

# **SCOPE OF WORK**

## **Wastewater Treatment Plant Conversion**

Monmouth Battlefield State Park  
Manalapan, Monmouth County, NJ

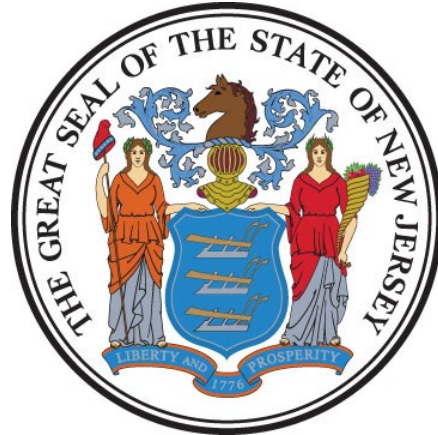
**Project No. P1384-00**

### **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

Honorable Mikie Sherrill, Governor  
Honorable Dr. Dale G. Caldwell, Lt. Governor

### **DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY**

Aaron Binder, Acting State Treasurer



### **DIVISION OF PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AND CONSTRUCTION**

Thomas A. Edenbaum, Director

**Date: February 3, 2026**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
<b>I. OBJECTIVE .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>II. CONSULTANT QUALIFICATIONS .....</b>	<b>4</b>
A. CONSULTANT & SUB-CONSULTANT PRE-QUALIFICATIONS.....	4
<b>III. PROJECT BUDGET .....</b>	<b>4</b>
A. CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE (CCE) .....	4
B. CURRENT WORKING ESTIMATE (CWE) .....	5
C. CONSULTANT’S FEES .....	5
<b>IV. PROJECT SCHEDULE .....</b>	<b>5</b>
A. SCOPE OF WORK DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE .....	5
B. CONSULTANT’S PROPOSED DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE .....	6
<b>V. PROJECT SITE LOCATION &amp; TEAM MEMBERS.....</b>	<b>7</b>
A. PROJECT SITE ADDRESS.....	7
B. PROJECT TEAM MEMBER DIRECTORY .....	7
1. Department of Environmental Protection Representative .....	7
<b>VI. PROJECT DEFINITION .....</b>	<b>7</b>
A. BACKGROUND .....	7
B. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE.....	8
<b>VII. CONSULTANT DESIGN RESPONSIBILITIES.....</b>	<b>8</b>
A. DESIGN REQUIREMENTS .....	8
B. HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS.....	9
C. DESIGN MEETINGS & PRESENTATIONS.....	10
D. EXISTING DOCUMENTATION .....	11
<b>VIII. PERMITS &amp; APPROVALS.....</b>	<b>11</b>
A. NJ UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE PLAN REVIEW AND PERMIT.....	11
B. OTHER REGULATORY AGENCY PERMITS, CERTIFICATES AND APPROVALS.....	14
<b>IX. BIDDING AND CONTRACT AWARD RESPONSIBILITIES....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>X. CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATION RESPONSIBILITIES .</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>XI. PROJECT CLOSE-OUT PHASE .....</b>	<b>15</b>

**XII. ENERGY REBATE AND INCENTIVE PROGRAMS ..... 15**

**XIII. ALLOWANCES ..... 16**

- A. PLAN REVIEW AND PERMIT FEE ALLOWANCE..... 16
  - 1. Permits ..... 16
  - 2. Permit Costs ..... 16
  - 3. Applications ..... 16
  - 4. Consultant Fee ..... 16
- B. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TESTING AND REPORT ALLOWANCE ..... 17
- C. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT DESIGN ALLOWANCE ..... 17
- D. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATION ALLOWANCE .... 17

**XIV. SOW SIGNATURE APPROVAL SHEET..... 18**

**XV. CONTRACT DELIVERABLES ..... 19**

**XVI. EXHIBITS..... 19**

- A. SAMPLE PROJECT SCHEDULE FORMAT
- B. PROJECT SITE LOCATION MAP
- C. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT EVALUATION

## **I. OBJECTIVE**

---

The objective of this project is to remove the existing wastewater treatment plant equipment and convert the existing primary settling tank into a septic tank for a new wastewater treatment system. In addition, the indoor tank will be filled in to make the space useable for a maintenance storage building.

## **II. CONSULTANT QUALIFICATIONS**

---

### **A. CONSULTANT & SUB-CONSULTANT PRE-QUALIFICATIONS**

The Consultant shall be a firm pre-qualified with the Division of Property Management & Construction (DPMC) in the following discipline(s):

- **P006 Sanitary Engineering**

The Consultant shall also have in-house capabilities or Sub-Consultants pre-qualified with DPMC in:

- **P011 Environmental Engineering**
- **P037 Asbestos Design**
- **P038 Asbestos Safety Control Monitoring**
- **P065 Lead Paint Evaluation**

As well as, **any and all** other Architectural, Engineering and Specialty Disciplines necessary to complete the project as described in this Scope of Work (SOW).

## **III. PROJECT BUDGET**

---

### **A. CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE (CCE)**

The initial Construction Cost Estimate (CCE) for this project is \$380,000.

The Consultant shall review this Scope of Work and provide a narrative evaluation and analysis of the accuracy of the proposed project CCE in its technical proposal based on its professional experience and opinion.

**B. CURRENT WORKING ESTIMATE (CWE)**

The Current Working Estimate (CWE) for this project is \$545,100.

The CWE includes the construction cost estimate and all consulting, permitting and administrative fees.

The CWE is the client agency’s financial budget based on this project Scope of Work and shall not be exceeded during the design and construction phases of the project unless DPMC approves the change after notification from the consultant during the design process and in a revised CWE deliverable.

**C. CONSULTANT’S FEES**

The construction cost estimate for this project *shall not* be used as a basis for the Consultant’s design and construction administration fees. The Consultant’s fees shall be based on the information contained in this Scope of Work document and the observations made and/or the additional information received during the pre-proposal meeting.

---

**IV. PROJECT SCHEDULE**

---

**A. SCOPE OF WORK DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE**

The following schedule identifies the estimated design and construction phases for this project and the estimated durations. The Consultant’s proposed design and construction schedule shall be in Gantt chart format and calendar day durations with start and finish dates for each task.

<b><u>PROJECT PHASE</u></b>	<b><u>ESTIMATED DURATION (Calendar Days)</u></b>
<b>1. Site Access Approvals &amp; Schedule Design Kick-off Meeting</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>2. Design Development Phase</b>	<b>42</b>
• <i>Project Team &amp; DPMC Plan/Code Unit Review &amp; Comment</i>	14
<b>3. Final Design Phase</b>	<b>42</b>
• <i>Project Team &amp; DPMC Plan/Code Unit Review &amp; Approval</i>	14
<b>4. Final Design Re-Submission to Address Comments</b>	<b>7 (See Note)</b>
• <i>Project Team &amp; DPMC Plan/Code Unit Review &amp; Approval</i>	14
<b>5. DCA Submission Plan Review</b>	<b>30</b>

<b>6. Permit Application Phase</b>	<b>7</b>
• <i>Issue Plan Release</i>	
<b>7. Bid Phase</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>8. Award Phase</b>	<b>28</b>
<b>9. Construction Phase</b>	<b>120</b>
<b>10. Project Close Out Phase</b>	<b>30</b>

**Note:** The Final Design Phase is considered complete upon the release of Construction Documents by the DPMC Code Group and/or the Department of Community Affairs (DCA).

