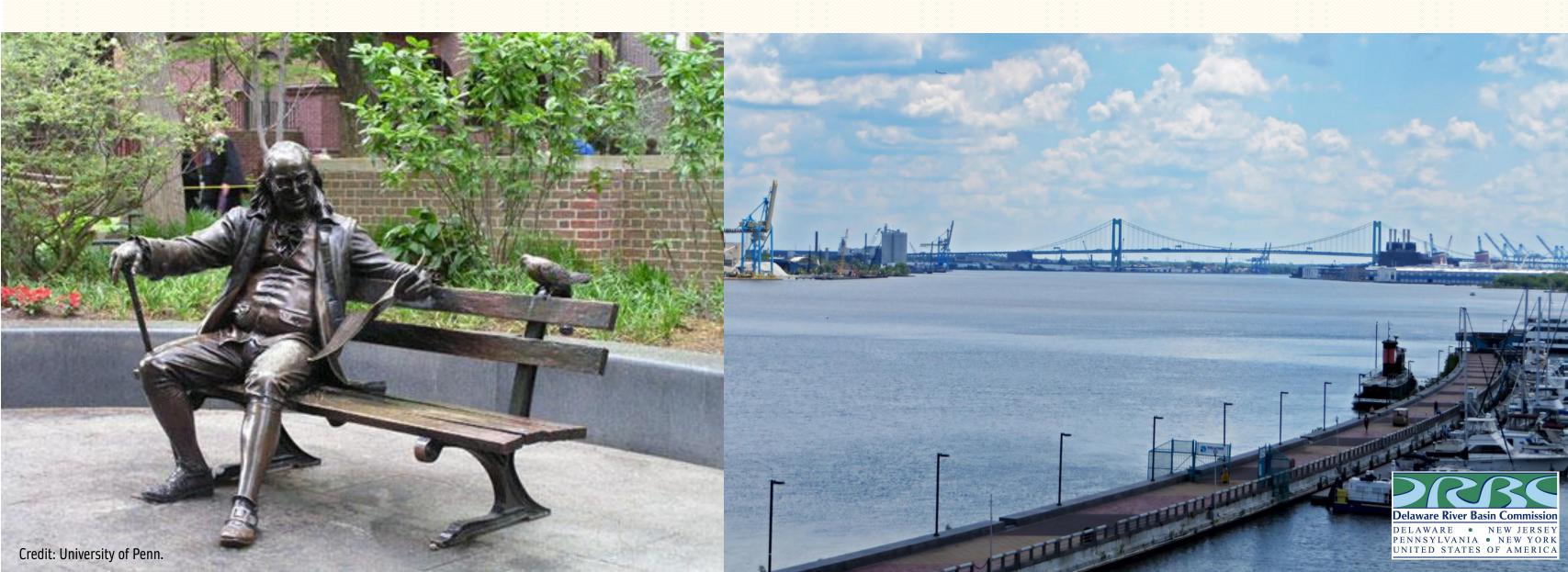
FRSITYOF





Climate Institute

When the well's dry, we all know the value of water.



e value of water. - Benjamin Franklin