Date: August 13, 2025

To: Local Educational Agency Leads

Route To: Principals, LEA Registrars, School Nurses, all staff Involved in the Student

**Enrollment Process** 

From: Kathy Ehling, Assistant Commissioner

Division of Educational Services

## **Enrollment of Students Based Upon Immigration Status**

This memorandum is to ensure that all local educational agency (LEA) personnel are aware of federal and state laws that prohibit denying the enrollment of students in public schools based on immigration status. In <u>Plyler v. Doe</u>, 457 US 202 (1982), the United States Supreme Court held that undocumented children living in the United States could not be excluded from public elementary and secondary schools based upon their immigration status.

New Jersey Administrative Code (N.J.A.C. 6A:22-3.3) prohibits the barring of any student from public elementary and secondary schools based on immigration/visa status, except for students on F-1 visas. Districts should continue to enroll all students between the ages of 5 and 20 who are domiciled in the district or who are otherwise entitled to attend pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:38.1, and the implementing regulations, N.J.A.C. 6A:22-3.2, et. seq.

Additionally, N.J.A.C. 6A:22-3.4 prohibits school districts from making enrollment contingent upon the receipt of certain information or documentation, including, but not limited to, power of attorney/guardianship documents, income tax returns, documentation or information relating to citizenship or immigration status (except for students who have obtained or are seeking to obtain an F-1 visa), and social security cards. When enrolling students, a school district may request verification of residency; however, the district cannot deny enrollment based on a failure to present a particular form.

Further, when requesting documentation of a student's age, school districts may not prohibit enrollment if the parent/guardian cannot present a United States birth certificate or a foreign one.

## **Distinguishing Between Immigrant and Migrant Students**

It is important to note that immigrant does not necessarily mean migrant.

*Immigrant*: Under Section 3201 of the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), the term "immigrant children and youth" means individuals who: (a) are aged 3 through 21; (b) were not born in any State; and (c) have not been attending one or more schools in any one or more States for more than 3 full academic years.

Migrant: As defined under ESSA Section 1309 (2), a migrant student is: (a) 21 years of age or younger; and (b) who is, or whose parent/guardian is, a migratory fisher, dairy worker, lumber, or agricultural worker; and, (c) who in the preceding three years has moved from one school district to

another for the worker to obtain temporary or seasonal employment in agricultural or fishing work. Note: A National Certificate of Eligibility (COE), an official record of eligibility determination for migrant students, must be on file in the district verifying the student's migrant status. A young adult may also qualify as a migrant student if he/she has moved on his/her own for the same reasons. Any child or youth may be a migrant student independent of their nationality, ethnicity, or race. Additional information regarding <a href="New Jersey's Migrant Education Program">New Jersey's Migrant Education Program</a> can be found on the NJDOE website.

## **Unaccompanied Immigrant Children and Records**

Children who enter the United States unaccompanied by a parent or guardian are placed in a short-term shelter operated by the Administration for Children and Families Office of Refugee Resettlement (ORR) in the United States Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS). Unaccompanied children are issued Verification of Release (VOR) forms and identification cards when they are discharged from ORR care and unified with their vetted sponsor. Schools should accept ORR's VOR form or card if an unaccompanied child or their sponsor voluntarily presents it to establish proof of district residency and/or age for purposes of school enrollment.

Additionally, written requests for a copy of a child's immunization record can be emailed to Requests.DUCS@acf.hhs.gov. For more information regarding immunization records for all students, see the following: N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.2(a), N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.3(b)3v. N.J.A.C. 6A:16-2.2(l)4. N.J.A.C.6A:16-2.2(g), N.J.A.C. 8:57-4.1-24. The New Jersey Department of Health (NJDOH) has provided additional guidance that any person can translate a foreign immunization record as long as compliance with New Jersey's immunization requirements can be determined. The NJDOH does not require the translation to come from a healthcare provider; however, all translations must include the printed name and signature of the translator. Additionally, the Centers for Disease Control provides a resource webpage to assist with determining foreign vaccines. To assist parents and school districts in identifying available supports for translation services, the New Jersey Department of Education (NJDOE) has created a Translation Services resource with a list of entities in each county that provide translation services at little or no cost.

For further information on the enrollment of immigrant students, contact your <u>Executive County Superintendent of Schools</u> or the Office of Supplemental Educational Programs at <u>ML@doe.nj.gov</u> or for clarification on school health requirements, contact the Office of Student Support Services at <u>healthyschools@doe.nj.gov</u>.

c: Members, State Board of Education
NJDOE Staff
Statewide Parent Advocacy Network Garden State
Coalition of Schools
NJ LEE Group
NJTESOL-JBE