## **B. CONSULTANT’S PROPOSED DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE**

The Consultant shall submit a project design and construction schedule with its technical proposal that is similar in format and detail to the schedule depicted in **Exhibit ‘A.’** The schedule developed by the Consultant shall reflect its recommended project phases, phase activities, and activity durations.

A written narrative shall also be included with the technical proposal explaining the schedule submitted and the reasons why and how it can be completed in the time frame proposed by the Consultant.

This schedule and narrative will be reviewed by the Consultant Selection Committee as part of the evaluation process and will be assigned a score commensurate with clarity and comprehensiveness of the submission.

## **V. PROJECT SITE LOCATION & TEAM MEMBERS**

---

### **A. PROJECT SITE ADDRESS**

The location of the project site is:

Monmouth Battlefield State Park  
20 NJ-33 Business.  
Manalapan Twp.  
NJ 07726

See **Exhibit 'B'** for the project site location map.

### **B. PROJECT TEAM MEMBER DIRECTORY**

The following are the names, addresses, and phone numbers of the Project Team members.

#### **1. Department of Environmental Protection Representative**

Name: Bob Baudo, Project Manager  
Address: Department of Environmental Protection  
275 Freehold-Englishtown Road  
Englishtown, New Jersey 07726  
Phone No: 609-775-7662  
E-Mail: Robert.Baudo@dep.nj.gov

---

## **VI. PROJECT DEFINITION**

---

### **A. BACKGROUND**

Monmouth Battlefield State Park is an 1,818-acre New Jersey State Park located in Manalapan Township, Monmouth County, New Jersey. The facility is located at Lot 60 Block 40 in Manalapan, New Jersey. The Park preserves the battlefield where the Battle of Monmouth was fought and is listed on the US National Register of Historic Places, the US National Historic Landmark District, and the New Jersey Register of Historic Places. The Park currently includes trails for biking, cross-country skiing, hiking, horseback riding and mountain biking. To educate guests about the historical relevance of the site, a Visitor Center is open five (5) days per week.

## **B. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SITE**

The Park collects, treats, and discharges sanitary wastewater generated by public restrooms and the Visitor Center. Sanitary wastewater is collected and undergoes flow equalization, primary settling, biological treatment utilizing rotating biological contactors (RBC's), and denitrification. Wastewater disposal methods consist of subsurface disposal. All residuals generated at the facility are managed off-site at an approved residuals management operation.

Operations are considered inefficient. The treatment plant was originally designed for larger flows than experienced over the last five years. In 2022, the State procured the services of Gannett Fleming Inc. to evaluate the wastewater treatment plant and provide options and alternatives to wastewater treatment for a more efficient operation. The Gannett Fleming evaluation report is shown in **Exhibit 'C'**.

Gannett Fleming identified three alternatives. Alternative 1, converting the existing treatment system to a septic tank, is the recommended alternative and has been selected by the State. Further details can be found in the report.

The intent of this project is to remove all the wastewater treatment equipment from inside the wastewater plant and convert the existing primary settling tank into a septic tank. Effluent lines will be rerouted to the septic tank. The indoor tank will be filled in to make the space useable for maintenance storage.

---

## **VII. CONSULTANT DESIGN RESPONSIBILITIES**

---

### **A. DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**

#### **1. General**

The Consultant shall review the Wastewater Treatment Plant Evaluation report by Gannett Fleming, as shown in **Exhibit 'C'** and provide design, specifications, permitting, bid/award and construction administration services to implement Alternative 1 to convert the plant over to a septic system using the existing primary settling tank as a septic tank. Equipment shall be removed from the plant and the indoor tank shall be filled in to create space for maintenance storage. Existing effluent lines shall be rerouted to the septic tank.

## **2. Environmental**

The replacement design shall be environmentally safe and approved by the DPMC project team and facility staff prior to installation as well as by all other official authorities concerned as per all applicable codes.

## **3. Staging Area**

Construction documents shall include a staging area approved by the Project Team indicating the location where the contractor can store debris, materials, tools, and equipment.

## **B. HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS**

Consultant shall survey the building and related components and, if deemed necessary, collect samples of materials that will be impacted by the construction/demolition activities and analyze them for the presence of hazardous materials including:

1. Asbestos in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-8, Asbestos Hazard Abatement Sub-code.
2. Lead in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:17, Lead Hazard Evaluation and Abatement Code.
3. PCB's in accordance with 40 CFR 761, Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions. Consultant shall engage a firm certified in the testing and analysis of materials containing PCB's.
4. Mold.

Consultant shall document the procedure, process and findings and prepare a "Hazardous Materials Survey Report" identifying building components impacted by construction activities requiring hazardous materials abatement. Consultant shall provide three copies of the "Hazardous Materials Survey Report" to the Project Manager.

Consultant shall estimate the cost of hazardous materials sample collection, testing, analysis and preparation of the Hazardous Materials Survey Report and include that amount in the fee proposal line item entitled "**Hazardous Materials Testing and Report Allowance,**" refer to paragraph **X.B.**

Based on the Hazardous Materials Survey Report, Consultant shall provide construction documents for abatement of the hazardous materials impacted by the work in accordance with the applicable code, sub-code and Federal regulations.

Consultant shall estimate the cost to prepare construction documents for hazardous materials abatement and include that amount in the fee proposal line item entitled "**Hazardous**

**Materials Abatement Design Allowance,”** refer to paragraph **X.C.**

Consultant shall estimate the cost to provide “Construction Monitoring and Administration Services” for hazardous materials abatement activities and include that amount in the fee proposal line item entitled “**Hazardous Materials Construction Administration Allowance,”** refer to paragraph **X.D.**

There shall be no “mark-up” of sub-consultant or subcontractor fees if sub-consultants or subcontractors are engaged to perform any of the work defined in paragraph **VII.B “Hazardous Building Materials.”** All costs associated with managing, coordinating, observing and administrating sub-consultants and subcontractors performing hazardous materials sampling, testing, analysis, report preparation, hazardous materials construction administration services shall be included in the consultant’s lump sum fee proposal.

## **C. DESIGN MEETINGS & PRESENTATIONS**

### **1. Design Meetings**

Conduct the appropriate number of review meetings with the Project Team members during each design phase of the project so they may determine if the project meets their requirements, question any aspect of the contract deliverables, and make changes where appropriate. The Consultant shall describe the philosophy and process used in the development of the design criteria and the various alternatives considered to meet the project objectives. Selected studies, sketches, cost estimates, schedules, and other relevant information shall be presented to support the design solutions proposed. Special considerations shall also be addressed such as: contractor site access limitations, utility shutdowns and switchover coordination, phased construction and schedule requirements, security restrictions, available swing space, material and equipment delivery dates, etc.

