

An aerial photograph of New York City at dusk, showing a dense urban landscape with numerous skyscrapers and buildings illuminated by city lights. The sky is filled with soft, grey clouds, and the water of the harbor is visible in the distance. The overall tone is a mix of blue, grey, and warm yellow from the city lights.

# *Proposed Urban Area Criteria for the 2020 Census:*

*New Jersey State Data Center*

*November 9, 2021*

**Michael Commons**

**U.S. Census Bureau**

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# Urban Area Criteria: Changes for 2020 (per February 2021 F.R.N.)

- (1) Increase the Minimum Threshold to Qualify as an Urban Area 4,000 HU or 10,000 Pop
  - Qualify on total housing units or population
- (2) Cease Distinguishing Different Types of Urban Areas
- (3) Adoption of Housing Unit Density Threshold for Qualification of Census Blocks 385 HPSM
- (4) Reduce the Maximum Distances of Jumps 1.5 miles
- (5) No Longer Include Low Density Hop or Jump “Corridor” in the Urban Area
- (6) Splitting of Large Agglomerations of Densely Settled Territory
  - Utilization of *Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics* (LEHD) data

# Proposed Urban Area Criteria for the 2020 Census

Increase the  
Minimum  
Threshold to  
Qualify as an  
Urban Area

*Total housing units  
or population*

**1**

Cease  
Distinguishing  
Different Types of  
Urban Areas

**2**

Reduce the  
Maximum  
Distance of Jumps

**3**

No Longer Include  
Low Density Hop  
or Jump “Corridor”  
in the Urban Area

**4**

Adoption of  
Housing Unit  
Density Threshold  
for Qualification of  
Census Blocks

**5**

# Proposed Urban Area Criteria for the 2020 Census

1

Increase the Minimum Threshold  
to Qualify as an Urban Area



Population: 10,000

OR



Housing Units: 4,000

2

Cease Distinguishing  
Different Types of Urban Areas

~~**Urban Clusters:** Urban Areas  
with population of 2,500 to  
49,999~~

~~**Urbanized Areas:** Urban Areas  
with population of 50,000 or  
more~~

# Proposed Urban Area Criteria for the 2020 Census

## 3 Reduce the Maximum Distance of Jumps

- From 2.5 miles back down to **1.5 miles**
  - Extended to 2.5 miles in 2000
  - Impervious surface added in 2010
    - Combination led to overbounding in 2010
- Excluded territory still extends hops and jumps to maximum of 5 miles
  - Water and wetlands

## 4 No Longer Include Low Density Hop or Jump “Corridor” blocks in the Urban Area



- 2010 Jump Blocks
- 2010 Qualified Urban Blocks

# Proposed Urban Area Criteria for the 2020 Census

## 5 Adoption of Housing Unit Density Threshold for Qualification of Census Blocks

385 housing units  
(occupied or vacant)  
per square mile

Equivalent to  
1 housing unit  
per 1.6 acres

Equivalent to  
approximately  
1,000 persons  
per square  
mile

More direct measure  
of developed  
landscape

Ability to update  
extent of Urban Areas  
between censuses

Census block-level  
housing unit counts  
are invariant

# Conceptually-Accessible Density Classes

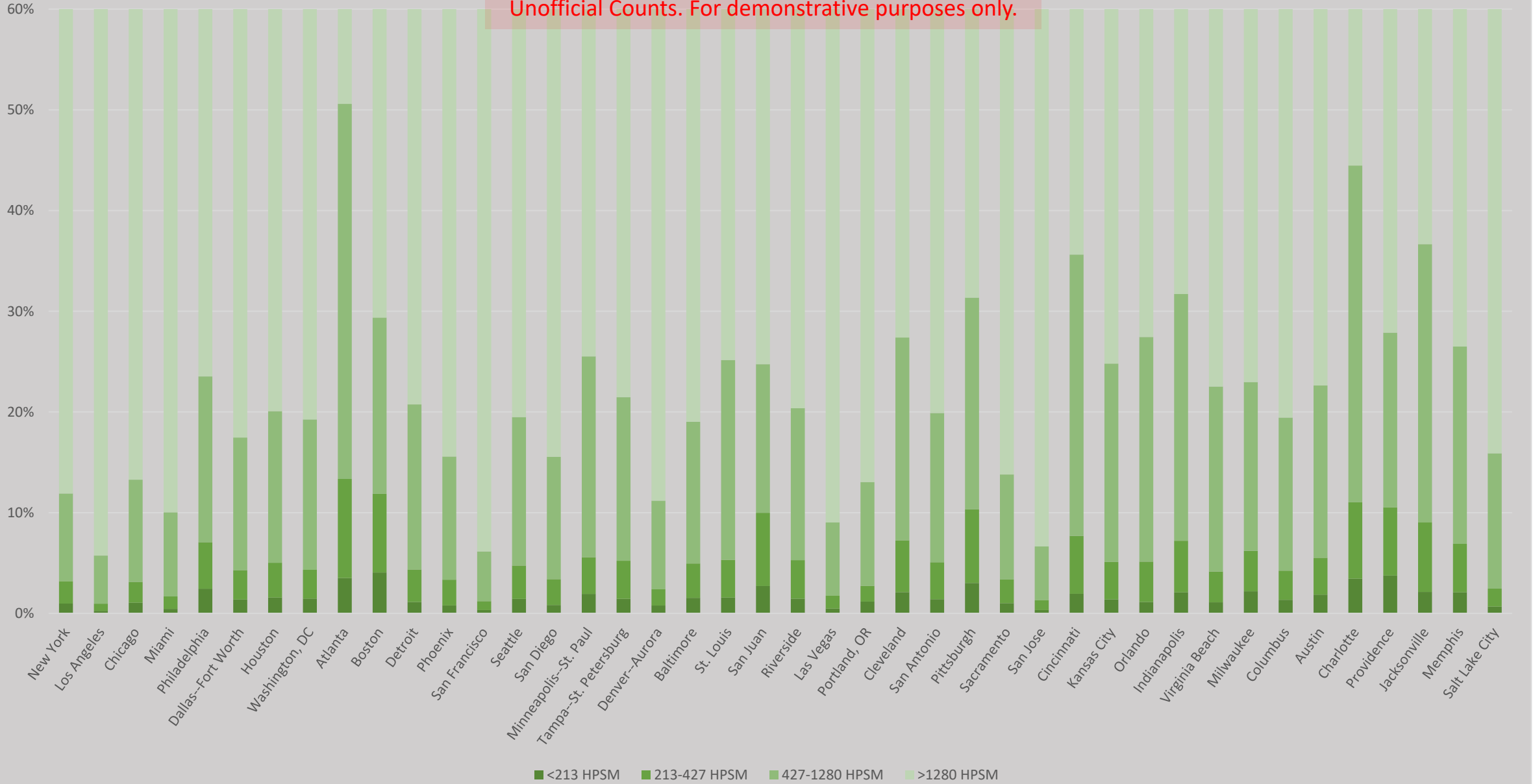
HU/Acre	Acres/HU	HU/Sq mi	Pop/Sq mi	Acres/Pop	Pop/Acre
2.00	0.5	1,280	3,328	0.19	5.20
1.00	1.0	640	1,664	0.38	2.60
0.67	1.5	427	1,109	0.58	1.73
<b>0.60</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>1,001</b>	<b>0.64</b>	<b>1.56</b>
0.50	2.0	320	832	0.77	1.30
0.40	2.5	256	666	0.96	1.04
0.33	3.0	213	555	1.15	0.87

# Top 42 most populous (1 million+)

## 2010 Urban Areas: Proportion of Housing by Block-level HPSM Class

Unofficial Counts. For demonstrative purposes only.

NOTE: y-axis reduced to 60% to show detail

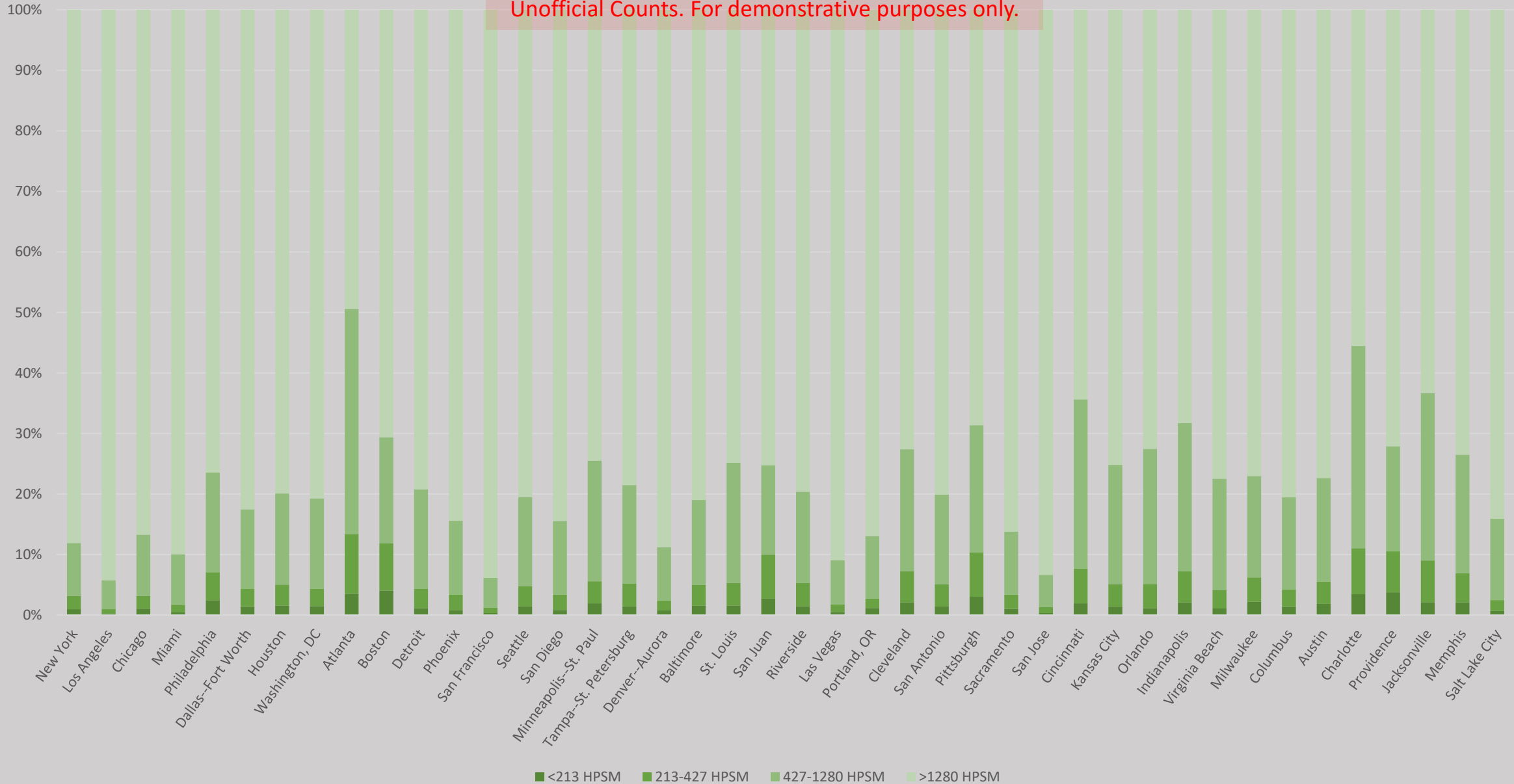




# Top 42 most populous (1 million+)

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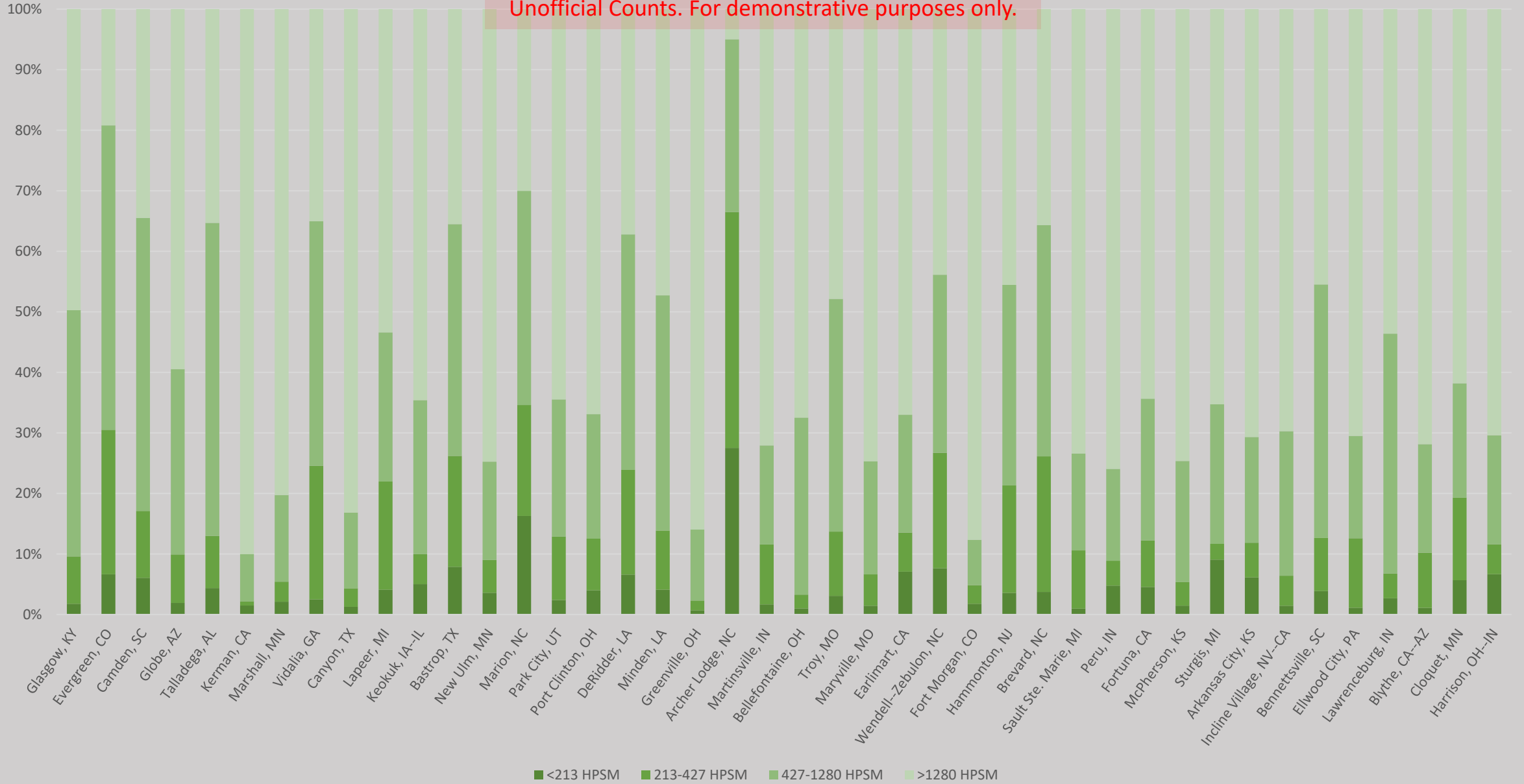
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Median 42

