

COVID-19 Weekly Activity Report

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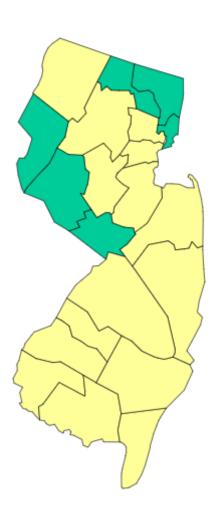
Communicable Disease Sergey

Week ending November 17, 2022

Highlights

- CDC COVID-19 Community Levels for the week ending November 17, 2022:
 - Medium in 15 counties, Low in 6 county.
 - o Since last week, Bergen, Hudson, Hunterdon, Passaic, and Warren have shifted from Medium to Low.
 - o The percentage of inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patients continues to be at Low levels for all counties.
- CDC COVID-19 <u>Community Transmission</u> levels used for healthcare settings are High in 14 counties and Substantial in 7 counties as of November 17, 2022.
 - Since last week, Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Somerset, and Union have shifted from High to Substantial community transmission levels.

1. COVID-19 Community Levels used for Most Settings



Layered prevention strategies can help limit severe disease and reduce potential strain on the healthcare system. <u>CDC COVID-19 Community Levels</u> are a tool to help communities and individuals determine what prevention meeasures to take.

The COVID-19 community level is determined by the higher of the new hospital admissions and inpatient beds metrics, based on the current level of new cases per 100,000 population in the past 7 days. COVID-19 community levels are classified as low, medium, or high as follows:

COVID-19 Community Levels						
New COVID-19 Cases Per 100,000 in the past 7 days	Hospitalization Indicators	Low	Medium	High		
	New COVID-19 admissions per 100,000 population (7-day total)	<10.0	10.0-19.9	≥20.0		
Fewer than 200	Percent of staffed inpatient beds occupied by COVID-19 patients (7-day average)	<10.0%	10.0-14.9%	≥15.0%		
200 or more	New COVID-19 admissions per 100,000 population (7-day total)	NA	<10.0	≥10.0		

The following table includes recommendations for protecting yourself, your family, and communities. Additional information can be found at: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/community-levels.html#anchor 47145.

COVID-19 Community Level	Protect yourself and your family	Protect your communities, schools, and workplaces
Low	 Stay up to date with COVID-19 vaccines and boosters. Stay home if you are sick. Avoid contact with people who have suspected or confirmed COVID-19. Follow isolation & post-exposure recommendations and wear a mask through day 10. Get tested if exposed to someone with COVID-19, if you develop COVID-19 symptoms, and before/after travel. Keep at-home tests on hand. https://www.covid.gov/testsLook for ways to improve airflow when home or indoors. Wash your hands frequently. Clean and disinfect your home. If you are at high risk for severe disease, have a plan for rapid testing and talk to your healthcare provider about whether you are a candidate for treatments. 	 Promote equitable access to COVID-19 <u>vaccines</u>, <u>testing</u>, treatment, <u>masks</u>, outreach, and support services, particularly for those at high risk of severe illness and vulnerable populations. Contact your <u>local health</u> <u>department</u> for information. Ensure <u>isolation & post-exposure</u> <u>recommendations</u> are followed. Maintain good indoor <u>ventilation</u> and airflow. Teach and reinforce importance of proper <u>hand</u> <u>hygiene</u> and respiratory etiquette. Ensure routine <u>cleaning and disinfecting</u> of buildings and facilities. Maintain screening testing infrastructure to allow for easier scale up when COVID-19 community levels are medium or high.
Medium	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' above and: If you are at high risk for severe illness from COVID-19, wear a high-quality mask or respirator (e.g., N95) when indoors in public. If you spend time with someone at high risk for severe illness from COVID-19, consider self-testing before you see them and wearing a high-quality mask when indoors with them. 	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' above and: Implement screening testing or other testing strategies for people exposed to COVID-19 in high-risk settings. Schools and daycares serving students at risk for severe illness from COVID-19 should consider implementing screening testing. Implement enhanced prevention measures in high-risk congregate settings to prevent transmission during movement. Refer to CDC guidance for correctional facilities. Encourage physical distancing for those at risk for severe illness from COVID-19.
High	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' and 'Medium' above and: Wear a high-quality mask or respirator. If you are at high risk for severe illness from COVID-19, avoid non-essential indoor activities in public where you could be exposed. 	 Follow recommendations for 'Low' and 'Medium' above and: Implement indoor masking policies. High-risk congregate settings, like shelters, should implement facility-wide, weekly screening testing. School and childcare settings may consider implementing screening testing for high-risk activities, before/after events, and after breaks. Consider cohorting in congregate settings.

Table 1. COVID-19 Community Levels for current week ending November 17, 2022 and change since previous week.