It shall also be the responsibility of the Consultant to arrange and require all critical Sub-Consultants to be in attendance at the design review meetings.

Record the minutes of each design meeting and distribute within three (3) calendar days to all attendees and those persons specified to be on the distribution list by the Project Manager.

### **2. Design Presentations**

The minimum number of design presentations required for each phase of this project is identified below for reference:

Design Development Phase: One (1) oral presentation at phase completion.

Final Design Phase: One (1) oral presentation at phase completion.

## **D. EXISTING DOCUMENTATION**

Copies of the following documents will be provided to each Consulting firm at the pre-proposal meeting to assist in the bidding process.

- DPMC Project P0699-00: Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements, As-Built 8/14/95, Applied Wastewater Technology, Inc

Review these documents and any additional information that may be provided at a later date such as reports, studies, surveys, equipment manuals, as-built drawings, etc. The State does not attest to the accuracy of the information provided and accepts no responsibility for the consequences of errors by the use of any information and material contained in the documentation provided. It shall be the responsibility of the Consultant to verify the contents and assume full responsibility for any determination or conclusion drawn from the material used. If the information provided is insufficient, the Consultant shall take the appropriate actions necessary to obtain the additional information required.

All original documentation shall be returned to the provider at the completion of the project.

---

## **VIII. PERMITS & APPROVALS**

---

### **A. NJ UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE PLAN REVIEW AND PERMIT**

The project construction documents must comply with the latest adopted edition of the NJ Uniform Construction Code (NJUCC).

The latest NJUCC Adopted Codes and Standards can be found at:

<https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/codreg/ucc.shtml>

#### **1. NJUCC Plan Review**

Consultant shall estimate the cost of the NJUCC Plan Review by DCA and include that amount in their fee proposal line item entitled “**Plan Review and Permit Fee Allowance,**” refer to paragraph XIII.A.

Upon approval of the Final Design Phase Submission by DPMC, the Consultant shall submit the construction documents to the DCA, Bureau of Construction Project Review to secure a complete plan release.

As of July 25, 2022, the DCA is only accepting digital signatures and seals issued from a third party certificate authority.

Procedures for submission to the DCA Plan Review Unit can be found at:

[https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/forms/pdf\\_bcpr/pr\\_app\\_guide.pdf](https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/forms/pdf_bcpr/pr_app_guide.pdf)

Consultant shall complete the “Project Review Application” and include the following on Block 5 as the “Owner’s Designated Agent Name”:

Trevor M. Dittmar, DPMC  
PO Box 235  
Trenton, NJ 08625-0235  
[Trevor.Dittmar@treas.nj.gov](mailto:Trevor.Dittmar@treas.nj.gov) 609-984-5529

The Consultant shall complete the NJUCC “Plan Review Fee Schedule”, determine the fee due and pay the NJUCC Plan Review fees, refer to Paragraph XIII.A.

The NJUCC “Plan Review Fee Schedule” can be found at:

[https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/forms/pdf\\_bcpr/pr\\_fees.pdf](https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/forms/pdf_bcpr/pr_fees.pdf)

## **2. NJUCC Permit**

Upon receipt of a complete plan release from the DCA Bureau of Construction Project Review, the Consultant shall complete the NJUCC permit application and all applicable technical sub-code sections. The “Agent Section” of the application and certification section of the building sub-code section shall be signed. These documents, with **six (6) sets of DCA or DPMC released drawings and specifications, with raised seals and wet signatures** shall be forwarded to the DPMC Project Manager.

The Consultant may obtain copies of all NJUCC permit applications at the following website:

<https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/resources/constructionpermitforms.shtml>

All other required project permits shall be obtained and paid for by the Consultant in accordance with the procedures described in Paragraph VIII.B.

## **3. Prior Approval Certification Letters**

The issuance of a construction permit for this project may be contingent upon acquiring various “prior approvals” as defined by N.J.A.C. 5:23-1.4. It is the Consultant’s responsibility to determine which prior approvals, if any, are required. The Consultant shall submit a general

certification letter to the DPMC Plan & Code Review Unit Manager during the Permit Phase of this project that certifies all required prior approvals have been obtained.

In addition to the general certification letter discussed above, the following specific prior approval certification letters, where applicable, shall be submitted by the Consultant to the DPMC Plan & Code Review Unit Manager: Soil Erosion & Sediment Control; Water & Sewer Treatment Works Approval; Coastal Areas Facilities Review; Compliance of Underground Storage Tank Systems with N.J.A.C. 7:14B; Pinelands Commission; Highlands Council; Well Construction and Maintenance; Sealing of Abandoned Wells with N.J.A.C. 7:9D; Certification that all utilities have been disconnected from structures to be demolished; Board of Health Approval for Potable Water Wells; Health Department Approval for Septic Systems; and Notification to Adjoining Property Owners with N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.17(c). It shall be noted that in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.15(a)5, a permit cannot be issued until the letter(s) of certification is received.

#### **4. Multi-building or Multi-site Permits**

A project that involves many buildings and/or sites requires that a separate permit shall be issued for each building or site. The Consultant must determine the construction cost estimate for *each* building and/or site location and submit that amount where indicated on the permit application.

#### **5. Special Inspections**

In accordance with the requirements of the NJUCC N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.20(b), Bulletin 03-5 and Chapter 17 of the International Building Code, the Consultant shall be responsible for the coordination of all special inspections during the construction phase of the project.

Bulletin 03-5 can be found at:

[https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/publications/pdf\\_bulletins/b\\_03\\_5.pdf](https://www.nj.gov/dca/codes/publications/pdf_bulletins/b_03_5.pdf)

##### **a. Definition**

Special inspections are defined as an independent verification by a certified special inspector for **Class I buildings and smoke control systems in any class building**. The special inspector is to be independent from the contractor and responsible to the Consultant so that there is no possible conflict of interest.

Special inspectors shall be certified in accordance with the requirements in the NJUCC.

**b. Responsibilities**

The Consultant shall submit with the permit application, a list of special inspections and the agencies or special inspectors that will be responsible to carry out the inspections required for the project. The list shall be a separate document, on letter head, signed and sealed.

**B. OTHER REGULATORY AGENCY PERMITS, CERTIFICATES AND APPROVALS**

The Consultant shall identify and obtain all other State Regulatory Agency permits, certificates, and approvals that will govern and affect the work described in this Scope of Work. An itemized list of these permits, certificates, and approvals shall be included with the Consultant’s Technical Proposal and the total amount of the application fees should be entered in the Fee Proposal line item entitled, **“Plan Review and Permit Fee Allowance.”**

The Consultant may refer to the DPMC “Procedures for Architects and Engineers Manual,” Paragraph **“9. REGULATORY AGENCY APPROVALS”** which presents a compendium of State permits, certificates, and approvals that may be required for this project.