2010 Urban Areas: Proportion of Housing by Block-level HPSM Class

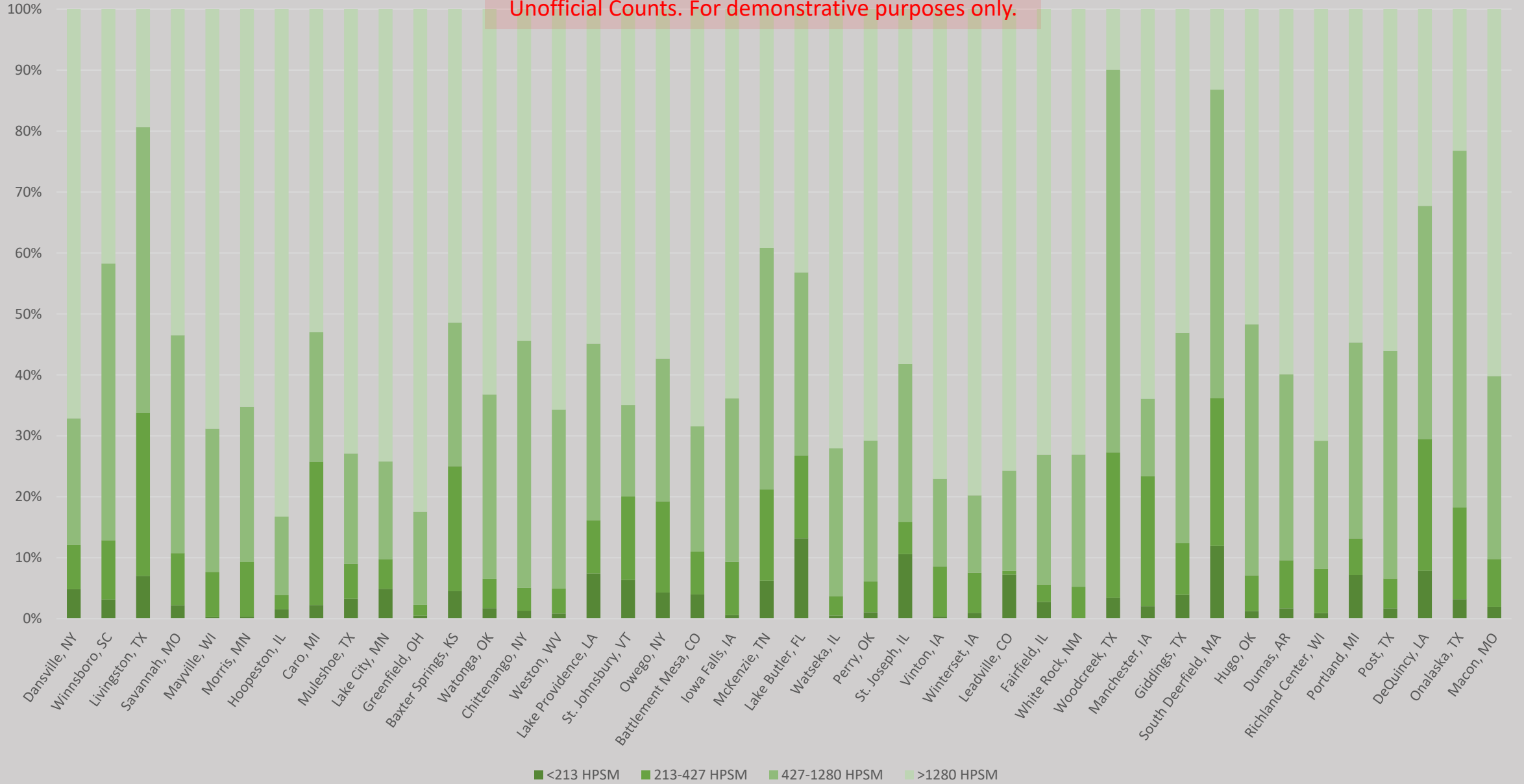
Unofficial Counts. For demonstrative purposes only.



# Top 42 least populous (5,000 min)

## 2010 Urban Areas: Proportion of Housing by Block-level HPSM Class

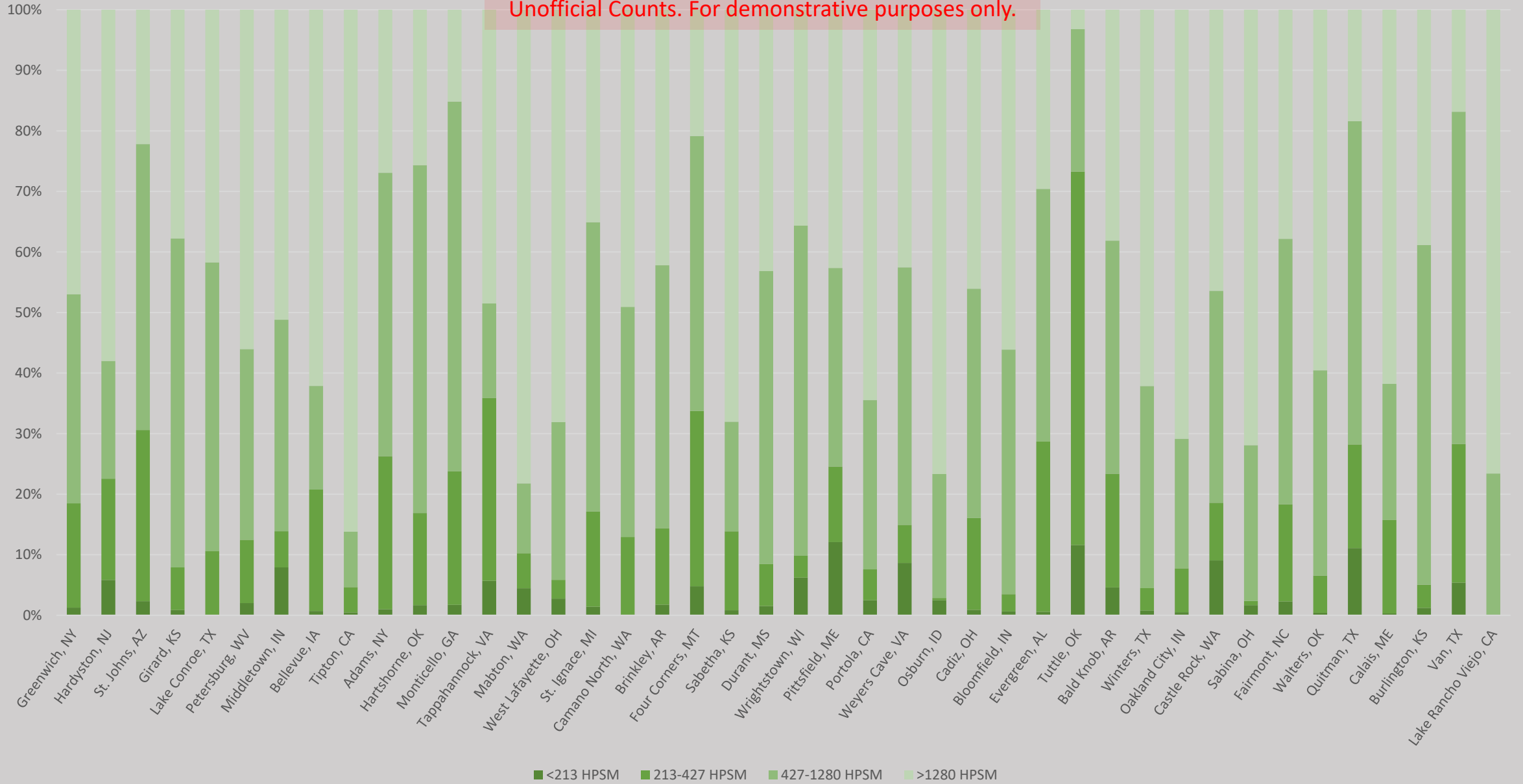
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**Top 42 least populous (2,500 min)**

2010 Urban Areas: Proportion of Housing by Block-level HPSM Class

Unofficial Counts. For demonstrative purposes only.

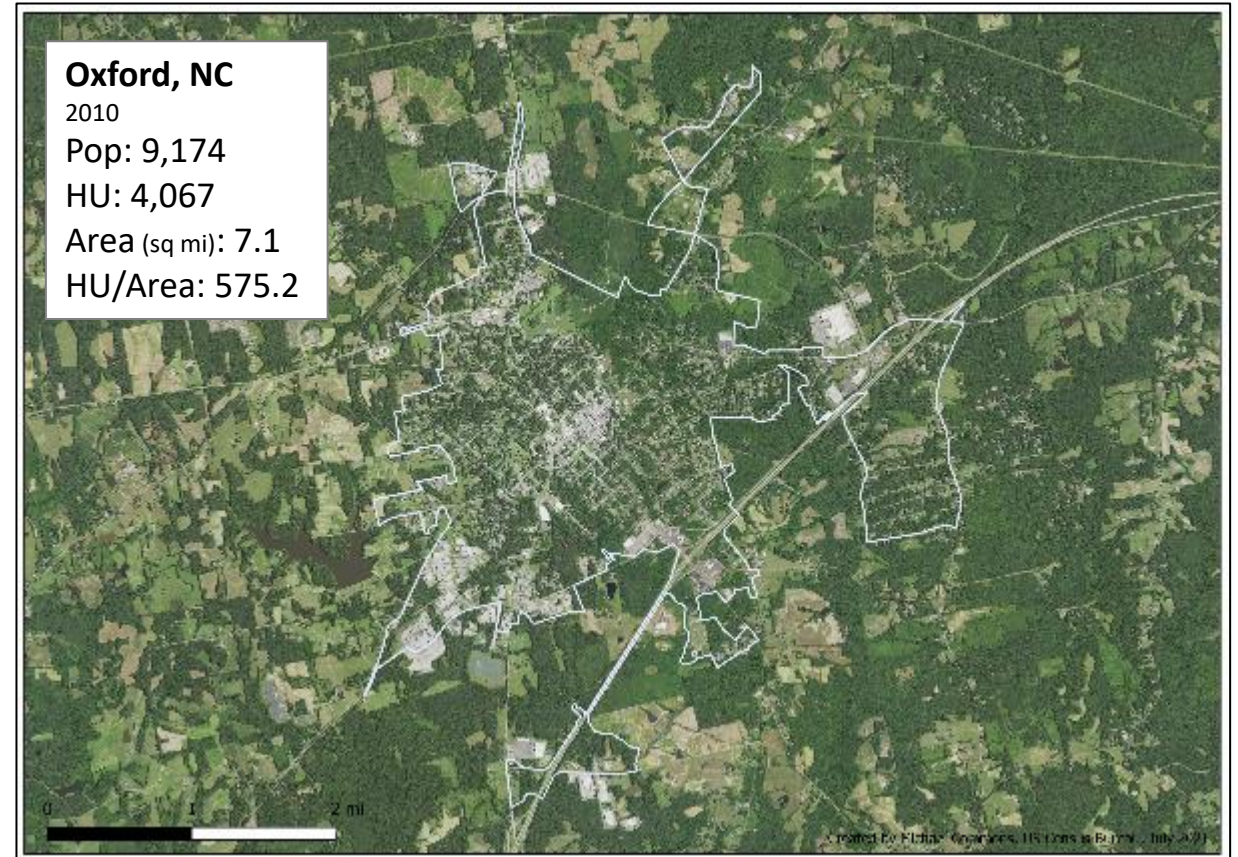


# Possible Criteria Changes

- High Density Cores
  - 1,280 HPSM (0.5 acres per HU)
- Final Fill
  - 213 HPSM (3 acres per HU)
- Minimum Cycle Size
  - 50 Housing Units
- Minimum Urban Area Qualification
  - 5,000 Persons or 2,000 Housing Units

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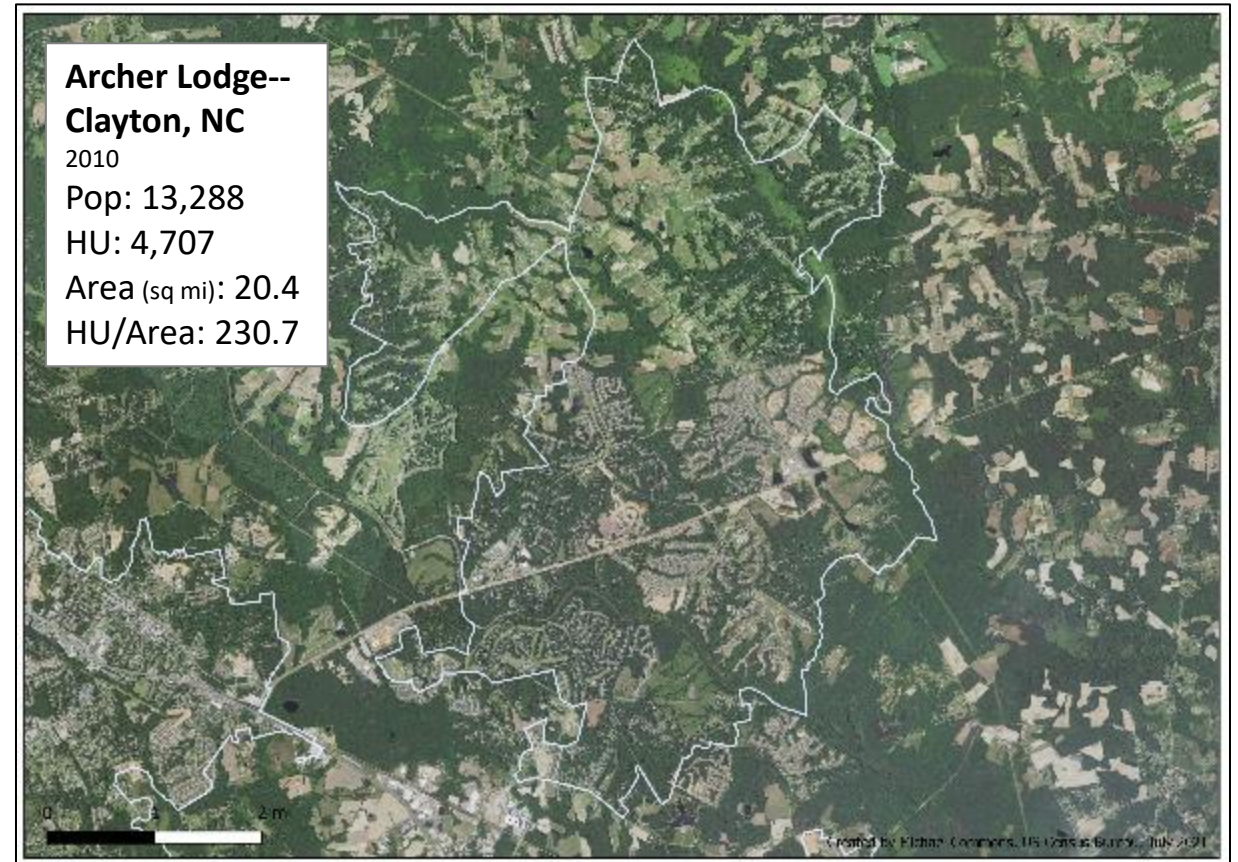
Preliminary Findings. For demonstrative purposes only.

