



State of New Jersey

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NATASHA JOHNSON
Assistant Commissioner

The following Decision is distributed for your information. This Decision has been made in consideration of the specific facts of this case. This Decision is not to be interpreted as establishing any new mandatory policy or procedure otherwise officially promulgated.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES

FINAL DECISION

OAL DKT. NO. HPW **21776-25 S.P.**

AGENCY DKT. NO. **S989508009 (HUDSON COUNTY DEPT OF FAM SVCS)**

Petitioner appeals from the Respondent Agency's denial of Emergency Assistance ("EA") benefits, and the imposition of a six-month period of ineligibility for EA benefits. The Agency denied Petitioner EA benefits, and imposed a six-month EA ineligibility penalty, contending that she voluntarily quit her employment. Because Petitioner appealed, the matter was transmitted to the Office of Administrative Law for a hearing. On January 6, 2026, the Honorable Sandra L. Lascari, Administrative Law Judge ("ALJ"), held a plenary hearing, took testimony, and admitted documents. On January 7, 2026, the ALJ issued an Initial Decision, affirming the Agency's determinations.

No Exceptions to the Initial Decision were received.

As Assistant Commissioner, Division of Family Development, Department of Human Services, I have reviewed the ALJ's Initial Decision and the record, and I hereby ADOPT the ALJ's Initial Decision, and AFFIRM the Agency's determinations, based on the discussion below.

N.J.A.C. 10:90-6.1(c)(3) states, in pertinent part, that EA benefits shall not be provided for a period of six months "when an actual or imminent state of homelessness exists as a direct result of the voluntary cessation of employment by the adult member without good cause," including situations in which an applicant has been discharged from employment due to an action or inaction on his or her part in violation of the employer's written rules or policies, or lawful job related instructions. See N.J.A.C. 10:90-1.15.

Here, the ALJ found, and the record substantiates, that Petitioner voluntarily ceased employment in July, 2025, and from that time to the present has remained unemployed. See Initial Decision at 2; see also Exhibits P-1, P-3. Based on the testimony and evidence presented, the ALJ found that Petitioner's homelessness was a direct result of her voluntary cessation of employment, without good cause. See Initial Decision at 3; see also N.J.A.C. 10:90-4.14(c). Based on the foregoing, the ALJ concluded that Petitioner caused her own emergent situation, and as such, further concluded that the Agency's denial of EA benefits to Petitioner, and the imposition of a six-month EA ineligibility were proper and must stand. See Initial Decision at 3; see also Exhibits P-1, P-2, P-3, P-4, and N.J.A.C. 10:90-6.1(c)(3). I agree.

By way of comment, Petitioner is advised that the six-month EA ineligibility penalty shall run from December 10, 2025, the effective date of the EA denial, to June 10, 2026. See Exhibit P-3.

By way of further comment, the Agency shall refer Petitioner to any and all agencies and organizations that may be able to assist with her current needs, including Social Services for the Homeless.



Accordingly, the Initial Decision is hereby ADOPTED, and the Agency's determination is AFFIRMED, as outlined above.

Officially approved final version. January 15, 2026

Natasha Johnson
Assistant Commissioner

