

Health Right to Know Hazardous Substance Fact Sheet

Emergency Responders **Quick Reference**

Common Name: 3,3'-DIMETHOXYBENZIDINE

Synonyms: o-Dianisidine: 3.3'-Dianisidine

CAS No: 119-90-4

Molecular Formula: C₁₄H₁₆N₂O₂

RTK Substance No: 0734

Description: Colorless, crystalline solid

HAZARD DATA		
Hazard Rating	Firefighting	Reactivity
2 - Health	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine may burn, but does not readily ignite.	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine is not compatible with
1 - Fire	Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , or water spray as	OXIDIZING AGENTS (such as PERCHLORATES, PEROXIDES, PERMANGANATES, CHLORATES,
0 - Reactivity	extinguishing agents.	NITRATES, CHLORINE, BROMINE and FLUORINE).
DOT# : UN 2431	POISONOUS GASES ARE PRODUCED IN FIRE, including <i>Nitrogen Oxides</i> .	Protect from LIGHT, HEAT and AIR.
ERG Guide #: 153		
Hazard Class: 6.1		
(Poison)		

SPILL/LEAKS

Isolation Distance:

Spill: 25 meters (75 feet) Fire: 800 meters (1/2 mile)

Moisten spilled material first or use a HEPA-filter vacuum for clean-up and place into sealed containers

for disposal.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Flash Point: 403°F (206°C) 8.5 (air = 1)Vapor Density:

8.8 x 10⁻⁹ mm Hg at 77°F (25°C) **Vapor Pressure:**

Water Solubility: Very slightly soluble

Melting Point: 279°F (137°C)

Molecular Weight: 244.3

EXPOSURE LIMITS

No occupational exposure limits have been established for 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine.

The Protective Action Criteria values are:

 $PAC-1 = 4 \text{ mg/m}^3$ $PAC-2 = 25 \text{ mg/m}^3$ $PAC-3 = 400 \text{ mg/m}^3$

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Gloves: Nitrile and Natural Rubber

Coveralls: Tyvek®

Respirator: Full facepiece APR with P100 filters

>4 mg/m³ - SCBA

HEALTH EFFECTS

Eyes: Irritation

Skin: Irritation, rash, redness and itching

Inhalation: Nose and throat irritation

Chronic: Cancer (bladder, intestines, skin) in

animals

FIRST AID AND DECONTAMINATION

Remove the person from exposure.

Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if worn.

Quickly remove contaminated clothing and wash contaminated skin with large amounts of soap and water.

Begin artificial respiration if breathing has stopped and CPR if necessary.

Transfer promptly to a medical facility.