The Consultant shall determine the appropriate phase of the project to submit the permit application(s) in order to meet the approved project milestone dates.

Where reference to an established industry standard is made, it shall be understood to mean the most recent edition of the standard unless otherwise noted. If an industry standard is found to be revoked, or should the standard have undergone substantial change or revision from the time that the Scope of Work was developed, the Consultant shall comply with the most recent edition of the standard.

---

**IX. BIDDING AND CONTRACT AWARD RESPONSIBILITIES**

---

The Bidding and Contract Award Phase commences with receipt of the required permits, UCC plan release and verification that funding is in place for construction. The Consultant shall refer to the DPMC “Procedures for Architects and Engineers Manual”, Paragraph **“17. BIDDING AND CONTRACT AWARD”** for all requirements for this phase available at <https://www.nj.gov/treasury/dpmc/Assets/Files/ProceduresforArchitectsandEngineers.pdf>.

## **X. CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATION RESPONSIBILITIES**

---

The A/E and their sub-consultants shall, unless otherwise specified in the project specific Scope of Work, provide site administration during the construction of the project. The services required of such site administration shall include, but shall not be limited to, attend and chair the pre-construction meeting, conduct weekly field observations, attend and chair regularly scheduled bi-weekly job meetings, review/approve shop drawings, submittals, and respond to RFI's.

The Consultant shall refer to the DPMC "Procedures for Architects and Engineers Manual", Paragraph "18. CONSTRUCTION PHASE" for all construction administration requirements available at

<https://www.nj.gov/treasury/dpmc/Assets/Files/ProceduresforArchitectsandEngineers.pdf>.

---

## **XI. PROJECT CLOSE-OUT PHASE**

---

The DPMC Project Manager has the full responsibility for the planning, scheduling, and execution of project close-out activities. The A/E is responsible to cooperate with the DPMC Project Manager in the planning, scheduling, and execution of project close-out activities. The Consultant shall refer to the DPMC "Procedures for Architects and Engineers Manual", Paragraph "19. PROJECT CLOSE-OUT PHASE" for all requirements available at

<https://www.nj.gov/treasury/dpmc/Assets/Files/ProceduresforArchitectsandEngineers.pdf>.

---

## **XII. ENERGY REBATE AND INCENTIVE PROGRAMS**

---

The Consultant shall review any and all programs on the State and Federal level to determine if any proposed upgrades to the mechanical and/or electrical equipment and systems for this project qualify for approved rebates and incentives.

The Consultant shall review the programs available on the "New Jersey's Clean Energy Program" website at: <http://www.njcleanenergy.com> as well as federal websites and New Jersey electric and gas utility websites to determine if and how they can be applied to this project.

The Consultant shall identify all applicable rebates and incentives in their technical proposal and throughout the design phase.

The Consultant shall be responsible to complete the appropriate registration forms and applications, provide any applicable worksheets, manufacturer's specification sheets, calculations, attend meetings, and participate in all activities with designated representatives of

the programs and utility companies to obtain the entitled financial incentives and rebates for this project.

All costs associated with this work shall be estimated by the Consultant and the amount included in the base bid of its fee proposal.

---

### **XIII. ALLOWANCES**

---

#### **A. PLAN REVIEW AND PERMIT FEE ALLOWANCE**

The Consultant shall obtain and pay for all of the project permits in accordance with the guidelines identified below.

##### **1. Permits**

The Consultant shall determine the various permits, certificates, and approvals required to complete this project.

##### **2. Permit Costs**

The Consultant shall estimate the application fee costs for all of the required project permits, certificates, and approvals (excluding the NJUCC permit) and include that amount in its fee proposal line item entitled “**Plan Review and Permit Fee Allowance.**” A breakdown of each permit and application fee shall be attached to the fee proposal for reference.

**NOTE:** The NJUCC permit is excluded since it will be paid for by the State.

##### **3. Applications**

The Consultant shall complete and submit all permit applications to the appropriate permitting authorities and the costs shall be paid from the Consultant’s permit fee allowance. A copy of the application(s) and the original permit(s) obtained by the Consultant shall be given to the DPMC Project Manager for distribution during construction.

##### **4. Consultant Fee**

The Consultant shall determine what is required to complete and submit the permit applications, obtain supporting documentation, attend meetings, etc., and include the total cost in the base bid of its fee proposal.

Any funds remaining in the permit allowance will be returned to the State at the close of the project.

---

## **B. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TESTING AND REPORT ALLOWANCE**

The Consultant shall estimate the costs to complete the hazardous materials survey, sample collection, testing and analysis and preparation of a “Hazardous Materials Survey Report” noted in paragraph **VII.B** and enter that amount on the fee proposal line item entitled “**Hazardous Materials Testing and Report Allowance,**” Consultant shall attach a detailed cost breakdown sheet for use by DPMC during the proposal review and potential fee negotiations. The cost breakdown sheet shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:

- Description of tasks and estimated cost for the following:
  - Sample collection;
  - Sample testing; and,
  - Preparation of a Hazardous Materials Survey Report.

Any funds remaining in the Hazardous Materials Testing and Report Allowance will be returned to the State at the close of the project.

## **C. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ABATEMENT DESIGN ALLOWANCE**

The Consultant shall estimate the costs to prepare construction documents for hazardous materials abatement noted in paragraph **VII.B** and enter that amount on the fee proposal line item entitled “**Hazardous Materials Abatement Design Allowance.**” Consultant shall attach a detailed cost breakdown sheet for use by DPMC during the proposal review and potential fee negotiations. The cost breakdown sheet shall include a description of the tasks to be performed and the estimated cost of each task.

Any funds remaining in the Hazardous Materials Abatement Design Allowance will be returned to the State at the close of the project.

## **D. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATION ALLOWANCE**

The Consultant shall estimate the cost to provide Construction Monitoring and Administration Services for hazardous materials abatement as noted in paragraph **VII.B** and enter that amount on the fee proposal line item entitled “**Hazardous Materials Construction Administration Allowance.**” Consultant shall attach a detailed cost breakdown sheet for use by DPMC during the proposal review and potential fee negotiations. The cost breakdown sheet shall include a description of the tasks to be performed and the estimated cost of each task.

Any funds remaining in the Hazardous Materials Construction Administration Allowance will be returned to the State at the close of the project.

**PROJECT NAME: Wastewater Treatment Plant Conversion**  
**PROJECT LOCATION: Monmouth Battlefield State Park**  
**PROJECT NO: P1384-00**  
**DATE: February 3, 2026**

---

---

## **XIV. SOW SIGNATURE APPROVAL SHEET**

---

This Scope of Work shall not be considered a valid document unless all signatures appear in each designated area below.

The client agency approval signature on this page indicates that they have reviewed the design criteria and construction schedule described in this project Scope of Work (including the subsequent contract deliverables and exhibits) and verifies that the work will not conflict with the existing or future construction activities of other projects at the site.