Average HU/Area of all 2010 UA = 725

Average HU/Area of all UA2010 w/2,000HU or 5,000POP = 745

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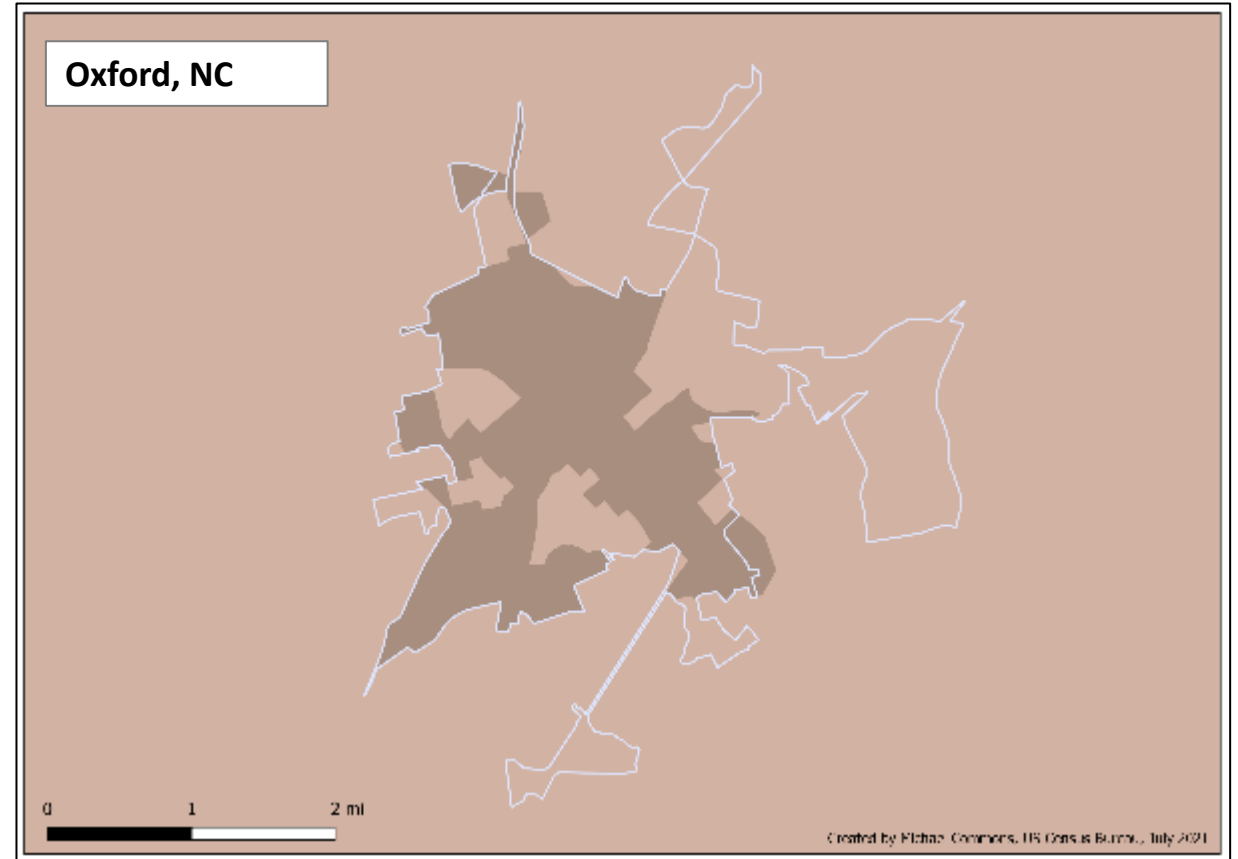
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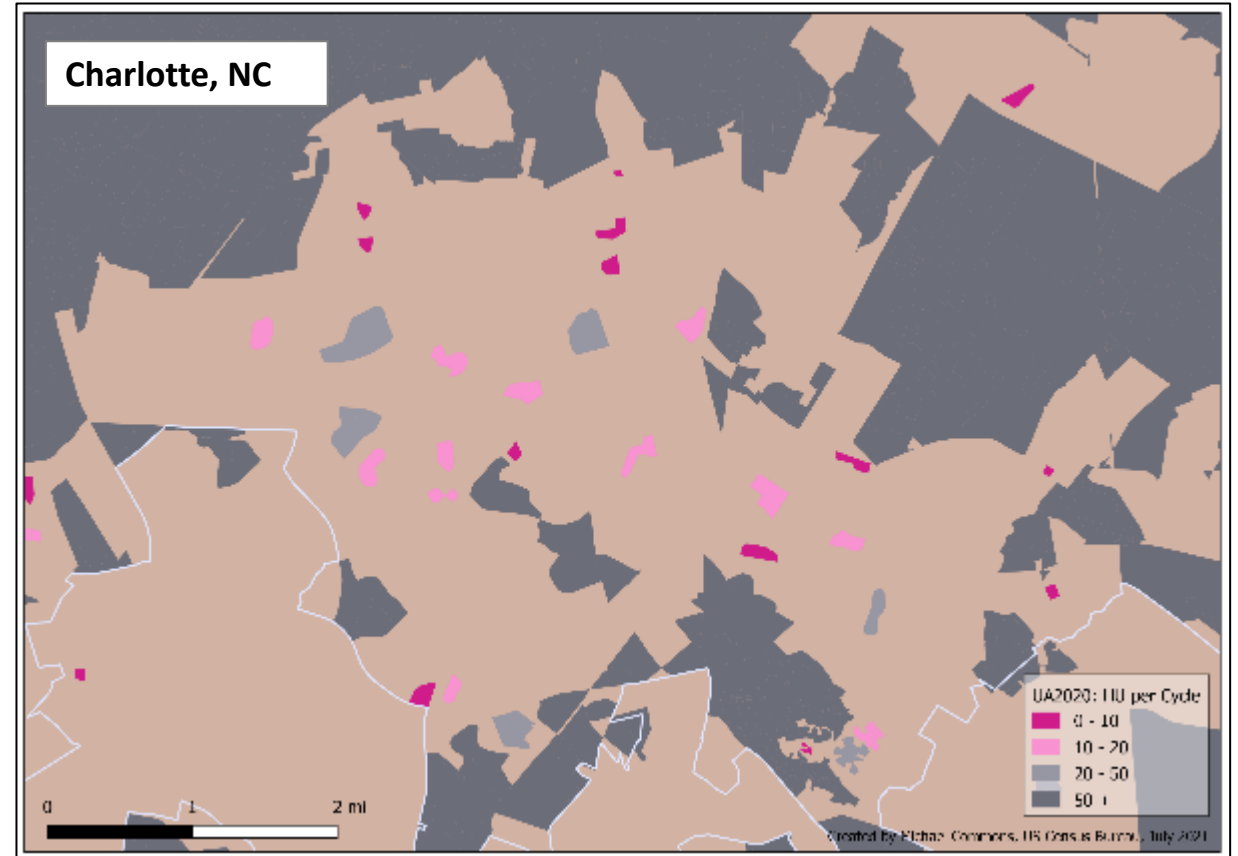
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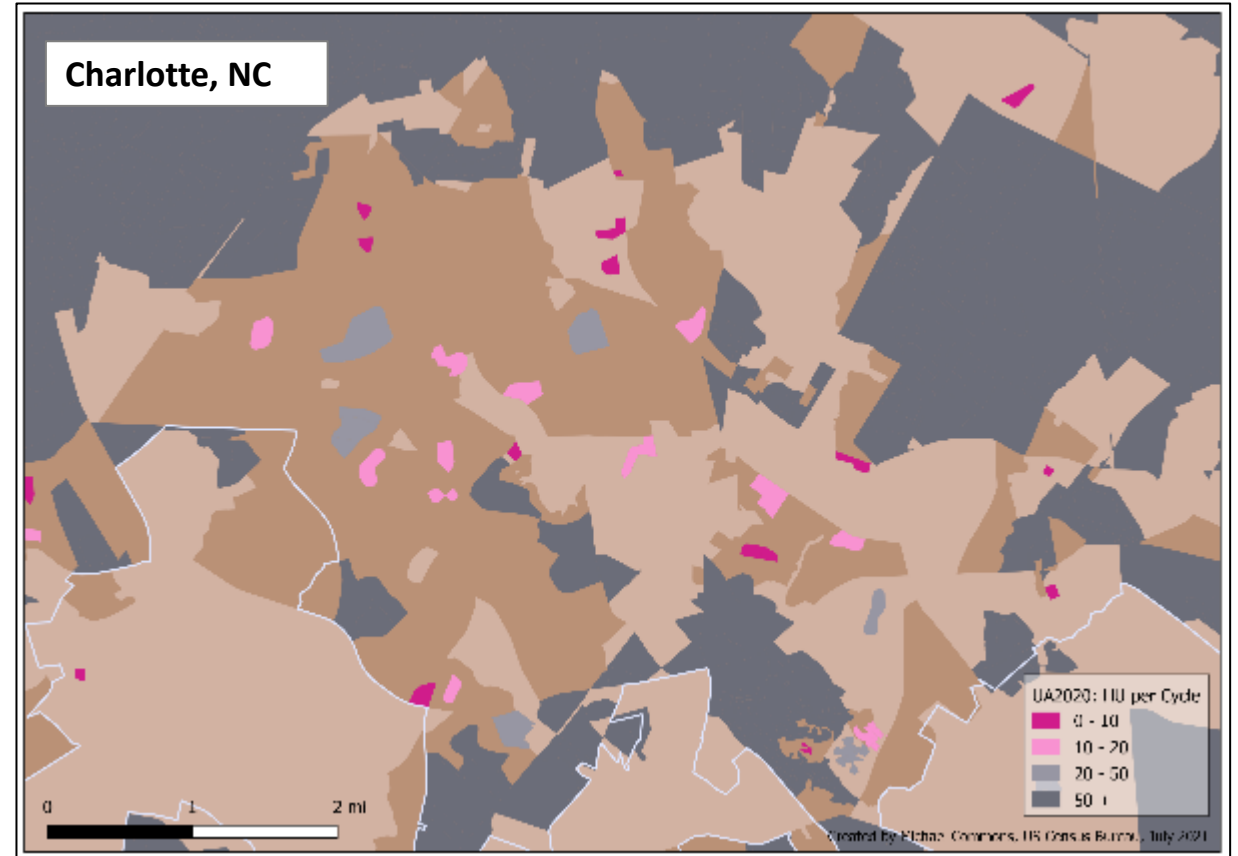
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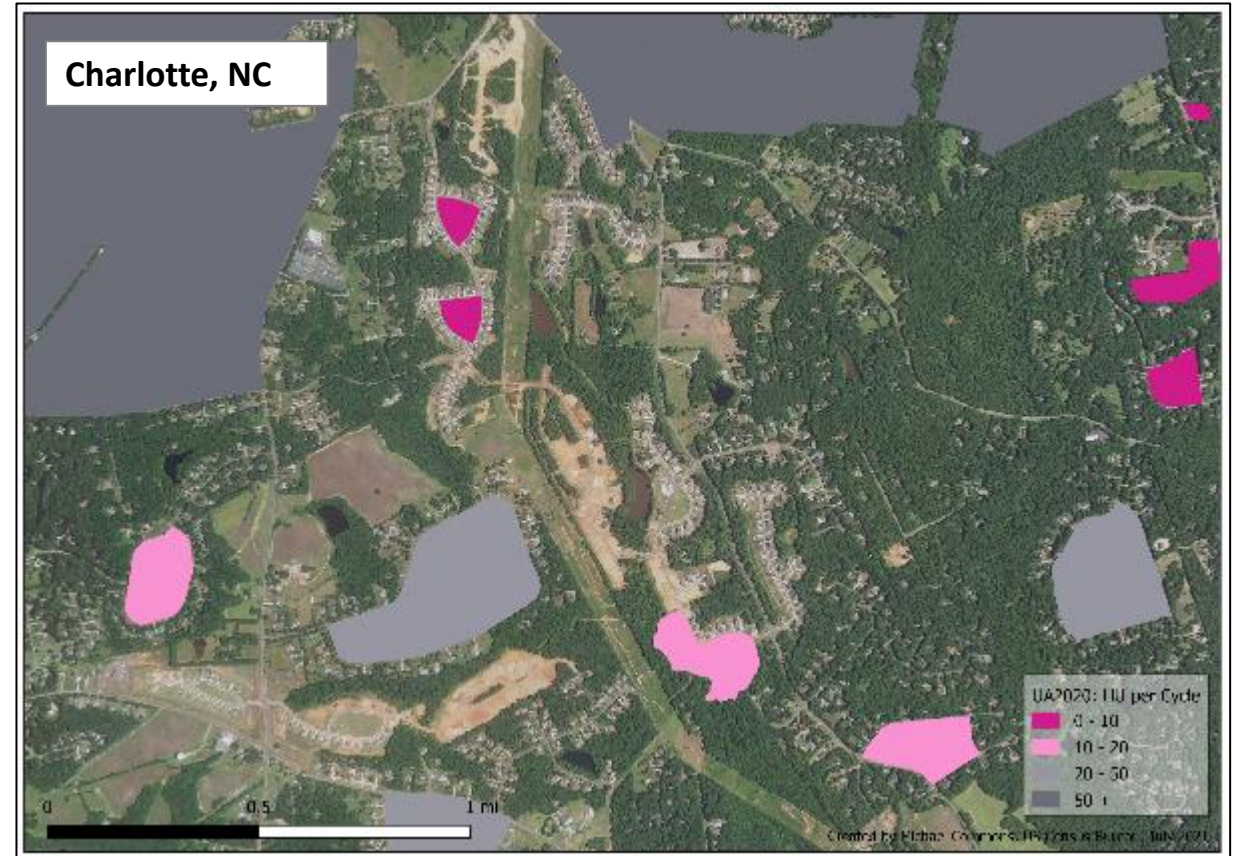
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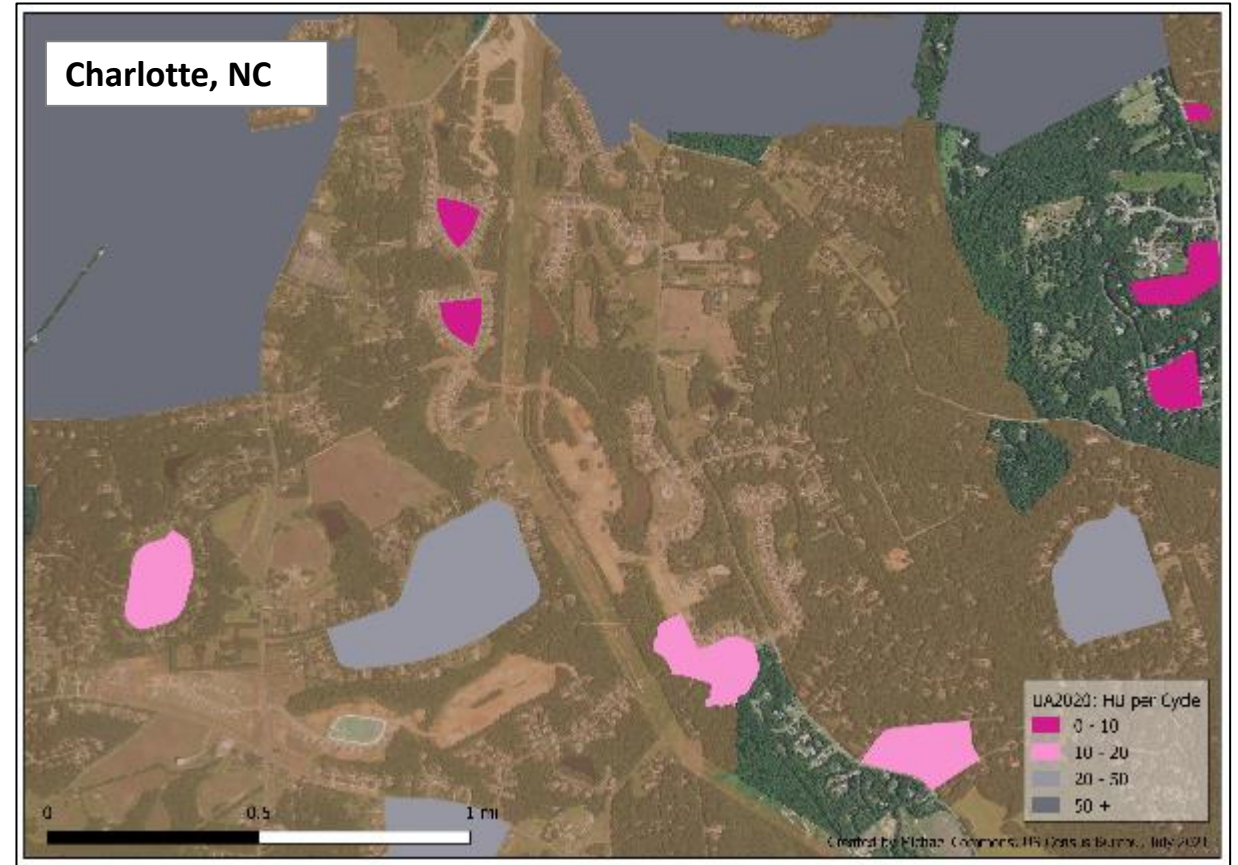
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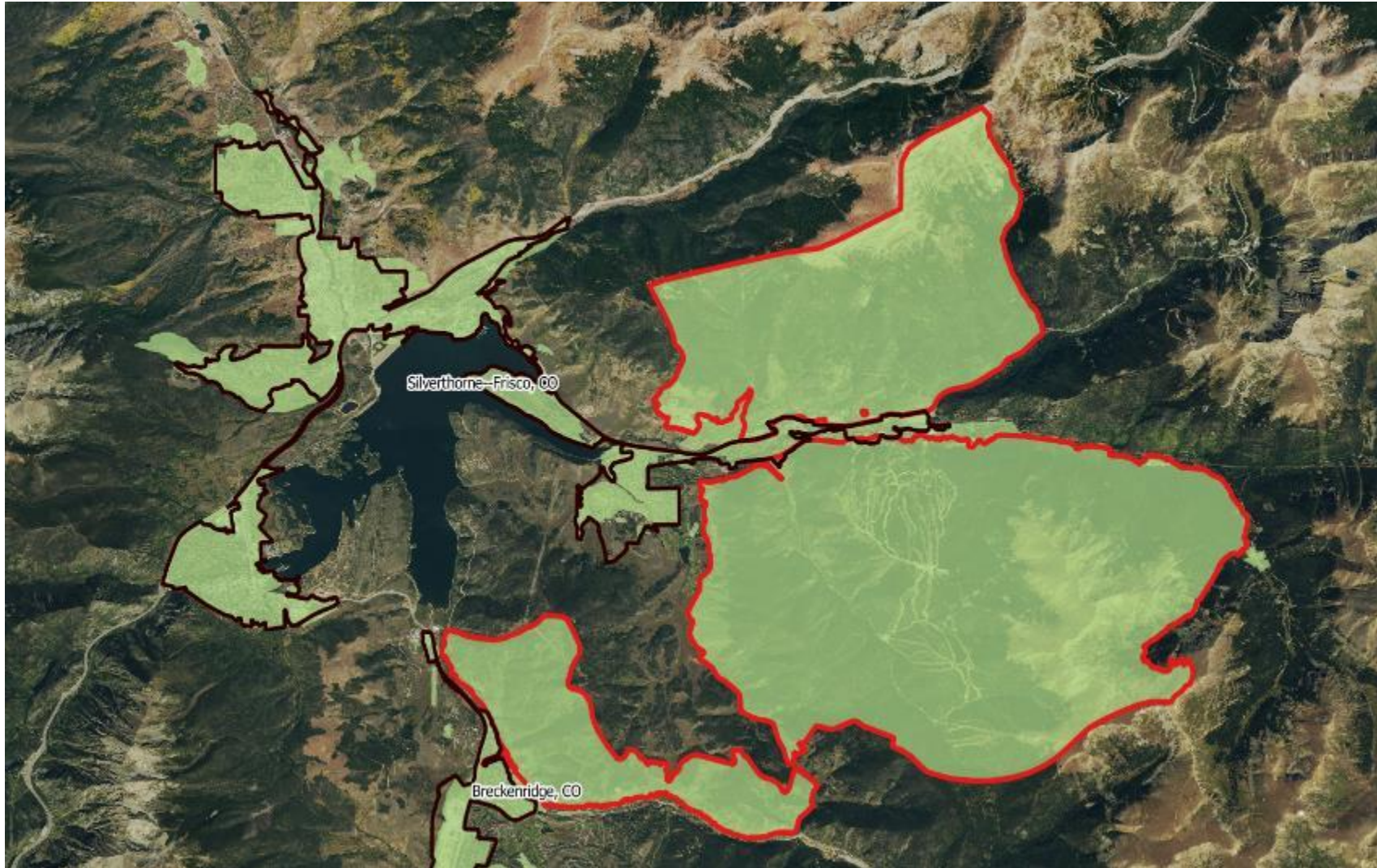