County	COVID Community Level		New COVID-19 Cases per 100,000		New Hospital Admissions per 100,000			Percentage of Inpatient Beds Occupied by COVID-19 patients				
	Current Level	Previous Week Level	Change since Previous Week	Current Value	Current Level	Change since Previous Week	Curren t Value	Current Level	Change since Previous Week	Current Value	Current Level	Change since Previous Week
Atlantic	Medium	Medium	(-)	99.4	<200	(-)	15.5	Medium	(-)	3.3	Low	(-)
Bergen	Low	Medium	(↓)	174.1	<200	(-)	9.4	Low	(↓)	4.8	Low	(-)
Burlington	Medium	Medium	(-)	106.0	<200	(-)	15.5	Medium	(-)	4.5	Low	(-)
Camden	Medium	Medium	(-)	106.2	<200	(-)	15.5	Medium	(-)	4.5	Low	(-)
Cape May	Medium	Medium	(-)	77.1	<200	(-)	15.5	Medium	(-)	3.3	Low	(-)
Cumberland	Medium	Medium	(-)	82.9	<200	(-)	19.4	Medium	(-)	5.9	Low	(-)
Essex	Medium	Medium	(-)	122.2	<200	(-)	12.2	Medium	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)
Gloucester	Medium	Medium	(-)	89.2	<200	(-)	15.5	Medium	(-)	4.5	Low	(-)
Hudson	Low	Medium	(↓)	137.1	<200	(-)	9.4	Low	(↓)	4.8	Low	(-)
Hunterdon	Low	Medium	(↓)	127.0	<200	(-)	9.1	Low	(↓)	4.5	Low	(-)
Mercer	Low	Low	(-)	110.8	<200	(-)	7.6	Low	(-)	4.5	Low	(-)
Middlesex	Medium	Medium	(-)	127.8	<200	(-)	12.2	Medium	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)
Monmouth	Medium	Medium	(-)	122.5	<200	(-)	15	Medium	(-)	5.9	Low	(-)
Morris	Medium	Medium	(-)	108.0	<200	(-)	10.9	Medium	(-)	3	Low	(-)
Ocean	Medium	Medium	(-)	123.4	<200	(-)	15	Medium	(-)	5.9	Low	(-)
Passaic	Low	Medium	(↓)	160.4	<200	(-)	9.4	Low	(↓)	4.8	Low	(-)
Salem	Medium	Medium	(-)	88.2	<200	(-)	15.5	Medium	(-)	4.5	Low	(-)
Somerset	Medium	Medium	(-)	92.1	<200	(-)	12.2	Medium	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)
Sussex	Medium	Medium	(-)	107.5	<200	(-)	10.9	Medium	(-)	3	Low	(-)
Union	Medium	Medium	(-)	90.1	<200	(-)	12.2	Medium	(-)	5.2	Low	(-)
Warren	Low	Medium	(↓)	106.4	<200	(-)	9.1	Low	(↓)	4.5	Low	(-)

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. COVID Data Tracker. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC; 2022, November 17. https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker

2. Community Transmission Levels used for Healthcare Settings



In general, COVID-19 Community Levels should not be used to inform decision-making in healthcare settings, such as hospitals and nursing homes. The CDC and NJDOH recommend the use of CDC Community Transmission levels for healthcare settings to assess risk of COVID-19 transmission to inform mitigation measures.

Two indicators, case rate and percent positivity, are used to determine the level of SARS-CoV-2 transmission for a county. If the two indicators suggest different transmission levels, the higher level is selected.

Community transmission risk is classified as low, moderate, substantial, or high as follows:

Community Transmission Levels					
Indicator	Low	Moderate	Substantial	High	
New cases per 100,000 persons in the past 7 days	<10	10 - 49.99	50 - 99.99	≥100	
Percentage of positive NAAT tests in the past 7 days	<5%	5 - 7.99%	8 - 9.99%	≥10.0%	

Table 2. COVID-19 Transmission Levels as of November 17, 2022

County	Community Transmission Level	New cases per 100,000 persons in the past 7 days		Percentage of positive NAAT tests in the past 7 days		
Atlantic	Substantial	99.37	Substantial	6.59	Moderate	
Bergen	High	174.1	High	8.46	Substantial	
Burlington	High	105.98	High	7.18	Moderate	
Camden	High	106.23	High	7.27	Moderate	
Cape May	Substantial	77.14	Substantial	4.71	Low	
Cumberland	Substantial	82.93	Substantial	3.08	Low	
Essex	High	122.16	High	9.09	Substantial	
Gloucester	Substantial	89.15	Substantial	6.33	Moderate	
Hudson	High	137.12	High	9.96	Substantial	
Hunterdon	High	127.04	High	6.8	Moderate	
Mercer	High	110.77	High	4.81	Low	
Middlesex	High	127.75	High	10.1	High	
Monmouth	High	122.5	High	8.92	Substantial	
Morris	High	107.96	High	8.91	Substantial	
Ocean	High	123.36	High	7.66	Moderate	
Passaic	High	160.41	High	9.07	Substantial	
Salem	Substantial	88.16	Substantial	7.73	Moderate	
Somerset	Substantial	92.12	Substantial	8.42	Substantial	
Sussex	High	107.48	High	9.9	Substantial	
Union	Substantial	90.05	Substantial	7.41	Moderate	
Warren	High	106.4	High	8.84	Substantial	

