

State of New Jersey

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES
DIVISION OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE AND HEALTH SERVICES
P.O. Box 712
Trenton, NJ 08625-0712

ELIZABETH CONNOLLY
Acting Commissioner

KIM GUADAGNO
Lt. Governor

CHRIS CHRISTIE

Governor

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES
DIVISION OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE
AND HEALTH SERVICES

MEGHAN DAVEY
Director

E.W.,

PETITIONERS.

V.

DIVISION OF MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

AND HEALTH SERVICES AND

MORRIS COUNTY BOARD OF

SOCIAL SERVICES,

RESPONDENTS.

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION

FINAL AGENCY DECISION

OAL DKT. NO. HMA 07779-17

As Director of the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services, I have reviewed the record in this matter, consisting of the Initial Decision, the documents in evidence and the entire contents of the OAL case file. No exceptions to the Initial Decision were filed. Procedurally, the time period for the Agency Head to render a Final Agency Decision is October 10, 2017, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 52:14B-10 which requires an Agency Head to adopt, reject, or modify the Initial Decision within 45 days of the agency's receipt. The Initial Decision was received on August 25, 2017.

At issue is the penalty imposed due to Petitioners' transfer of assets totaling \$80,576.30 for less than fair market value. By Initial Decision, the ALJ found that Morris County had properly imposed a 242-day period of ineligibility for the transfers. After reviewing the record, I concur with the ALJ's findings in the Initial Decision and hereby ADOPT them in their entirety.

Any transfer for less than fair market value during the look-back period is presumed to have been made for the purpose of establishing Medicaid eligibility. E.S. v. Division of Medical Assistance & Health Services, 412 N.J. Super. 340, 353 (App. Div. 2010); N.J.A.C. 10:71-4.10(i). As noted in the Initial Decision, it is the applicant's burden to rebut this presumption by presenting convincing evidence that the assets were transferred exclusively (that is, solely) for some other purpose. N.J.A.C. 10:71-4.10(j). Moreover, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 10:71-4.10(b)6.ii, care and services provided for free in the past are presumed to have been intended to be delivered without compensation. If payment is to be made there must a preexisting written agreement to pay for such services at a fair market rate. In this case, there was no agreement to compensate Petitioner's children for his care.

THEREFORE, it is on this 26

day of September 2017,

ORDERED:

That the Initial Decision affirming the transfer penalty is hereby ADOPTED as the Final Agency Decision.

Megican Davey, Director Division of Medical Assistance

and Health Services