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# Possible Criteria Changes



The proposed criteria specified automatically qualifying blocks with Group Quarters as urban if they were adjacent to already qualified urban area. During criteria testing, this led to large blocks with low housing and population expanding the urban areas, sometimes by miles.

Further testing is continuing, but we are considering inclusion of GQ blocks where the block-level population density is at least 500 PPSM.

# Possible Criteria Changes



**New NLCD (2019) released since Proposed Urban Area Criteria was published**

Primary Core  
1275 HPSM -or-  
Impervious -or-  
GQ & 500 PPSM  
  
500+ Total HU

Secondary Core  
425 HPSM -or-  
Impervious -or-  
GQ & 500 PPSM  
  
500+ Total HU

Hop/Jump Core  
425 HPSM -or-  
Impervious -or-  
GQ & 500 PPSM  
  
10+ Total HU

Final Fill  
200 HPSM -or-  
GQ & 500 PPSM

Non-Residential Urban  
Territory  
Impervious -or-  
1000 Jobs

Hop Connection



Jump Connection



Non-Res Connection



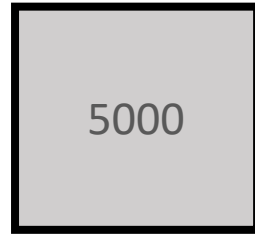
Merge Connection



Split Evaluation

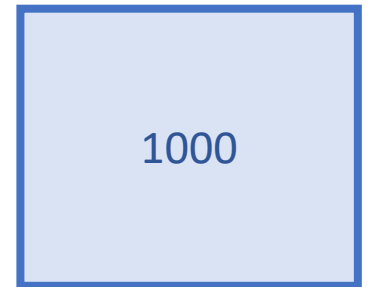
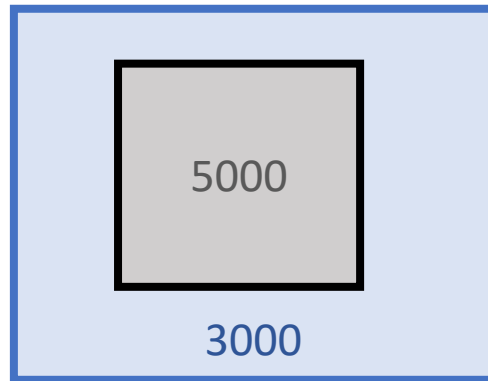
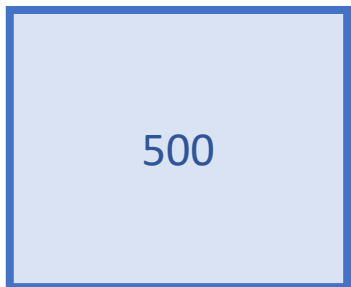


# Primary Cores

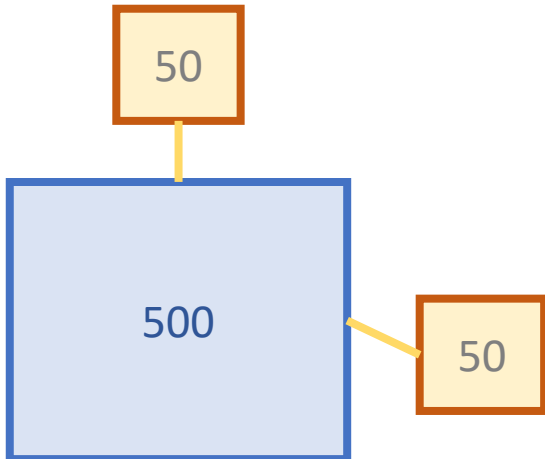
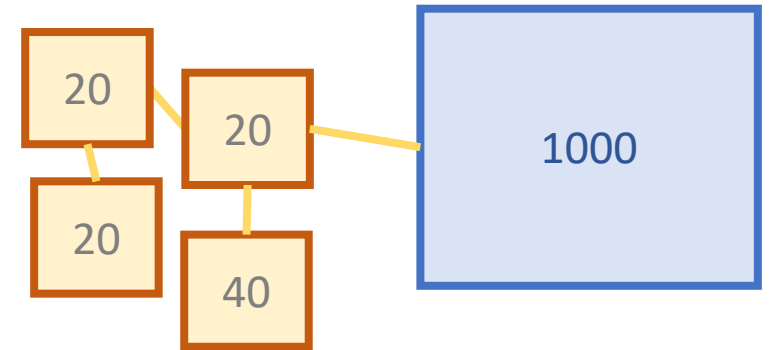
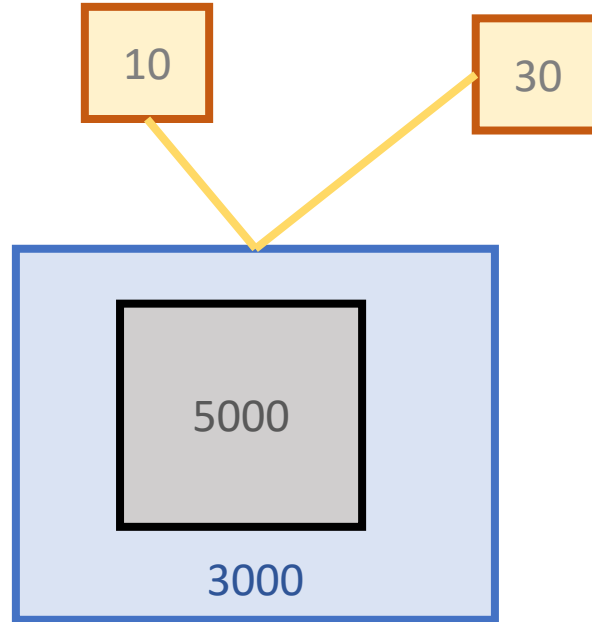
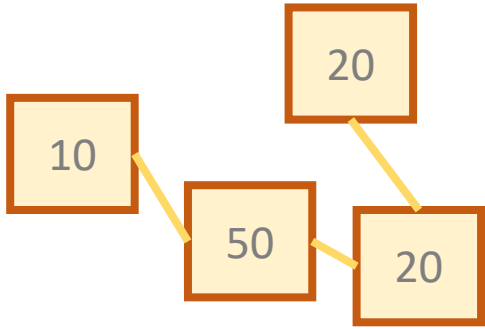