**SOW APPROVED BY:** *James Wright* 2/3/2026  
JAMES WRIGHT, MANAGER DATE  
DPMC PROJECT PLANNING & INITIATION

**SOW APPROVED BY:** *Robert Baudo* 2/4/2026  
ROBERT BAUDO, PROJECT MANAGER DATE  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

**SOW APPROVED BY:** *Jeanette M. Barnard* 4.9.26  
JEANETTE M. BARNARD, DEPUTY DIRECTOR DATE  
DW PROPERTY MGT & CONSTRUCTION

## **XV. CONTRACT DELIVERABLES**

---

The following are checklists listing the Contract Deliverables that are required at the completion of each phase of this project. The Consultant shall refer to the DPMC publication entitled “Procedures for Architects and Engineers,” 3.0 Edition, dated September 2022 available at <https://www.nj.gov/treasury/dpmc/Assets/Files/ProceduresforArchitectsandEngineers.pdf> for a detailed description of the deliverables required for each submission item listed. References to the applicable paragraphs of the “Procedures for Architects and Engineers” are provided.

Note that the Deliverables Checklist may include submission items that are “S.O.W. Specific Requirements.” These requirements will be defined in the project specific scope of work and included on the deliverables checklist.

This project includes the following phases with the deliverables noted as “Required by S.O.W” on the Deliverables Checklist:

- DESIGN DEVELOPMENT PHASE;**
- FINAL DESIGN PHASE;**
- PERMIT APPLICATION PHASE;**
- BIDDING AND CONTRACT AWARD;**
- CONSTRUCTION PHASE; and**
- PROJECT CLOSE-OUT PHASE**

---

## **XVI. EXHIBITS**

---

- A. SAMPLE PROJECT SCHEDULE FORMAT**
- B. PROJECT SITE LOCATION MAP**
- C. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT EVALUATION**

**END OF SCOPE OF WORK**













**Typical DPMC Project - Random Selection of Design Consultant**

ID	Task Name	Start	Finish	Duration	Half 2, 2025							Half 1, 2026							Half 2, 2026							Half 1, 2027						
					A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M		
0	<b>Typical Project Model</b>	Mon 5/19/...	Fri 4/9/27	691 days	[Timeline bar from start to end]																											
1	<b>Project Initiation Phase</b>	Mon 5/19/25	Mon 7/14/25	57 days	[Gantt bar]																											
2	Project Funding Received	Mon 5/19/25	Mon 5/19/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
3	Schedule Site Visit	Thu 5/22/25	Thu 5/22/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
4	Site Visit	Fri 5/30/25	Fri 5/30/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
5	Prepare Draft SOW	Mon 6/2/25	Fri 6/6/25	5 days	[Task bar]																											
6	Distribute Draft SOW for Review	Mon 6/9/25	Mon 6/9/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
7	Review SOW	Tue 6/10/25	Mon 6/23/25	10 days	[Task bar]																											
8	Review SOW	Tue 6/10/25	Mon 6/23/25	10 days	[Task bar]																											
9	Review SOW	Tue 6/10/25	Mon 6/23/25	10 days	[Task bar]																											
10	Receive Comments Revise SOW	Tue 6/24/25	Mon 6/30/25	5 days	[Task bar]																											
11	Distribute Final SOW for Review & Signature	Tue 7/1/25	Tue 7/1/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
12	Review & Sign SOW	Wed 7/2/25	Wed 7/2/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
13	Review & Sign SOW	Mon 7/7/25	Mon 7/7/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
14	Review & Sign SOW	Thu 7/10/25	Thu 7/10/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
15	Forward SOW to Procurement	Mon 7/14/25	Mon 7/14/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
16	<b>Consultant Selection Phase</b>	Tue 7/15/25	Mon 9/1/25	49 days	[Gantt bar]																											
17	Prepare Solicitation, Advertise Proj	Tue 7/15/25	Wed 7/16/25	2 days	[Task bar]																											
18	Select Firms - Random Selection	Thu 7/17/25	Thu 7/17/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
19	Conduct Preproposal Meeting	Mon 7/28/25	Mon 7/28/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
20	Consultant Questions Due - Prepare and Issue Addenda	Tue 7/29/25	Tue 7/29/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
21	Receive Proposals - Distribute for Review	Tue 8/12/25	Tue 8/12/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
22	Review & Rank Proposals	Wed 8/13/25	Tue 8/19/25	5 days	[Task bar]																											
23	Review & Rank Proposals	Wed 8/13/25	Tue 8/19/25	5 days	[Task bar]																											
24	Review & Rank Proposals	Wed 8/13/25	Tue 8/19/25	5 days	[Task bar]																											
25	Determine Rankings, Open Fee Proposals and Distribute to Committee	Wed 8/20/25	Wed 8/20/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
26	Negotiate Fee	Thu 8/21/25	Wed 8/27/25	5 days	[Task bar]																											
27	Provide Funding for Consultant Contract	Thu 8/28/25	Thu 8/28/25	1 day	[Task bar]																											
28	Complete Recommendation to Award	Thu 8/28/25	Fri 8/29/25	2 days	[Task bar]																											
29	Consultant Contract Award	Sat 8/30/25	Mon 9/1/25	2 days	[Task bar]																											
30	<b>Design Phase</b>	Sun 9/7/25	Fri 5/8/26	244 days	[Gantt bar]																											
31	Design Contract "Kick-Off" Meeting	Sun 9/7/25	Mon 9/8/25	2 days	[Task bar]																											
32	Program Design Phase	Tue 9/9/25	Mon 10/6/25	28 days	[Task bar]																											
33	Receive Program Submittal & Distribute for Review	Tue 10/7/25	Thu 10/9/25	3 days	[Task bar]																											

# EXHIBIT 'A'





Typical DPMC Project - Random Selection of Design Consultant



Project: Typical Project Model  
 Date: Wed 4/9/25

Task		Summary		External Milestone		Inactive Summary		Manual Summary Rollup		Finish-only	
Split		Project Summary		Inactive Task		Manual Task		Manual Summary		Deadline	
Milestone		External Tasks		Inactive Milestone		Duration-only		Start-only		Progress	

**EXHIBIT 'A'**



Project Site Location Map  
Wastewater Treatment Plant  
Monmouth Battlefield State Park  
**EXHIBIT 'B'**



STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
HONORABLE PHILIP D. MURPHY, GOVERNOR  
HONORABLE SHEILA Y. OLIVER, LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR  
ELIZABETH MAHER MUOIO, STATE TREASURER

## ***Wastewater Treatment Plant Evaluation***

### ***Monmouth Battlefield State Park – Manalapan Township, New Jersey***

**Job No. 072302**

**October 2022**

**Draft**

*Office Location:*

1 Centennial Avenue, Building C, Suite 201  
Piscataway, New Jersey 08854

*Office Contact:*

Christopher Olson, P.E.  
(856) 745 9234

COA #24GA28032500



**EXHIBIT 'C'**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 1**  
**2.0 FACILITY EVALUATION AND OPERATIONS REVIEW 3**  
2.1 Introduction ..... 3  
**3.0 PLANT IMPROVEMENT OR RETIREMENT STRATEGIES 7**  
3.1 Introduction ..... 7  
3.2 Alternative 1 – Septic System ..... 7  
3.3 Alternative 2 – Grinder Pump and Lift Station ..... 9  
3.3.1 NJDEP Requirements for Retiring Treatment Plant ..... 12  
3.4 Alternative 3 – Improve Plant Process..... 12  
**4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMENDATIONS 14**  
4.1 Estimated Capital Costs Comparison ..... 14  
4.2 Recommendations Summary..... 15