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. COVID Data Tracker. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC; 2022, November 17. https://covid.cdc.gov/covid-data-tracker

Recommendations for Healthcare Settings

Information from this table is adopted from CDC <u>Interim Infection Prevention and Control Recommendations for Healthcare Personnel During the Coronavirus Disease 2019</u> (COVID-19) Pandemic, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid services (CMS) & NJDOH. *The NJ Division of Consumer Affairs (DCA) has required licensed providers to follow NJDOH recommendations.

Licensed providers should refer to the <u>DCA</u> for additional information.

This table does not supersede any federal or state requirements

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	• Establish a process to identify and manage individuals with suspected or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection.
	• Ensure everyone entering the facility is aware of recommended actions to prevent SARS-CoV-2 transmission
	to others, especially when they (1) have a positive SARS-CoV-2 viral test; (2) symptoms of COVID-19; (3) close
	contact or a higher-risk exposure to someone with SARS-CoV-2.
	 Encourage everyone to remain <u>up to date</u> with all recommended COVID-19 vaccine doses.
	Healthcare facilities could choose to not require universal source control. Source control is still recommended
	for those who:
	 Have suspected or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection or other respiratory infection; or
	 Had close contact (patients/residents and visitors) or higher risk exposure with someone with SARS-
Low	CoV-2 infection, for 10 days after their exposure; or
Low	 Reside or work on a unit/area of the facility experiencing a SARS-CoV-2 outbreak; or
	 Are admitted to a nursing home (including those who leave the nursing home for ≥24 hours) - source
	control should be worn for 10 days; or
	 As recommended by public health authorities; or
	 Are located in a county where the COVID-19 Community Level is high.
	Optimize the use of engineering controls and indoor air quality.
	• Create a process to respond to SARS-CoV-2 exposures among healthcare personnel (HCP) and others.
	• Screening testing for identifying asymptomatic infection is likely lower when in counties with lower levels of
	SARS-CoV-2 community transmission and should generally be performed at the discretion of the facility.
	However, settings covered under <u>ED 21-011</u> should continue to test in accordance with the current directive.
Moderate	Follow considerations for 'Low'
	Refer to 'Low' and 'Moderate' above, in addition to this section.
	 Long-term care facilities (LTCFs) must have a plan for implementing universal use of personal protective
	equipment (PPE), pursuant to ED 21-012. This includes consideration for implementing universal use of
	NIOSH-approved N95 or equivalent and eye protection for HCP during all patient encounters or in specific
	areas of the facility at higher risk for SARS-CoV-2 transmission, and all aerosol-generating procedures.
Substantial	• Consider increasing the frequency of daily patient/resident monitoring for fever and other signs of COVID-19
Substantial	or an acute respiratory infection.
	LTCFs should provide testing to visitors or encourage visitors to test on their own within 2-3 days before
	coming to facility, pursuant to $\overline{\text{ED 21-012}}$. (Note: Visitors are not required to be tested as a condition of
	visitation)
	Consider universal source control for everyone in a healthcare setting when they are in areas of the
	healthcare facility where they could encounter patients/residents.
	Refer to 'Low' 'Moderate' and 'Substantial' above, in addition to this section.
	Source control is recommended for everyone in a healthcare setting when they are in areas of the
	healthcare facility where they could encounter patients/residents.
	HCP could choose not to wear source control when they are in well-defined areas that are restricted
	from patient/resident access (e.g., staff meeting rooms) if they do not otherwise meet the criteria for
	source control and COVID-19 Community Levels are not also high. When COVID-19 Community
111-1	Levels are high, source control is recommended for everyone in all areas of the facility.
J	Regardless of vaccine status, nursing home patients/residents are recommended to be tested upon
	admission (including those who leave the facility for ≥24 hours) and, if negative, tested again 48 hours after
	the first negative test and, if negative, again 48 hours after the second negative test.
	Non-LTCFs should have a plan to implement universal use of PPE. Recommend implementing universal use of NIOSU approved NIOS or against and one protection for LICB during all national appropriates or appoint
	of NIOSH-approved N95 or equivalent and eye protection for HCP during all patient encounters or specific
	areas of the facility at higher risk for SARS-CoV-2 transmission, all aerosol-generating procedures, and
	surgical procedures that might pose a higher risk for transmission if the patient has or is incubating SARS-
	CoV-2 infection.

This report will be updated weekly, on Fridays, and posted at:

https://www.nj.gov/health/cd/statistics/covid/index.shtml.

For additional information visit:

NJDOH Communicable Disease Service: COVID-19

NJ COVID-19 Information Hub