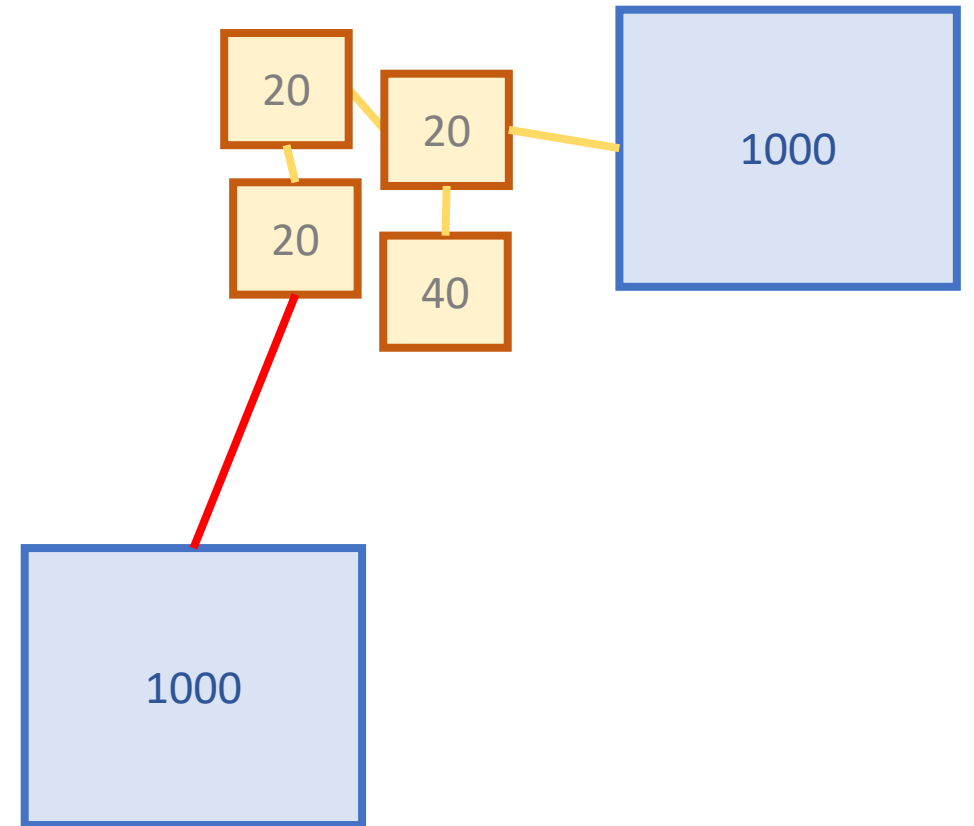
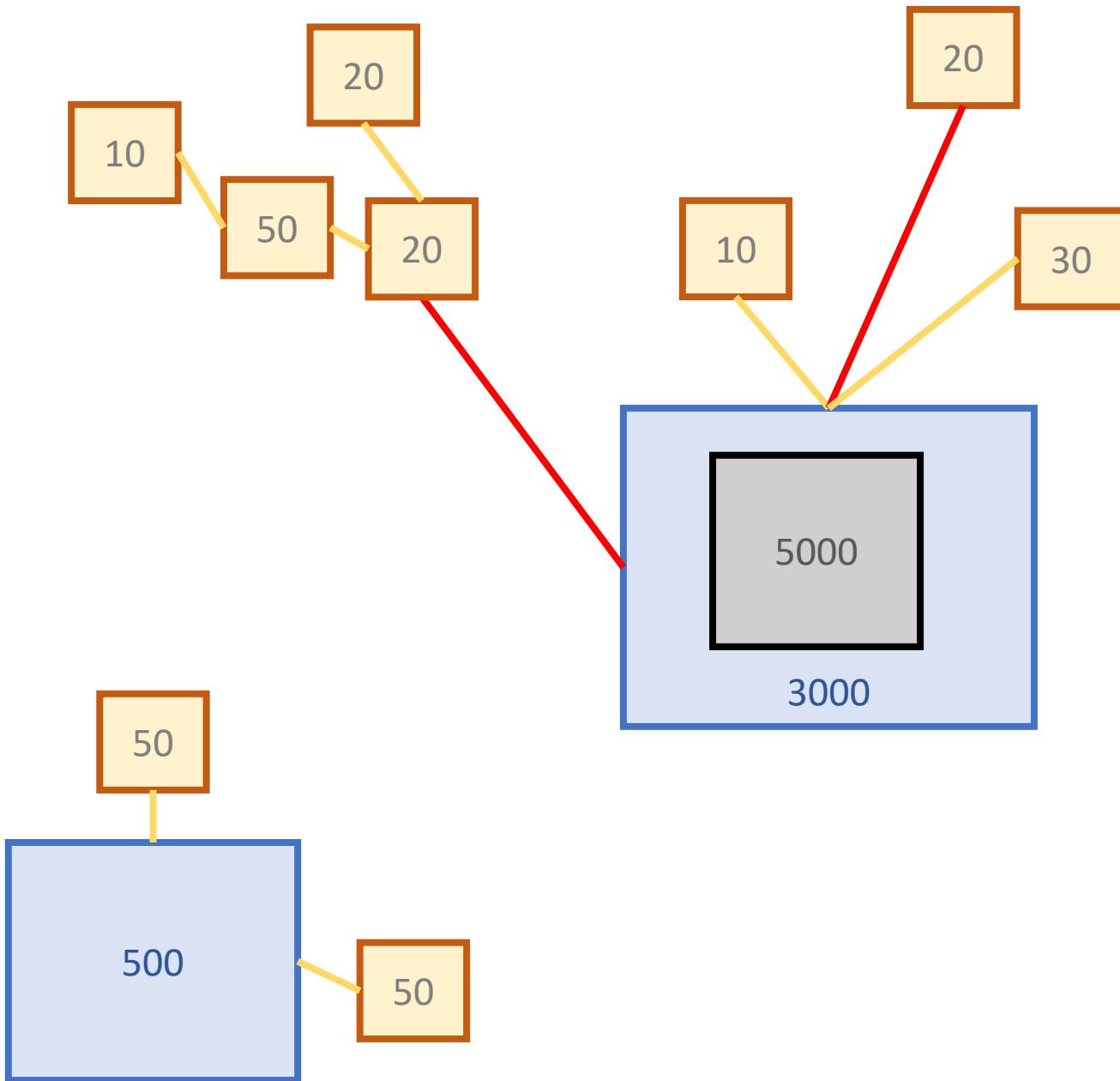
# Secondary Cores



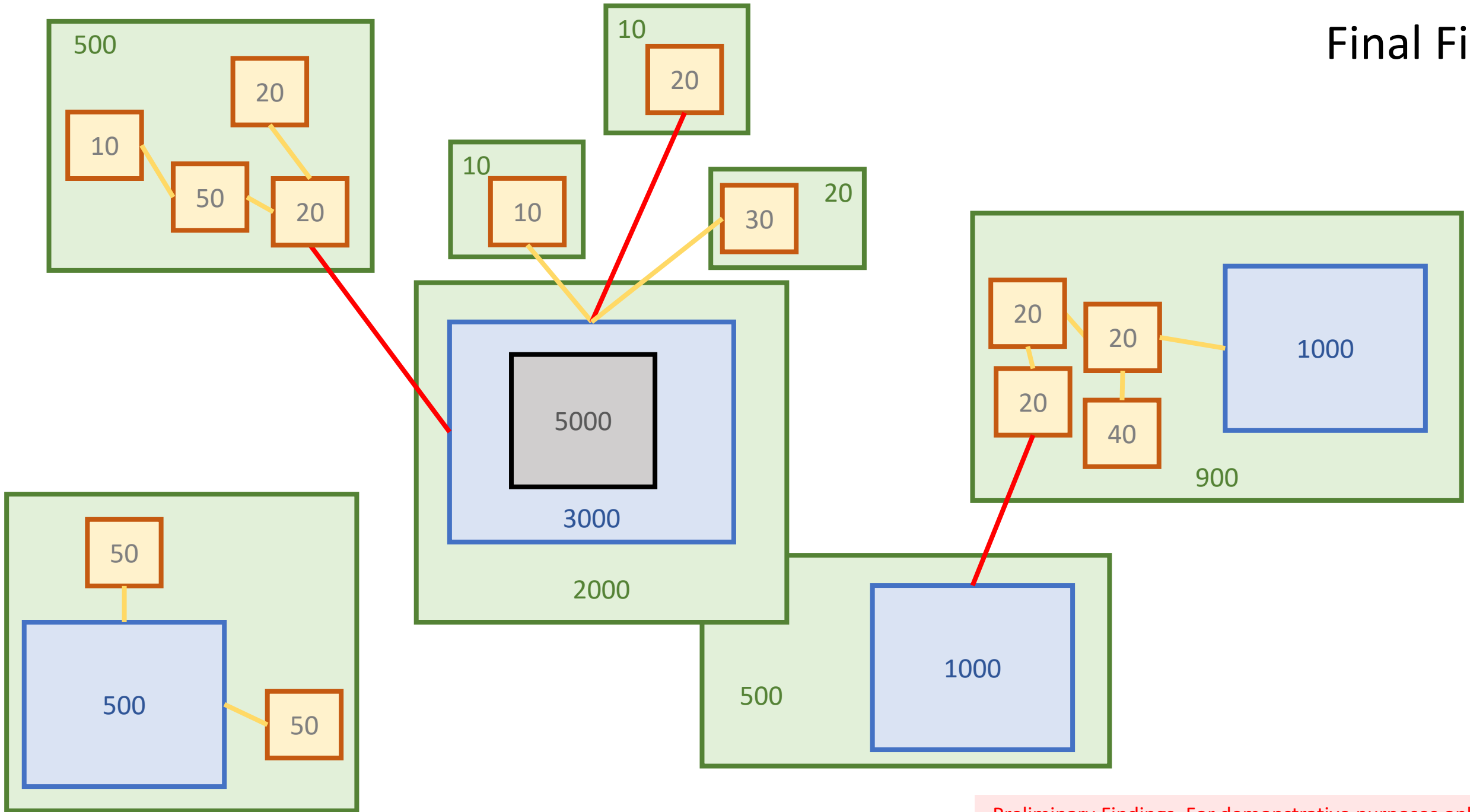
# Hop Cores and Connections



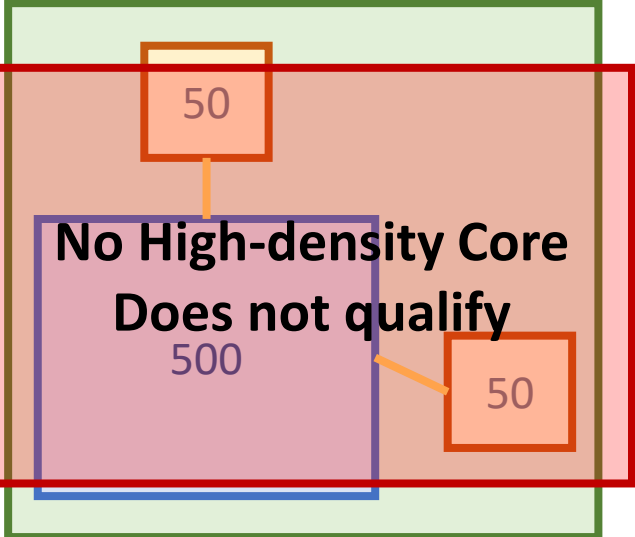
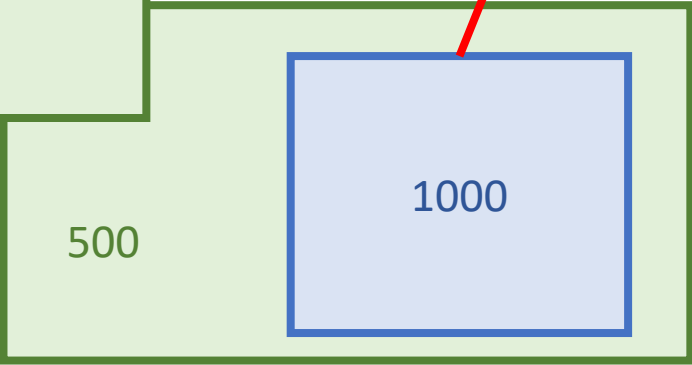
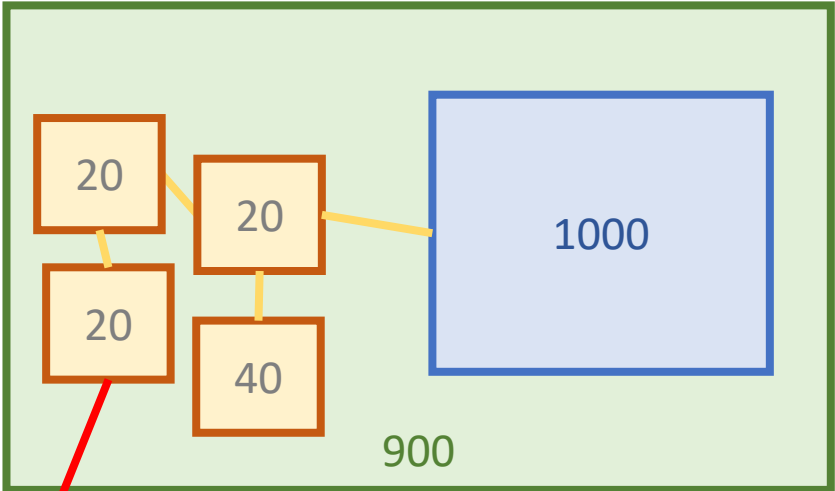
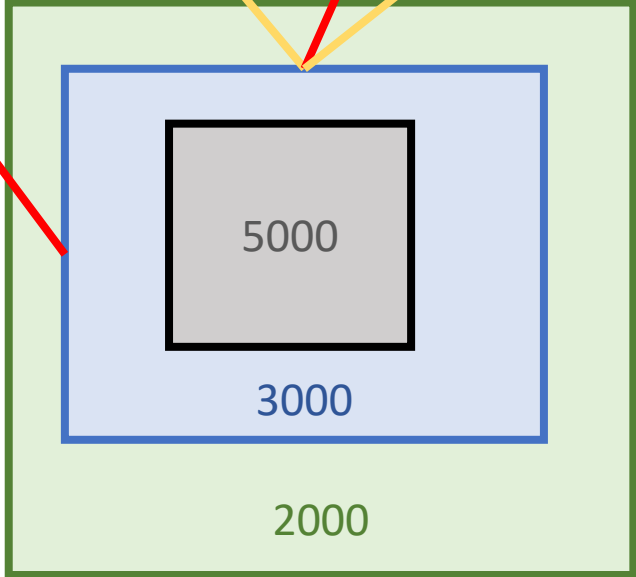
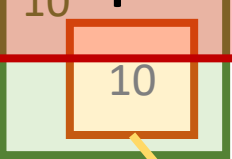
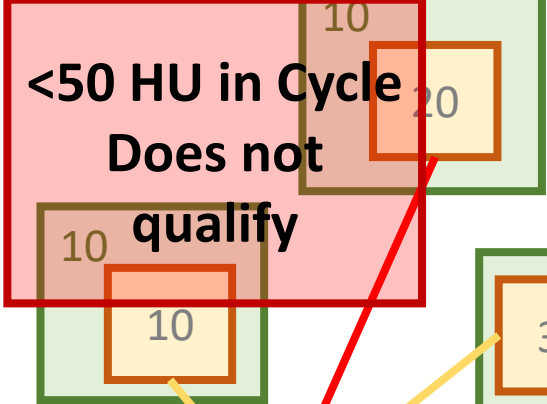
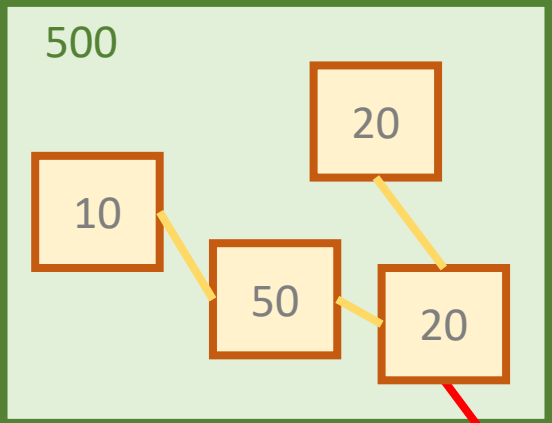
# Jump Cores and Connections