**Figures**

**Figure 1 – Existing Wastewater Treatment Plant Process**

**Figure 2 – Existing Primary Settling Tank**

**Figure 3 – Typical Grinder Tank Diagram**

**Figure 4 – Alternative 2 Wasterwater Line Locations**

## 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Monmouth Battlefield State Park is an 1,818-acre New Jersey State Park located in Manalapan Township, Monmouth County, New Jersey. The facility is located at Lot 60 Block 40 in Manalapan, New Jersey. The Park preserves the battlefield where the Battle of Monmouth took place and is listed on the US National Register of Historic Places, the US National Historic Landmark District, and the New Jersey Register of Historic Places.

Monmouth Battlefield State Park discharges sanitary wastewater generated by public restrooms associated with the operation of the State Park. Also, the Park discharges backwash from the potable water treatment plant which serves the State Park. Sanitary wastewater is collected and undergoes flow equalization, primary settling, biological treatment utilizing RBCs, and denitrification. Refer to the diagram in figure 1 for a plan of the waste treatment process. Wastewater disposal methods consists of subsurface disposal. All residuals generated at the facility currently managed off-site at an approved residuals management operation.

Operations are considered inefficient due to the original design capacity of the treatment plant being much larger than what the flow has been over the last five years. Gannett Fleming Inc. has been tasked to evaluate the treatment plant and come up with more efficient alternatives to treat the wastewater received from the bathroom and Visitor Center in the park.

During the initial “kick-off” meeting on May 18, 2022, with the NJDPMC staff, a number of facility and operational concerns with the WWTP were discussed. Options to address these concerns were included in the evaluation.

Gannett Fleming identified three alternatives that were evaluated to improve or retire portions of the facility. The alternatives are converting the treatment system to a septic tank, installing a grinder pump and lift station to connect to a nearby sewer system, and improving the treatment process. Each of these alternatives are discussed in detail herein.

With the evaluation, Gannett Fleming recommends Alternative 1. This will be the most efficient process for the flow that is present in the park. It is also the most cost-efficient alternative with

construction costs at approximately \$180,000. This alternative also has the lowest yearly maintenance if the facilities are to be well maintained and foreign materials are not introduced to the system. The existing treatment plant would need to be retired and the equipment can be removed. The building can then be used as storage for the park.

## 2.0 FACILITY EVALUATION AND OPERATIONS REVIEW

### 2.1 Introduction

Monmouth Battlefield State Park is an 1,818-acre New Jersey State Park located in Manalapan Township, Monmouth County, New Jersey. The facility is located at Lot 60 Block 40 in Manalapan, New Jersey. The Park preserves the battlefield where the Battle of Monmouth was fought and is listed on the US National Register of Historic Places, the US National Historic Landmark District, and the New Jersey Register of Historic Places. The Park currently includes trails for biking, cross-country skiing, hiking, horseback riding and mountain biking. To educate guests about the historical relevance of the site, a Visitor Center is open five (5) days per week.

The Park collects, treats, and discharges sanitary wastewater generated by public restrooms and the Visitor Center. Sanitary wastewater is collected and undergoes flow equalization, primary settling, biological treatment utilizing RBCs, and denitrification. Refer to the diagram in figure 1 for a plan of the waste treatment process. Wastewater disposal methods consists of subsurface disposal. All residuals generated at the facility are managed off-site at an approved residuals management operation.



Operations are considered inefficient due to the original design capacity of the treatment plant being much larger than what the flow has been over the last five years. Gannett Fleming Inc. has been tasked to evaluate the treatment plant and come up with more efficient alternatives to treat the wastewater received from the bathroom and Visitor Center in the park.

During the evaluation of the alternatives to improve or retire sections of the plant effluent, several steps were conducted to complete the study. A review of the plant's design and current flow was undertaken. Table 1 shows the average flow from the past 5 years. In 2019 there was an issue with the flow meters causing a flow almost doubled compared to the other years. Table 2 below shows the fixtures that contribute to the wastewater flow. A plant that falls short of the design flow will be difficult to effectively operate. The purpose of this evaluation is to determine what the average flow for the treatment plant is and help recommend which of the 3 alternatives would be the best selection for this application.

**Table 1:** Wastewater Flow from the past 5 years.

Monmouth Battlefield Wastewater Flows		
Year	Flow (gal)	GPD
2017	56,007	153
2018	56,006	153
2019*	178,647	489
2020	51,813	141
2021	83,430	228

**Table 2:** Fixture Count for the Park.

Fixture Count	
Fixture	No.
Urinal	5
Toilet	20
Sink	24
Shower	1

Another way to get the average flow per day is doing a calculation based on the average visitors per day and multiplying it by an average gpd number found in a sewage flow rate estimating guide. The calculation for the visitor center at Monmouth Battlefield is  $X*5=Y$ .

### 3.0 PLANT IMPROVEMENT OR RETIREMENT STRATEGIES

#### 3.1 Introduction

This evaluation considered three alternatives to improve or retire portions the plant effluent to reduce the plant capacity accordingly. The alternatives are:

- Alternative 1 – Septic Tank – which is the process of collecting influent waste using a septic storage tank and a leaching bed as a treatment procedure.
- Alternative 2 – Grinder Pump and Lift Station – which is the use of a grinder pump near the plant site to pump the influent wastewater to a new connection made in the city's wastewater system.
- Alternative 3 – Improve Treatment Process - which is using the existing plant that is in the park and resizing the equipment in it to handle the current lower flows in the system.

Each of these techniques, including the positive and negative aspects of each, will be discussed below.

#### 3.2 Alternative 1 – Septic System

This alternative consists of converting the already existing treatment system to a septic tank. This will include removing the existing equipment in the treatment plant, changing the primary settling tank into a septic tank, and rerouting the effluent lines from the treatment plant to the septic tank.

The large portion of this work would be in the removal of the existing treatment plant equipment and converting the existing primary settling tank into the septic tank needed for this system. The existing tank is 40-ft long, 16.5-ft wide and 9-ft tall. The volume for this tank would be 5,940 cubic feet. Figure 2 shows the size of the existing primary settling tank. There are a few requirements that need to be followed for compliance to the NJ DEP and Health Department.