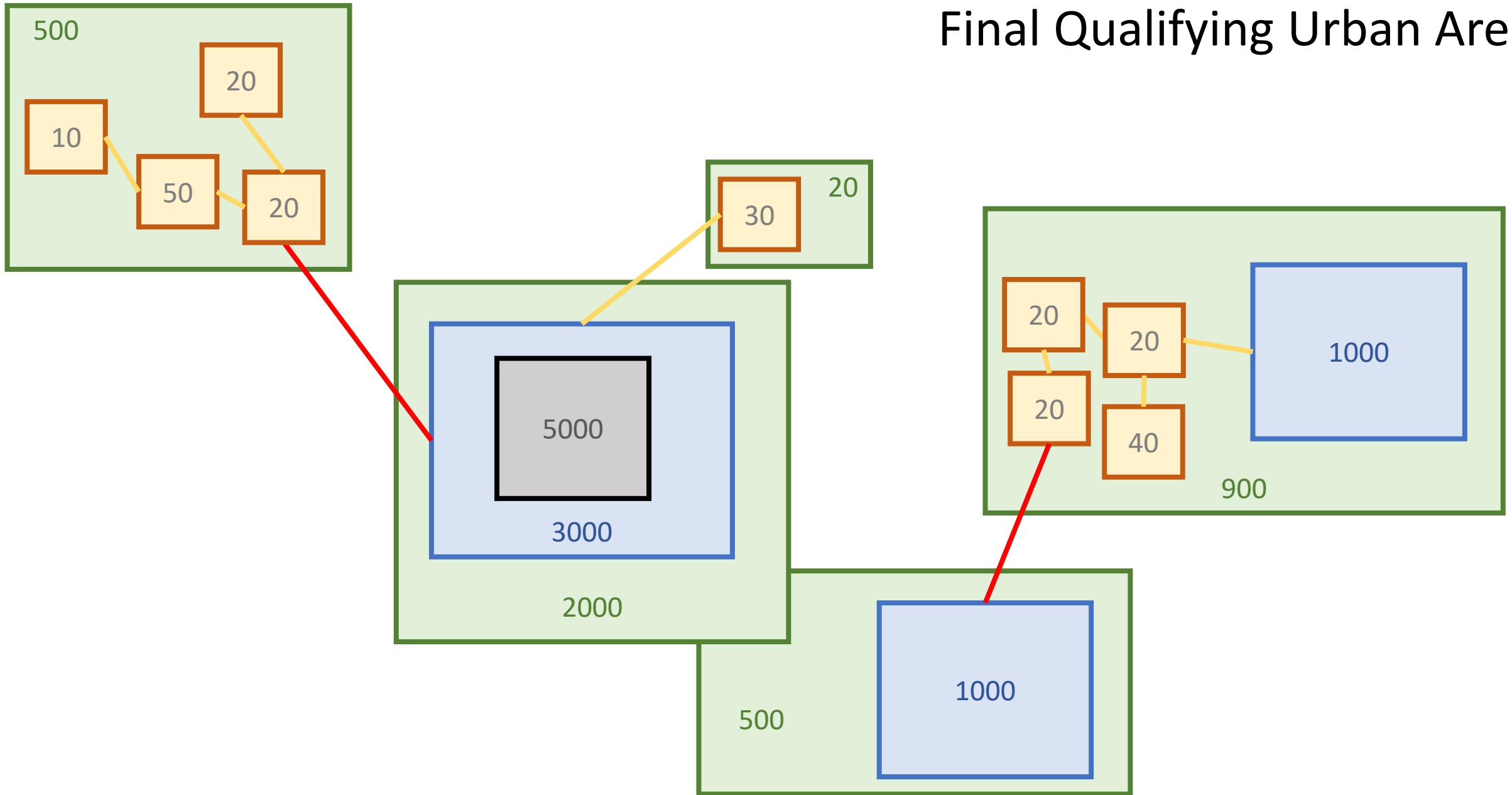
# Final Fill



# Remove non-Qualifying Cycles



# Final Qualifying Urban Area



# Reduce the Number of Cycles per Urban Area

2020 FRN Proposed Criteria					Updated Test Criteria					Impact of Update			
UA	POP	HU	AREA	CYCLES	UA	POP	HU	AREA	CYCLES	POP	HU	AREA	CYCLES
Charlotte, NC	1,455,923	770,820	781.2	515	Charlotte, NC	1,478,343	782,530	855.0	62	1.5%	1.5%	9.4%	-88.0%
Raleigh (Wake County)-- Durham (Durham County)-- Cary (Wake County), NC	1,108,168	623,186	520.8	292	Raleigh (Wake County)-- Durham (Durham County)-- Cary (Wake County), NC	1,157,114	647,009	605.3	53	4.4%	3.8%	16.2%	-81.8%
Nashville-Davidson metropolitan government (balance), TN	1,048,952	587,129	530.4	255	Nashville-Davidson metropolitan government (balance), TN	1,096,300	610,114	602.6	35	4.5%	3.9%	13.6%	-86.3%
Memphis, TN	856,995	397,778	314.5	41	Memphis, TN	879,429	407,161	338.5	11	2.6%	2.4%	7.6%	-73.2%
Greensboro--Winston-Salem, NC	776,147	392,002	420.1	329	Greensboro--Winston-Salem, NC	792,989	400,021	469.0	43	2.2%	2.0%	11.6%	-86.9%
Knoxville, TN	465,361	241,612	289.0	142	Knoxville, TN	504,429	260,418	343.9	32	8.4%	7.8%	19.0%	-77.5%
Chattanooga, TN	275,434	142,697	174.6	96	Chattanooga, TN	289,172	149,013	193.6	8	5.0%	4.4%	10.9%	-91.7%
Asheville, NC	218,891	131,715	218.7	196	Asheville, NC	242,593	144,456	264.5	17	10.8%	9.7%	20.9%	-91.3%
Fayetteville, NC	278,189	131,192	151.8	65	Fayetteville, NC	298,974	141,112	177.3	12	7.5%	7.6%	16.8%	-81.5%
Wilmington, NC	195,198	116,768	105.7	28	Wilmington, NC	199,367	118,938	112.2	8	2.1%	1.9%	6.2%	-71.4%
Johnson City (Washington County)--Kingsport (Sullivan County)--Elizabethton, TN	187,037	99,134	137.5	205	Johnson City (Washington County)--Kingsport (Sullivan County)--Bristol, TN	239,922	126,103	196.8	37	28.3%	27.2%	43.1%	-82.0%
Hickory (Catawba County)-- Lenoir--Morganton, NC	153,897	73,891	135.3	193	Hickory (Catawba County)-- Lenoir--Morganton, NC	183,635	87,144	180.5	24	19.3%	17.9%	33.5%	-87.6%
Clarksville, TN	130,777	70,008	157.9	54	Clarksville, TN	137,497	73,546	171.5	16	5.1%	5.1%	8.6%	-70.4%
Burlington (Alamance County)--Graham--Mebane (Alamance County), NC	113,952	63,443	77.1	61	Burlington (Alamance County)--Graham--Mebane (Alamance County), NC	116,775	64,798	79.6	13	2.5%	2.1%	3.2%	-78.7%
Greenville, NC	110,391	58,875	52.5	42	Greenville, NC	113,688	60,429	58.0	14	3.0%	2.6%	10.5%	-66.7%

\*Population derived from 2010 Census; Housing derived from Master Address File – NOT ENUMERATED 2020 CENSUS COUNTS

**Values shown here are estimates. These are not the official counts from the 2020 Census and do not reflect the final Urban Area delineation for the 2020 Census.**

# Density Composition

<213				213 to 427				427 to 1280				1280+				UA_NAME
BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	UA_NAME
32.8%	<b>61.4%</b>	3.2%	95.8%	3.1%	2.1%	7.7%	1.6%	5.5%	3.2%	7.3%	0.5%	58.6%	33.3%	<b>81.8%</b>	2.1%	Kinross, MI
70.1%	<b>55.1%</b>	0.3%	70.9%	3.0%	5.7%	12.8%	11.0%	6.0%	14.9%	32.2%	12.8%	20.9%	24.2%	54.8%	5.4%	Twentynine Palms North, CA
16.7%	<b>51.5%</b>	0.2%	39.0%	5.5%	0.9%	0.6%	1.9%	25.8%	25.7%	17.8%	24.2%	52.0%	21.9%	<b>81.4%</b>	34.9%	Florence East, AZ
23.6%	<b>47.0%</b>	2.4%	46.6%	7.9%	5.3%	8.3%	16.7%	24.9%	12.8%	22.5%	17.5%	43.7%	35.0%	66.8%	19.2%	Ionia, MI
21.9%	<b>46.6%</b>	2.1%	41.0%	12.3%	10.0%	17.4%	30.0%	26.2%	14.4%	25.9%	17.1%	39.6%	29.0%	54.6%	11.9%	Gatesville, TX
37.9%	<b>46.2%</b>	0.3%	79.3%	0.8%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	21.8%	8.5%	16.6%	7.0%	39.5%	45.3%	<b>83.1%</b>	13.6%	Grissom AFB (Miami County), IN
39.8%	<b>45.0%</b>	1.1%	24.3%	16.7%	13.0%	25.5%	39.1%	26.9%	35.6%	51.4%	31.4%	16.7%	6.4%	21.9%	5.2%	Dahlonoga, GA
31.5%	<b>44.7%</b>	15.5%	77.6%	10.2%	14.5%	19.0%	11.4%	29.6%	27.3%	37.6%	9.1%	28.7%	13.4%	27.9%	1.9%	Farmville (Prince Edward County), VA
17.2%	<b>44.5%</b>	4.2%	45.0%	3.9%	3.1%	3.4%	11.2%	15.6%	12.2%	18.4%	22.2%	63.3%	40.2%	<b>74.0%</b>	21.6%	Kutztown--Kutztown University, PA
33.3%	<b>43.7%</b>	21.5%	73.7%	12.7%	17.4%	21.9%	17.3%	19.8%	13.8%	18.5%	5.4%	34.1%	25.1%	38.1%	3.6%	Morehead, KY
27.5%	<b>43.4%</b>	2.7%	36.5%	10.1%	9.8%	15.9%	23.4%	29.0%	28.4%	51.8%	33.5%	33.3%	18.3%	29.6%	6.7%	Coxsackie, NY
27.5%	<b>42.8%</b>	5.9%	78.5%	5.3%	9.8%	17.3%	9.3%	32.2%	22.1%	34.3%	7.9%	35.1%	25.4%	42.5%	4.3%	Kenedy, TX
27.2%	<b>42.0%</b>	9.5%	54.9%	3.3%	0.6%	0.8%	1.8%	27.2%	27.3%	31.1%	25.3%	42.4%	30.0%	58.6%	18.0%	Canton, NY
13.8%	<b>39.8%</b>	0.8%	16.7%	16.3%	11.5%	13.6%	33.0%	33.8%	19.0%	31.9%	31.0%	36.3%	29.8%	53.7%	19.3%	Collins, NY
14.1%	<b>39.3%</b>	3.1%	35.0%	5.1%	7.7%	11.0%	30.3%	20.4%	12.6%	17.1%	20.2%	60.4%	40.4%	68.9%	14.5%	Huntingdon, PA
24.6%	<b>39.1%</b>	1.9%	33.6%	10.0%	6.6%	9.3%	24.3%	25.7%	14.7%	20.7%	16.4%	39.6%	39.7%	68.1%	25.8%	Colorado City, TX
42.7%	<b>38.3%</b>	3.7%	23.1%	14.5%	18.5%	27.9%	45.4%	26.4%	22.4%	33.3%	24.9%	16.4%	20.8%	35.2%	6.5%	Pembroke, NC
32.3%	<b>37.3%</b>	7.7%	35.9%	24.2%	22.5%	29.3%	38.0%	29.0%	15.6%	31.3%	20.5%	14.5%	24.6%	31.6%	5.6%	Storrs, CT
23.2%	<b>36.5%</b>	0.8%	22.9%	8.1%	14.0%	21.0%	33.7%	22.7%	24.0%	37.7%	33.7%	45.9%	25.5%	40.4%	9.6%	Chester, IL
42.9%	<b>35.5%</b>	1.9%	40.1%	9.8%	14.6%	21.4%	29.0%	24.3%	27.3%	37.8%	23.9%	23.0%	22.6%	39.0%	7.0%	Fort Leonard Wood, MO



# Density Composition

<213				213 to 427				427 to 1280				1280+				UA_NAME
BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	UA_NAME
14.5%	2.6%	2.1%	6.3%	54.5%	<b>64.6%</b>	64.5%	71.7%	26.8%	27.3%	28.7%	21.2%	4.1%	5.5%	4.7%	0.7%	Middleburg, FL
13.4%	3.6%	2.9%	9.2%	42.9%	<b>55.3%</b>	50.0%	69.6%	30.4%	28.0%	29.2%	18.4%	13.4%	13.1%	17.9%	2.9%	Ridgefield, CT
12.5%	1.2%	1.1%	7.2%	48.8%	<b>52.9%</b>	50.7%	61.9%	37.5%	45.3%	47.2%	30.7%	1.3%	0.6%	1.0%	0.2%	Wales, WI
10.6%	1.6%	1.4%	7.8%	33.3%	<b>50.1%</b>	55.5%	73.9%	42.3%	40.7%	34.8%	16.5%	13.8%	7.5%	8.2%	1.8%	North Windham, ME
39.0%	10.0%	6.4%	40.0%	27.2%	<b>47.8%</b>	52.9%	46.5%	22.8%	30.7%	28.6%	12.2%	11.0%	11.5%	12.2%	1.3%	Ellijay, GA
17.6%	0.0%	0.0%	12.0%	19.6%	<b>47.1%</b>	46.2%	65.0%	35.3%	29.5%	29.4%	17.4%	27.5%	23.4%	24.3%	5.6%	Altavista, VA
11.2%	2.9%	3.1%	17.1%	23.5%	<b>46.3%</b>	46.0%	61.7%	43.9%	34.3%	32.6%	18.3%	21.4%	16.6%	18.3%	3.0%	Antwerp, MI
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	33.3%	<b>45.4%</b>	45.6%	66.6%	37.0%	44.0%	43.5%	31.2%	29.6%	10.6%	10.9%	2.2%	, GA
10.7%	2.0%	2.0%	5.7%	28.0%	<b>44.9%</b>	45.3%	66.5%	25.3%	33.7%	31.6%	22.4%	36.0%	19.3%	21.2%	5.5%	Richland, MI
27.6%	8.1%	6.7%	24.1%	25.3%	<b>43.7%</b>	40.8%	55.0%	34.5%	40.2%	40.8%	20.0%	12.6%	8.0%	11.6%	0.9%	Deerfield--South Deerfield, MA
10.6%	0.9%	0.3%	3.7%	28.2%	<b>42.7%</b>	41.6%	72.1%	24.7%	16.6%	16.8%	14.3%	36.5%	39.8%	41.3%	9.8%	Stafford Springs, CT
42.2%	17.4%	12.7%	40.3%	16.4%	<b>41.8%</b>	44.0%	45.2%	26.9%	28.1%	27.5%	12.8%	14.5%	12.6%	15.8%	1.7%	North Wilkesboro--Wilkesboro, NC
32.7%	2.8%	0.7%	13.2%	18.6%	<b>41.4%</b>	42.0%	53.8%	40.4%	48.0%	48.4%	31.0%	8.3%	7.7%	8.9%	2.0%	Jefferson, GA
23.3%	0.0%	0.0%	2.1%	14.0%	<b>40.9%</b>	40.0%	76.5%	16.3%	25.9%	22.6%	16.5%	46.5%	33.2%	37.4%	4.9%	Carrollton, VA
26.7%	10.4%	9.5%	29.8%	11.7%	<b>40.8%</b>	41.2%	46.6%	25.8%	29.9%	31.7%	19.9%	35.8%	18.8%	17.6%	3.7%	Mont Belvieu (Chambers County), TX
16.1%	8.7%	6.2%	27.3%	24.7%	<b>40.6%</b>	39.8%	50.0%	30.1%	30.3%	35.5%	19.6%	29.0%	20.4%	18.5%	3.2%	Boothbay Harbor, ME
23.7%	6.3%	4.4%	16.0%	15.8%	<b>39.8%</b>	38.7%	58.0%	41.7%	38.1%	37.7%	22.0%	18.7%	15.8%	19.2%	4.0%	Ozark, AL
23.7%	15.6%	10.9%	37.9%	8.6%	<b>39.8%</b>	37.7%	49.8%	18.3%	17.9%	17.9%	8.4%	49.5%	26.7%	33.5%	3.9%	Leonardtown, MD
24.0%	5.9%	4.8%	23.0%	17.7%	<b>38.9%</b>	37.2%	51.7%	29.9%	32.0%	32.9%	20.4%	28.4%	23.2%	25.0%	4.9%	Breaux Bridge, LA
16.8%	2.6%	1.7%	28.2%	12.8%	<b>38.7%</b>	27.0%	37.9%	29.6%	45.8%	45.3%	27.7%	40.7%	12.9%	26.0%	6.2%	Hampstead, NC