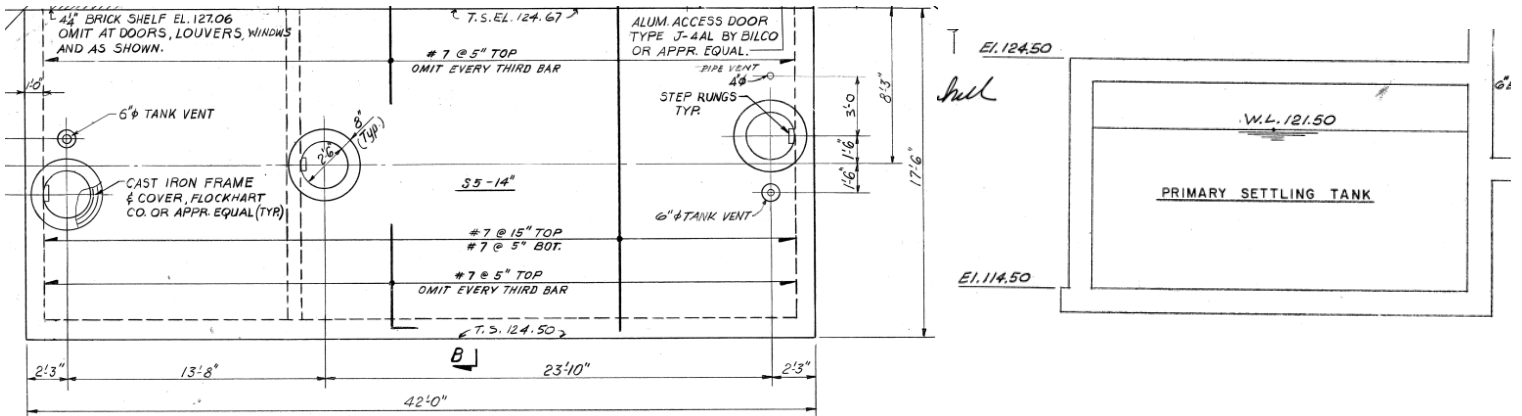


Figure 2: Existing Primary Settling Tank Size.

This alternative will have little to no maintenance involved with the septic tank. Septic tanks can run for years without any maintenance if no clogs form from unknown debris that should not be introduced into the waste system. A filter should be installed in the effluent pipe so that if any solids do get mixed in with the liquid effluent, it does not clog the rest of the system running to the discharge fields. The filter can be easily removed from the top of the effluent pipe and cleaned with a hose. Figure 3 shows an example of an effluent filter.



Figure 3: Effluent Septic Tank Filter.

The solids are handled at the bottom of the tank by microorganisms that decompose the solids. If too many solids are introduced to the system, every couple of years, the septic tank might need to be pumped by a local contractor that pumps and hauls the contents of the septic tank. Septic tanks should be inspected every 3 to 5 years. Figure 3 shows a model of a septic tank.

**Figure 3:** Typical Septic Tank Diagram.

The county Health Department requires any septic system that has a daily flow under 2,000 gallons is handled by the local health department. Anything over 2,000 gallons per day (gpd) is handled by the NJDEP. Also, a New Jersey Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES) Permit will need filled out if the park has that high of a flow. Based on historical flow records for the treatment plant, the max over the last 5 years was under 500 gpd which can be seen in table 1. This means the local health department will handle the septic tank system proposed in this alternative.

### **3.3 Alternative 2 – Grinder Pump and Lift Station**

A new lift station will be installed and shall be in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:14A-23.10, a grinder pump would be installed, and like the first alternative the equipment would be removed from the treatment plant. A lift station would be needed since the wastewater in the park flows downhill to the existing sewage plant. The existing systems to connect to are both at higher elevations than the treatment plant.

With the new lift station, a typical Grinder Pump would have to be used to connect to the existing system. This is so no large solids would get through to clog the system.

The anticipated flows will need to be calculated to ask the existing wastewater service system if they have the willingness to serve the additional flow from the park.

A new force main would have to be installed to running from the lift station to the existing sewer system. This would include trenching and placing a new force line of approximately 3,500 LF from the lift station to the existing sewer system that would be located east of the park at the end of Hedgerow Lane. Another option that can be considered is a little shorter at approximately 3,000 LF and the connection would be located on Yates Road. Sewer service has not yet been confirmed in this area but could be investigated as an option during the design. This option would need to include an easement to run through a customer's property. Both options include roadwork due to crossings and the connections to the existing system and will be operated by Western Monmouth Utilities Authority (WMUA). The connection will require permitting and a grinder pump station system to connect to the wastewater system. Figure 4 shows approximately where the locations of the wastewater lines could be located.

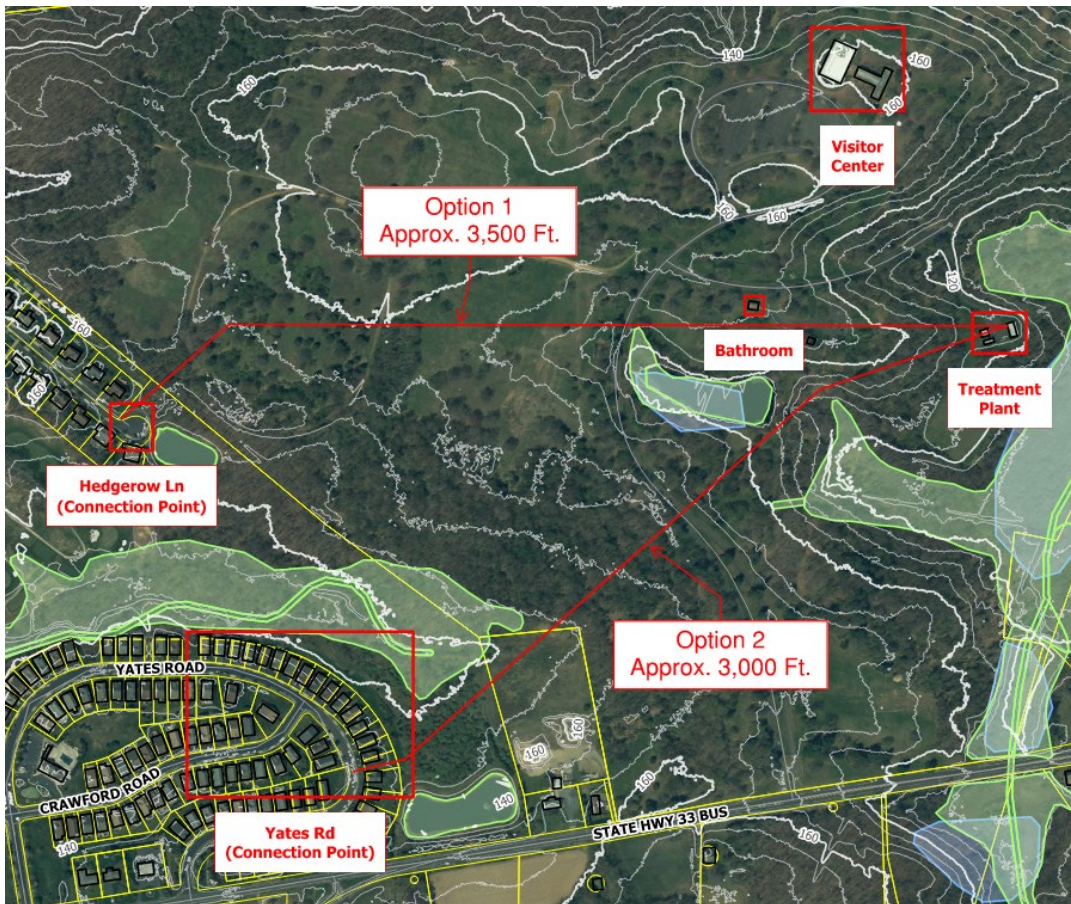


Figure 4: Location of Wastewater Lines for Alt. 2.

These routes were chosen as to not disturb/run through any of the wetlands within the area or cross any bodies of water or streams. Option 1 has 1 road crossing and then some roadwork at the connection point on Hedgerow Lane to make the connection to the existing system. Option 2 has a double road crossing, 2 easements since it goes through 2 different properties, and possible road work depending on where the connection would be on Yates Road.

If this alternative is chosen, more research can be done to possibly find a better location for the lift station to shorten the distance of the force main. This will also change the sizing of the pumps included in the lift station since the elevation difference will be more minimal with the relocation of the lift station.

Choosing the correct grinder pump will be part of this alternative as well. Due to the distance being traveled, a preliminary calculation was done, based off NJ guidelines for State Parks, and it was found that for the 3,500 ft option would need at a minimum 186 psi of head pressure required. That is not including the elevation change or any of the bends in the piping. That is a large pressure requirement for the extension which would require a larger grinder pump, adding more cost to the project.

Due to the distance being traveled for this alternative, the vendor told us that due to the pressure needed in the wastewater line, a pump would need to be installed at the treatment plant and then run to two lift stations. These are needed to travel the distance suggested in this alternative. Preliminary efforts have concluded that the wastewater line would need to be 2 to 3-inch HDPE.

This alternative would include more annual maintenance. The lift station would need to be checked monthly to make sure that the system is running correctly, and that clogs are not beginning to form. A type of security system would need to be installed with the system to warn the operator if there is a problem so that the system is not out of service for long periods of time.

With the equipment that is involved the additional pump stations, power will need to be run to each station. Additional power would either need to be run above or underground through the state park trails and woods for each station. This adds additional costs for this alternative.



### 3.3.1 NJDEP Requirements for Retiring Treatment Plant

Upon selection and completion of alternatives 1 and 2, there are NJDEP requirements that need to be followed to retire the existing wastewater treatment plant. This information was found in subchapter 23, Title 7 of the New Jersey Administrative code.

On or before 60 calendar days prior of taking the existing plant out of service, the permittee needs to submit the date the plant will stop operating, the date the pipes are sealed, plans of the new application for the wastewater flow, plans of elimination of existing equipment, verification of no lines in the collection system crossing (receiving both sanitary and stormwater), the name and license of the operator, and show proof of a request to the Water Compliance and Enforcement Element for a site inspection.

Proper removal of all residual materials within the retired plant is required within 180 calendar days after the facility is taken out of service. Proof of removal needs to be submitted to the Watershed Permitting Element within 30 calendar days after the residuals are removed.

The permittee must also complete a “Certification of Closure” once the treatment plant is retired. This certification needs to be signed in front of a Notary Public and then sent to the Watershed Permitting Element.

A final site inspection of the treatment plant needs to be scheduled once all the steps are completed above to verify that the pipes are sealed that are required in the treatment plant and that all the residual materials were removed. An “Application for Termination” from the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System will need to be completed and submitted to the Division of Water Quality, Bureau of Permit Management with a copy to the appropriate permitting bureau.

### 3.4 Alternative 3 – Improve Plant Process

Alternative 3 involves two different options. The first is demolishing the current treatment plant and then building a smaller treatment plant that can efficiently handle the low flow that is produced

by the park facilities. This can have construction costs of a minimum of \$6,000,000 for demo and construction of the new facility. This option would improve plant efficiency but does not meet the client's objectives of lowest capital or significantly reduce the maintenance and price of the treatment plant. This option was eliminated for that reason; however, it could be revisited if necessary.

Option 2 is the "Do Nothing Option". The existing plant would be left as is. This is another option that was not wanted from the client but depending on responses from the local county Health Department and the DEP, this may be an option that is needed. The NJDEP was contacted multiple times for this study but never returned an answer for the retirement of the wastewater treatment plant.

Gannett Fleming has decided that since the client's original scope was to retire the treatment plant, estimates and conclusions for alternative 3 will not be included in the rest of the study.

## 4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMENDATIONS

### 4.1 Estimated Capital Costs Comparison

Table 3 presents the estimated capital costs for Alternative 1. This estimate consists of the construction of the project, removal of the equipment from the treatment building, site preparation, the tank conversion, and the grinder pump for the system.

**Table 3 – Septic Tank Cost Estimate.**

<b>Description</b>	<b>Cost</b>
Mobilization and Demobilization	\$14,000.00
Equipment Removal/Plant Retire	\$75,000.00
PVC Piping	\$3,200.00
Pumping Equipment	\$15,000.00
Septic Tank (Cleaning & Rehab)	\$25,000.00
Inflation (6%)	\$7,932.00
Overhead and Profit (10%)	\$13,220.00
Contingency (20%)	\$26,440.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$180,000.00</b>

Table 4 presents the estimated capital costs for Alternative 2. This estimate consists of the construction of the project, removal of the equipment from the treatment building, site preparation/excavation, pipe/accessory installation, and the grinder pump for the system.

Table 4 – Lift Station Cost Estimate.

Description	Cost
Mobilization and Demobilization	\$68,000.00
Equipment Removal/Plant Retire	\$75,000.00
Site Preparation/Restoration	\$50,000.00
3,500 LF of 3” HDPE	\$87,500.00
Furnish and Install Stream Crossing	\$15,000.00
Permanent Pavement Replacement	\$3,000.00
Install Connection to Existing Main	\$10,000.00
Lift Stations	\$255,000.00
Inflation (6%)	\$32,430.00
Overhead and Profit (10%)	\$54,050.00
Contingency (20%)	\$108,100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$770,000.00</b>

## 4.2 Recommendations Summary

Gannett Fleming recommends Alternative 1. Alternative 1 will be the most effective solution for the owner. This alternative has the lowest yearly maintenance if the facilities are well maintained, and foreign materials aren't introduced to the system. The septic tank should be inspected every 3 years and costs approximately \$300 to \$600 to pump out if it is needed. The existing treatment plant would need to be retired and the equipment can be removed. The building can then be used as storage for the park. Permitting agencies have not conveyed concerns about this approach.

The NJDEP was called and emailed for this study for information on retiring the treatment plant but there were no return calls or emails. A meeting with the NJDEP should be scheduled if this alternative is taken to the design phase.

The estimated total project cost of converting the existing sewage system into a septic system is approximately \$180,000. Removal of equipment, rerouting effluent piping, new pumping equipment, and septic tank cleaning and rehab is included in the total pricing involved for this alternative.