# Density Composition

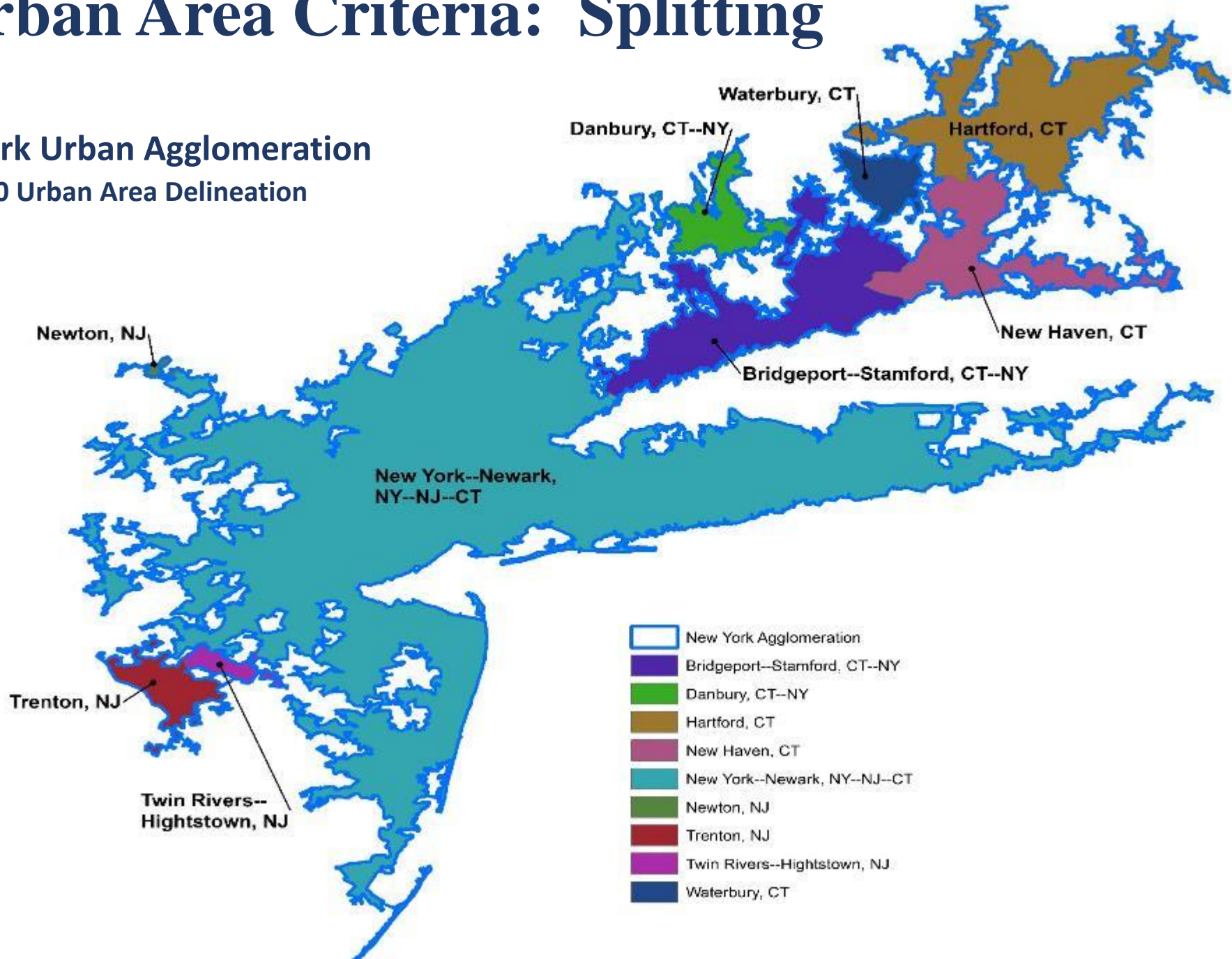
<213				213 to 427				427 to 1280				1280+				UA_NAME
BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	UA_NAME
2.0%	0.7%	0.3%	1.2%	2.0%	0.5%	0.3%	1.2%	87.8%	<b>90.6%</b>	88.3%	91.9%	8.2%	8.2%	11.1%	5.7%	San Diego Country Estates, CA
5.8%	0.5%	0.4%	4.8%	10.3%	7.0%	9.0%	20.6%	72.0%	<b>76.6%</b>	74.3%	66.7%	11.9%	15.9%	16.3%	7.9%	Ocean Shores, WA
2.4%	0.0%	0.0%	2.8%	13.1%	16.7%	16.6%	28.5%	75.0%	<b>76.6%</b>	76.5%	66.4%	9.5%	6.7%	6.8%	2.4%	Johnson Lane, NV
8.6%	0.1%	0.1%	2.5%	12.1%	14.3%	14.8%	26.9%	63.8%	<b>75.8%</b>	74.4%	67.2%	15.5%	9.8%	10.7%	3.3%	Tellico Village, TN
4.4%	0.8%	0.2%	2.1%	11.1%	9.3%	10.9%	20.9%	56.7%	<b>75.5%</b>	72.8%	71.0%	27.8%	14.4%	16.0%	6.0%	Rio Verde, AZ
5.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	1.7%	4.1%	3.9%	9.1%	57.9%	<b>74.4%</b>	76.9%	78.4%	34.7%	21.5%	19.2%	12.1%	Lake Monticello, VA
7.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.9%	24.1%	16.9%	17.0%	37.1%	54.2%	<b>70.9%</b>	69.9%	58.0%	14.5%	12.0%	13.0%	4.0%	Milton, VT
31.7%	6.0%	1.8%	24.5%	12.8%	9.7%	9.3%	17.7%	41.5%	<b>70.4%</b>	71.9%	54.6%	14.0%	14.0%	17.0%	3.2%	Jackson, GA
38.6%	1.0%	0.7%	8.1%	9.9%	18.9%	18.6%	31.6%	42.6%	<b>70.0%</b>	71.1%	56.3%	8.9%	10.1%	9.6%	4.0%	Wind Lake, WI
15.4%	2.7%	2.1%	30.8%	15.4%	17.2%	16.5%	24.5%	56.0%	<b>66.0%</b>	65.8%	41.3%	13.1%	14.1%	15.6%	3.4%	Fairfield Glade, TN
23.7%	2.4%	1.6%	28.2%	13.2%	15.7%	14.9%	22.5%	43.2%	<b>64.6%</b>	65.7%	44.5%	20.0%	17.3%	17.9%	4.8%	Portland (Sumner County), TN--KY
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	26.3%	14.9%	8.1%	26.0%	47.4%	<b>64.3%</b>	63.6%	70.0%	26.3%	20.7%	28.3%	4.0%	, CA
25.9%	4.9%	3.2%	19.6%	17.7%	18.1%	17.5%	29.4%	52.4%	<b>63.7%</b>	59.9%	46.3%	4.1%	13.2%	19.4%	4.7%	Lago Vista (Travis County), TX
16.7%	1.2%	0.2%	4.1%	11.1%	7.4%	4.5%	11.1%	38.9%	<b>63.3%</b>	61.7%	78.8%	33.3%	28.1%	33.5%	6.0%	Snowmass Village, CO
8.7%	6.2%	2.2%	21.3%	8.7%	10.0%	9.3%	17.8%	67.4%	<b>62.8%</b>	66.7%	53.8%	15.2%	21.1%	21.8%	7.0%	Hayes--Harrison, MI
20.5%	3.4%	2.6%	20.1%	14.8%	15.7%	17.0%	28.7%	51.6%	<b>61.5%</b>	63.1%	45.3%	13.2%	19.4%	17.3%	5.8%	Gun Barrel City, TX
28.0%	0.9%	1.0%	6.9%	9.8%	20.2%	14.0%	30.5%	36.6%	<b>61.0%</b>	59.0%	52.0%	25.6%	17.8%	26.0%	10.6%	Seabrook Island--Kiawah Island, SC
7.4%	1.3%	0.5%	2.7%	11.7%	15.9%	12.5%	25.4%	55.3%	<b>60.8%</b>	60.7%	61.7%	25.5%	22.0%	26.4%	10.1%	Blowing Rock (Watauga County), NC
29.4%	3.4%	2.1%	21.4%	10.9%	14.7%	10.2%	20.7%	32.3%	<b>60.3%</b>	55.6%	49.0%	27.4%	21.5%	32.1%	8.8%	Elkton, VA
11.2%	1.3%	1.1%	25.0%	5.6%	11.4%	11.4%	20.1%	47.7%	<b>60.3%</b>	60.2%	47.3%	35.5%	27.0%	27.4%	7.6%	Smithfield, VA

# Density Composition

<213				213 to 427				427 to 1280				1280+				UA_NAME
BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	BLOCKS	POP	HU	LAND	
5.5%	0.0%	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%	0.2%	0.1%	0.3%	92.7%	<b>99.8%</b>	99.9%	96.0%	Riviera Beach, FL
16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	13.8%	2.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.9%	4.8%	1.4%	1.6%	3.7%	76.2%	<b>98.4%</b>	98.3%	81.7%	Mecca, CA
12.6%	0.1%	0.0%	35.1%	2.3%	0.5%	0.5%	5.4%	6.9%	3.7%	2.6%	10.4%	78.2%	<b>95.7%</b>	96.9%	49.0%	Key Biscayne, FL
16.6%	0.9%	0.5%	41.4%	3.6%	1.2%	1.0%	5.0%	5.8%	3.8%	3.7%	5.7%	74.0%	<b>94.1%</b>	94.7%	47.8%	Patterson, CA
5.4%	0.2%	0.0%	13.9%	1.4%	0.8%	0.6%	11.3%	8.2%	5.3%	3.2%	21.7%	85.0%	<b>93.7%</b>	96.1%	53.1%	Mahanoy City, PA
9.0%	0.2%	0.1%	3.5%	0.6%	0.1%	0.0%	0.2%	3.1%	6.2%	6.3%	14.4%	87.2%	<b>93.5%</b>	93.6%	81.9%	Long Beach--North Beach Haven, NJ
20.9%	0.4%	0.3%	23.2%	1.5%	1.2%	1.2%	4.7%	9.7%	4.9%	4.5%	10.2%	67.9%	<b>93.5%</b>	94.0%	62.0%	Orange Cove, CA
16.5%	0.3%	0.1%	20.2%	1.6%	0.9%	0.7%	3.6%	6.0%	5.4%	5.0%	12.9%	75.9%	<b>93.4%</b>	94.3%	63.3%	Wasco, CA
12.8%	0.6%	0.0%	16.2%	0.6%	0.1%	0.1%	1.0%	7.3%	6.2%	6.8%	16.1%	79.3%	<b>93.1%</b>	93.0%	66.8%	Arvin, CA
15.0%	0.6%	0.4%	16.7%	1.9%	0.4%	0.2%	1.0%	3.8%	5.9%	5.8%	11.0%	79.4%	<b>93.1%</b>	93.7%	71.2%	Newman, CA
8.3%	1.7%	1.5%	37.9%	2.9%	3.2%	2.9%	21.6%	3.6%	2.1%	1.5%	4.2%	85.2%	<b>93.0%</b>	94.1%	36.3%	Tamaqua, PA
8.1%	0.2%	0.1%	8.5%	0.8%	0.1%	0.2%	1.7%	6.5%	6.9%	6.2%	20.7%	84.7%	<b>92.8%</b>	93.5%	69.1%	Parlier, CA
8.7%	0.4%	0.2%	18.9%	1.3%	1.0%	0.8%	3.9%	8.7%	6.0%	5.9%	16.8%	81.3%	<b>92.7%</b>	93.1%	60.3%	Soledad, CA
16.3%	1.2%	0.4%	41.3%	1.7%	0.4%	0.3%	1.5%	6.6%	6.2%	6.0%	11.2%	75.4%	<b>92.2%</b>	93.3%	46.0%	Woodland, CA
17.6%	2.2%	0.3%	34.5%	1.3%	1.0%	1.0%	4.5%	5.3%	4.9%	4.7%	10.2%	75.8%	<b>91.9%</b>	94.0%	50.8%	Delano, CA
43.2%	2.0%	1.3%	41.9%	1.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	4.2%	6.0%	5.8%	9.8%	51.6%	<b>91.8%</b>	92.9%	48.1%	Buellton, CA
15.0%	0.5%	0.3%	17.0%	4.1%	1.5%	1.2%	8.0%	7.1%	6.6%	7.9%	21.0%	73.8%	<b>91.3%</b>	90.6%	54.0%	Santa Paula, CA
12.1%	0.7%	0.3%	22.0%	1.8%	2.3%	2.6%	12.0%	7.2%	6.1%	5.5%	9.7%	78.9%	<b>90.9%</b>	91.7%	56.3%	Reedley--Dinuba, CA
26.1%	1.3%	0.3%	30.4%	3.3%	2.4%	1.2%	9.4%	8.9%	5.5%	3.5%	9.7%	61.7%	<b>90.8%</b>	95.1%	50.5%	Mammoth Lakes, CA
17.1%	1.1%	0.5%	30.3%	2.1%	1.6%	1.6%	8.2%	7.0%	6.5%	6.2%	12.0%	73.8%	<b>90.7%</b>	91.7%	49.5%	Modesto, CA

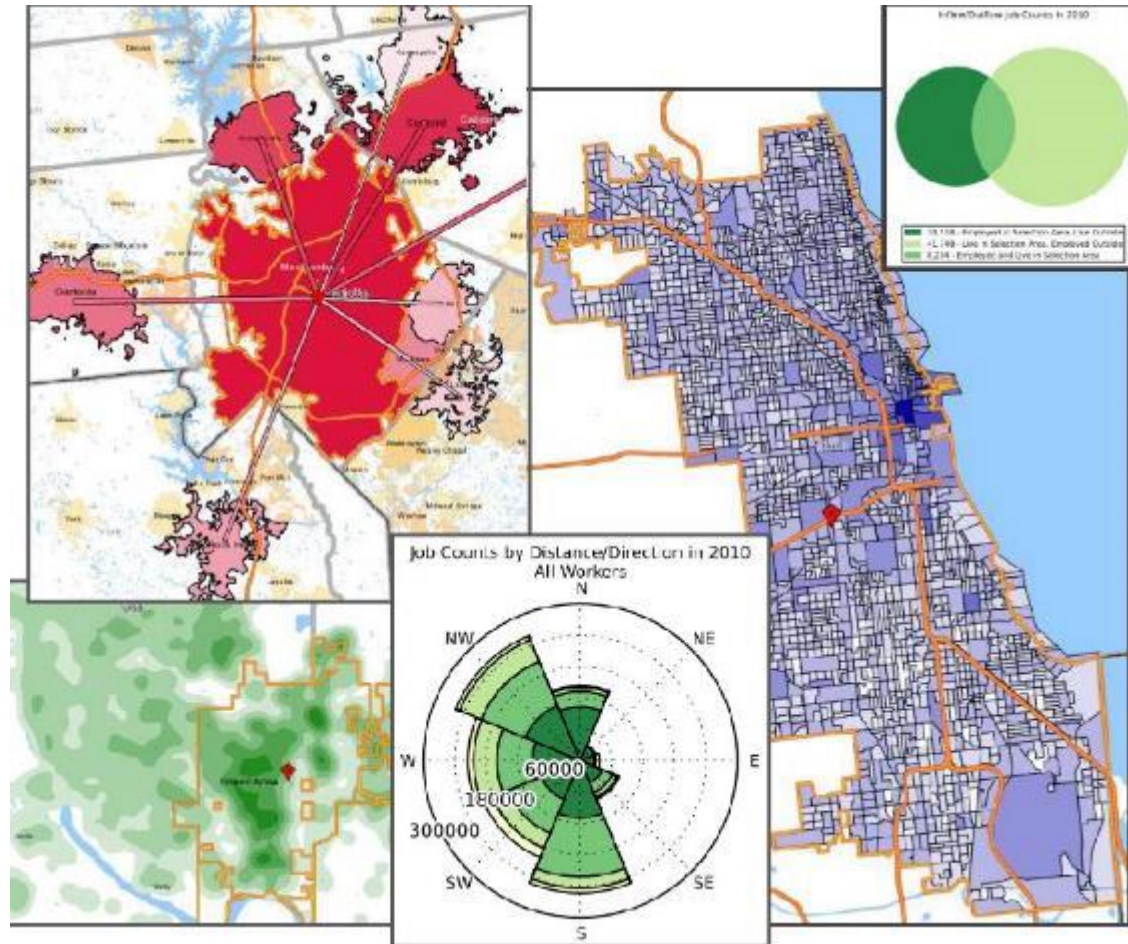
# Proposed Urban Area Criteria: Splitting

New York Urban Agglomeration  
2010 Urban Area Delineation



# Proposed Urban Area Criteria: Splitting

## Utilization of Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD) data



### OD

Filename of the OD datasets are described by the following templates  
[ST]\_od\_[PART]\_[TYPE]\_[YEAR].csv.gz where

[ST] = lowercase, 2-letter postal code for a chosen state

[PART] = Part of the state file, can have a value of either "main" or "aux". Complimentary parts of the state file, the main part includes jobs with both workplace and residence in the state and the aux part includes jobs with the workplace in the state and the residence outside of the state.

[TYPE] = Job Type, can have a value of "JT00" for All Jobs, "JT01" for Primary Jobs, "JT02" for All Private Jobs, "JT03" for Private Primary Jobs, "JT04" for All Federal Jobs, or "JT05" for Federal Primary Jobs.

[YEAR] = Year of job data. Can have the value of 2002-2018 for most states.

As an example the main OD file of Primary Jobs in 2007 for California would be the file:  
ca\_od\_main\_JT01\_2007.csv.gz

The structure of the OD files is as follows:

Origin-Destination (OD) File Structure			
Pos	Variable	Type	Explanation
1	w_geocode	Char15	Workplace Census Block Code
2	h_geocode	Char15	Residence Census Block Code
3	S000	Num	Total number of jobs
4	SA01	Num	Number of jobs of workers age 29 or younger <sup>17</sup>
5	SA02	Num	Number of jobs for workers age 30 to 54 <sup>17</sup>
6	SA03	Num	Number of jobs for workers age 55 or older <sup>17</sup>
7	SE01	Num	Number of jobs with earnings \$1250/month or less
8	SE02	Num	Number of jobs with earnings \$1251/month to \$3333/month
9	SE03	Num	Number of jobs with earnings greater than \$3333/month
10	SI01	Num	Number of jobs in Goods Producing industry sectors
11	SI02	Num	Number of jobs in Trade, Transportation, and Utilities industry sectors
12	SI03	Num	Number of jobs in All Other Services industry sectors
13	createdate	Char	Date on which data was created, formatted as YYYYMMDD

LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) Dataset Structure (V 7.5)  
<https://lehd.ces.census.gov/data/>

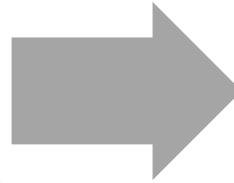
# Proposed Urban Area Criteria: Splitting

Two-step process for accepting or adjusting 2010 split boundaries

## Step One:

Conduct analysis of the new 2020 UAs using the 2010 UA splits

- Measure aggregate commuter flows into and out of each UA
- Upon qualification, the UA split boundaries are further analyzed in *Step Two*



## Step Two:

Conduct block-level analysis of the commuter flows

- Using the LEHD data, apply the *Leiden Community Detection Algorithm* to identify natural partitions, or communities
- Split boundaries are then adjusted to match the nearest *LEHD Origin-Destination Community*

# Proposed Urban Area Criteria: Splitting

Step One. Conduct analysis of the new 2020 UAs using the 2010 UA splits

Where do Avondale Residents work?	Flows	Percent
<b>Phoenix--Mesa, AZ</b>	<b>80,034</b>	<b>83.5%</b>
Avondale--Goodyear, AZ	11,110	11.6%
Tucson, AZ	1,473	1.5%
Buckeye, AZ	1,404	1.5%

Where do Avondale Workers live?	Flows	Percent
<b>Phoenix--Mesa, AZ</b>	<b>20,124</b>	<b>57.0%</b>
Avondale--Goodyear, AZ	11,110	31.4%
Buckeye, AZ	856	2.4%
Tucson, AZ	712	2.0%

Where do Washington Residents work?	Flows	Percent
<b>Washington, DC--VA--MD</b>	<b>1,854,172</b>	<b>88.1%</b>
Baltimore, MD	120,178	5.7%
Richmond, VA	26,252	1.2%
Virginia Beach, VA	16,304	0.8%

Where do Washington Workers live?	Flows	Percent
<b>Washington, DC--VA--MD</b>	<b>1,854,172</b>	<b>81.6%</b>
Baltimore, MD	149,564	6.6%
Waldorf, MD	28,690	1.3%
Virginia Beach, VA	25,987	1.1%

2018 LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data

# Proposed Urban Area Criteria: Splitting

## Step Two. Conduct block-level analysis of the commuter flows

- Using the LEHD data, apply the *Leiden Community Detection Algorithm* to identify natural partitions, or communities
- Split boundaries are then adjusted to match the nearest *LEHD Origin-Destination Community*

## **Literature related to *Leiden Community Detection Algorithm*:**

Thomas, I., A. Adam, and A. Verhetsel. "Migration and commuting interactions fields: a new geography with community detection algorithm?" *Belgeo*, **4**, 2017, pp. 1-17.

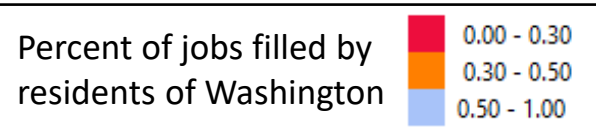
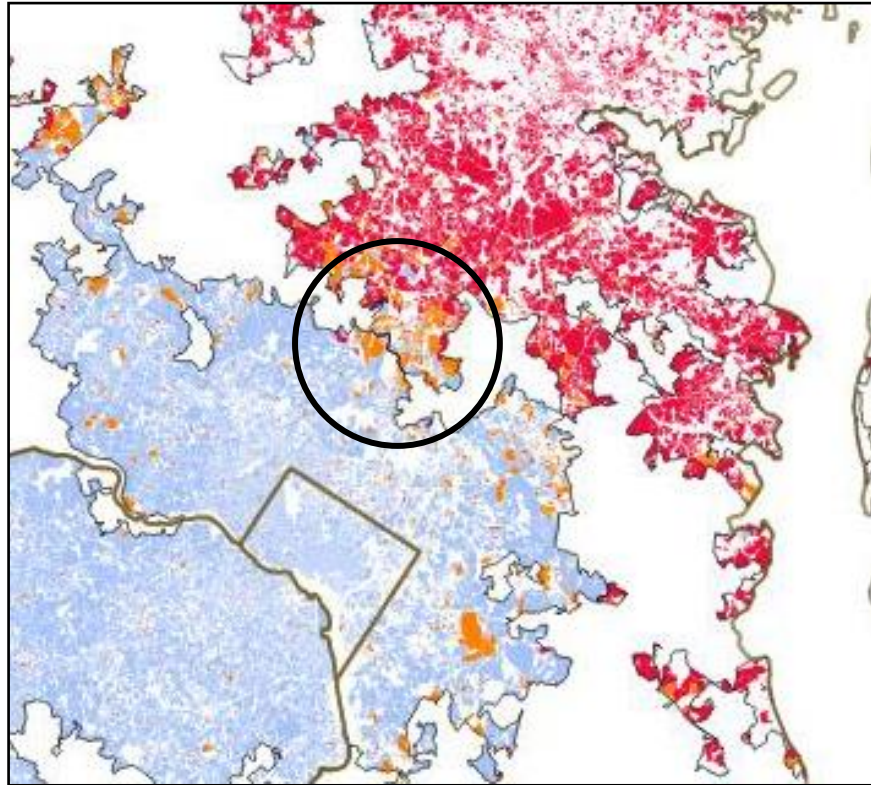
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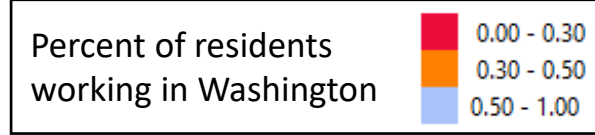
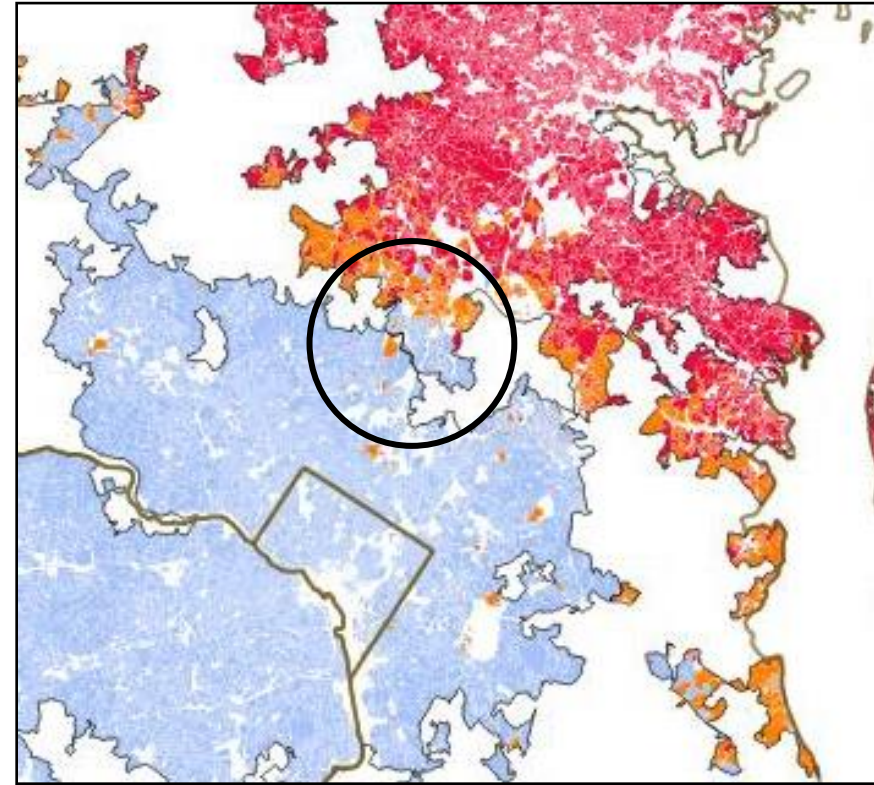


# Proposed Urban Area Criteria: Splitting

Where do Washington Residents work?



Where do Washington Workers live?



2018 LEHD Origin-Destination Employment Statistics (LODES) data

Preliminary Findings. For demonstrative purposes only.

# Schedule

Spring 2021	Publish Proposed Urban/Rural Criteria in the Federal Register Notice
Summer 2021	Review comments on Proposed Urban/Rural Criteria published in the Federal Register Notice
Winter 2021-2	Publish Final Urban/Rural Criteria in the Federal Register Notice
Summer 2022	Publish Federal Register Notice announcing qualifying Urban Areas

# Contact Us

Send questions and comments to us at  
**geo.urban@census.gov**

**Proposed Criteria Federal Register Notice:**

<https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2021/02/19/2021-03412/urban-areas-for-the-2020-census-proposed-criteria>

**Census Bureau Urban and Rural page with link to  
*2020 Proposed Urban Area Criteria Viewer:***

<https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/geography/guidance/geo-areas/urban-rural.html>